

DAA ASSIGNMENT (2211CS020175)

Queens Attack - II

<https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/queens-attack-2/problem?isFullScreen=true>.

The screenshot displays the Hackerrank interface for the 'Queens Attack - II' problem. On the left, the problem description states: 'You will be given a square chess board with one queen and a number of obstacles placed on it. Determine how many squares the queen can attack.' It further explains that the queen is on an $n \times n$ chessboard, rows are numbered 1 to n from bottom to top, and columns are numbered 1 to n from left to right. A square is referenced by a tuple (r, c) . The queen is at (r_q, c_q) . She can attack in eight directions (left, right, up, down, and four diagonals). Green circles on the chessboard diagram indicate cells the queen can attack from (4, 4).

The chessboard diagram shows an 8x8 grid. The queen is at (4, 4). Green circles are placed at (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 5), (4, 6), (4, 7), (4, 8), (1, 4), (2, 4), (3, 4), (5, 4), (6, 4), (7, 4), (8, 4), (1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 5), (1, 6), (1, 7), (1, 8), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 5), (2, 6), (2, 7), (2, 8), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 5), (3, 6), (3, 7), (3, 8), (5, 1), (5, 2), (5, 3), (5, 5), (5, 6), (5, 7), (5, 8), (6, 1), (6, 2), (6, 3), (6, 5), (6, 6), (6, 7), (6, 8), (7, 1), (7, 2), (7, 3), (7, 5), (7, 6), (7, 7), (7, 8), and (8, 1), (8, 2), (8, 3), (8, 5), (8, 6), (8, 7), (8, 8).

The C++ code solution is as follows:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

int queensAttack(int n, int k, int r_q, int c_q, vector<vector<int>> obstacles) {
    set<pair<int, int>> obstacleSet;
    for (const auto &obstacle : obstacles) {
        obstacleSet.insert({obstacle[0], obstacle[1]});
    }

    int directions[8][2] = {
        {1, 0}, {-1, 0}, {0, 1}, {0, -1},
        {1, 1}, {1, -1}, {-1, 1}, {-1, -1}
    };

    int count = 0;
    for (auto dir : directions) {
        int r = r_q + dir[0];
        int c = c_q + dir[1];

        while (r >= 1 && r <= n && c >= 1 && c <= n && obstacleSet.find({r, c}) == obstacleSet.end()) {
            count++;
            r += dir[0];
            c += dir[1];
        }
    }

    return count;
}

int main() {
    int n, k, r, c, m;
    vector<vector<int>> obstacles;
```

Done By:
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