Neural Networks Deep Learning – Icp10

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GitHub link: https://github.com/deekshitha430/icp10_neural

Video Link:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/17dhKNOdilAWt7GxtvzmJlzexNydK1Fqh/view?usp=sharing

In class programming: 1. Save the model and use the saved model to predict on new text data (ex, "A lot of good things are happening. We are respected again throughout the world, and that's a great thing.@realDonaldTrump")

```
0]: | for idx, row in data.iterrows():
            row[0] = row[0].replace('rt', ' ') #Removing Retweets
1]: | max fatures = 2000
        tokenizer = Tokenizer(num words=max fatures, split=' ') #Maximum words is 2000 to tokenize sentence
        tokenizer.fit_on_texts(data['text'].values)
        X = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(data['text'].values) #taking values to feature matrix
2]: ► X = pad_sequences(X) #Padding the feature matrix
        embed dim = 128 #Dimension of the Embedded layer
        1stm out = 196 #Long short-term memory (LSTM) layer neurons
3]: M def createmodel():
            model = Sequential() #Sequential Neural Network
            model.add(Embedding(max_fatures, embed_dim,input_length = X.shape[1])) #input dimension 2000 Neurons, output dimension 12
            model.add(LSTM(lstm_out, dropout=0.2, recurrent_dropout=0.2)) #Drop out 20%, 196 output Neurons, recurrent dropout 20%
            model.add(Dense(3,activation='softmax')) #3 output neurons[positive, Neutral, Negative], softmax as activation
            model.compile(loss = 'categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam',metrics = ['accuracy']) #Compiling the model
            return model
        # print(model.summary())
4]: N labelencoder = LabelEncoder() #Applying label Encoding on the label matrix
        integer encoded = labelencoder.fit transform(data['sentiment']) #fitting the model
        y = to_categorical(integer_encoded)
        X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X,y, test_size = 0.33, random_state = 42) #67% training data, 33% test da
5]: ▶ batch size = 32 #Batch size 32
        model = createmodel() #Function call to Sequential Neural Network
        model.fit(X_train, Y_train, epochs = 1, batch_size=batch_size, verbose = 2) #verbose the higher, the more messages
        score,acc = model.evaluate(X_test,Y_test,verbose=2,batch_size=batch_size) #evaluating the model
        print(score)
        print(acc)
```

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```
▶ import pandas as pd #Basic packages for creating dataframes and loading dataset
  import numpy as np
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #Package for visualization
   import re #importing package for Regular expression operations
  from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split #Package for splitting the data
   from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder #Package for conversion of categorical to Numerical
  from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer #Tokenization
  \textbf{from} \ \ \text{tensorflow}. \textbf{keras}. \textbf{preprocessing}. \textbf{sequence} \ \ \textbf{import} \ \ \text{pad\_sequences} \ \ \textit{\#Add zeros or crop based on the length}. \\
  from keras.models import Sequential #Sequential Neural Network
  from keras.layers import Dense, Embedding, LSTM, SpatialDropout1D #For layers in Neural Network
  from keras.utils.np_utils import to_categorical
import pandas as pd
  data = pd.read_csv('Sentiment.csv')
   # Keeping only the neccessary columns
  data = data[['text','sentiment']]
data['text'] = data['text'].apply(lambda x: x.lower())|
data['text'] = data['text'].apply((lambda x: re.sub('[^a-zA-z0-9\s]', '', x)))
   <ipython-input-29-cee1da567eb8>:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
   A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
   Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
   See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.htm
   -versus-a-copy
     data['text'] = data['text'].apply(lambda x: x.lower())
   <ipython-input-29-cee1da567eb8>:2: SettingWithCopyWarning:
   A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
   Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
  See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.htm
  -versus-a-copy
```

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```
WARNING:tensorflow:Layer 1stm will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kerne
  l as fallback when running on GPU.
  291/291 - 56s - loss: 0.8208 - accuracy: 0.6530 - 56s/epoch - 193ms/step
  144/144 - 2s - loss: 0.7517 - accuracy: 0.6796 - 2s/epoch - 11ms/step
  0.751739501953125
  0.6795544028282166
▶ print(model.metrics_names) #metrics of the model
   ['loss', 'accuracy']
M model.save('sentimentAnalysis.h5') #Saving the model
M from keras.models import load_model #Importing the package for importing the saved model
  model= load_model('sentimentAnalysis.h5') #loading the saved model
  WARNING:tensorflow:Layer 1stm will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kerne
  l as fallback when running on GPU.

▶ print(integer_encoded)

  print(data['sentiment'])
   [1 2 1 ... 2 0 2]
            Neutral
           Positive
  2
            Neutral
  3
           Positive
           Positive
  13866
           Negative
  13867
           Positive
  13868
          Positive
  13869
           Negative
  13870 Positive
  Name: sentiment, Length: 13871, dtype: object
 ▶ # Predicting on the text data
    sentence = ['A lot of good things are happening. We are respected again throughout the world, and that is a grea
   sentence = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(sentence) # Tokenizing the sentence
    sentence = pad_sequences(sentence, maxlen=28, dtype='int32', value=0) # Padding the sentence
    sentiment_probs = model.predict(sentence, batch_size=1, verbose=2)[0] # Predicting the sentence text
   sentiment = np.argmax(sentiment_probs)
   print(sentiment_probs)
   if sentiment == 0:
       print("Neutral")
   elif sentiment < 0:</pre>
       print("Negative")
   elif sentiment > 0:
       print("Positive")
    else:
       print("Cannot be determined")
    1/1 - 0s - 22ms/epoch - 22ms/step
   [0.3347626 0.16386913 0.5013683 ]
   Positive
```

