# EUROPEAN UNIVERSITY OF LEFKE Faculty of Engineering Department of Computer Engineering



# COMP218 OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

## LAB WORK NO. 8

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**Task-1:** Consider below partly given class declaration.

a. Write definitions of the member functions listed above.

```
//default constructor
Vector::Vector(){
  size = 0;
//parameterized constructor
Vector::Vector(int c){
  size = c;
}
//copy constructor
Vector::Vector(const Vector& vec){
  size = vec.size;
}
//destructor
Vector::~Vector(){}
//set function
void Vector::setSize(int c){
  size = c;
}
//get function
int Vector::getSize()const{
  return size;
}
//overloaded "is equal to" operator
bool Vector::operator==(const Vector& vec)const{
  for(int i = 0;i < size;i++)</pre>
    if(list[i] != vec.list[i])
      return false;
  return true;
//overloaded "is not equal to" operator
bool Vector::operator!=(const Vector& vec)const{
  return !(*this == vec);
//overloaded "subscript" operator
int& Vector::operator[](int index){
  if(index < 0 \mid | index > size - 1){
    cout<<"Out of bounds!!!" << endl;</pre>
  }
```

```
return list[index];
}
//overloaded "subscript" operator
int Vector::operator[](const int index)const{
  if(index < 0 \mid | index > size - 1){
     cout<<"Out of bounds!!!" << endl;</pre>
  return list[index];
//overloaded "parathesis" operator
void Vector::operator()(int index,int data){
  if (index == size)
    push(data);
  else
    list[index] = data;
}
//overloaded "post-increment" operator
Vector Vector::operator++(){
  Vector t;
  this->size++;
  t.size = this->size;
  return t;
//overloaded "pre-increment" operator
Vector Vector::operator++(int){
  Vector t;
  t.size = this->size;
  this->size++;
  return t;
}
//I created a customized pushback function to test the driver program...
void Vector::push(int data)
{
    // if the number of elements is equal to the size,
    // that means we don't have space
    // to accommodate more elements.
    // We need to double the size
    if (current == size) {
      int newSize = 2 * size;
        int temp[newSize];
        // copying old array elements to new array
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
            temp[i] = list[i];
        }
```

```
int list[newSize];
              for(int i=0;i < size;i++)</pre>
               list[i] = temp[i];
        // Inserting data
        list[current] = data;
        current++;
    }
//overload "stream insertion" operator
    ostream& operator<<(ostream & display,const Vector& vec){</pre>
    for(int i = 0;i < vec.size;i++){</pre>
       if(i == vec.size - 1)
      display<<vec.list[i];</pre>
       else
      display<<vec.list[i]<<" ";</pre>
  }
         return display;
//overload "stream extraction" operator
     istream& operator>>(istream & input, Vector& vec){
        cout<<"Enter Element to push: ";</pre>
         int elem;
         input>>elem;
         vec.push(elem);
          return input;
}
```

- b. Rewrite the program by separating the implementation file from the interface using a header file.
- ⇒Provide a driver program to test each implementation.

#### main.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "vector.h"

using namespace std;
```

```
void menu(){
  cout << "====Driver Program to test each Implementation=====" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "=====Using two Vectors, v1 and v2=====" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "======= " <<endl;
  cout << "1. Set size of Vector:v1" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "2. Enter Vector Elements: " << endl;</pre>
  cout << "3. Assign vector v1 to v2" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "4. Print vector v1 and v2" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "5. Check if vector v1 is is equal vector v2" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "6. Increment the size of vector v1 by 1" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "7. Print Vector v1 size" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "8. Select an Index to be printed" << endl;</pre>
}
int main() {
  int x, num, option;
 Vector v1, v2;
  menu();
 while(1){
    cout<<endl<<"[Choose any option from the MENU]"<<endl; cin>>option;
  switch(option){
    case 1:
    cout << "Enter size of vector" <<endl;</pre>
    cin >> x;
    v1.setSize(x);
    cout << " ======== " <<end1;</pre>
    break;
    case 2:
    cout << "Enter vector values: " << endl;</pre>
    for (int i = 0; i < x; i++)
    {
    cin >> num;
    v1.push(num);
    }
    cout << " ======== " <<end1;</pre>
    break;
    case 3:
    v2 = v1;
```

