

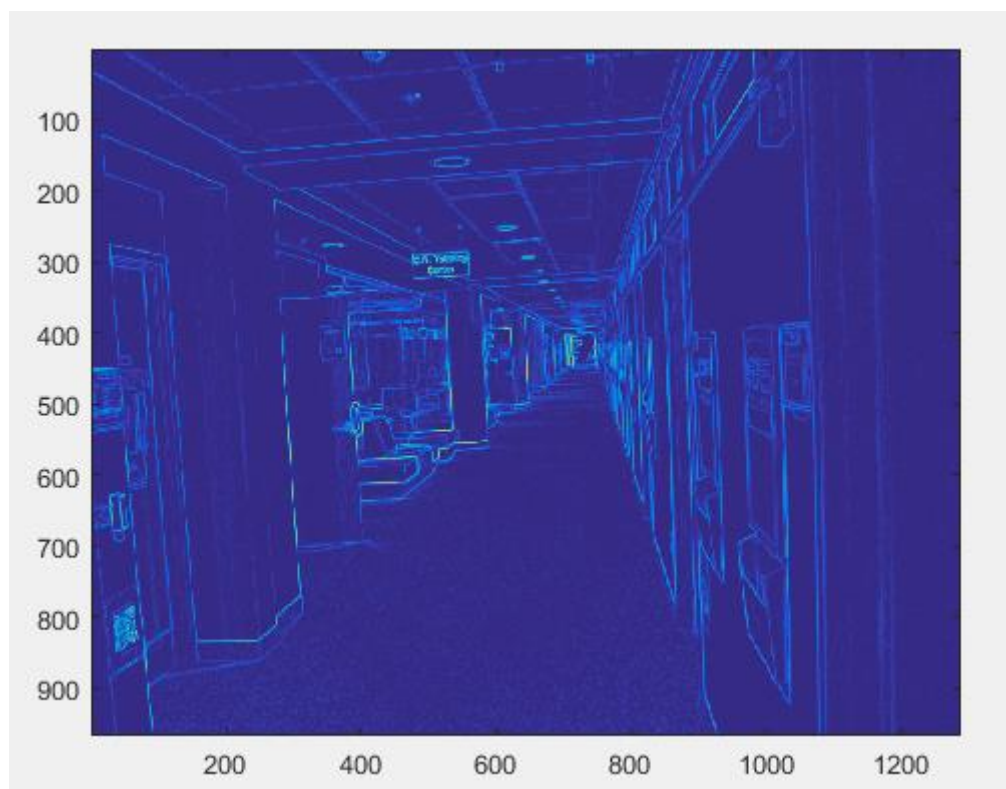
HomeWork 8 Deepak Sharma

Step 0. Apply Gaussian Filter (Abort this step if you are planing to use canny Edge Detector in next step)