2. Apply GridSearchCV on the source code provided in the class

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```
M from keras.wrappers.scikit_learn import KerasClassifier #importing Keras classifier
  from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV #importing Grid search CV
  model = KerasClassifier(build_fn=createmodel,verbose=2) #initiating model to test performance by applying multiple hyper po
  batch_size= [10, 20, 40] #hyper parameter batch_size
  epochs = [1, 2] #hyper parameter no. of epochs
  param_grid= {'batch_size':batch_size, 'epochs':epochs} #creating dictionary for batch size, no. of epochs
  grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=model, param_grid=param_grid) #Applying dictionary with hyper parameters
  grid_result= grid.fit(X_train,Y_train) #Fitting the model
  # summarize results
  print("Best: %f using %s" % (grid_result.best_score_, grid_result.best_params_)) #best score, best hyper parameters
  kernel as fallback when running on GPU.
  372/372 - 58s - loss: 0.8273 - accuracy: 0.6482 - 58s/epoch - 155ms/step
  93/93 - 2s - loss: 0.7958 - accuracy: 0.6642 - 2s/epoch - 18ms/step
  WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_16 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU
  kernel as fallback when running on GPU.
  Epoch 1/2
  372/372 - 59s - loss: 0.8283 - accuracy: 0.6447 - 59s/epoch - 159ms/step
  Epoch 2/2
  372/372 - 48s - loss: 0.6820 - accuracy: 0.7147 - 48s/epoch - 129ms/step
  93/93 - 1s - loss: 0.7243 - accuracy: 0.6907 - 1s/epoch - 12ms/step
  WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_17 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU
  kernel as fallback when running on GPU.
  Epoch 1/2
  372/372 - 59s - loss: 0.8281 - accuracy: 0.6407 - 59s/epoch - 158ms/step
  Epoch 2/2
  372/372 - 48s - loss: 0 6886 - accuracy: 0 7097 - 48s/enoch - 129ms/sten
```

WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_23 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel a s fallback when running on GPU.

```
186/186 - 34s - loss: 0.8474 - accuracy: 0.6333 - 34s/epoch - 185ms/step
```

47/47 - 1s - loss: 0.7797 - accuracy: 0.6595 - 719ms/epoch - 15ms/step

WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_24 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel a s fallback when running on GPU.

```
186/186 - 36s - loss: 0.8389 - accuracy: 0.6409 - 36s/epoch - 192ms/step
```

47/47 - 1s - loss: 0.7430 - accuracy: 0.6830 - 700ms/epoch - 15ms/step

WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_25 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel a s fallback when running on GPU.

```
186/186 - 37s - loss: 0.8363 - accuracy: 0.6356 - 37s/epoch - 200ms/step
```

47/47 - 1s - loss: 0.7755 - accuracy: 0.6668 - 730ms/epoch - 16ms/step

WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_26 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel a s fallback when running on GPU.

Epoch 1/2

```
186/186 - 35s - loss: 0.8437 - accuracy: 0.6391 - 35s/epoch - 188ms/step
```

Epoch 2/2

186/186 - 24s - loss: 0.6866 - accuracy: 0.7086 - 24s/epoch - 131ms/step

47/47 - 1s - loss: 0.7250 - accuracy: 0.6859 - 705ms/epoch - 15ms/step

WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_27 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel a s fallback when running on GPU.

Epoch 1/2

```
186/186 - 36s - loss: 0.8450 - accuracy: 0.6347 - 36s/epoch - 193ms/step
```

Epoch 2/2

```
186/186 - 25s - loss: 0.6936 - accuracy: 0.7010 - 25s/epoch - 136ms/step
```

47/47 - 1s - loss: 0.7462 - accuracy: 0.6837 - 730ms/epoch - 16ms/step

WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_28 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel a s fallback when running on GPU.

```
Epoch 1/2
```

```
186/186 - 38s - loss: 0.8465 - accuracy: 0.6363 - 38s/epoch - 202ms/step
```

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Epoch 2/2

186/186 - 24s - loss: 0.6809 - accuracy: 0.7076 - 24s/epoch - 129ms/step

47/47 - 1s - loss: 0.7555 - accuracy: 0.6799 - 737ms/epoch - 16ms/step

WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_29 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel a s fallback when running on GPU.

Epoch 1/2

186/186 - 36s - loss: 0.8497 - accuracy: 0.6370 - 36s/epoch - 192ms/step

Epoch 2/2

186/186 - 26s - loss: 0.6874 - accuracy: 0.7052 - 26s/epoch - 139ms/step

47/47 - 1s - loss: 0.7363 - accuracy: 0.6889 - 748ms/epoch - 16ms/step

WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_30 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel a s fallback when running on GPU.

Epoch 1/2

186/186 - 37s - loss: 0.8370 - accuracy: 0.6371 - 37s/epoch - 198ms/step

Epoch 2/2

186/186 - 26s - loss: 0.6795 - accuracy: 0.7098 - 26s/epoch - 140ms/step

47/47 - 1s - loss: 0.7777 - accuracy: 0.6652 - 730ms/epoch - 16ms/step

WARNING:tensorflow:Layer lstm_31 will not use cuDNN kernels since it doesn't meet the criteria. It will use a generic GPU kernel a s fallback when running on GPU.

Epoch 1/2

465/465 - 74s - loss: 0.8138 - accuracy: 0.6524 - 74s/epoch - 159ms/step

Epoch 2/2

465/465 - 62s - loss: 0.6739 - accuracy: 0.7108 - 62s/epoch - 134ms/step

Best: 0.681371 using {'batch_size': 20, 'epochs': 2}