

# Pattern avoidance

## An explanation and proof

Yajit Jain, Deepak Narayanan and Leon Zhang

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A permutation of a finite set  $\{1, \dots, n\}$  is some *ordering* of the elements.

54123 is a permutation of  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ .

$a_n$  is the set of permutations on  $\{1, \dots, n\}$ .

$$54123 \in S_5$$

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## Introduction

Avoidance in  $a_n$ 

Avoidance of 312

The Reversing  
Lemma

The Flipping Lemma

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permutations in  $S_3$ Conjectures on  $S_4$ Avoidance in  $T_n$ 

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54123

includes

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 123 \\ 312 \\ 4312 \end{array} \right.$$

avoids

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 132 \\ 312 \\ 213 \\ 231 \end{array} \right.$$

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Let  $\pi = 312 \in S_3$ .

- Question: How many permutations avoid  $\pi$ ? (a lot)
- Better Question: How many permutations in  $a_n$  avoid  $\pi$ ?

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Avoidance in  $T_n$

- How many permutations in  $S_1$  avoid  $\pi$ ? 1
- How many permutations in  $S_2$  avoid  $\pi$ ? 2
- How many permutations in  $S_3$  avoid  $\pi$ ? 5
- How many permutations in  $S_4$  avoid  $\pi$ ? ??????



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Permutations in  $S_4$  that avoid  $\pi = 312$ ?

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1234 1243 1324 1342 1423 1432

2134 2143 2314 2341 2413 2431

3124 3142 3214 3241 3412 3421

4123 4132 4213 4231 4312 4321

## Definition

Let  $a_n(\pi)$  be the number of permutations in  $a_n$  that avoid  $\pi$ .

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Example:  $(a_n(312)) = 1, 2, 5, 14,$

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Example:  $(a_n(312)) = 1, 2, 5, 14, 42, 132, 429, \dots$

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## Theorem

*For  $\pi \in S_3$ ,  $(a_n(\pi))$  is equal to the Catalan numbers:*

$$(a_n(\pi)) = 1, 2, 5, 14, 42, 132, 429 \dots$$

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$$(a_n(\pi)) = \begin{cases} A := 1, 2, 6, 23, 103, 512, 2740, 15485, 91245 \dots \end{cases}$$



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????

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Let's first look at some examples of permutations that don't avoid 312!

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## Example

1 2 6 5 3 4

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## Example

1 2 6 5 3 4  $\implies$  126534 does not avoid 312

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## Example

1 2 **6** 5 **3** **4**  $\implies$  126534 does not avoid 312

## Example

1 5 6 3 2 4

Let's first look at some examples of permutations that don't avoid 312!

## Example

1 2 6 5 3 4  $\implies$  126534 does not avoid 312

## Example

1 5 6 3 2 4  $\implies$  156324 does not avoid 312



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How about some permutations that do avoid 312?

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Example

1 2 3 6 5 4

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1 2 3 6 5 4  $\implies$  123654 avoids 312

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## Example

2 1 4 5 6 3

How about some permutations that do avoid 312?

## Example

1 2 3 6 5 4  $\implies$  123654 avoids 312

## Example

2 1 4 5 6 3  $\implies$  214563 avoids 312

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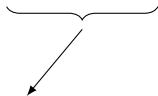
**Do the permutations that avoid 312 have any special properties?**

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1      2      3      6      5      4

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1      2      3      6      5      4

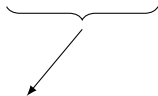


All  $< 4$ , and avoid 312



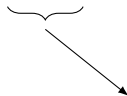
**Do the permutations that avoid 312 have any special properties?**

1      2      3



All  $< 4$ , and avoid 312

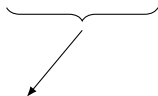
6      5      4



All  $> 4$ , and avoid 312

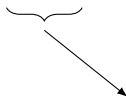
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1      2      3



All  $< 4$ , and avoid 312

6      5      4



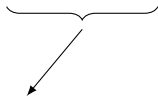
All  $> 4$ , and avoid 312

2      1      4

5      6      3

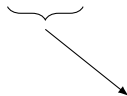
**Do the permutations that avoid 312 have any special properties?**

