DM4ML — Prepared Dataset: Summary & Visualizations

This notebook loads prepared.csv (expected at repository root / current working directory), prints summary statistics, and generates meaningful visualizations for churn EDA.

Assumptions

- Dates are parseable; ingest_ts uses format %Y-%m-%d-%H:%M:%S (e.g., 2025-08-17-16:56:02).
- churned is 0/1.
- subscription_plan_le is a label-encoded integer (e.g., 0,1,2).

```
In [1]: # --- Setup & Imports ---
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Inline plots
%matplotlib inline

# Display options
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', 100)
pd.set_option('display.width', 160)
pd.set_option('display.float_format', lambda x: f"{x:.4f}")
print("Libraries imported.")
```

Libraries imported.

```
In [2]: # --- Load Data ---
PATH = "prepared.csv" # Assumes the file is present in the working director

# Read without date parsing first to handle custom formats robustly
df = pd.read_csv(PATH)

# Parse dates where present
def parse_date(col, fmt=None):
    if col in df.columns:
        if fmt is None:
            df[col] = pd.to_datetime(df[col], errors="coerce")
        else:
            df[col] = pd.to_datetime(df[col], format=fmt, errors="coerce")

parse_date("asof_date")
parse_date("signup_date")
parse_date("last_login_date")
# Ingest ts has a dashed date-time like 2025-08-17-16:56:02
parse_date("ingest_ts", fmt="%Y-%m-%d-%H:%M:%S")
```

```
# Derived features for better EDA (created only if dates exist)
if "asof date" in df.columns and "signup date" in df.columns:
    df["tenure days"] = (df["asof date"] - df["signup date"]).dt.days
if "asof date" in df.columns and "last login date" in df.columns:
    df["days since last login"] = (df["asof date"] - df["last login date"]).
# Create a boolean auto renew enabled if one-hot columns exist
auto false = "auto renew enabled False"
auto true = "auto renew enabled True"
if auto false in df.columns and auto true in df.columns:
    def to bool(s):
        return s.astype(str).str.lower().map({"true": True, "1": True, "yes"
    # prefer the " True" column if clearly boolean, else fallback
    df["auto renew enabled"] = to bool(df[auto true]) | (~to bool(df[auto fa
elif "auto renew enabled" in df.columns:
    df["auto renew enabled"] = df["auto renew enabled"].astype(str).str.lowe
else:
    # No auto-renew columns, skip silently
print(f"Rows: {len(df):,} | Columns: {df.shape[1]}")
display(df.head(8))
df.head(0)
```

Rows: 15,419 | Columns: 16

```
/tmp/ipython-input-3963511587.py:33: FutureWarning: Downcasting object dtype
arrays on .fillna, .ffill, .bfill is deprecated and will change in a future
version. Call result.infer objects(copy=False) instead. To opt-in to the fut
ure behavior, set `pd.set option('future.no silent downcasting', True)`
  return s.astype(str).str.lower().map({"true": True, "1": True, "yes": Tru
e}).fillna(False)
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  return s.astype(str).str.lower().map({"true": True, "1": True, "yes": Tru
e}).fillna(False)
```

	customer_id	asof_date	signup_date	last_login_date	subscripti
0	68a209a39fc554f31784b8e8	2025-08- 17	2021-02-24	2020-06-24	
1	68a209a39fc554f31784b8e9	2025-08- 17	2020-09-04	2025-02-09	
2	68a209a39fc554f31784b8ea	2025-08- 17	2021-05-15	2022-12-06	
3	68a209a39fc554f31784b8eb	2025-08- 17	2025-02-15	2024-03-25	
4	68a209a39fc554f31784b8ec	2025-08- 17	2025-06-18	2024-03-25	
5	68a209a39fc554f31784b8ed	2025-08- 17	2024-12-08	NaT	
6	68a209a39fc554f31784b8ee	2025-08- 17	2022-01-02	2021-03-27	
7	68a209a39fc554f31784b8ef	2025-08- 17	2022-02-07	2020-07-19	