Step1. Calculated Edge Magnitude and Edge Direction using sobal edge detector:

```
function [imgEdge,edgeAngle]=Sobel(img)
    img=im2double(img);
    sobelX= [1 2 1;
            0 0 0;
            -1 -2 -1];
    sobelY= [1 0 -1;
            2 0 -2;
            1 0 -1];

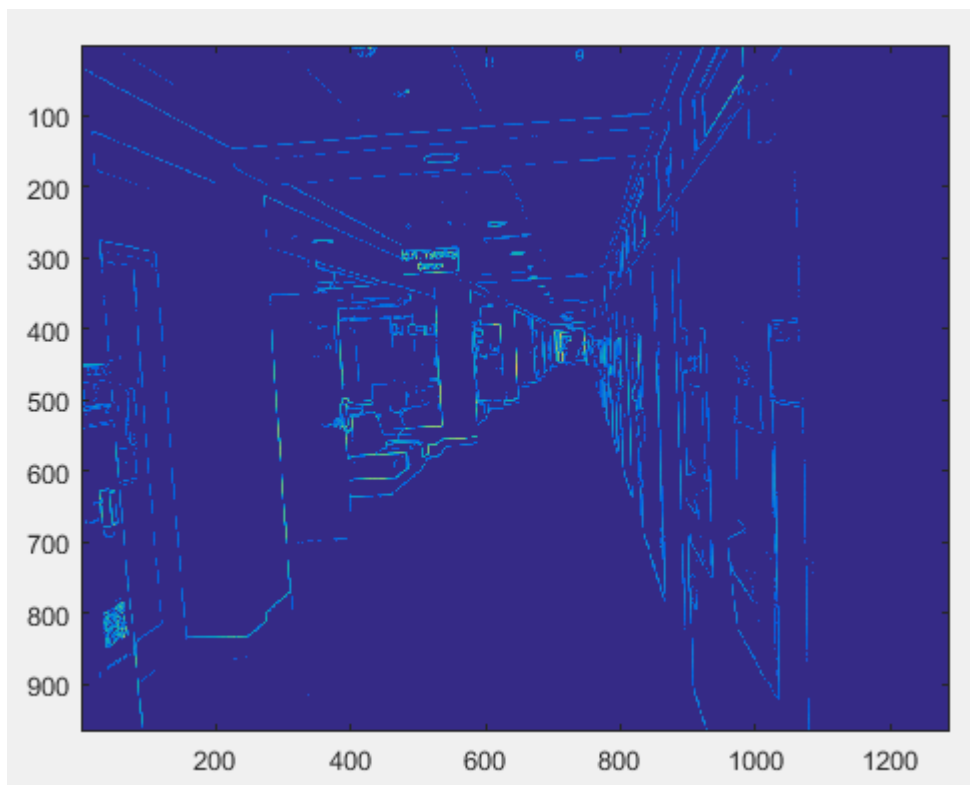
    imgEdgeX=imfilter(img,sobelX,'same');
    imgEdgeY=imfilter(img,sobelY,'same');
    imgEdge = (imgEdgeX.^2+imgEdgeY.^2).^(1/2);
    edgeAngle=atan(imgEdgeY./imgEdgeX);
end
```



Step 2 Kept only top 20% mangitude of edges, set rest to 0.

```
function mag = preProcessing_mag(mag)
mag_col=mag(:);
mag_col_sorted=sort(mag_col);
top_value_index=round(size(mag_col_sorted,1)*.20);
thrshold=mag_col_sorted(size(mag_col_sorted,1)-top_value_index);

for counter=1:size(mag_col,1)
    if mag_col(counter)<thrshold
        mag_col(counter)=0;
    end
end
mag=reshape(mag_col,size(mag));
```

