

Algorithms: Design and Analysis, Part II

## NP-Completeness

Algorithmic Approaches to NP-Complete Problems

## NP-Completeness: The Beginning, Not the End

Question: So your problem is NP-complete. Now what?

Important: NP-completeness not a death sentence.

⇒ but, need appropriate expectations/strategy

## Three useful strategies:

(1) Focus on computationally tractable special cases

Examples: - WIS in path graphs (and trees, bounded tree width) (NP-c in general graphs)

- Knapsack with polynomial size capacity (e.g., W = O(n))
- 2SAT (P) instead of 3SAT (NP-c)
- Vertex cover when OPT is small

## Three Useful Strategies (con'd)

(2) Heuristics - fast algorithms that are not always correct

Examples (forthcoming): Greedy and dynamic programming-based heuristics for knapsack.

- (3) Solve in exponential time but faster than brute-force search.
- Knapsack (O(n) instead of  $2^n$ )
- TSP ( $\approx 2^n$  instead of  $\approx n!$ ) (forthcoming)
- Vertex cover ( $\approx 2^{OPT} n$  instead of  $n^{OPT}$ ) (forthcoming)