FLTKHS - Easy Native GUIs in Haskell, Today!

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Outline

What

- FLTK (Fast Light Toolkit)
- C++
 - No multiple inheritance
 - No exceptions
 - No templates
- Stable, 20 yrs old
- Clean install on Win/Linux/Mac
- Embedded systems
 - Almost no dependencies
 - Not even glibc!
 - Static zero-dependency binaries
- Fluid Interface Builder



What

- Native GUI's in pure, impure Haskell
 - All in IO.
- Near Complete Integration With Fluid
 - Fluid interfaces compile to straight Haskell!

Why

- Installs easily
 - Yes, Windows too
- Very few dependencies
 - base, bytestring, directory, filepath,mtl, parsec, c2hs
- Zero-dependency binaries
 - Yes, Windows too

Why

- Easy To Learn™
- Add a 3rd party widget
 - Without recompiling!
 - Type-safe, no unsafeCoerce!

- What is "easy"?
 - Re-use existing FLTK documentation
 - Find function & datatypes
 - Straightforward translation of C++ to Haskell
 - Ape the API
- What is not "easy"?
 - Pure, functional Haskell

- Widget names
 - Fl_Widget is Ref Widget
 - Fl_Light_Button is Ref LightButton
- Widget Construction
 - new Fl_Widget(..) is newWidget ...
 - new Fl_Light_Button(..) is newLightButton ...

- Function names are the same as much as possible
- In FITK
 - Type Sig void Fl_Valuator::bounds(double a, double b)
 - Call valuatorRef->bounds(1.0, 10.0)
- In FLTKHS bounds valuatorRef 1.0 10.0

- Getters/Setters prefixed with get/set
- In C++
 - Type sig
 double Fl_Valuator::value()
 void Fl_Valuator::value(double v)
 - Call
 double v = valuatorRef->value()
 valuatorRef->value(1.0)
- In Haskell
 - v <- getValue valuatorRef
 setValue valuatorRef 1.0</pre>

- All FLTKHS methods have multiple dispatch!
- In C++
 int Fl_Input_::value(const char* str, int len)
- In Haskell

```
setValue :: Ref Input -> String -> Maybe Int -> IO (Int)
```

- Not the real signature!
- Previously it was:

```
setValue :: Ref Valuator -> Double -> IO ()
```

Rest of the arguments depend on the first!

- Error messages are decent too!
- Missing arguments setValue inputRef
- Error message

```
Couldn't match type 'IO tO' with \
    'String -> Maybe Int -> IO Int'
    In a stmt of a 'do' block: setValue inputRef
```

- Missing everything setValue
- Less nice, but not horrible

```
Couldn't match expected type 'IO tO'
with actual type 'Ref aO -> implO'
Probable cause: 'setValue' is applied to too \
few arguments
```

```
    Wrong widget (a table does not have a setValue)
    setValue tableRef
    Ugly, the info is there but ...
    Couldn't match type \
        'NoFunction
        (SetValue ())
        (Graphics.UI.FLTK.LowLevel.Hierarchy.CTable Group)'
        with 'Match rO'
```

GHC 8's custom type errors will help here

- Real type sigs. are ugly
- All widget docs show methods with friendly sigs!

Functions

```
destroy :: Ref ValueInput -> IO ()
getShortcut :: Ref ValueInput -> IO (Maybe ShortcutKeySequence)
getSoft :: Ref ValueInput -> IO (Bool)
getTextcolor :: Ref ValueInput -> IO (Color)
getTextfont :: Ref ValueInput -> IO (Font)
```

It's all clickable.

And also the widget hierarchy

Hierarchy

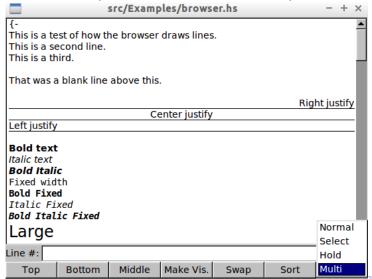
```
Graphics.UI.FLTK.LowLevel.Widget

v
Graphics.UI.FLTK.LowLevel.Valuator
v
Graphics.UI.FLTK.LowLevel.ValueInput
```

• Parent's functions transparently available!