Out[2]: customer_id asof_date signup_date last_login_date subscription_plan_le n

```
In [3]: # === SUMMARY CELL ===
        print("dtypes:")
        print(df.dtypes)
        print("\nMissing values (count & %):")
        miss = df.isna().sum().to frame("missing count")
        miss["missing pct"] = (miss["missing count"] / len(df)).round(4)
        display(miss.sort_values("missing_count", ascending=False))
        # Numeric summary
        num cols = df.select dtypes(include=[np.number]).columns.tolist()
        if num cols:
            print("\nNumeric columns summary (describe):")
            display(df[num cols].describe().T)
        # Class balance for churned
        if "churned" in df.columns:
            vc = df["churned"].value_counts(dropna=False).sort_index()
            print("\nChurn class balance (counts):")
            display(vc.to_frame("count"))
            print("\nChurn class balance (ratio):")
            display((vc / len(df)).to frame("ratio"))
```

```
# Subscription plan distribution
if "subscription_plan_le" in df.columns:
    print("\nSubscription plan label distribution:")
    display(df["subscription_plan_le"].value_counts(dropna=False).sort_index
dtypes:
```

customer id object datetime64[ns] asof date signup date datetime64[ns] last login date datetime64[ns] subscription plan le float64 monthly spend float64 support tickets last 90d float64 avg session length minutes float64 email opens last 30d float64 auto renew enabled False object auto renew enabled True object float64 churned ingest ts datetime64[ns] tenure days float64 days since last login float64 auto renew enabled bool dtype: object

Missing values (count & %):

last_login_date 489 0.0317
days_since_last_login 489 0.0317

1 signup_date 0.0001 asof date 1 0.0001 support_tickets_last_90d 1 0.0001 1 0.0001 monthly_spend avg_session_length_minutes 1 0.0001 subscription_plan_le 1 0.0001 1 0.0001 churned 0.0001 email_opens_last_30d 1 auto_renew_enabled_True 1 0.0001 auto_renew_enabled_False 1 0.0001 tenure_days 1 0.0001 1 0.0001 ingest_ts customer_id 0 0.0000

0.0000

Numeric columns summary (describe):

auto_renew_enabled

	count	mean	std	min	25%	
subscription_plan_le	15418.0000	1.0331	0.8532	0.0000	0.0000	
monthly_spend	15418.0000	0.4997	0.2885	0.0000	0.2486	
support_tickets_last_90d	15418.0000	0.5007	0.2995	0.0000	0.2400	
avg_session_length_minutes	15418.0000	0.4950	0.2956	0.0000	0.2333	
email_opens_last_30d	15418.0000	0.5016	0.2991	0.0000	0.2400	
churned	15418.0000	0.5030	0.5000	0.0000	0.0000	
tenure_days	15418.0000	946.3302	544.0551	1.0000	480.2500	9
days_since_last_login	14930.0000	933.9242	547.7524	1.0000	454.0000	9

Churn class balance (counts):

count

churned0.0000 76621.0000 7756NaN 1

Churn class balance (ratio):

ratio

0.0000 0.49691.0000 0.5030

NaN 0.0001

Subscription plan label distribution:

count

subscription_plan_le

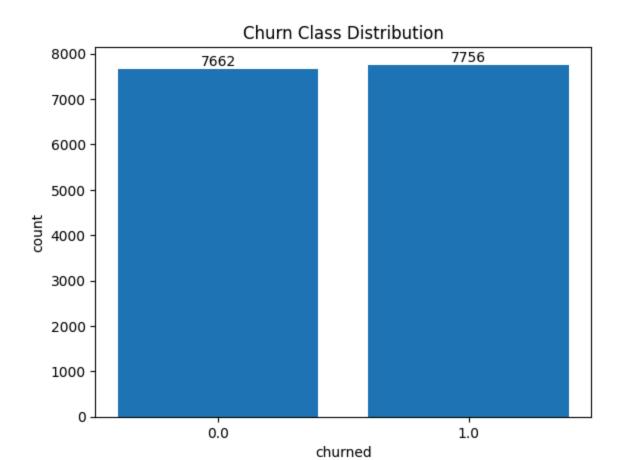
0.0000	5073
1.0000	5052
2.0000	5002
3.0000	291
NaN	1

