```
1. African Cities
select city.name from city
inner join country on city.CountryCode = country.Code
where country.continent = 'Africa';
2. Average Population of Each Continent
select country.continent, round(avg(City.Population)-0.5) from country
inner join city on country.code = city.countrycode
group by country.continent;
3. Higher Than 75 Marks
Select Name from STUDENTS where Marks > 75 ORDER BY RIGHT(Name,3),ID;
4. Japanese Cities' Names
select name from city where countrycode = 'JPN'
5.Japanese Cities' Attributes
select * from city where countrycode = 'JPN'
6.Japan Population
select sum(population) from city where countrycode = 'JPN'
7.Employee Names
select name from employee order by name
8.Employee Salaries
select name from employee where salary > 2000 and months < 10
9. Population Density Difference
```

select max(population) - min(population) from city

```
10.Revising Aggregations - The Sum Function select sum(population) from city where district = 'california'
```

```
11. New company

SELECT c.company_code,c.founder,
count(distinct lm.lead_manager_code),
count(distinct sm.senior_manager_code),
count(distinct m.manager_code),
count(distinct e.employee_code)

FROM Company c, Lead_Manager lm, Senior_Manager sm, Manager m, Employee e
WHERE
c.company_code=lm.company_code AND
lm.lead_manager_code=sm.lead_manager_code AND
sm.senior_manager_code=m.senior_manager_code AND
m.manager_code=e.manager_code
GROUP BY c.company_code,c.founder
ORDER BY c.company_code ASC;
```

12.The PADS

SELECT concat(NAME,concat("(",concat(substr(OCCUPATION,1,1),")"))) FROM OCCUPATIONS ORDER BY NAME ASC;

SELECT "There are a total of ", count(OCCUPATION), concat(lower(occupation), "s.") FROM OCCUPATIONS GROUP BY OCCUPATION ORDER BY count(OCCUPATION), OCCUPATION ASC;