

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide, consisting of a network of white lines and circles on a dark blue background, resembling a circuit board or a data network.

MUSIC STORE DATA ANALYSIS USING SQL

This project analyzes A digital music store database (chinook) using SQL to uncover business insights related to customers, sales, music genres, artists, and playlists. The analysis demonstrates practical use of SQL for real-world data analysis and decision-making.

Key Insights

- Identified top-spending customers and high-revenue countries
- Analyzed overall and monthly sales performance
- Discovered most popular genres, tracks, and artists
- Examined playlist composition and customer purchasing behavior

```
1  -- Q1. Find the total number of customers by country
2
3  • SELECT
4      country, COUNT(*) AS total_customer
5  FROM
6      customer
7  GROUP BY country
8  ORDER BY total_customer DESC;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export:

	country	total_customer
▶	USA	13
	Canada	8
	Brazil	5
	France	5
	Germany	4
	United Kingdom	3
	Czech Republic	2
	Portugal	2
	India	2
	Norway	1
	Austria	1
	Belgium	1

Result 2 ✕




```
1  -- Q2. Identify the top 5 customers who spent the most money
2
3  • SELECT
4      customer.FirstName,
5      customer.LastName,
6      SUM(invoice.Total) AS total_spent
7  FROM
8      customer
9      JOIN
10     invoice ON customer.CustomerId = invoice.CustomerId
11  GROUP BY customer.FirstName , customer.LastName
12  ORDER BY total_spent DESC
13  LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid				Filter Rows:	Export:
	FirstName	LastName	total_spent		
▶	Helena	Holý	49.62		
	Richard	Cunningham	47.62		
	Luis	Rojas	46.62		
	Ladislav	Kovács	45.62		
	Hugh	O'Reilly	45.62		

```
1  -- Q3. Find the total revenue generated by the music store
2
3  • SELECT
4      SUM(invoice.Total) AS total_revenue
5  FROM
6      invoice;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:
	total_revenue		
▶	2328.60		

```
1  -- Q4. Identify the most popular genre based on total sales
2
3  • SELECT
4      genre.name AS genre, SUM(invoiceline.Quantity) AS total_sold
5  FROM
6      invoiceline
7      JOIN
8      track ON invoiceline.TrackId = track.TrackId
9      JOIN
10     genre ON genre.GenreId = track.GenreId
11 GROUP BY genre
12 ORDER BY total_sold DESC
13 LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: Export: 

	genre	total_sold
▶	Rock	835
	Latin	Rock
	Metal	264

Limit to 50 rows

```

1  -- Q5. Find the top 5 most purchased tracks
2
3  • SELECT
4      track.Name, SUM(invoiceline.Quantity) AS total_purchase
5  FROM
6      invoiceline
7      JOIN
8      track ON invoiceline.TrackId = track.TrackId
9  GROUP BY track.Name
10 ORDER BY total_purchase DESC
11 LIMIT 5;

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export:

	Name	total_purchase
▶	Dazed and Confused	5
	The Trooper	5
	The Number Of The Beast	4
	Sure Know Something	4
	Hallowed Be Thy Name	4

```
1  -- Q6. Find the top 5 artists based on total revenue
2
3  •  SELECT
4      artist.Name AS artist,
5      SUM(invoiceline.UnitPrice * invoiceline.Quantity) AS revenue
6  FROM
7      invoiceline
8      JOIN
9      track ON invoiceline.TrackId = track.TrackId
10     JOIN
11     album ON track.AlbumId = album.AlbumId
12     JOIN
13     artist ON album.ArtistId = artist.ArtistId
14 GROUP BY artist
15 ORDER BY revenue DESC
16 LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:
	artist	revenue		
▶	Iron Maiden	138.60		
	U2	105.93		
	Metallica	90.09		
	Led Zeppelin	86.13		
	Lost	81.59		

Limit to 50 rows

1 -- Q7. Find how many tracks each playlist contains

2

3 • **SELECT**

4 playlist.Name AS playlist,

5 COUNT(playlisttrack.TrackId) AS total_tracks

6 **FROM**

7 playlist

8 **JOIN**

9 playlisttrack **ON** playlist.PlaylistId = playlisttrack.PlaylistId

10 **GROUP BY** playlist;

