

The Social Media Big Data Analysis for Demand Forecasting

Abstract

Social media platforms generate a huge amount of data such as posts, comments, likes, and shares, which reflect user opinions and demand trends. Analyzing this data is challenging due to its large volume and unstructured nature. This project focuses on social media big data analysis to forecast user demand effectively. Social media text data is collected and preprocessed to remove noise and irrelevant information. Word embedding techniques are used to convert text into numerical representations. A deep learning model is applied to learn patterns from social media data and predict future demand levels. The proposed system helps in identifying demand trends and supports better planning and decision-making for businesses and organizations.

Algorithms Used

Word2Vec

Used to convert social media text data into numerical vectors that capture the semantic meaning of words.

Bidirectional Long Short-Term Memory (BiLSTM)

Used to learn temporal patterns and relationships in social media data for accurate demand forecasting.

Softmax / Sigmoid Classifier

Used to classify the predicted demand level such as high, medium, or low.

Tools and Technologies

Programming Language: Python

Big Data Processing: Apache Spark (optional / simulated)

NLP Libraries: NLTK, SpaCy, Gensim

Deep Learning Framework: TensorFlow / Keras

Data Handling: Pandas, NumPy

Visualization: Matplotlib, Seaborn

Expected Output

Forecasted demand levels from social media data.

Identification of demand trends based on user discussions and sentiment.

Graphical visualization of predicted demand patterns.