

Program Structures & Algorithms

Spring 2022

Assignment No. 3

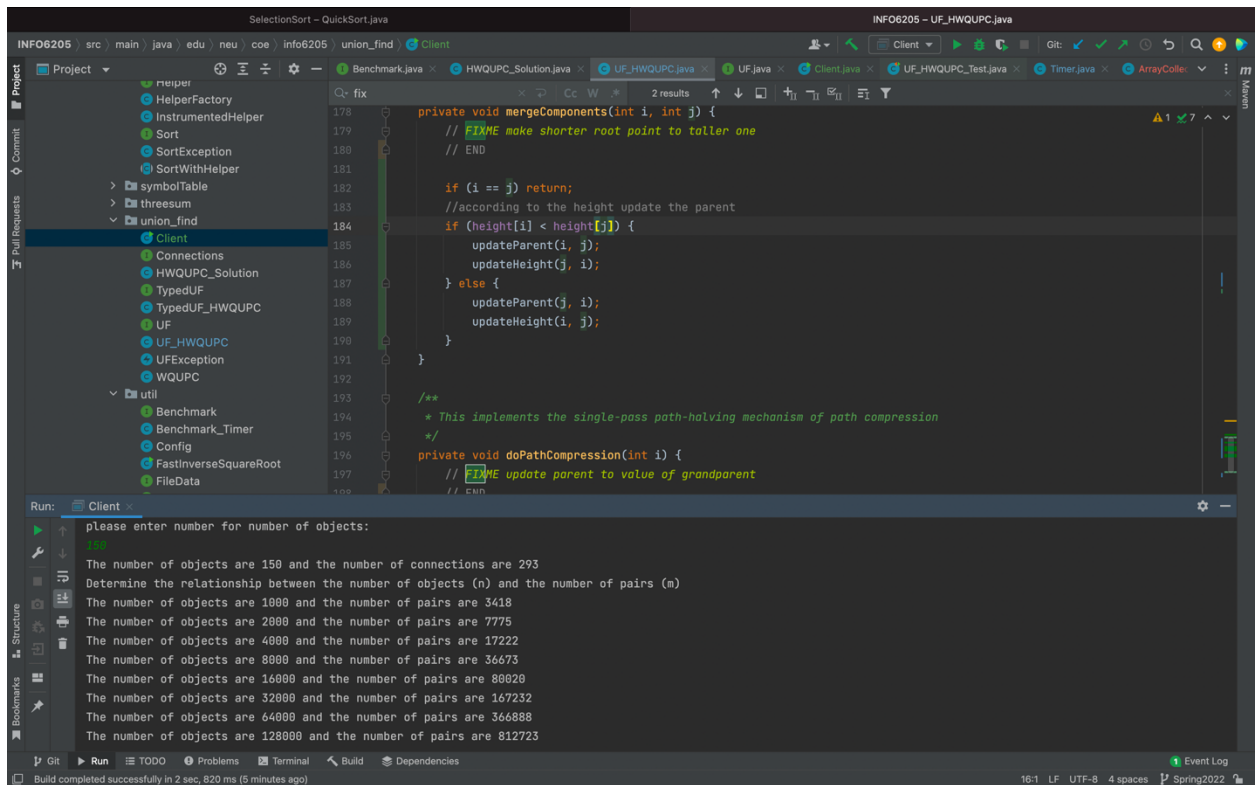
Name:Deepali Kasture

(NUID): 001586375

- **Task**

1. Implement height-weighted Quick Union with Path Compression.
2. Using your implementation of UF_HWQUPC, develop a UF ("union-find") client that takes an integer value n from the command line to determine the number of "sites."
3. Determine the relationship between the number of objects (n) and the number of pairs (m) generated to accomplish this (i.e. to reduce the number of components from n to 1).

- Output screenshot



Code:

```
/**
 * Returns the component identifier for the component containing site {@code
 * p}.
 *
 * @param p the integer representing one site
 * @return the component identifier for the component containing site {@code
 * p}
 * @throws IllegalArgumentException unless {@code 0 <= p < n}
 */
public int find(int p) {
    validate(p);
    int root = p;
    // TO BE IMPLEMENTED
    while (root != parent[root]) {
        if (pathCompression) {
            doPathCompression(root);
        }
        root = parent[root];
    }
}
```

```

//
return root;
//END
}

```

```

private void mergeComponents(int i, int j) {
    // FIXME make shorter root point to taller one
    // END

    if (i == j) return;
    //according to the height update the parent
    if (height[j] > height[i]) {
        updateParent(i, j);
        updateHeight(j, i);
    } else {
        updateParent(j, i);
        updateHeight(i, j);
    }
}

/**
 * This implements the single-pass path-halving mechanism of path
compression
 */
private void doPathCompression(int i) {
    // FIXME update parent to value of grandparent
    // END
    parent[i] = parent[parent[i]];
}

```

```

package edu.neu.coe.info6205.union_find;

import java.util.Random;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Client {

    public static int count(int n) {
        //count the number of connections for n objects for random values of
a and b
        UF_HWQUPC uf = new UF_HWQUPC(n);
        Random r = new Random();
        int x = 0;
        while (uf.components() > 1) {
            int a = r.nextInt(n);
            int b = r.nextInt(n);

            uf.connect(a, b);
            x++;
        }
        return x;
    }
}