1      2      3



All  $< 4$ , and avoid 312

6      5      4



All  $> 4$ , and avoid 312

2      1      4



All  $< 3$ , and avoid 312

5      6      3

**Do the permutations that avoid 312 have any special properties?**

1      2      3                  6      5      4



All  $< 4$ , and avoid 312

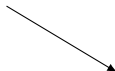


All  $> 4$ , and avoid 312

2      1      4      5      6      3



All  $< 3$ , and avoid 312



All  $> 3$ , and avoid 312

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**What happens with permutations that don't have this property?**

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1      2      6      5      3      4

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1      2      6      5      3      4

All numbers  $< 4$  in blue

All numbers  $> 4$  in green

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1   2   6   5   3   4

All numbers  $< 4$  in blue

All numbers  $> 4$  in green



1   2   6   5   3   4



**What happens with permutations that don't have this property?**

1    2    6    5    3    4

All numbers  $< 4$  in blue

All numbers  $> 4$  in green



1    2    6    5    3    4

Doesn't avoid 312 anymore!

## Lemma

*The permutations of  $\{1, 2, \dots, k, k + 1\}$  ending in  $i$  that avoid the pattern 312 are precisely those of the form,*

$$\pi_1 \pi_2 i$$

*the concatenation of  $\pi_1, \pi_2$ , and  $i$ , where  $\pi_1$  is a permutation of  $\{1, 2, \dots, i - 1\}$  that avoids the pattern 312 and  $\pi_2$  is a permutation of  $\{i + 1, \dots, k + 1\}$  that avoids the pattern 312.*

## Definition

The Catalan numbers are the sequence of positive integers  $C_i$  defined as follows,

$$C_0 = 1, \quad C_{n+1} = \sum_{i=0}^n C_i C_{n-i} \text{ for } n \geq 0$$

## Theorem

*The  $n^{\text{th}}$  term of the sequence  $a_n(312)$  is equal to  $C_n$ , the  $n^{\text{th}}$  Catalan number, for  $n > 0$ .*

## Proof.

Assume that for all  $i$  from 1 to  $k$ , the number of permutations of  $\{1, 2, \dots, i\}$  that avoid 312 is  $C_i$ .

It follows from the above lemma that the total number of permutations  $\pi$  avoiding 312 and ending in  $i$  is

$$C_{i-1} \cdot C_{k-i+1}$$

Summing over all possible values of  $i$ , the total number of permutations of  $\{1, 2, \dots, k+1\}$  that avoid 312 is equal to,

$$\sum_{i=1}^{k+1} C_{i-1} \cdot C_{k-i+1} = \sum_{i=0}^k C_i \cdot C_{k-i} = C_{k+1}$$

# The Reversing Lemma

## Definition (Reversing)

We define the *reverse* of a permutation  $b_1 \cdots b_n$  to be the permutation  $b_n \cdots b_1$ . The reversing operator is denoted by  $\mathcal{R}$ .

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## Example

$$\mathcal{R}(1324) = 4231.$$

# The Reversing Lemma

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## Example

$$\mathcal{R}(1324) = 4231.$$

## Example

$$\mathcal{R}(1243) = 3421.$$



# The Reversing Lemma

## Lemma (Reversing Lemma)

*The permutation  $\sigma$  avoids the permutation  $\pi$  iff  $\mathcal{R}(\sigma)$  avoids  $\mathcal{R}(\pi)$ .*

## Corollary

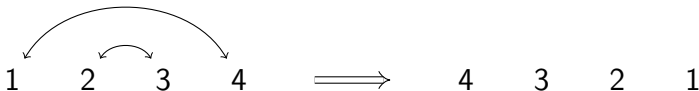
*For a permutation  $\pi$ ,  $a_n(\pi) = a_n(\mathcal{R}(\pi))$ .*

## Definition (Flipping)

We define the *flip* of a sequence  $b$  as the sequence  $c$  with the same elements as  $b$ , but with the largest element swapped with the smallest element, the second largest element swapped with the second smallest element, etc. The flipping operator is denoted by  $\mathcal{F}$ .