```
cout << "Vector v1 has been assigned to v2 successfully"<<endl;</pre>
cout << " ======== " <<endl;</pre>
break;
case 4:
cout<<"Vector v1: " << v1 <<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Vector v2: " << v2 <<endl;</pre>
cout << " ======== " <<end1;</pre>
break;
case 5:
if (v1 == v2){
cout << "Vector v1 is equal to Vector v2" <<endl;</pre>
else
cout << "They are not equal" << endl;</pre>
cout << " ========" <<endl;</pre>
break;
case 6:
v1++;
cout << "Vector v1 size has been incremented sucessfully" << endl;</pre>
cout << " ======= " <<endl;
break:
case 7:
cout << "Vector v1 size is: " << v1.getSize() << endl;</pre>
cout << " ========" <<endl;</pre>
break;
case 8:
int a;
cout << "Select an element i the vectore to be printed" <<endl;</pre>
cout << "Enter index: " << endl;</pre>
cin >> a;
cout << v1[a];
cout << " ========" <<endl;</pre>
break;
default:
cout<<"Option not available.. Please choose from the options above.."<<endl;</pre>
break;
}
```

```
}
```

#### vector.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "vector.h"
#define MAX_SIZE 100
using namespace std;
    //default constructor
    Vector::Vector(){
      size = 0;
    }
    //parameterized constructor
    Vector::Vector(int c){
      size = c;
    //copy constructor
    Vector::Vector(const Vector& vec){
      size = vec.size;
    }
    //destructor
    Vector::~Vector(){}
    //set function
    void Vector::setSize(int c){
      size = c;
    }
    //get function
    int Vector::getSize()const{
      return size;
    //overloaded "is equal to" operator
    bool Vector::operator==(const Vector& vec)const{
      for(int i = 0;i < size;i++)</pre>
        if(list[i] != vec.list[i])
          return false;
      return true;
    }
```

```
//overloaded "is not equal to" operator
bool Vector::operator!=(const Vector& vec)const{
  return !(*this == vec);
//overloaded "subscript" operator
int& Vector::operator[](int index){
  if(index < 0 || index > size - 1){
    cout<<"Out of bounds!!!" << endl;</pre>
  return list[index];
//overloaded "subscript" operator
int Vector::operator[](const int index)const{
  if(index < 0 \mid | index > size - 1){
     cout<<"Out of bounds!!!" << endl;</pre>
  }
  return list[index];
}
//overloaded "parathesis" operator
void Vector::operator()(int index,int data){
  if (index == size)
    push(data);
  else
    list[index] = data;
//overloaded "post-increment" operator
Vector Vector::operator++(){
  Vector t;
  this->size++;
  t.size = this->size;
  return t;
}
//overloaded "pre-increment" operator
Vector Vector::operator++(int){
  Vector t:
  t.size = this->size;
  this->size++;
  return t;
}
//I created a customized pushback function to test the driver program...
void Vector::push(int data)
{
    // if the number of elements is equal to the size,
    // that means we don't have space
```

```
// to accommodate more elements.
        // We need to double the size
        if (current == size) {
          int newSize = 2 * size;
            int temp[newSize];
            // copying old array elements to new array
            for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
                 temp[i] = list[i];
             }
              int list[newSize];
              for(int i=0;i < size;i++)</pre>
               list[i] = temp[i];
        }
        // Inserting data
        list[current] = data;
        current++;
    // function to delete last element
//overload "stream insertion" operator
    ostream& operator<<(ostream & display,const Vector& vec){</pre>
    for(int i = 0;i < vec.size;i++){</pre>
       if(i == vec.size - 1)
      display<<vec.list[i];</pre>
       else
      display<<vec.list[i]<<" ";</pre>
  }
         return display;
//overload "stream extraction" operator
     istream& operator>>(istream & input, Vector& vec){
        cout<<"Enter Element to push: ";</pre>
         int elem;
         input>>elem;
         vec.push(elem);
          return input;
}
```

#### vector.h

#ifndef VECTOR\_H

```
#define VECTOR H
#define MAX SIZE 100
using namespace std;
class Vector{
  public:
    //default constructor
   Vector();
   //parameterized constructor
   Vector(int);
    //copy constructor
   Vector(const Vector&);
   //destructor
   ~Vector();
   //Set function
   void setSize(int);
    //Get function
    int getSize()const;
    //overload "is equal" operator
   bool operator==(const Vector&)const;
    //overload "is not equal" operator
   bool operator!=(const Vector&)const;
    //overload "subscript" operator as a non-constant 1-value
    int& operator[](int);
    //overload "subscript" operator as a constant r-value
    int operator[](const int)const;
    //overload "parenthesis" operator (passing index and value to be stored)
   void operator()(int,int);
    //overload "pre-increment" operator
   Vector operator++();
    //overload "post-increment" operator
   Vector operator++(int);
    //Created a customized push back function to test the driver program
   void push(int);
    //overload "stream insertion" operator
   friend ostream& operator<<(ostream &,const Vector&);</pre>
    //overload "stream extraction" operator
    friend istream& operator>>(istream &, Vector&);
  private:
    int list[MAX_SIZE];
    int size;
    int current; //the number of elements currently in the vector
};
```

