(2) Make <u>suitable assumptions</u> wherever necessary and <u>state the assumptions</u> made.

[Total Marks: 75]

(2½ Hours)

N. B.: (1) <u>All</u> questions are <u>compulsory</u>.

	(3) Aı	nswers to the <u>same question</u> must be <u>written together</u> .	
		umbers to the <u>right</u> indicate <u>marks</u> .	
		raw <u>neat labeled diagrams</u> wherever <u>necessary</u> .	\$ \( \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \
	(6) Us	se of Non-programmable calculators is allowed.	
1.	Attempt <u>any three</u> of the following:		
a.	Convert		66
	i)	(100011) <sub>2</sub> =(?) <sub>10</sub>	2002
	ii)	$(2F)_{16} = (?)_{10}$	
	iii)	$(011000)_2 = (?)_8$	1
b.	Convert		TX.
	i)	(62) <sub>10</sub> = (?) <sub>excess3</sub>	2
	ii)	(577) <sub>10</sub> = (?) <sub>bcd</sub>	2
	iii)	(100110000111) bcd = (?) <sub>10</sub>	1
С.	Explain v	with an example to steps to find a two's complement of a number and write	5
	the rules of two's complement subtraction in binary number system.		
d.	Solve :		
	i)	$(1000100)_2 + (10010101)_2 = (?)_2$	2
	ii)	$(10101010)_2 - (10100010)_2 = (?)_2$ (use direct method)	3
e.	Solve:		
	i)	$(122)_{10} = ()_2 = (?)_8$	3
	ii)	$(110101001)_2 = (?)_{16}$	2
f.	Solve:		
	i)	$(AFD1)_{16} + (1292)_{16} = (?)_{16}$	2
	ii) 🛒	$(AFD1)_{16} - (129A)_{16} = (?)_{16}$	3
2.	Attempt	Attempt <u>any three</u> of the following:	
a.	Describe the NAND and the OR gate with the symbol, the logical statement, the		
	Boolean	expression and its logical circuit diagram	
b. ˈ	State an	d proof the commutative and associative law in Boolean algebra.	
3.5 <sup>6</sup>	Prove th	e following Company of the company o	
6,6		$A + \bar{A}B = \bar{A} + B$	
88		$(\bar{A} + B)\bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} = \bar{A} + \bar{B} + \bar{C}$	
d	Simplify	the expression and draw circuit diagram	
		$(+Y)(\bar{X}+Y+Z)$	
<b>e.</b> 0	Solve the	e SOP expression using Kmaps $F(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma m (1,3,4,5,7,9,11,13,15)$	
f	Solve the	e POS expression using Kmaps	
Z.E.	F(A,B,C,	D) = $\pi M(4,6,8,9,10,12,13,14) + d(0,2,5)$	
3.	Attempt any three of the following:		
a.,	Design a 4-bit full adder using 3 Full adders.		
<b>b.</b>	With the help of K-Maps build a 2- bit half adder and describe it working.		
	Explain v	with an example code conversion from binary to gray.	
A.0			

- d. Design a combinational circuit for the following description. The circuit had 4 inputs and 2 output. One of the outputs is true if the major inputs are true, the other output is true if there is a tie between the 4 input.
- e. Describe the working of a comparator.
- f. Describe the working a BCD subtractor.

## 4. Attempt *any three* of the following:

a. Draw the logical circuit diagram and describe the working of a 4:2 decoder.

b. Draw the logical circuit diagram and describe the working 4:1 multiplexer using 2:1 multiplexers.

15

15

- c. Difference between multiplexer and demultiplexer,
- d. Describe with a truth table the working of D-flip flop.
- e. Describe with a truth table the working of T-flip flop.
- f. Describe the working of the JK Flip Flop.

## 5. Attempt <u>any three</u> of the following:

- a. Short note on synchronous counters.
- b. Describe working of 4 bit binary counter
- c. Explain the terms bushing and perset of a counter
- d. Write a short note on Bidirectional shift registers .
- e. Describe the working of the Johnson counter.
- f. What are parallel and shift registers? Explain



57820 Page **2** of **2**