



**Your Ultimate Guide To Landing  
Top AI roles**



**DECODE  
AiML**

2.19.2

## Graph Traversal Algorithms



- A graph traversal algorithm is a method to systematically visit all the nodes of the graph.
- There are mainly 2 types of Graph traversal Algorithms.

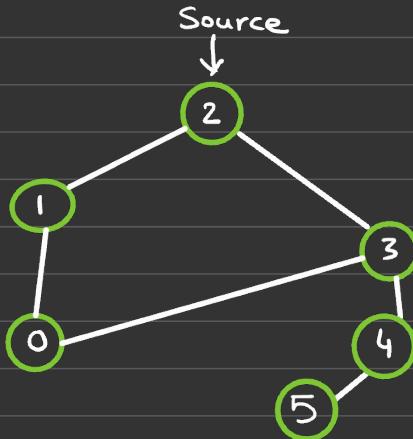
- ① Breadth-First Search (BFS)
- ② Depth-First Search (DFS)

### Breadth-First Search (BFS)

- Also called level order Traversal.
- Implemented using Queue data structure.

#### → Steps

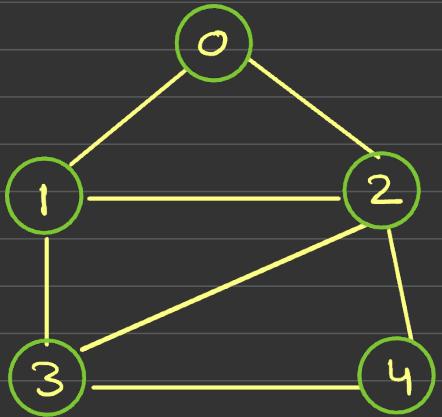
- ① Start from source node
- ② Visit all its immediate neighbors
- ③ Then move to next level of neighbors.



BFS : 2 1 3 0 4 5  
Sequence

## BFS Dry Run

→ Visited  
→ Explored



### ① Input & Output

- Input → adjacency matrix, Src
- Output → bfs sequence (list)

### ② Initial Setup:

- ↳ Queue data structure → deque in Python
- ↳ Visited array → List in Python.

### ③ Dry Run:

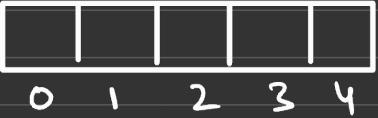
BFS Sequence

Src = 0

Queue



Visited





## Time & Space Complexity → Adjacency List Representation

$$\rightarrow \text{Time Complexity} = O(n) + O(2E) = O(n+E)$$

↑  
all nodes are pushed into queue.

↑  
for each node, check all the neighbours

↳ equal to sum of degree  
↳ equal to  $2 \times E$

$\rightarrow$  Space Complexity = Auxiliary Space → Excluding Input & Output Space.

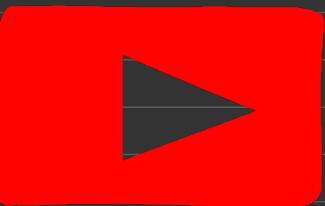
$$= O(n) + O(n)$$

↑                   ↑ Space for  
Space for Queue      Visited array.

$$= O(n)$$



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