#### #endif

```
clang++-7 -pthread -std=c++17 -o main main.cpp vector.cpp
                                                         [Choose any option from the MENU]
=====Driver Program to test each Implementation======
                                                         Vector v1 has been assigned to v2 successfully
=====Using two Vectors, v1 and v2=====

    Set size of Vector:v1

                                                         [Choose any option from the MENU]
2. Enter Vector Elements:
3. Assign vector v1 to v2
                                                         Vector v1: 45 18
4. Print vector v1 and v2
5. Check if vector v1 is is equal vector v2
                                                         Vector v2: 45 18
6. Increment the size of vector v1 by 1
7. Print Vector v1 size
8. Select an Index to be printed
                                                         [Choose any option from the MENU]
[Choose any option from the MENU]
                                                         Vector v1 is equal to Vector v2
Enter size of vector
                                                         [Choose any option from the MENU]
[Choose any option from the MENU]
                                                         Vector v1 size has been incremented sucessfully
                                                          _____
Enter vector values:
45
                                                         [Choose any option from the MENU]
                                                         Vector v1 size has been incremented sucessfully
[Choose any option from the MENU]
Vector v1: 45 18
                                                         [Choose any option from the MENU]
Vector v2:
                                                         Enter vector values:
   [Choose any option from the MENU]
```

```
Enter vector values:
70
12
[Choose any option from the MENU]
Vector v1: 45 18 70 12
Vector v2: 45 18
[Choose any option from the MENU]
They are not equal
[Choose any option from the MENU]
Vector v1 size is: 4
[Choose any option from the MENU]
8
Select an element i the vectore to be printed
Enter index:
3
12 ======
[Choose any option from the MENU]
```

**Task-2:** Reconsider the Vector class declaration. Convert the implementation into a dynamic array form!

#### vector.h

```
#ifndef VECTOR_H
#define VECTOR_H
using namespace std;
class Vector{
  public:
   //default constructor
   Vector();
   //parameterized constructor
   Vector(int);
    //copy constructor
   Vector(const Vector&);
   //destructor
   ~Vector();
   //Set function
   void setSize(int);
    //Get function
    int getSize()const;
    //overload "is equal" operator
   bool operator==(const Vector&)const;
    //overload "is not equal" operator
   bool operator!=(const Vector&)const;
    //overload "subscript" operator as a non-constant 1-value
    int& operator[](int);
    //overload "subscript" operator as a constant r-value
    int operator[](const int)const;
    //overload "parenthesis" operator (passing index and value to be stored)
   void operator()(int,int);
    //overload "pre-increment" operator
   Vector operator++();
    //overload "post-increment" operator
   Vector operator++(int);
    //Created a customized push back function to test the driver program
   void push(int);
    //overload "stream insertion" operator
   friend ostream& operator<<(ostream &,const Vector&);</pre>
    //overload "stream extraction" operator
    friend istream& operator>>(istream &, Vector&);
```

```
private:
    int *list;
    int size;
    int current; //the number of elements currently in the vector
};
#endif
```

### vector.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "vector.h"
using namespace std;
   // Default constructor to initialise
    // an initial capacity of 1 element and
    // allocating storage using dynamic allocation
    Vector::Vector(){
        list = new int[1];
        size = 1;
        current = 0;
    void Vector::push(int data)
    {
        // if the number of elements is equal to the capacity,
        // that means we don't have space
        // to accommodate more elements.
        // We need to double the capacity
        if (current == size) {
            int* temp = new int[2 * size];
            // copying old array elements to new array
            for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
                temp[i] = list[i];
            }
            // deleting previous array
            delete[] list;
            size *= 2;
            list = temp;
```

```
}
    // Inserting data
    list[current] = data;
    current++;
Vector::Vector(int c){
  size = c;
//copy constructor
Vector::Vector(const Vector& vec){
  size = vec.size;
}
//destructor
Vector::~Vector(){}
//set function
void Vector::setSize(int c){
  size = c;
}
//get function
int Vector::getSize()const{
  return size;
//overloaded "is equal to" operator
bool Vector::operator==(const Vector& vec)const{
  for(int i = 0;i < size;i++)</pre>
    if(list[i] != vec.list[i])
      return false;
  return true;
//overloaded "is not equal to" operator
bool Vector::operator!=(const Vector& vec)const{
  return !(*this == vec);
}
//overloaded "subscript" operator
int& Vector::operator[](int index){
  if(index < 0 \mid | index > size - 1){
    cout<<"Out of bounds!!!" << endl;</pre>
  }
  return list[index];
//overloaded "subscript" operator
```

