

```
In [1]: #import libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns #visualisation
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #plotting
%matplotlib inline
sns.set(color_codes=True)
from scipy import stats
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

In [2]: df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\del1\Desktop\Heart Disease\heart.csv")

In [3]: df.head()
```

	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg
0	52	1	0	125	212	0	
1	53	1	0	140	203	1	
2	70	1	0	145	174	0	
3	61	1	0	148	203	0	
4	62	0	0	138	294	1	

```
Out[3]:
```

```
In [4]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1025 entries, 0 to 1024
Data columns (total 14 columns):
 #   Column        Non-Null Count  Dtype  
--  --
 0   age           1025 non-null   int64   
 1   sex           1025 non-null   int64   
 2   cp            1025 non-null   int64   
 3   trestbps      1025 non-null   int64   
 4   chol          1025 non-null   int64   
 5   fbs           1025 non-null   int64   
 6   restecg       1025 non-null   int64   
 7   thalach       1025 non-null   int64   
 8   exang         1025 non-null   int64   
 9   oldpeak       1025 non-null   float64  
10   slope         1025 non-null   int64   
11   ca            1025 non-null   int64   
12   thal          1025 non-null   int64   
13   target        1025 non-null   int64   
dtypes: float64(1), int64(13)
memory usage: 112.2 KB
```

```
In [5]: df.columns
```

```
Out[5]: Index(['age', 'sex', 'cp', 'trestbps', 'chol', 'fbs', 'restecg', 'thalach', 'exang', 'oldpeak', 'slope', 'ca', 'thal', 'target'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
In [6]: df.index
```

```
Out[6]: RangeIndex(start=0, stop=1025, step=1)
```

```
In [7]: df.shape
```

```
Out[7]: (1025, 14)
```

```
In [8]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[8]: age           0
sex           0
cp            0
trestbps      0
chol          0
fbs           0
restecg       0
thalach       0
exang         0
oldpeak       0
slope         0
ca            0
thal          0
target        0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [9]: target = df.groupby('target').size
target
```

```
Out[9]: target
0      499
1      526
dtype: int64
```

```
In [10]: def heart_disease(row):
        if row == 0:
            return 'Absence'
        elif row == 1:
            return 'Presence'
```

```
In [11]: df['Heart_Disease']=df['target'].apply(heart_disease)
df.head()
```

```
Out[11]:
```

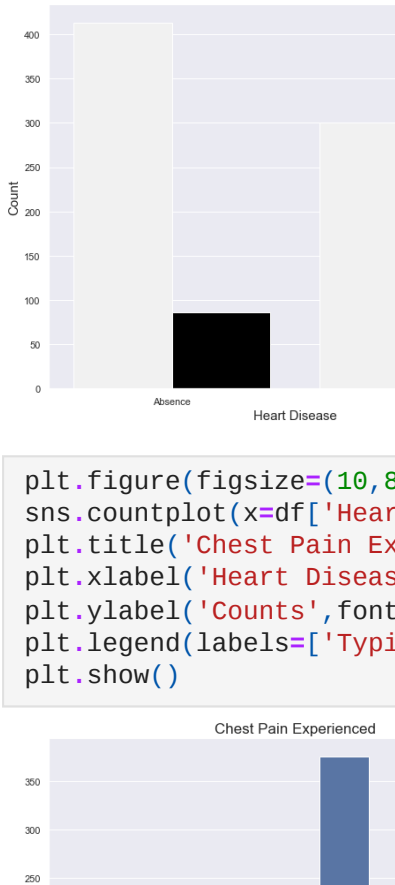
	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg
0	52	1	0	125	212	0	
1	53	1	0	140	203	1	
2	70	1	0	145	174	0	
3	61	1	0	148	203	0	
4	62	0	0	138	294	1	

```
In [12]: hd=df.groupby('Heart_Disease')['target'].size
hd
```

```
Out[12]: Heart_Disease
Absence      499
Presence     526
Name: target, dtype: int64
```

```
In [13]: plt.figure(figsize = (12,8))

plt.pie(hd, labels=['Absence', 'Presence'],
plt.title("Heart Disease Popoulation")
plt.show()
```



```
In [14]: Maximum_age=df['age'].max()
Maximum_age
```

```
Out[14]: 77
```

```
In [15]: Minimum_age=df['age'].min()
Minimum_age
```

```
Out[15]: 29
```

```
In [16]: Mean_age=df['age'].mean()
Mean_age
```

```
Out[16]: 54.43414634146342
```

```
In [17]: Young_age=df[(df['age']>=29) & (df['age']<40)]
Middle_age=df[(df['age']>=40) & (df['age']<55)]
Elder_age=df[(df['age']>=55) & (df['age']<78)]

In [18]: len('Young_age')
```

```
Out[18]: 9
```

```
In [19]: len('Middle_age')
```

```
Out[19]: 10
```

```
In [20]: len('Elder_age')
```