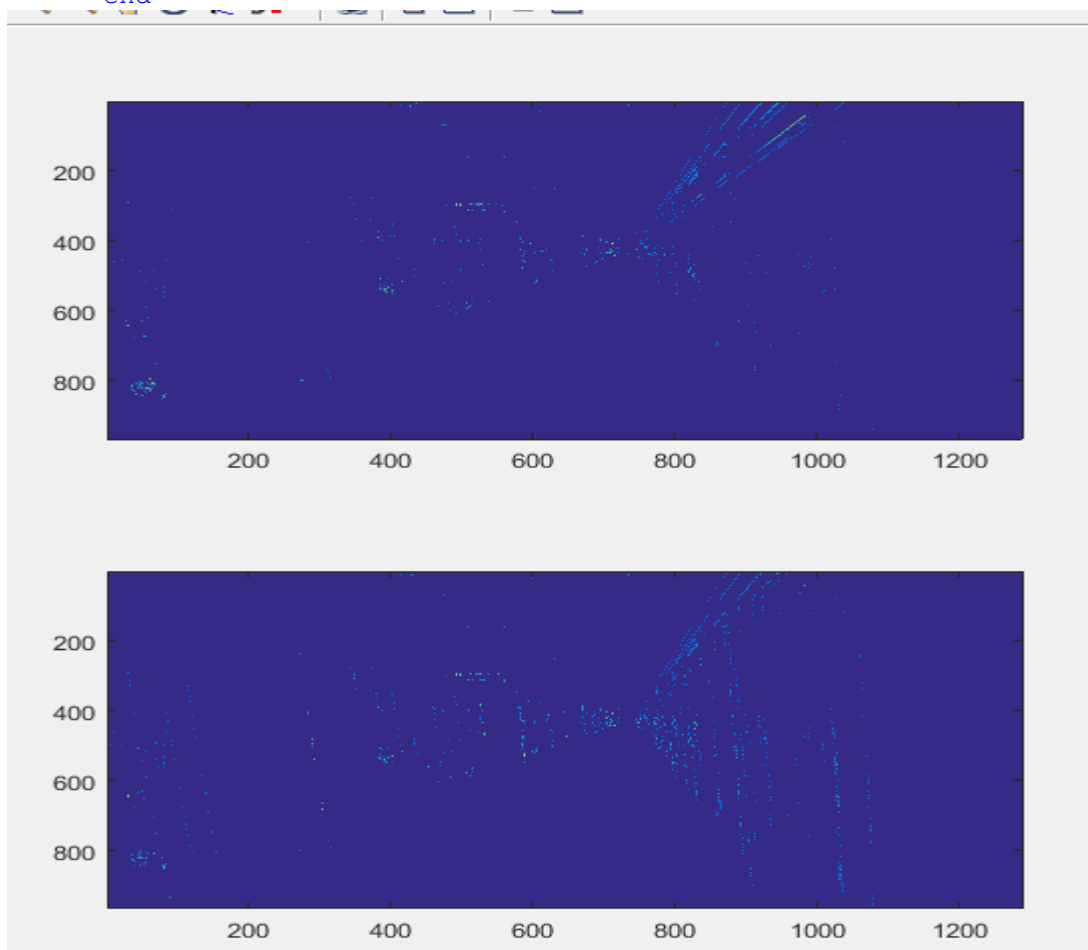


Step3 For various interval of angels value, repeated below steps.

1. Removed all the edges which do not fell whiten the tolerance range (20) for specific angle.

```
function mag_angle = preProcessing_angle(mag,edge_angle,engles)
    new_mag=zeros(size(mag));
    for row=1:size(edge_angle,1)
        for col=1:size(edge_angle,2)
            if (edge_angle(row,col)>=engles-20) &&
                (edge_angle(row,col)<=engles+20)
                new_mag(row,col)=mag(row,col);
            end
        end
    end

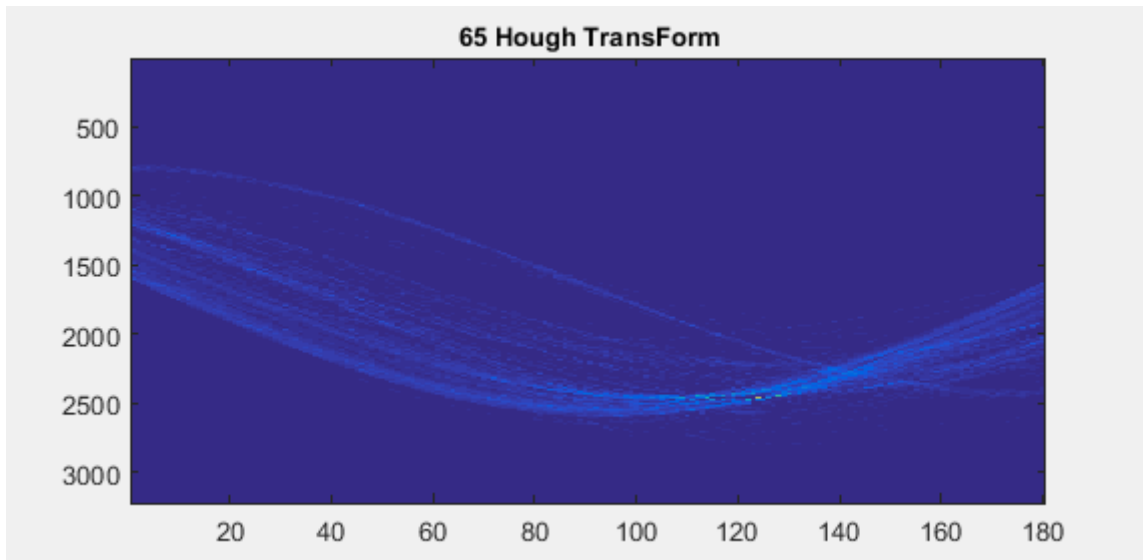
    mag_angle=new_mag;
end
```