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:
	playlist	total_tracks		
▶	Music	6580		
	TV Shows	426		
	90's Music	1477		
	Music Videos	1		
	Brazilian Music	39		
	Classical	75		
	Classical 101 - Deep Cuts	25		
	Classical 101 - Next Steps	25		
	Classical 101 - The Basics	25		
	Grunge	15		
	Heavy Metal Classic	26		
	On-The-Go 1	1		

Result 2 x


```

1  -- Q8. Identify customers who made more than 5 purchases
2
3  • SELECT
4      customer.FirstName,
5      customer.LastName,
6      COUNT(invoice.InvoiceId) AS total_purchases
7  FROM
8      customer
9      JOIN
10     invoice ON customer.CustomerId = invoice.CustomerId
11 GROUP BY customer.CustomerId
12 HAVING total_purchases > 5;
13

```

Result Grid				Filter Rows:	Export:
	FirstName	LastName	total_purchases		
▶	Luís	Gonçalves	7		
	Leonie	Köhler	7		
	François	Tremblay	7		
	Bjørn	Hansen	7		
	František	Wichterlová	7		
	Helena	Holý	7		
	Astrid	Gruber	7		
	Daan	Peeters	7		
	Kara	Nielsen	7		
	Eduardo	Martins	7		
	Alexandre	Rocha	7		
	Roberto	Almeida	7		
	Fernanda	Ramos	7		
	Mark	Phillips	7		

```
1  -- Q9. Find the average track length (in minutes) by genre
2
3  • SELECT
4      genre.Name AS genre,
5      ROUND(AVG(track.Milliseconds / 60000), 2) AS avg_length_minutes
6  FROM
7      genre
8      JOIN
9      track ON genre.GenreId = track.GenreId
10 GROUP BY genre;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:
	genre	avg_length_minutes		
▶	Rock	4.73		
	Jazz	4.86		
	Metal	5.16		
	Alternative & Punk	3.91		
	Rock And Roll	2.24		
	Blues	4.51		
	Latin	3.88		
	Reggae	4.12		
	Pop	3.82		
	Soundtrack	4.07		
	Bossa Nova	3.66		
	Easy Listening	3.15		
	Heavy Metal	4.96		

```
1  -- Q10. Identify the best month for sales
2
3  • SELECT
4      MONTH(invoice.invoiceDate) AS month,
5      SUM(invoice.total) AS monthly_Sale
6  FROM
7      invoice
8  GROUP BY month
9  ORDER BY monthly_Sale DESC
10 LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:
	month	monthly_Sale		
▶	1	201.12		
	6	201.10		
	4	198.14		

```

1  -- Q11. Find customers who purchased Rock music
2
3  •  SELECT
4      customer.FirstName, customer.LastName
5  FROM
6      customer
7      JOIN
8      invoice ON customer.CustomerId = invoice.CustomerId
9      JOIN
10     invoiceline ON invoice.InvoiceId = invoiceline.InvoiceId
11     JOIN
12     track ON invoiceline.TrackId = track.TrackId
13     JOIN
14     genre ON track.GenreId = genre.GenreId
15 WHERE
16     genre.Name = 'Rock';

```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:
	FirstName	LastName		
▶	Lucas	Mancini		
	Leonie	Köhler		
	Ellie	Sullivan		
	Fernanda	Ramos		
	Leonie	Köhler		
	Lucas	Mancini		
	Bjørn	Hansen		
	Bjørn	Hansen		
	Ellie	Sullivan		
	Lucas	Mancini		
	Fernanda	Ramos		
	Bjørn	Hansen		
	Bjørn	Hansen		
	Lucas	Mancini		
	Ellie	Sullivan		
	Fernanda	Ramos		
	Daan	Peeters		

```
1  -- Q12. Find the top 3 countries by total revenue
2
3 • SELECT
4     invoice.BillingCountry AS country,
5     SUM(invoice.Total) AS total_revenue
6 FROM
7     invoice
8 GROUP BY country
9 ORDER BY total_revenue DESC
10 LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	Export:
	country	total_revenue		
▶	USA	523.06		
	Canada	303.96		
	France	195.10		

Skills Covered in This Project

- SQL Query Writing & Optimization
- Joins (INNER JOIN) across multiple tables
- Data Aggregation (GROUP BY, HAVING)
- Filtering & Sorting (WHERE, ORDER BY, LIMIT)
- Sales & Revenue Analysis
- Customer & Genre Analysis
- Relational Database Understanding (MySQL)
- Business Insight Generation using Data