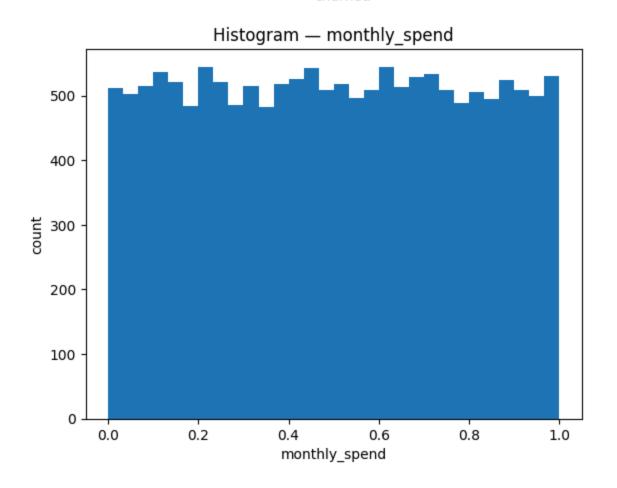
Visualizations

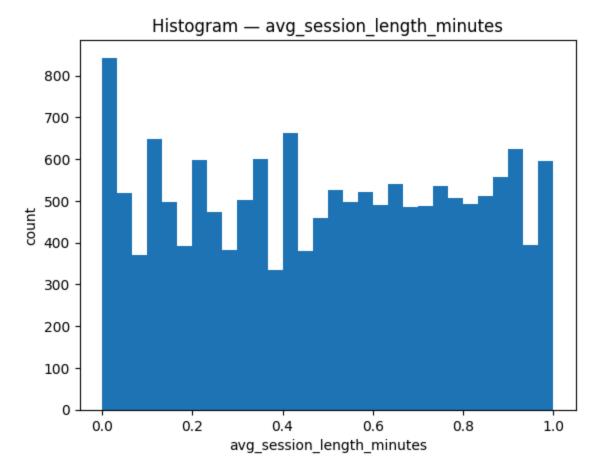
All plots below use **matplotlib** (no seaborn) and each chart is rendered on its own figure.

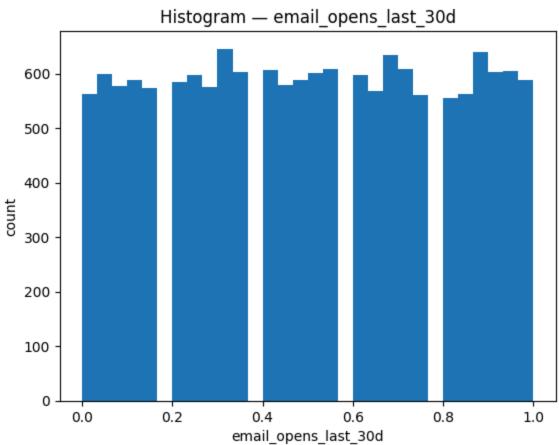
```
In [4]: # --- Visualizations ---
        import math
        def safe cols(candidates):
            return [c for c in candidates if c in df.columns]
        # 1) Churn class distribution (bar)
        if "churned" in df.columns:
            plt.figure()
            counts = df["churned"].value counts().sort index()
            plt.bar(counts.index.astype(str), counts.values)
            plt.title("Churn Class Distribution")
            plt.xlabel("churned")
            plt.ylabel("count")
            for i, v in enumerate(counts.values):
                plt.text(i, v, str(v), ha="center", va="bottom")
            plt.show()
        # 2) Histograms for key numeric features (one figure per feature)
        hist candidates = safe cols([
            "monthly_spend",
            "avg session length minutes",
            "email opens last 30d",
            "support tickets last 90d",
            "tenure days",
            "days since last login"
        ])
        for col in hist candidates:
            plt.figure()
            plt.hist(df[col].dropna(), bins=30)
            plt.title(f"Histogram - {col}")
            plt.xlabel(col)
            plt.ylabel("count")
            plt.show()
        # 3) Boxplots by churned (if churned present)
        def box by churn(feature):
            if feature in df.columns and "churned" in df.columns:
                g0 = df.loc[df["churned"] == 0, feature].dropna()
                g1 = df.loc[df["churned"] == 1, feature].dropna()
                if len(g0) or len(g1):
                    plt.figure()
                    plt.boxplot([g0.values, g1.values], labels=["not churned (0)", "
                    plt.title(f"Boxplot - {feature} by churned")
                    plt.ylabel(feature)
                    plt.show()
        for feat in ["monthly_spend", "avg_session_length_minutes"]:
            box by churn(feat)
        # 4) Churn rate by subscription plan (bar), if both present
        if "subscription plan le" in df.columns and "churned" in df.columns:
```