2. Calculated Hough Transform for these edges and find the set of row and theta(Peaks) for which maximum value recorded in hough transform. Each set of row and Theta

represent a line(or multiple disconnected line). Find these lines using houghlines method.

```
[H,theta,rho] = hough(mag_at_angle);
peaks = houghpeaks(H,5, 'threshold',ceil(0.3*max(H(:))));
lines=houghlines(mag_at_angle,theta,rho,peaks,'FillGap',35,'MinLength',20);
```



- Find the equation of the line and based on distance of each coordinate of the image from this line, accumulated votes for in a 2D matrix (Can use MeshGrid for generating coordinate points).

```
function [m,c]=line_equation(point)
    firstPoint=point(1,:);
    secondPoint=point(2,:);
    m=(firstPoint(2)-secondPoint(2))/(firstPoint(1)-secondPoint(1));
    c=firstPoint(2)- m*firstPoint(1);
end
```

- All the points which were within the distance of 1.5 pixel from the line received the votes proportional to the length of the line.

Pont (x1,y1) 's distance from line $y-mx-c=0$ is $|y_1-mx_1-c|/(1+m^2)^{1/2}$

```
[m,c]=line_equation(point);
line_length=ceil( CalcDistance(point(1,:),point(2,:))*10);
for row=1:size(mag,1)
    for col=1:size(mag,2)
        if abs(row-m*col-c) <1.5
            vote_accumulator(row,col)=vote_accumulator(row,col)+line_length;
        end
    end
end
```

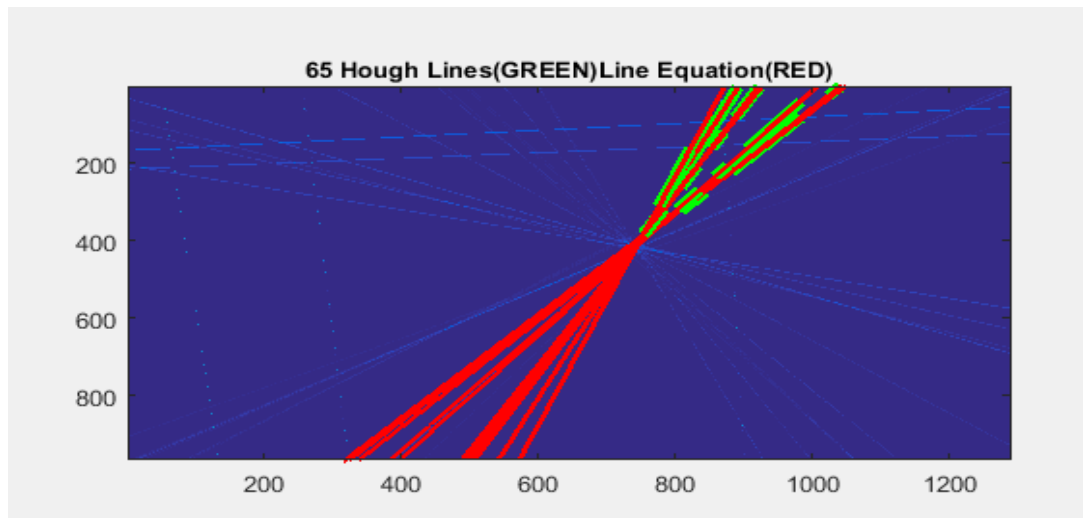
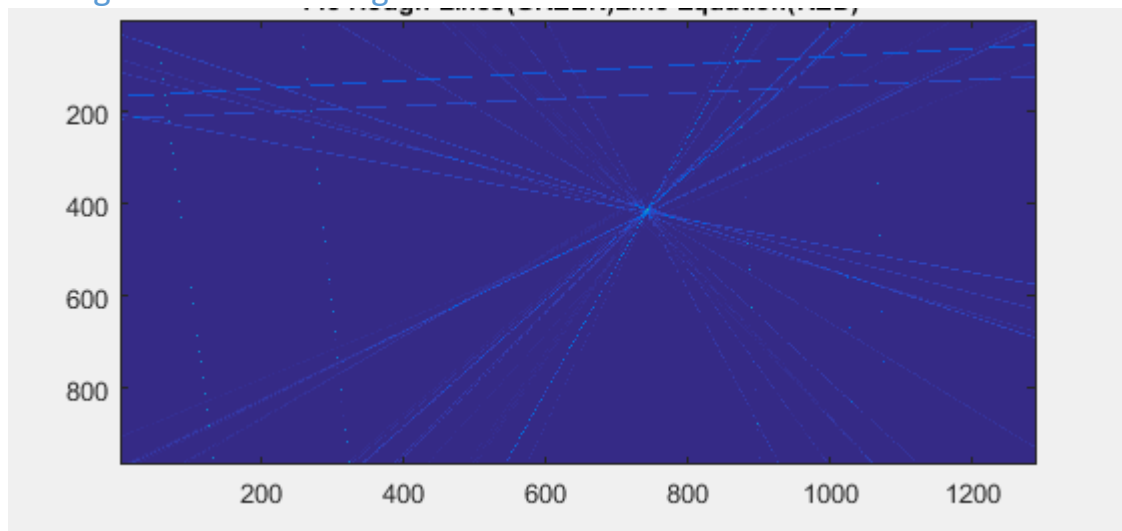


