# Lab program 6:

### 6. Write a program to compute FOLLOW set.

**Aim:** Program to compute FOLLOW set for a given grammar of non-terminals.

#### Algorithm:

Rules to compute FOLLOW set:

- 1. FOLLOW(S) = { \$ } // where S is the starting Non-Terminal
- 2. If A -> pBq is a production, where p, B and q are any grammar symbols,then everything in FIRST(q) except E is in FOLLOW(B.
- 3. If A->pB is a production, then everything in FOLLOW(A) is in FOLLOW(B).
- 4. If A->pBq is a production and FIRST(q) contains  $\in$ , then FOLLOW(B) contains  $\{ FIRST(q) \in \} U FOLLOW(A)$

### **Program:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int n,m=0,p,i=0,j=0;
char a[10][10],followResult[10];
void follow(char c);
void first(char c);
void addToResult(char);
int main()
{
    int i, choice;
    char c,ch;
    printf("Enter the no.of productions: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf(" Enter %d productions\nProduction with multiple terms should be give as separate
                                                                          productions n'', n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       scanf("%s%c",a[i],&ch); // gets(a[i]);
    do
    {
         m=0:
         printf("Find FOLLOW of -->");
         scanf(" %c",&c);
         follow(c);
         printf("FOLLOW(%c) = { ",c);
         for(i=0;i<m;i++)
             printf("%c ",followResult[i]);
         printf(" }\n");
         printf("Do you want to continue(Press 1 to continue....)?");
         scanf("%d%c",&choice,&ch);
    while(choice==1);
}
```

```
void follow(char c)
    if(a[0][0]==c)addToResult('$');
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
         for(j=2;j<strlen(a[i]);j++)</pre>
             if(a[i][j]==c)
             {
                 if(a[i][j+1]!='\0')first(a[i][j+1]);
                 if(a[i][j+1]=='\0'\&\&c!=a[i][0])
                     follow(a[i][0]);
              }
         }
     }
}
void first(char c)
      int k;
      if(!(isupper(c)))
                           //f[m++]=c;
           addToResult(c);
           for(k=0;k< n;k++)
           {
                if(a[k][0]==c)
               {
                   if(a[k][2]=='$') follow(a[i][0]);
                   else if(islower(a[k][2]))
                       //f[m++]=a[k][2];
                       addToResult(a[k][2]);
                   else
                       first(a[k][2]);
                }
           }
}
void addToResult(char c)
  int i;
  for( i=0;i<=m;i++)
     if(followResult[i]==c)
       return;
  followResult[m++]=c;
```

# **Output:**