# The Flipping Lemma

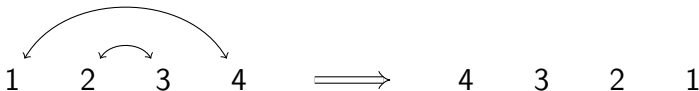
## Example



$$\mathcal{F}(1234) = 4321$$

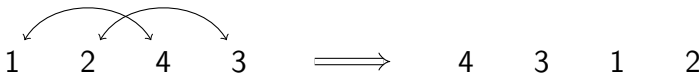
## The Flipping Lemma

## Example



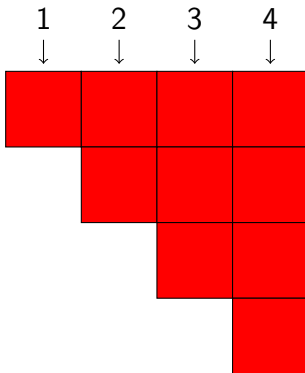
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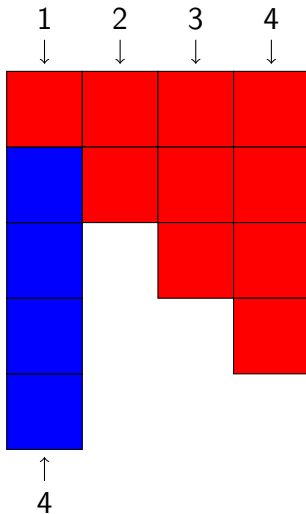


$$\mathcal{F}(1243) = 4312$$

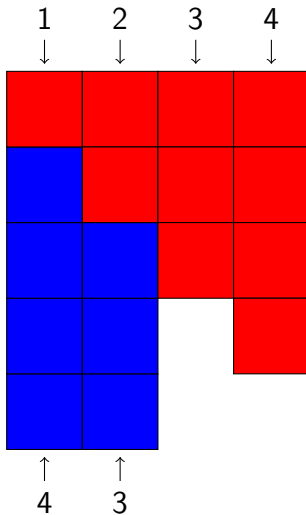
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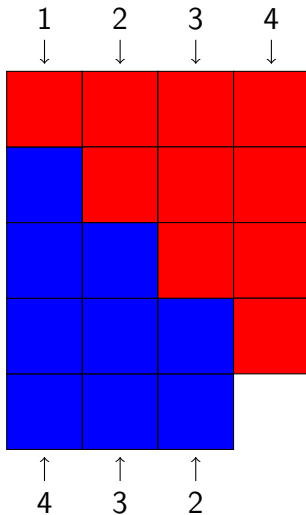
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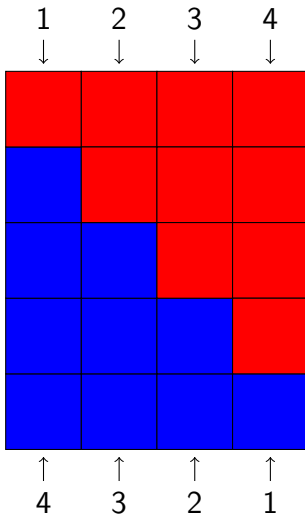


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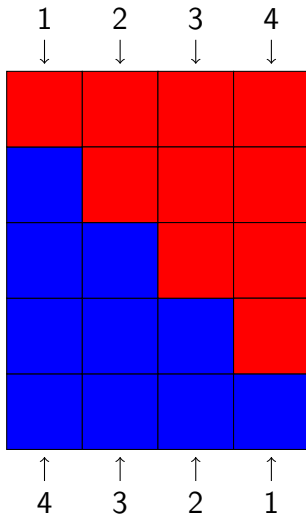




