

# **PROBLEM STATEMENT**



## TARGET - SAR MISSION TIMEFRAMES

**Classes**: 0-11 hours | 11-32 hours | 32 hours - 7 days

- Normally distributed classes. Both classification models gained precision.
- Survival rates decrease when victims are in the elements especially overnight

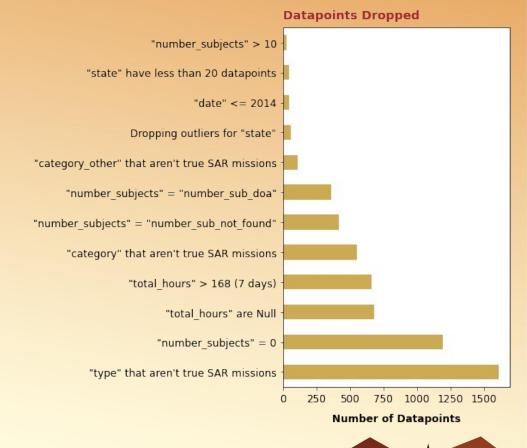
Baseline: 35% for the majority class 32 hours - 7 days



### DATA CLEANING

Collected by Mountain Rescue Association (<a href="https://mra.org">https://mra.org</a>)

- Live victim was being rescued
- 2014 2021
- 0-7 days
- Max 10 victims
- 13 States
- 78 SAR Teams
- 4 Area Types
- 10,000+ datapoints final



## FEATURE ENGINEERING & IMPUTATION

State - imputed from Teams where State not null

Area Type - imputed nulls from other related variables

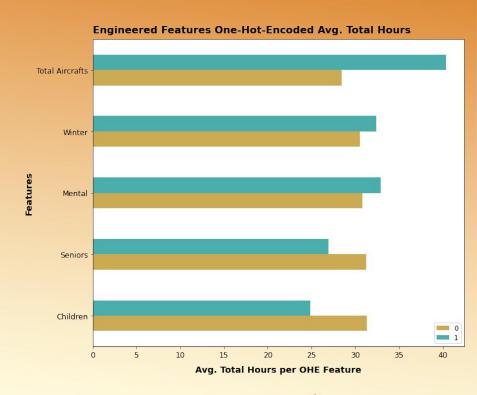
wilderness | urban/rural | water | interface

wilderness

Seniors - True where any subject had dementia

Winter - incident occurring in winter & snow conditions

Number Volunteers - Median





## PREPROCESSING AND MODELING

### Preprocessing

- All categorical variables were dummified
- All continuous variables were scaled using Standar Scaler

#### Modeling

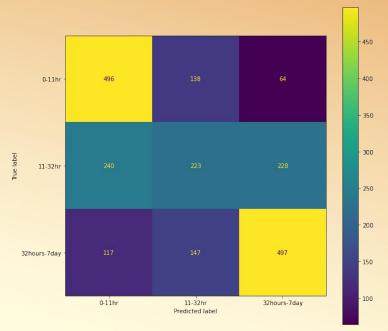
- Tried SVM and a neural network
- Gridsearch was used for both Logistic Regression and Random Forest Models

## **CLASSIFICATION MODELS**

### **LOGISTIC REGRESSION**

ACCURACY: 57% - 22% ABOVE BASELINE OF 35%

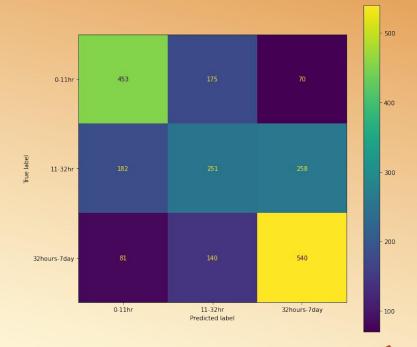
Precision for 2nd class ½ of 1 and 3



### **RANDOM FOREST**

ACCURACY: 58% - 23% ABOVE BASELINE OF 35%

Precision for 2nd class  $\frac{2}{3}$  of 1 and 3



## PRODUCTION MODEL

### **Logistic Regression with Lasso**

Most useful in understanding factors indicating each class

Random Forest Top Important Feature: Number Volunteers

#### Coefficients:

	O-11 hours			11-32 hours			32 hours - 7 do	iys
Pennsylvania		29.85	New Jersey		0.49	New Mexico		1.85
Colorado		0.83	Nevada		-0.21	Washington		1.33
Number Volunteers		-0.74	Utah		-0.19	Number Volunteers		1.29





# **CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS**

**Production Model - Logistic Regression** 

This data set is very messy and could have more potential for gaining insight into SAR mission timelines. With cleaner data and more of it, machine learning models could more accurately predict the timelines for these incidents. If injuries were life threatening, models could predict the likely time the patient has before passing away and guide first responders processes and give them a better chance to save lives.

- Standardized data process
- Get more SAR teams to contribute data
- Allocate public funds & require standard procedures