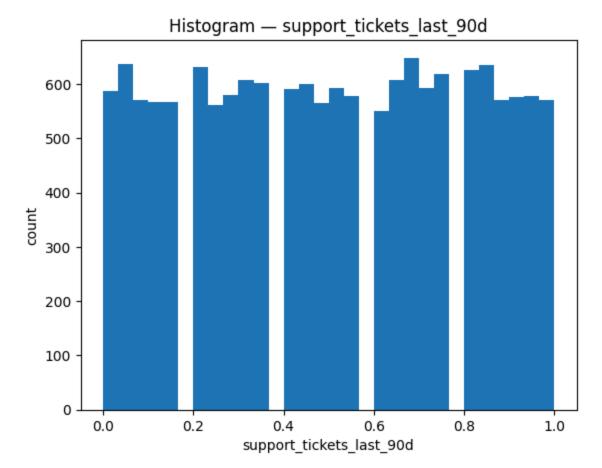
```
rate = df.groupby("subscription plan le")["churned"].mean().sort index()
    plt.figure()
   plt.bar(rate.index.astype(str), rate.values)
    plt.title("Churn Rate by Subscription Plan (label-encoded)")
   plt.xlabel("subscription plan le")
   plt.ylabel("mean churn (0-1)")
   for i, v in enumerate(rate.values):
        plt.text(i, v, f"{v:.2f}", ha="center", va="bottom")
    plt.show()
# 5) Correlation heatmap for numeric features
num cols = df.select dtypes(include=[np.number]).columns.tolist()
if len(num cols) >= 2:
    corr = df[num cols].corr(numeric only=True)
   plt.figure(figsize=(max(6, 0.6*len(num cols)), max(5, 0.6*len(num cols))
   im = plt.imshow(corr, interpolation='nearest')
   plt.title("Correlation Heatmap (numeric features)")
   plt.xticks(range(len(corr.columns)), corr.columns, rotation=90)
   plt.yticks(range(len(corr.columns)), corr.columns)
   plt.colorbar(im, fraction=0.046, pad=0.04)
   plt.tight layout()
   plt.show()
# 6) Scatter: monthly spend vs avg session length minutes, colored by churne
if set(["monthly spend", "avg session length minutes", "churned"]).issubset(
    plt.figure()
   for label, subdf in df.groupby("churned"):
        plt.scatter(
            subdf["monthly spend"],
            subdf["avg session length minutes"],
            s=12, alpha=0.7, label=f"churned={int(label)}"
    plt.title("Monthly Spend vs. Avg Session Length (by churned)")
   plt.xlabel("monthly spend")
   plt.ylabel("avg session length minutes")
   plt.legend()
   plt.show()
```