Fig Vote Accumulation for 65 degree

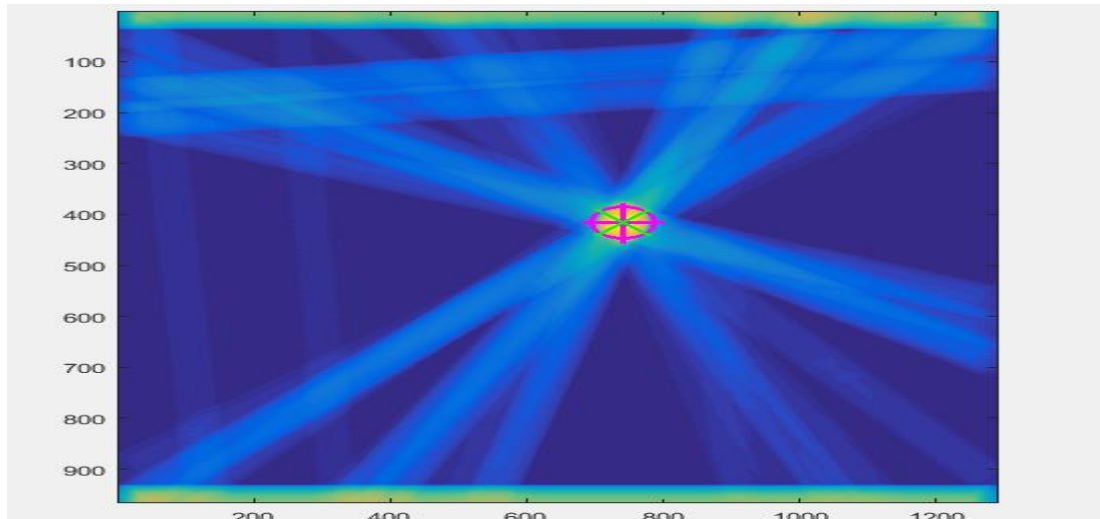
4. Repeated step3 for all Angle Intervals, and recorded cumulative votes by adding votes of each Angle interval.