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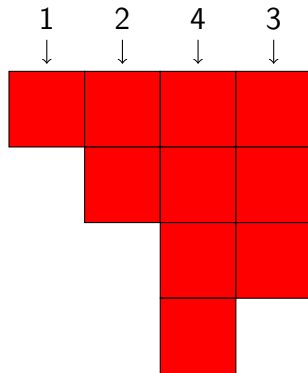
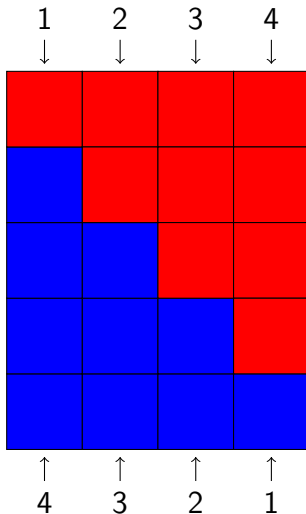


## The Flipping Lemma



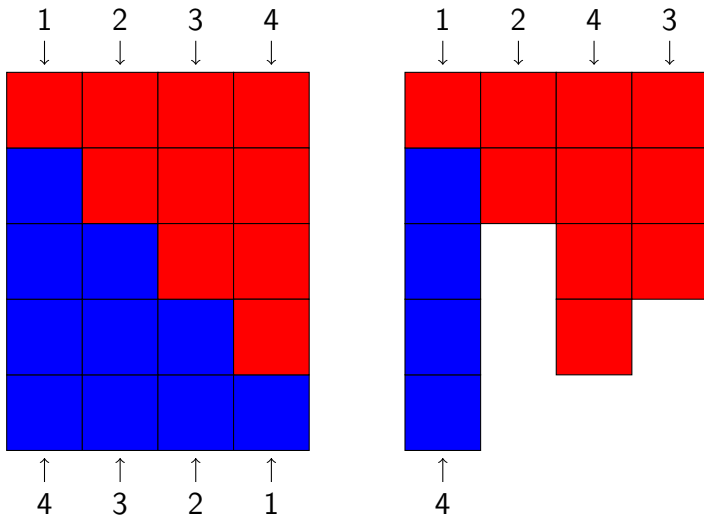
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## The Flipping Lemma



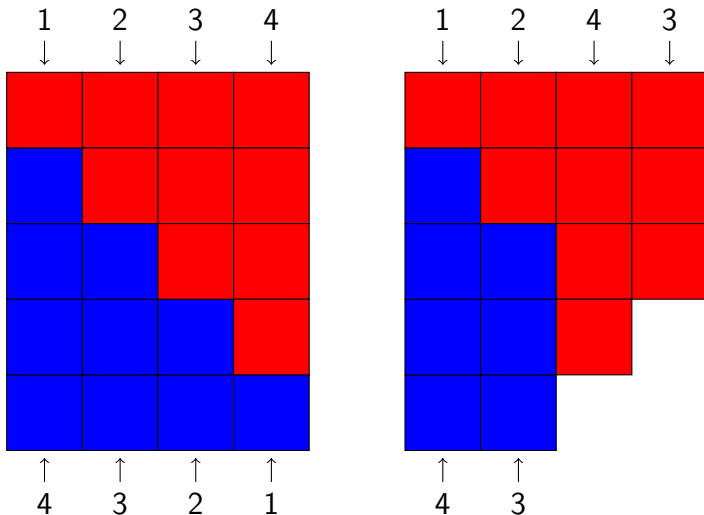
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## The Flipping Lemma



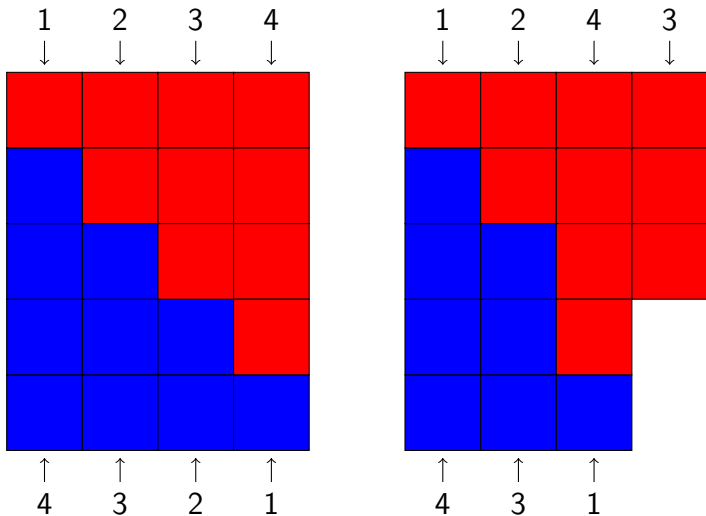
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## The Flipping Lemma