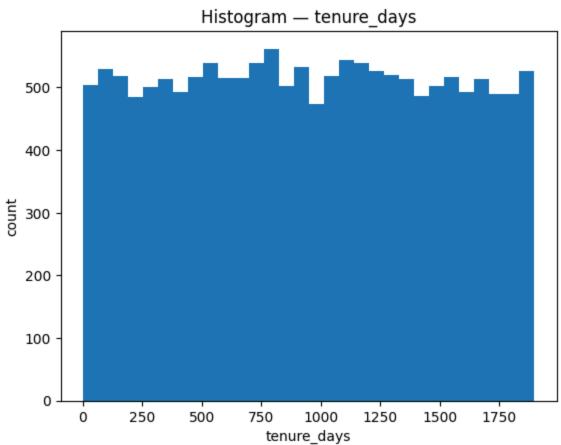


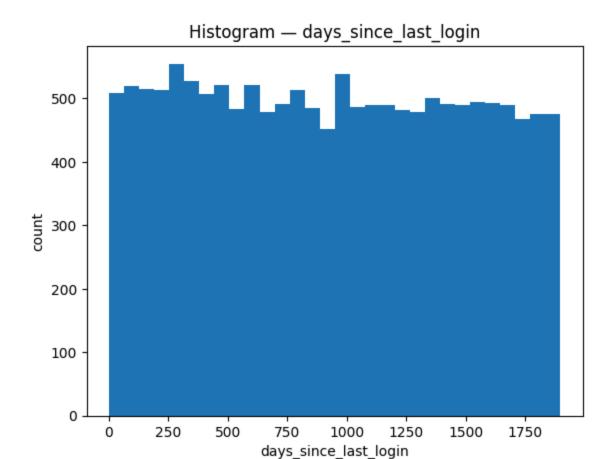




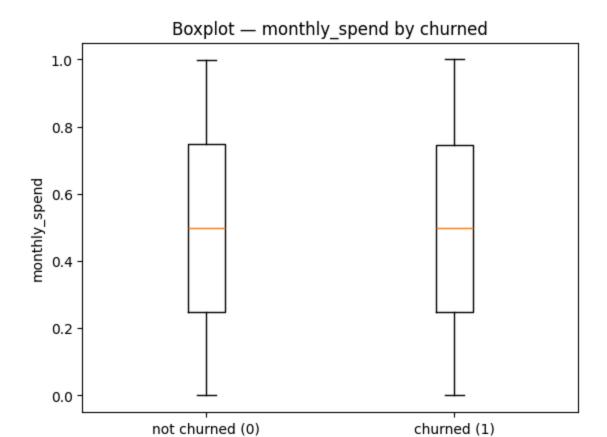




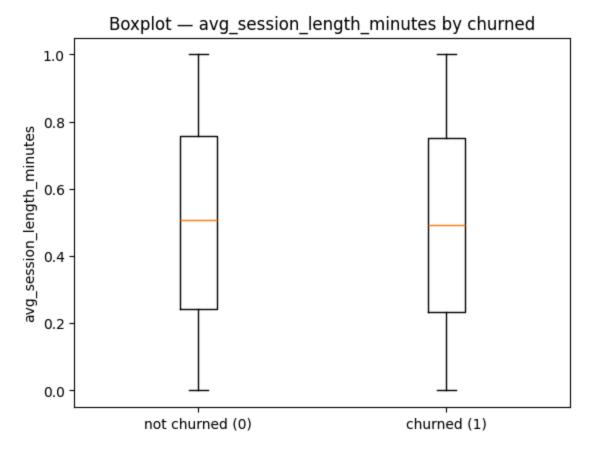


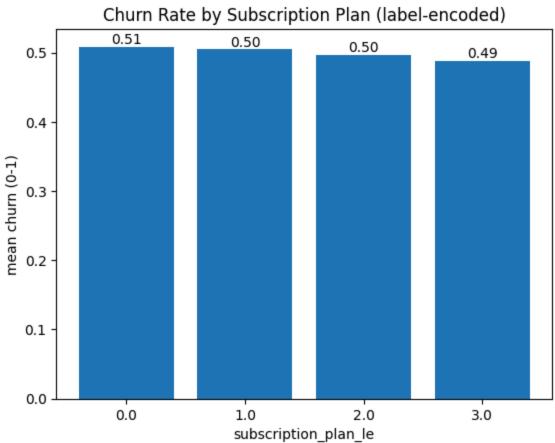


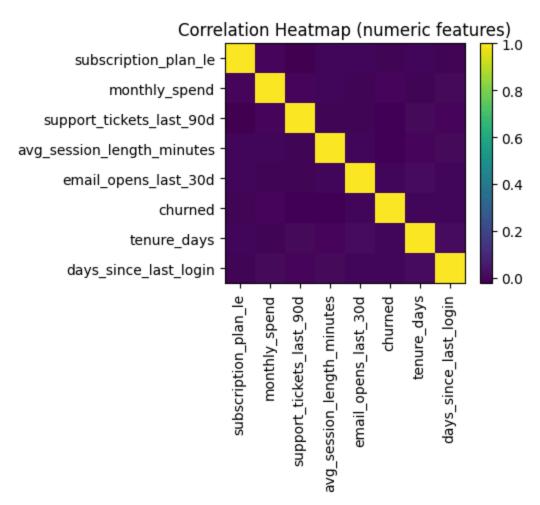
/tmp/ipython-input-1396662106.py:43: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The 'labe
ls' parameter of boxplot() has been renamed 'tick_labels' since Matplotlib
3.9; support for the old name will be dropped in 3.11.
 plt.boxplot([g0.values, g1.values], labels=["not churned (0)", "churned
(1)"])

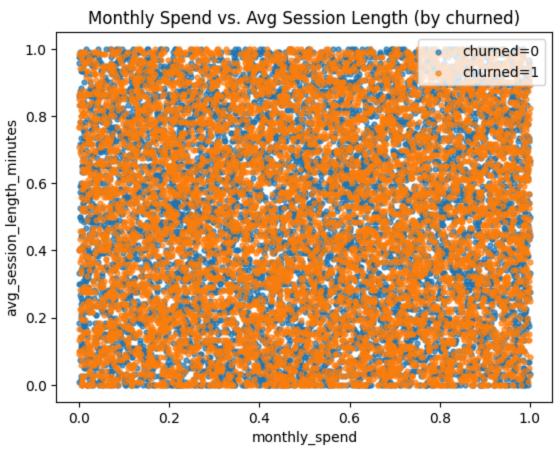


/tmp/ipython-input-1396662106.py:43: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The 'labe
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 plt.boxplot([g0.values, g1.values], labels=["not churned (0)", "churned
(1)"])









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