```

```

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        //Take input n
        System.out.println("please enter number for number of objects:");
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n = scanner.nextInt();
        //get number of connections
        System.out.println("The number of objects are " + n + " and the
number of connections are " + count(n));
//step 3
        System.out.println("Determine the relationship between the number of
objects (n) and the number of pairs (m)");

        for (int i = 1000; i < 140000; i *= 2) {
            int total = 0;
            // test count 5 times for an average number
            for (int j = 0; j < 5; j++) {
                total += count(i);
            }
            int avg = total / 5;
            System.out.println("The number of objects are " + i + " and the
number of pairs are " + avg);
        }
    }
}

```

- **Relationship Conclusion**

m : The number of pairs

n : The number of objects

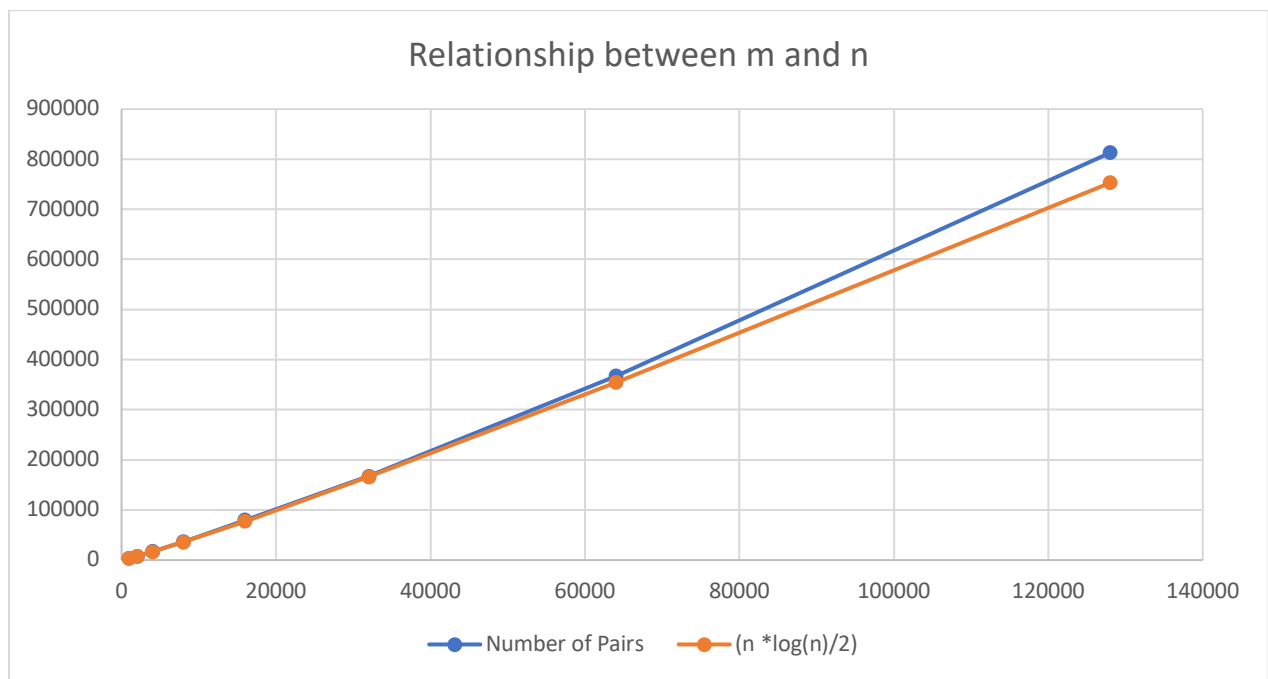
Relationship between the number of objects (n) and the number of pairs (m)

$$m = \frac{1}{2} n \log(n)$$

- Evidence / Graph

Input:150

| Number of Objects | Number of Pairs | $(n * \log(n)/2)$ |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1000 | 3418 | 3454 |
| 2000 | 7775 | 7601 |
| 4000 | 17222 | 16588 |
| 8000 | 36673 | 35949 |
| 16000 | 80020 | 77443 |
| 32000 | 167232 | 165976 |
| 64000 | 366888 | 354132 |
| 128000 | 812723 | 752626 |



1. Result:

- Run Client.java. Enter a number from command line as input.
- To test the relationship between m and n we use higher values.
- We passed n=150. Ran the count function 5 times to get average number of its pairs
- X axis is number of objects.
- Y axis is number of pairs
- Blue line represents number of objects Vs number of pairs
- Orange line represents calculated o/p Vs number of objects

- Unit tests result

The screenshot displays an IDE interface with the following components:

- Project Explorer:** Shows a tree view of the project structure. The `UF_HWQUPC_Test` package is selected under the `union_find` directory.
- Code Editor:** Displays the `Client.java` file. The code includes imports for `java.util.Random` and `java.util.Scanner`, and defines a `Client` class with a `count` method. The `count` method initializes a `UF_HWQUPC` object, generates random integers, and connects them until only one component remains.
- Run Console:** Shows the execution of the `UF_HWQUPC_Test` tests. The output indicates that 13 tests passed in 11ms. The tests include `testIsConnected01` through `testConnect01`.
- Terminal:** Displays the message "Process finished with exit code 0".

The bottom status bar indicates the file encoding is UTF-8, the font size is 38, and the editor is in Spring 2022.