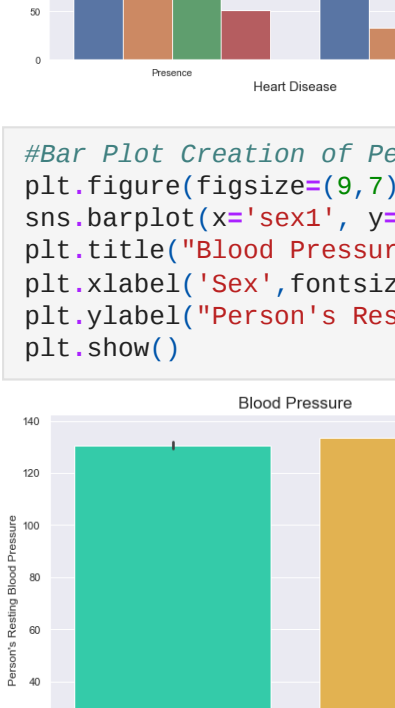
```
Out[20]: 9
```

```
In [21]: plt.figure(figsize = (10,8))

sns.barplot(x = ['Young_age', 'Middle_age', 'Elder_age'],
            y = df['Heart_Disease'].value_counts(),
            edgecolor = 'linen',
            color = '#FFD700')

plt.title("Age wise analysis")
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Count')

plt.show()
```



```
In [22]: def gender(row):
        if row == 1:
            return 'Male'
        elif row == 0:
            return 'Female'
```

```
In [23]: df['sex1']=df['sex'].apply(gender)
df.head()
```

```
Out[23]:
```

	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg
0	52	1	0	125	212	0	
1	53	1	0	140	203	1	
2	70	1	0	145	174	0	
3	61	1	0	148	203	0	
4	62	0	0	138	294	1	

```
In [24]: def age_range(row):
        if row>=29 and row<40:
            return 'Young age'
        elif row>=40 and row<55:
            return 'Middle age'
        else:
            return 'Elder age'
```

```
In [25]: df['Age_range']=df['age'].apply(age_range)
df.head(20)
```

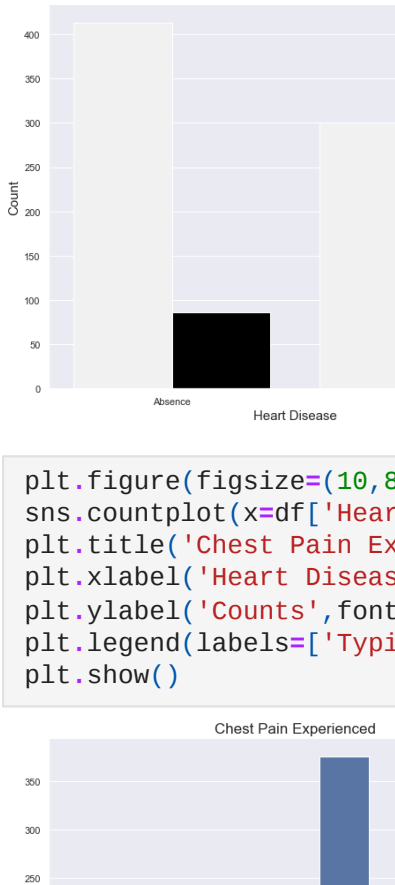
```
Out[25]:
```

	age	sex	cp	trestbps	chol	fbs	restecg
0	52	1	0	125	212	0	
1	53	1	0	140	203	1	
2	70	1	0	145	174	0	
3	61	1	0	148	203	0	
4	62	0	0	138	294	1	
5	58	0	0	100	248	0	
6	58	1	0	114	318	0	
7	55	1	0	160	289	0	
8	46	1	0	120	249	0	
9	54	1	0	122	286	0	
10	71	0	0	112	149	0	
11	43	0	0	132	341	1	
12	34	0	1	118	210	0	
13	51	1	0	140	298	0	
14	52	1	0	128	204	1	
15	34	0	1	118	210	0	
16	51	0	2	140	308	0	
17	54	1	0	124	266	0	
18	50	0	1	120	244	0	
19	58	1	2	140	211	1	

```
In [27]: plt.figure(figsize = (10,8))

sns.countplot(data = df , x = 'Heart_Disease')

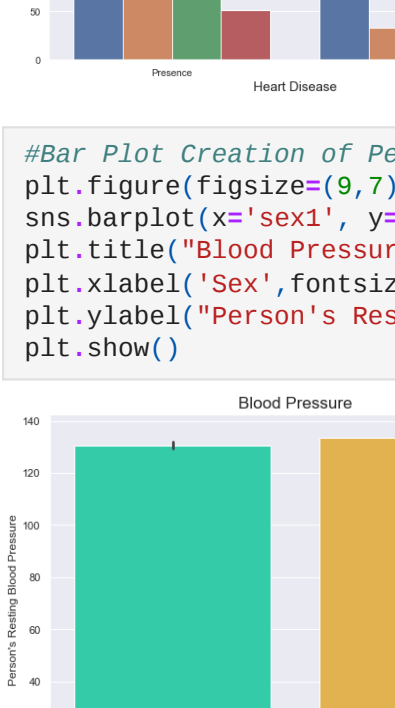
plt.title("Heart Disease based on age category")
plt.xlabel('Heart Disease')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```