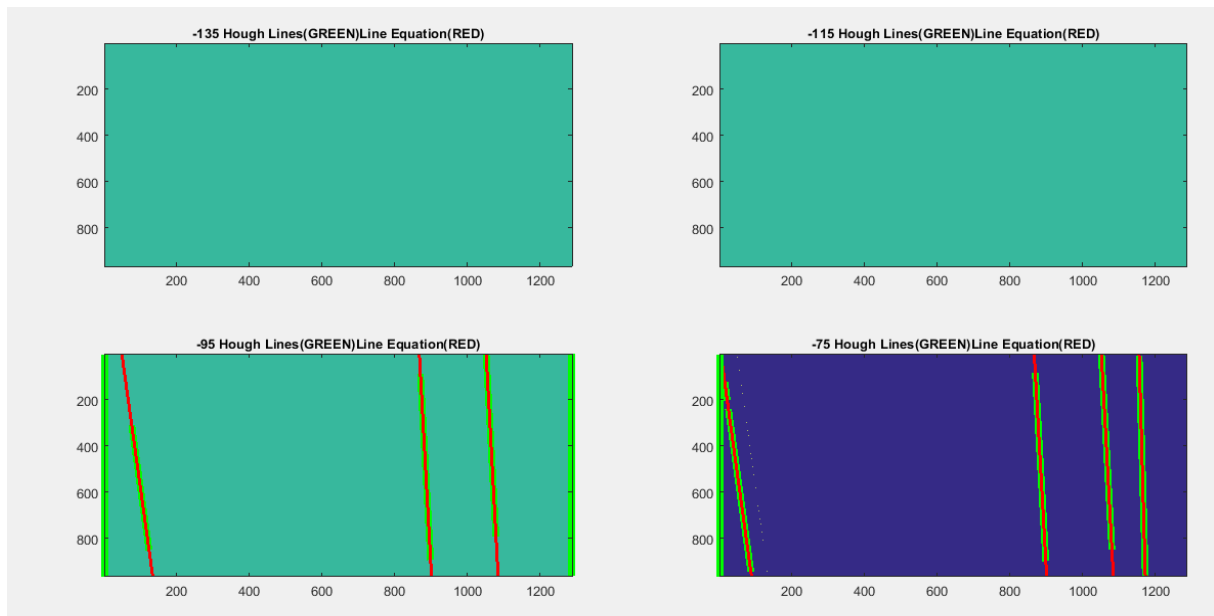
5. Applied disk filter on cumulative accumulation of vote to fix aliasing effect by smearing the votes.

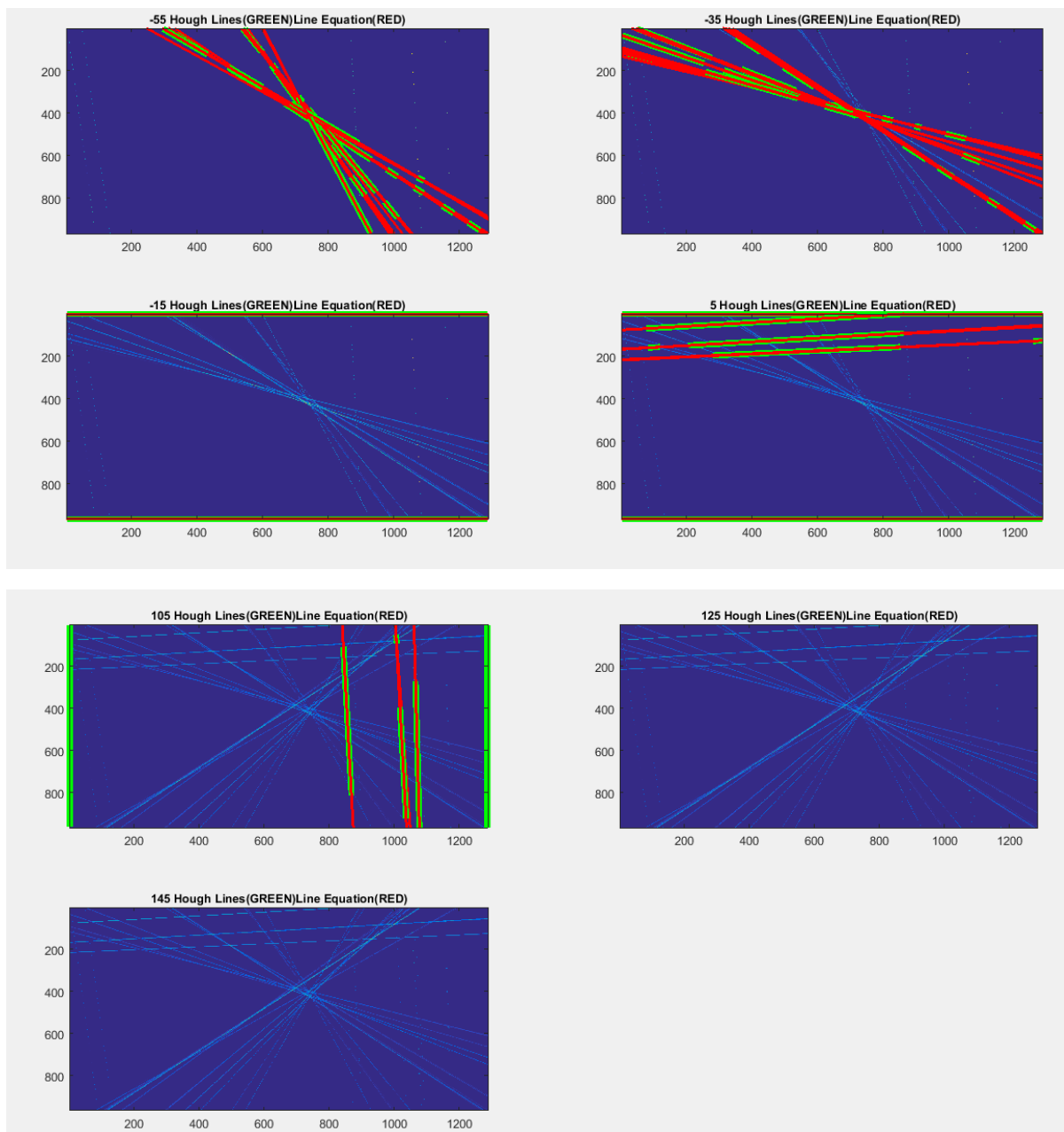
```
gaussian=fspecial('disk',30);
vote_accumulator=imfilter(vote_accumulator,gaussian);
```