```
int Vector::operator[](const int index)const{
      if(index < 0 || index > size - 1){
         cout<<"Out of bounds!!!" << endl;</pre>
      }
      return list[index];
    //overloaded "parathesis" operator
    void Vector::operator()(int index,int data){
      if (index == size)
        push(data);
      else
        list[index] = data;
    }
    //overloaded "post-increment" operator
    Vector Vector::operator++(){
      Vector t;
      this->size++;
      t.size = this->size;
      return t;
    }
    //overloaded "pre-increment" operator
    Vector Vector::operator++(int){
      Vector t;
      t.size = this->size;
      this->size++;
      return t;
    }
//overload "stream insertion" operator
    ostream& operator<<(ostream & display,const Vector& vec){</pre>
    for(int i = 0;i < vec.size;i++){</pre>
       if(i == vec.size - 1)
      display<<vec.list[i];</pre>
      display<<vec.list[i]<<" ";</pre>
  }
         return display;
//overload "stream extraction" operator
     istream& operator>>(istream & input, Vector& vec){
        cout<<"Enter Element to push: ";</pre>
         int elem;
         input>>elem;
```

}

```
vec.push(elem);
return input;
}
```

## main.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "vector.h"
using namespace std;
void menu(){
  cout << "====Driver Program to test each Implementation=====" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "=====Using two Vectors, v1 and v2=====" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "======= " <<end1;</pre>
  cout << "1. Set size of Vector:v1" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "2. Enter Vector Elements: " << endl;</pre>
  cout << "3. Assign vector v1 to v2" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "4. Print vector v1 and v2" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "5. Check if vector v1 is is equal vector v2" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "6. Increment the size of vector v1 by 1" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "7. Print Vector v1 size" << endl;</pre>
  cout << "8. Select an Index to be printed" << endl;</pre>
}
int main() {
  int x, num, option;
 Vector v1, v2;
  menu();
  while(1){
    cout<<endl<<"[Choose any option from the MENU]"<<endl; cin>>option;
  switch(option){
    case 1:
    cout << "Enter size of vector" <<endl;</pre>
    cin >> x;
    v1.setSize(x);
    cout << " ========" <<endl;</pre>
    break;
```

```
case 2:
cout << "Enter vector values: " << endl;</pre>
for (int i = 0; i < x; i++)
{
cin >> num;
v1.push(num);
cout << " ========= " <<endl;</pre>
break;
case 3:
v2 = v1;
cout << "Vector v1 has been assigned to v2 successfully"<<endl;</pre>
cout << " ========" <<endl;</pre>
break;
case 4:
cout<<"Vector v1: " << v1 <<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Vector v2: " << v2 <<endl;</pre>
cout << " ========" <<endl;</pre>
break;
case 5:
if (v1 == v2){
cout << "Vector v1 is equal to Vector v2" <<endl;</pre>
          }
else
cout << "They are not equal" << endl;</pre>
cout << " ======== " <<endl;</pre>
break;
case 6:
v1++;
cout << "Vector v1 size has been incremented sucessfully" << endl;</pre>
cout << " ======== " <<endl;</pre>
break;
case 7:
cout << "Vector v1 size is: " << v1.getSize() << endl;</pre>
cout << " ========" <<endl;</pre>
break;
case 8:
int a;
```

```
===Driver Program to test each Implementation=====
   ==Using two Vectors, v1 and v2==
                                                     [Choose any option from the MENU]

    Set size of Vector:v1

                                                     Vector v1 has been assigned to v2 successfully
2. Enter Vector Elements:
3. Assign vector v1 to v2
4. Print vector v1 and v2
                                                     [Choose any option from the MENU]
5. Check if vector v1 is is equal vector v2
6. Increment the size of vector v1 by 1
7. Print Vector v1 size
                                                     Vector v1: 4 9
8. Select an Index to be printed
                                                     Vector v2: 4 9
[Choose any option from the MENU]
                                                     [Choose any option from the MENU]
Enter size of vector
2
                                                     Vector v1 is equal to Vector v2
[Choose any option from the MENU]
                                                     [Choose any option from the MENU]
Enter vector values:
4
                                                                               incremented sucessfully
9
                          [Choose any option from the MENU]
[Choose any option from the Vector v1: 4 9 78 99
                                                                               the MENU]
                          Vector v2: 4 9
Vector v1: 4 9
                                                                               incremented sucessfully
Vector v2: 0
                        [Choose any option from the MENU]
                          Vector v1 size is: 4
                          [Choose any option from the MENU]
                          Select an element i the vectore to be printed
```

Enter index:

[Choose any option from the MENU]