

## Q1 Team Name

0 Points

Turing

## Q2 Commands

10 Points

List the commands used in the game to reach the ciphertext

enter  
enter  
pluck  
c  
back  
give  
back  
back  
thrnxtzy  
read

## Q3 Analysis

50 Points

Give a detailed analysis of how you figured out the password? (Explain in less than 500 words)

Given, the password is the element of the multiplicative group  $Z_p^*$  where  $p = 455470209427676832372575348833$  is a prime and  $*$  is binary operation(modulo multiplication). We have three pairs of numbers of the form  $(a, \text{password} * g^a)$  where  $g$  is an element in  $Z_p^*$  and  $a$  is an integer. The  $g$  in each pair is the same.

(429, 431955503618234519808008749742)  
(1973, 176325509039323911968355873643)

(7596, 98486971404861992487294722613)

Let

$$a_1 = 429$$

$$a_2 = 1973$$

$$a_3 = 7596$$

$$n_1 = 431955503618234519808008749742$$

$$n_2 = 176325509039323911968355873643$$

$$n_3 = 98486971404861992487294722613$$

Let password be pass

$$\text{pass} * g^{a_1} = n_1 \quad \dots \text{eq(1)}$$

$$\text{pass} * g^{a_2} = n_2 \quad \dots \text{eq(2)}$$

$$\text{pass} * g^{a_3} = n_3 \quad \dots \text{eq(3)}$$

Dividing eq(2) by eq(1), we get

$$g^{a_2 - a_1} = (n_2 * n_1^{-1}) \bmod p$$

$$g^{1544} = 111590994894663139264552154672 \quad \dots \text{eq(4)}$$

where  $n^{-1}$  is the inverse of  $n$  under modulo  $p$ .

Dividing eq(3) by eq(2), we get

$$g^{a_3 - a_2} = (n_3 * n_2^{-1}) \bmod p$$

$$g^{5623} = 420413074251022028027270785553 \quad \dots \text{eq(5)}$$

Dividing eq(3) by eq(1), we get

$$g^{a_3 - a_1} = (n_3 * n_1^{-1}) \bmod p$$

$$g^{7167} = 110411376670918912626907526185 \quad \dots \text{eq(6)}$$

Dividing eq(5) by eq(1)<sup>3</sup>, we get

$$g^{991} = 161798558270556961732424822635 \quad \dots \text{eq(7)}$$

Dividing eq(6) by eq(7)<sup>7</sup>, we get

$$g^{230} = 263509268584013168241508095725 \quad \dots \text{eq(8)}$$

Dividing eq(7) by eq(8)<sup>4</sup>, we get

$$g^{71} = 200335025748509210338477331839 \quad \dots \text{eq(9)}$$

Dividing eq(2) by eq(9)<sup>79</sup>, we get

$$g^{14} = 21644501854425994119977888301 \quad \dots \text{eq(10)}$$

Dividing eq(9) by eq(10)<sup>5</sup>, we get

$$g^1 = 52565085417963311027694339 \quad \dots \text{eq(11)}$$

The value of  $g$  is 52565085417963311027694339

Using eq(1) to calculate value of password,

$$pass * g^{a_1} = n_1$$

$$pass = n_1 * (g^{a_1})^{-1}$$

$$pass = 431955503618234519808008749742 * (52565085417963311027694339^{429})^{-1}$$

$$pass = 134721542097659029845273957$$

The final password we got is

134721542097659029845273957.

The procedure used to calculate modulo inverse:

Since  $p$  is a prime number, we can use Fermat's Little Theorem to calculate inverse modulo.

According to this theorem, the inverse of  $a$  under modulo ' $p$ ' is  $a^{p-2} \% p$ .

We know that  $a$  is the element of multiplicative group  $Z_p^*$ , therefore  $a^{p-1} = \text{identity element}$

$a^{p-1} \% p = 1$  (identity element of multiplicative group is always 1)

multiplying both side by  $a^{-1}$ , we get

$$a^{p-2} \% p = a^{-1}$$

$$a^{-1} = a^{p-2} \% p$$

## Q4 Password

10 Points

What was the final command used to clear this level?

134721542097659029845273957

## Q5 Codes

0 Points

Upload any code that you have used to solve this level

▼ crypto.py

 Download

```
1 def modInverse(a, m):
2
3     g = gcd(a, m)
4
5     if (g != 1):
6         print("Inverse doesn't exist")
7
8     else:
9         return power(a, m - 2, m)
10
11
12 def power(x, y, m):
13
14     if (y == 0):
15         return 1
16
17     p = power(x, y // 2, m) % m
18     p = (p * p) % m
19
20     if(y % 2 == 0):
21         return p
22     else:
23         return ((x * p) % m)
24
25
26 def gcd(a, b):
27     if (a == 0):
28         return b
29
30     return gcd(b % a, a)
31
32 # This function is used to get equation without
33 # pass(which includes only g)
34 def get_equation(a1, a2, n1, n2, p):
35     x = a1-a2
36     inv = modInverse(n2, p)
37     y = (n1*inv)%p
38     return x, y
39
40 # This function is used to reduce power of g and get its
41 # corresponding values
42 # returns reduced power and its corresponding value
43 def solve_equation(a1, a2, n1, n2, p):
44     x = a1-(a1//a2)*a2
45     inv = modInverse(n2, p)
46     z = power(inv, a1//a2, p)
47     y = (n1*z)%p
48     return x, y
49
```

```
48
49 p = 455470209427676832372575348833
50
51 a1, b1 = get_equation(1973, 429,
52                        176325509039323911968355873643,
53                        431955503618234519808008749742, p)
54
55 a2, b2 = get_equation(7596, 1973,
56                        98486971404861992487294722613,
57                        176325509039323911968355873643, p)
58
59 a3, b3 = get_equation(7596, 429,
60                        98486971404861992487294722613,
61                        431955503618234519808008749742, p)
62
63 print(a1, b1, a2, b2, a3, b3)
64 a4, b4 = solve_equation(a2, a1, b2, b1, p)
65 print(a1, b1, a2, b2, a3, b3, a4, b4)
66 a5, b5 = solve_equation(a3, a4, b3, b4, p)
67 print(a5, b5)
68 a6, b6 = solve_equation(a4, a5, b4, b5, p)
69 print(a6, b6)
70 a7, b7 = solve_equation(a2, a6, b2, b6, p)
71 print(a7, b7)
72 a8, b8 = solve_equation(a6, a7, b6, b7, p)
73 print(a8, b8)
74
75 temp = (176325509039323911968355873643 *
76         modInverse(power(b8, 1973, p), p))%p
77 print("password is ", temp)
```

## Assignment 3

● GRADED

### GROUP

Dinkar Tewari

Rohit kushwah

Deepak Raj

 [View or edit group](#)

### TOTAL POINTS

**70 / 70 pts**

## QUESTION 1

Team Name

0 / 0 pts

## QUESTION 2

Commands

10 / 10 pts

## QUESTION 3

Analysis

50 / 50 pts

## QUESTION 4

Password

10 / 10 pts

## QUESTION 5

Codes

0 / 0 pts