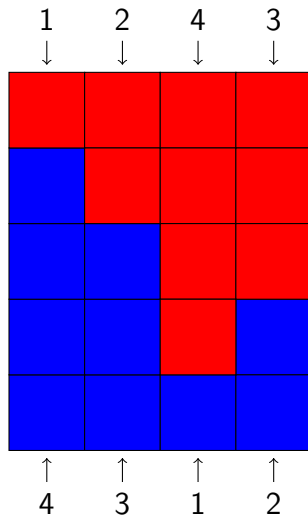
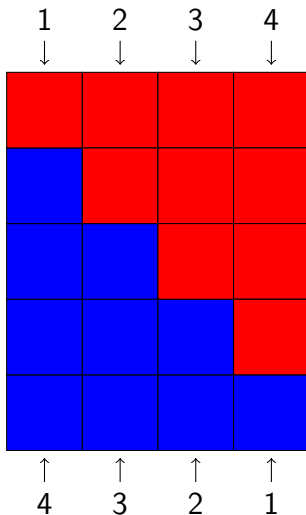
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## The Flipping Lemma



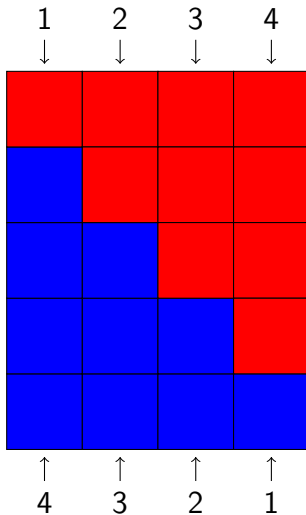
$$\mathcal{F}(1234) = 4321$$

## The Flipping Lemma

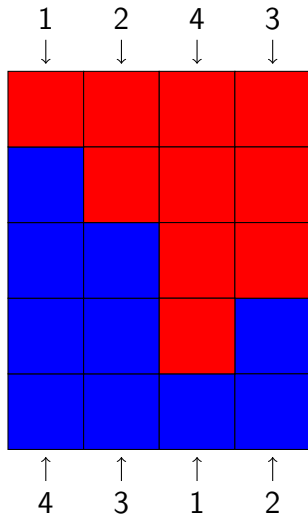


$$\mathcal{F}(1234) = 4321$$

## The Flipping Lemma



$$\mathcal{F}(1234) = 4321$$



$$\mathcal{F}(1243) = 4312$$



# The Flipping Lemma

## Lemma (Flipping Lemma)

*The permutation  $\sigma$  avoids the permutation  $\pi$  iff  $\mathcal{F}(\sigma)$  avoids  $\mathcal{F}(\pi)$ .*

## Corollary

*For a permutation  $\pi$ ,  $a_n(\pi) = a_n(\mathcal{F}(\pi))$ .*

Avoidance of other permutations in  $S_3$ 

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- From the Flipping Lemma and Reversing Lemmas, the sequences  $(a_n(213))$ ,  $(a_n(132))$  and  $(a_n(231))$  are the sequence of Catalan numbers as well.
- However, it is much harder to prove that the sequences  $(a_n(123))$  and  $(a_n(321))$  are the sequence of Catalan numbers.

$$(a_n(\pi)) = \begin{cases} A := 1, 2, 6, 23, 103, 512, 2740, 15485, 91245 \dots \\ B := 1, 2, 6, 23, 103, 513, 2761, 15767, 94359 \dots \\ C := 1, 2, 6, 23, 103, 513, 2762, 15793, 94776 \dots \end{cases}$$