- fltkhs-demos comes with 18 end-to-end demos
- 16 are exact copies of demos that ship with FLTK
- Learn by side-by-side comparison

Browser demo (see select menu on bottom left)



- C++ and Haskell code that handles select menu callback.
- Don't worry about details, note the correspondence.

 C++ code void btype_cb(Fl_Widget *, void *) { for (int t=1; t<=browser->size(); t++) browser->select(t.0): browser->select(1,0); // leave focus box on first line if (strcmp(btype->text(), "Normal")==0) browser->type(FL_NORMAL_BROWSER); else if (strcmp(btype->text(), "Select")==0) browser->type(FL_SELECT_BROWSER); else if (strcmp(btype->text(), "Hold")==0) browser->type(FL_HOLD_BROWSER); else if (strcmp(btype->text(), "Multi")==0) browser->type(FL_MULTI_BROWSER);

browser->redraw():

Equivalent Haskell code

```
btypeCb :: Ref SelectBrowser -> Ref Choice -> IO ()
btypeCb browser' btype' = do
numLines' <- getSize browser'
forM_ [1..(numLines' - 1)]
   (\l -> select browser' | False)
_ <- select browser' 1 False -- leave focus box on first 1</pre>
choice' <- getText btype'
case choice, of
  "Normal" -> setType browser' NormalBrowserType
  "Select" -> setType browser' SelectBrowserType
 "Hold" -> setType browser' HoldBrowserType
  "Multi" -> setType browser' MultiBrowserType
 -> return ()
redraw browser'
```

C++

```
for ( int t=1; t<=browser->size(); t++ )
    browser->select(t,0);
browser->select(1,0); // leave focus box on first line
• Haskell
  numLines' <- getSize browser'
  forM_ [1..(numLines' - 1)]
    (\lambda -> select browser' 1 False)
    _ <- select browser' 1 False -- leave focus box on first line
• Comments are preserved!</pre>
```

```
C++
       if ( strcmp(btype->text(), "Normal")==0)
          browser->type(FL_NORMAL_BROWSER);
 else if ( strcmp(btype->text(), "Select")==0)
          browser->type(FL_SELECT_BROWSER);
  . . .
Haskell
 choice' <- getText btype'
 case choice, of
   "Normal" -> setType browser', NormalBrowserType
   "Select" -> setType browser', SelectBrowserType
   . . .
   _ -> return ()
```

- Callstacks!
 - Out-of-the-box in 7.10 x
- All FLTKHS "instance" methods check for a null Ref.

Deletes itself in callback . . .

buttonCb b' = do

```
FL.deleteWidget b'
    1' <- getLabel b'
    ...
main = do
    ...
b' <- buttonNew ...
setCallback b' buttonCb
    ...</pre>
```

Callstack . . .

```
Ref does not exist. \
    ?loc, called at <full-path>/Fl_Types.chs:395:58 in ...
    toRefPtr, called at <full-path>/Fl_Types.chs:403:22 in ...
    withRef, called at <full-path>/Hierarchy.hs:1652:166 in ...
    getLabel, called at src/Main.hs:11:10 in main:Main
```

• Project skeleton available:

```
http://github.com/deech/fltkhs-hello-word
```

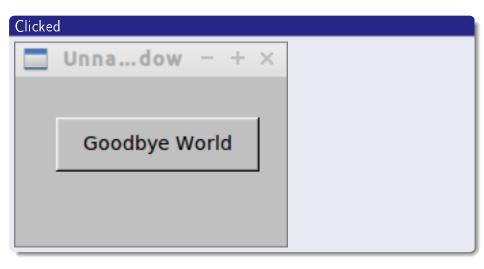
- A full fledged, mature GUI builder
- Ships with FLTK
- Out-of-the-box integration with FLTKHS

- Designed to generate C++
- Now generates Haskell!
 - fltkhs-fluidtohs ships with FLTKHS
- Migrate existing C++ projects easily
 - fltkhs-fluid-examples
- Skeleton project available.
 - https://github.com/deech/fltkhs-fluid-hello-world

- Project structure
 - + fltkhs-fluid-hello-world
 - . . .
 - + src
 - Callbacks.hs
 - fluid-hello-world.hs
 - HelloWorld.fl
- Installing
 - > cabal install
- Running
 - > fltkhs-fluid-hello-world