```
In [30]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))

sns.countplot(x=df['Heart_Disease'],
              y=df['sex1'].value_counts(),
              fontsize=15)

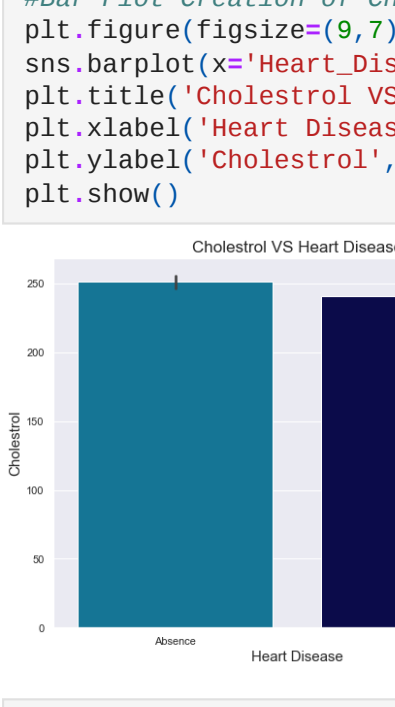
plt.legend(labels=['Male', 'Female'])
plt.title('Heart Disease Based on Gender')
plt.show()
```



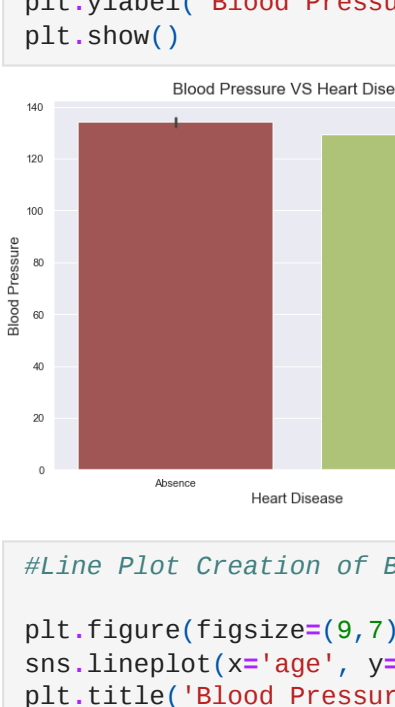
```
In [31]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))

sns.countplot(x=df['Heart_Disease'],
              y=df['Age_range'].value_counts(),
              fontsize=15)

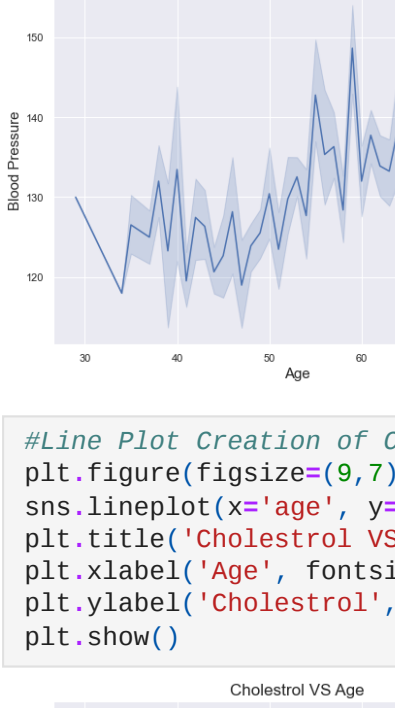
plt.legend(labels=['Typical Angina', 'Atypical Angina', 'Non-Anginal pain', 'Asymptomatic'])
plt.title('Chest Pain Experienced')
plt.xlabel('Heart Disease')
plt.ylabel('Counts')
plt.show()
```



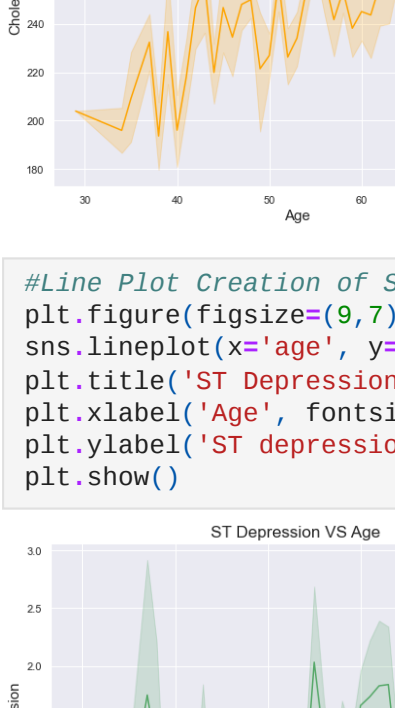
```
In [33]: #Bar Plot Creation of Person's Resting Blood Pressure
plt.figure(figsize=(9,7))
sns.barplot(x='sex1', y='trestbps', data=df)
plt.title("Blood Pressure", fontsize=15)
plt.xlabel('Sex', fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel("Person's Resting Blood Pressure", fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```