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1234	1243	1324	1342	1423	1432
2134	2143	2314	2341	2413	2431
3124	3142	3214	3241	3412	3421
4123	4132	4213	4231	4312	4321

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$$\begin{aligned} &\{1243, 4312, 2134, 3412\}, \{2413, 3142\}, \\ &\{1432, 4123, 2341, 3214\}, \{1234, 4321\}, \\ &\{4132, 1423, 2314, 3241\}, \{2143, 3412\}, \\ &\{4213, 1342, 3124, 2431\}, \{4231, 1324\} \end{aligned}$$

$$(a_n(\pi)) = \begin{cases} A := 1, 2, 6, 23, 103, 512, 2740, 15485, 91245 \dots \\ B := 1, 2, 6, 23, 103, 513, 2761, 15767, 94359 \dots \\ C := 1, 2, 6, 23, 103, 513, 2762, 15793, 94776 \dots \end{cases}$$

B	A	C
1234, 4321	4132, 1423	4231, 1324
1243, 4312	4213, 1342	
1432, 4123	2431, 3124	
2134, 3421	2413, 3142	
2143, 3412	2314, 3241	
2341, 3214		

Take  $\sigma \in S_5$  with

$$\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 4 & 5 & 2 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

One-line Notation

$$\sigma = 45213$$

Cycle Notation

$$\sigma = (14)(253)$$

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$$(a_n(\pi)) = \begin{cases} A := 1, 2, 6, 23, 103, 512, 2740, 15485, 91245 \dots \\ B := 1, 2, 6, 23, 103, 513, 2761, 15767, 94359 \dots \\ C := 1, 2, 6, 23, 103, 513, 2762, 15793, 94776 \dots \end{cases}$$

B	A	C
(1)(2)(3)(4), (14)(23)	(243), (142)	(23), (14)
(34), (1423)	(234), (143)	
(24), (1432)	(124), (132)	
(12), (1324)	(123), (134)	
(12)(34), (13)(24)	(1243), (1342)	
(1234), (13)		

## Definition

Let  $m$  be a positive integer. The set  $T_{2m}$  is defined as all permutations in  $S_{2m}$  such that:

- the odd numbers appear in increasing order,
- each even number  $2i$  appears to the right of  $2i - 1$ .

## Example

The set  $T_2 \subset S_2$  consists of the single permutation 12.  
The other permutation in  $S_2$ , 21, is not in  $T_2$ .

Jain, Narayanan  
and Zhang

Introduction

Avoidance in  $a_n$ 

Avoidance of 312

The Reversing  
Lemma

The Flipping Lemma

Avoidance of other  
permutations in  $S_3$ Conjectures on  $S_4$ Avoidance in  $T_n$ 

1234	1243	1324	1342	1423	1432
2134	2143	2314	2341	2413	2431
3124	3142	3214	3241	3412	3421
4123	4132	4213	4231	4312	4321

## Definition

Given a permutation  $\pi \in S_k$ , we define  $t_m(\pi)$  as

$$t_m(\pi) = \#\{\sigma \in T_{2m} \mid \sigma \text{ avoids } \pi\}.$$

## Problem

*Let  $\pi \in S_3$ , and  $m$  an arbitrary positive integer.  
Compute  $t_m(\pi)$ .*

We can run code to compute  $t_m(\pi)$  for small  $m$  and for each  $\pi \in S_3$ . We get

$\pi$	$m = 2$	$m = 4$	$m = 6$	$m = 8$	$m = 10$
123	1	0	0	0	0
132	1	1	1	1	1
213	1	2	4	8	16
231	1	2	4	8	16
312	1	3	12	55	273
321	1	3	12	55	273

- Easy to see that  $t_n(123) = 0$  when  $n \geq 2$ 
  - The subsequence 134 is always present in a permutation  $\sigma \in t_n(123)$ .
- Also easy to see that  $t_n(132) = 1$ .
  - The permutation  $123 \dots (2n)$  is the only permutation in  $T_n$  that avoids 132.