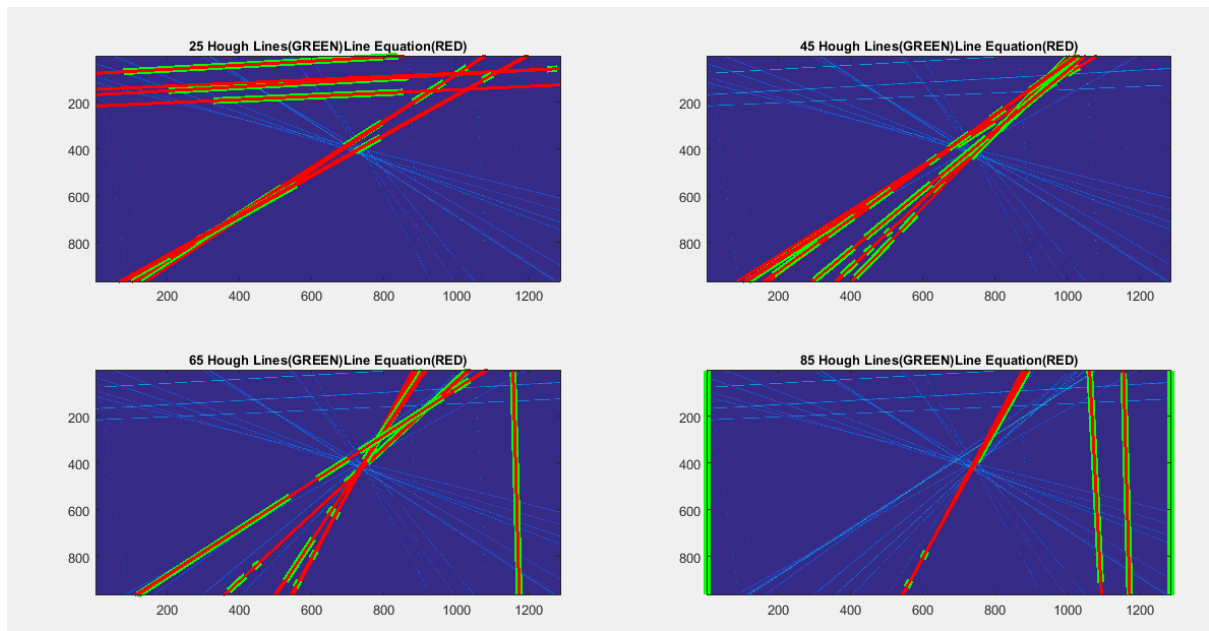
6. Find The coordinate which received maximum vote and assigne Vansihing point to the coordinate.



Angle By angle Accumulation of votes:-







Outputs:-