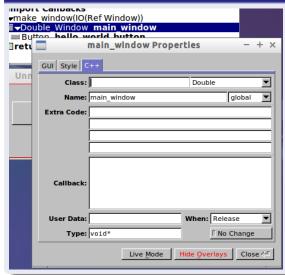
> fluid HelloWorld.fl

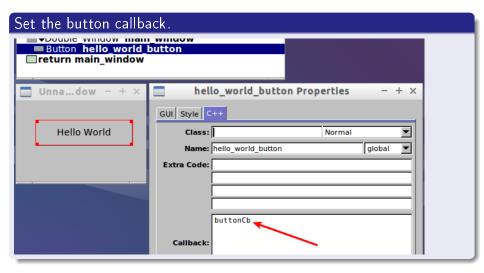


Widget Bin



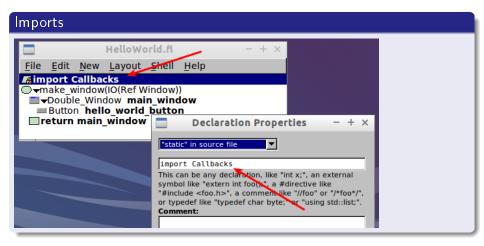
Window properties





Callback logic

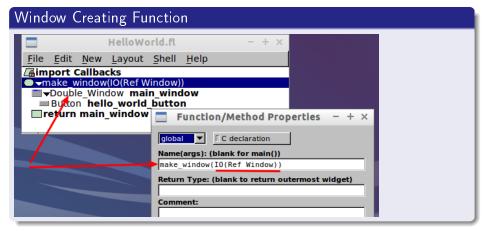
```
module Callbacks where
...
buttonCb :: Ref Button -> IO ()
buttonCb helloWorld = do
    l' <- getLabel helloWorld
    if (l' == "Hello World")
        then setLabel helloWorld "Goodbye World"
    else setLabel helloWorld "Hello World"</pre>
```



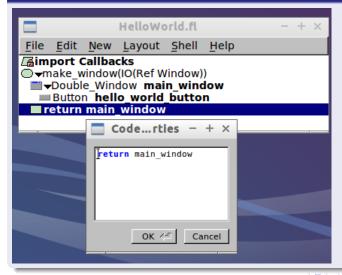
Main Module

```
main = do
  window <- make_window
  _ <- showWidget window
  _ <- FL.run
  return ()</pre>
```

The type signature is inside the parens.



Return Type



Preprocess Fluid Files in 'Setup.hs'

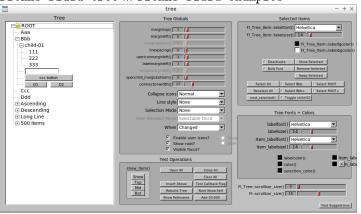
The Main UI HelloWorld.fl File Edit New Layout Shell Help import Callbacks ¬make window(IO(Ref Window)) →Double Window main window Button hello world button **■return main window** Unna...dow - + × Hello World

Fluid Intermediate Format

```
decl {import Callbacks} {private local}
Function {make_window(IO(Ref Window))} {open
} {
  Fl_Window main_window {open
    xywh {815 469 200 125} type Double hide
    Fl Button hello world button {
      label {Hello World}
      callback buttonCb selected
      xywh {30 30 150 40}
  code {return main window} {}
```

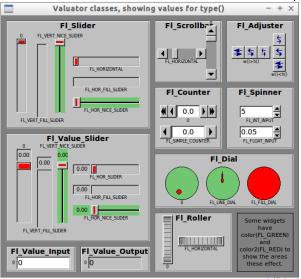
 Haskell output module HelloWorld where . . . import Callbacks make window :: IO(Ref Window) make_window = do { main window <windowNew (Size (Width 200) (Height 125)) ..; begin main_window; hello world button <buttonNew (toRectangle (30,30,150,40)) ...; setLabel hello world button "Hello World"; setCallback hello_world_button buttonCb; end main window; return main window;

- Capable of complicated UI's.
 - fltkhs-fluid-tree in fltkhs-fluid-examples

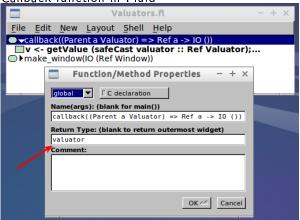


Can add functions directly in Fluid!