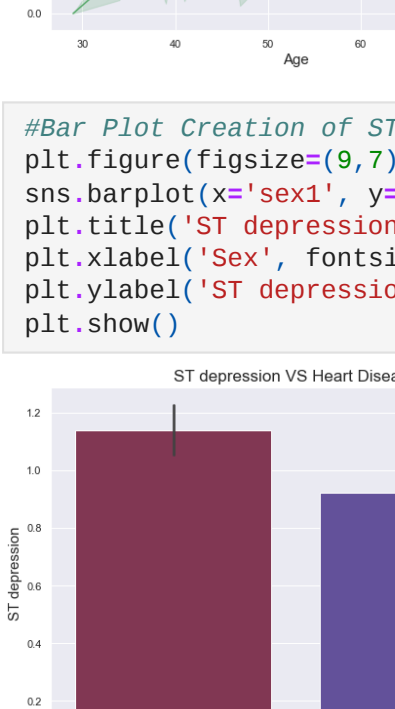
```
In [34]: #Bar Plot Creation of Cholesterol VS Heart Disease
plt.figure(figsize=(9,7))
sns.barplot(x='Heart_Disease', y='chol', data=df)
plt.title('Cholesterol VS Heart Disease', fontsize=15)
plt.xlabel('Heart Disease', fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel('Cholesterol', fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```



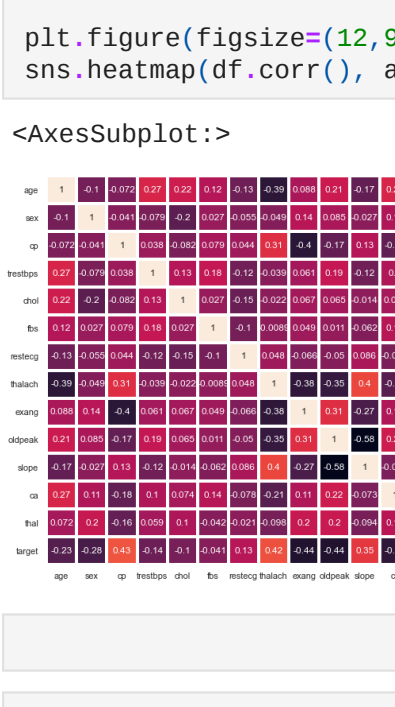
```
In [35]: #Bar Plot Creation of Blood Pressure VS Heart Disease
plt.figure(figsize=(9,7))
sns.barplot(x='Heart_Disease', y='fbs', data=df)
plt.title('Blood Pressure VS Heart Disease', fontsize=15)
plt.xlabel('Heart Disease', fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel('Blood Pressure', fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```



```
In [36]: #Line Plot Creation of Blood Pressure VS Age
plt.figure(figsize=(9,7))
sns.lineplot(x='age', y='trestbps', data=df)
plt.title('Blood Pressure VS Age', fontsize=15)
plt.xlabel('Age', fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel('Blood Pressure', fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```



```
In [37]: #Line Plot Creation of Cholesterol VS Age
plt.figure(figsize=(9,7))
sns.lineplot(x='age', y='chol', data=df)
plt.title('Cholesterol VS Age', fontsize=15)
plt.xlabel('Age', fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel('Cholesterol', fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```



```
In [38]: #Line Plot Creation of ST Depression VS Age
plt.figure(figsize=(9,7))
sns.lineplot(x='age', y='oldpeak', data=df)
plt.title('ST Depression VS Age', fontsize=15)
plt.xlabel('Age', fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel('ST depression', fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```



```
In [39]: #Bar Plot Creation of ST depression VS Heart Disease
plt.figure(figsize=(9,7))
sns.barplot(x='sex1', y='oldpeak', data=df)
plt.title('ST depression VS Heart Disease', fontsize=15)
plt.xlabel('Sex', fontsize=15)
plt.ylabel('ST depression', fontsize=15)
plt.show()
```



```
In [42]: #Heatmap Creation using Seaborn
plt.figure(figsize=(12,9))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True, cmap='magma')
```

```
Out[42]: <AxesSubplot: >
```

