Status	Finished
Started	Wednesday, 26 November 2025, 7:15 PM
Completed	Wednesday, 26 November 2025, 7:31 PM
Duration	16 mins 23 secs

Question **1**

Correct

Given a string, ***s***, consisting of alphabets and digits, find the frequency of each digit in the given string.

Input Format

The first line contains a string, ***num*** which is the given number.

Constraints

1 ≤ len(num) ≤ 1000

All the elements of num are made of English alphabets and digits.

Output Format

Print ten space-separated integers in a single line denoting the frequency of each digit from ***0*** to ***9***.

Sample Input 0

a11472o5t6

Sample Output 0

0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0

Explanation 0

In the given string:

- ***1*** occurs two times.
- ***2, 4, 5, 6*** and ***7*** occur one time each.

The remaining digits ***0, 3, 8*** and ***9*** don't occur at all.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
# include <stdio.h>
# include <string.h>
# include <ctype.h>
int main()
{
    int freq [10]={0};
    char num[1001];
    scanf("%s",num);
    for(int i=0;i<strlen(num);i++){
        if(isdigit(num[i])){
            freq[num[i]-'0']++;
        }
    }
    for(int i=0;i<10;i++){
        printf("%d ",freq[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	a11472o5t6	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	✓
✓	lw4n88j12n1	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	✓
✓	1v88886l256338ar0ekk	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

Given a sentence, ***s***, print each word of the sentence in a new line.

Input Format

The first and only line contains a sentence, ***s***.

Constraints

1 ≤ len(s) ≤ 1000

Output Format

Print each word of the sentence in a new line.

Sample Input 0

This is C

Sample Output 0

This

is

C

Explanation 0

In the given string, there are three words ["This", "is", "C"]. We have to print each of these words in a new line.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
# include<stdio.h>
# include<string.h>
int main()
{
    char s[1001];
    fgets(s,sizeof(s),stdin);
    for(int i=0;i<strlen(s);i++){
        if(s[i]==' '){
            printf("\n");
        }
        else{
            printf("%c",s[i]);
        }
    }
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	This is C	This is C	This is C	✓
✓	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **3**

Correct

Input Format

You are given two strings, ***a*** and ***b***, separated by a new line. Each string will consist of lower case Latin characters ('a'-'z').

Output Format

In the first line print two space-separated integers, representing the length of ***a*** and ***b*** respectively.

In the second line print the string produced by concatenating ***a*** and ***b*** (***a*** + ***b***).

In the third line print two strings separated by a space, ***a'*** and ***b'***. ***a'*** and ***b'*** are the same as ***a*** and ***b***, respectively, except that their first characters are swapped.

Sample Input

abcd

ef

Sample Output

4 2

abcdef

ebcd af

Explanation

a = "abcd"

b = "ef"

|a| = 4

|b| = 2

a + b = "abcdef"

a' = "ebcd"

b' = "af"

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```c
# include<stdio.h>
# include<string.h>
int main()
{
    char a[100],b[100];
    scanf("%s %s",a,b);
    int len_a=strlen(a);
    int len_b=strlen(b);
    printf("%d %d\n",len_a,len_b);
    printf("%s%s\n",a, b);
    char temp=a[0];
    a[0]=b[0];
    b[0]=temp;
    printf("%s %s\n",a,b);
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	abcd ef	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	✓

Passed all tests! ✓