The fltkhs-fluid-valuators demo, for example

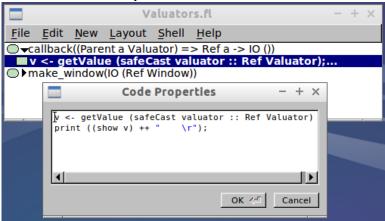


Callback function in Fluid



- valuator is the function argument
- Super hacky, I know.

Callback function body

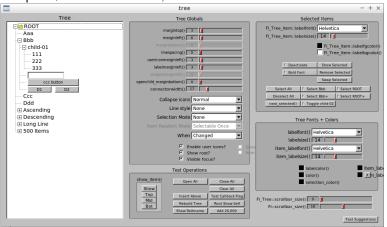


Final output

```
module Valuators where
callback :: (Parent a Valuator) => Ref a -> IO ()
callback valuator =
   do {
    v <- getValue (safeCast valuator :: Ref Valuator);</pre>
    print ((show v) ++ " \\r");;
make window :: IO (Ref Window)
make window = ...
```

The bad ...

- Compile times aren't great
- compile + link: 11-15 secs, REPL: 9 secs



- Very elegant model for multiple dispatch!
- At the base:

```
data Object a = Object (Ptr a)
```

A child of Object:

```
data CWidget a = CWidget
type Widget a = Object (CWidget a)
```

- "type Widget a" -> "Object (Ptr (CWidget a))"
- A child of Widget:

```
data CWindow a = CWindow
type Window a = Widget (CWindow a)
```

• "type Window a" -> "Object (Ptr (CWidget (CWindow a)))"

A function that takes a "Widget a"

• Also accepts a "Window a"!

```
print :: Object (Ptr (CWidget (CWindow a))) -> IO ()
```

- Extensible without recompiling!
 data CMyWindow a = CMyWindow
 type MyWindow a = Window (CMyWindow a)
- No typeclasses!
- Haskell 98?
- Awesome!

- Can't handle changing arities.
 - eg. setValue -> inputSetValue / valuatorSetValue
- I went all in . . .
- Compile times were great.
- More and more inconsistent method calls

Depression

- Couldn't stand my own API.
- Depression.
- Walked away for months . . .

Turned to HLists

```
data CObject parent; type Object = CObject ()
data CWidget parent; type Widget = CWidget Object
data CWindow parent; type Window = CWindow Widget
```

"type Window"-> "CWindow (CWidget (CObject ()))"

 A Hlist for functions too . . . data SetValue a data Print a class Functions object functions instance Functions Widget (SetValue (Print ())) instance Functions Window (SetValue (Print ())) An instance for each implementation . . . class Impl function object impl where run :: function -> (Ref object) -> impl instance Impl (SetValue ()) (Widget ()) \ (String -> IO ()) ... instance Impl (SetValue ()) (Window ()) \ (Int -> Int -> IO ())

a function to delegate . . .

- FindFunction also searches down the hierarchy.
- Essentially what's there now . . .
 - Slightly different in the codebase

- Gives me multiple dispatch
- Litters the codebase with orphan instances
- More complicated

Transition

- Huge transition
- Showing 28 changed files with 1,387 additions and 6,602 deletions.
- Showing 40 changed files with 1,545 additions and 6,481 deletions.
- Showing 9 changed files with 979 additions and 2,222 deletions.
- Showing 56 changed files with 1,796 additions and 1,811 deletions.

- Up the context-stack
- But smooth sailing . . .

And then few months later . . .



- compile + link: 12-15 minutes!
- Hello Darkness, my old friend . . .

- cabal build -v3 with a stop watch.
 - Can hez type-level profiler?
 - Half the time was spent in the simplifier phase
- Set some flags

```
ghc-Options: -fno-specialise \
    -fmax-simplifier-iterations=0 \
    -fsimplifier-phases=0
```

5 minutes!

- Upgrade to closed type families
- No more upping context-stack!
- 15 secs, 9-10 in REPL!
- Still not great.
- OverloadedRecordFields, plz?

Why?

- Why?
 - No fuss native executables
 - Just throw something together
 - Re-use intuition from OO toolkits
 - Re-use documentation from FLTK
- Why not?
 - Definitely retro-looking.
 - Unlikely to change.
 - Compile times are not good
 - Very likely to change

Thanks!

- Thanks!
- Questions?