Handling text in CSS

In CSS we have several properties to deal with text content like **color**, **alignment**, **decoration** etc. The most common text properties are:

- 1. color
- 2. text-align
- 3. text-decoration
- 4. text-transform
- 5. text-indent
- 6. line-height
- 7. letter-spacing
- 8. word-spacing
- 1. color: Allows us to set color of the text. Possible ways are:
 - a. Using color name
 - b. Using color hex value
 - c. Using rgb() or rgba()

2. text-align

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- 1. Set the alignment of the text
- 2. There are 4 possible values for text-align and they are: left, right, center and justify

What is justify?

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The value justify makes our text appear like news paper text i.e. it leaves equal margin on left and right of each row.

3. text-decoration

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- 1. This property allows us to set or remove decoration on text.
- 2.It has 4 possible values which are:
 - a. underline
 - b. overline
 - c. line-through
 - d. none

4. text-indent

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- 1. This property set the indentation of 1st line of text.
- 2. This is done by inserting a blank space before the 1st word.
- 3. Possible values can be in %, px or em.

5. text-transform

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- 1. This property allows us to set cases for the text.
- 2. Possible values are uppercase, lowercase, capitalize

6. letter-spacing

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- 1. This property allows us to set extra spacing between two letters.
- 2. It values can be in px or em and even negative.

7. line-height

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- 1. This property allows us to control vertical b/w two lines.
- 2. By default this gape is 1.2.
- 3. Its possible values are : %, px, em or unit less number.