## INFO 6205 Program Structures & Algorithms Fall 2020 Assignment 5

## Task

Implement a parallel sorting algorithm such that each partition of the array is sorted in parallel and draw a conclusion about the efficacy of this method of parallelizing sort.

## Evidence

Using merge sort logic for parallel sort to get average times for different cutoff values:

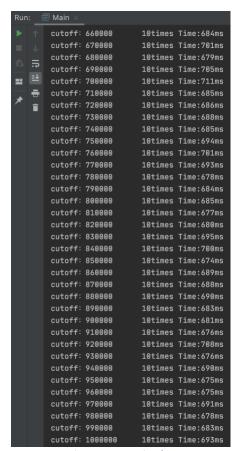


Figure 1 Execution log

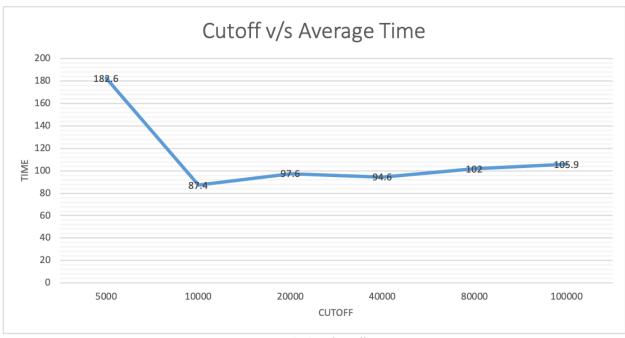


Figure 2 Graph plot of cutoff vs time

## Conclusion

- 1. Implemented parallel sort using divide and conquer (merge sort) method by join and fork in java.
- 2. Cutoff is introduced to use system sort for array size less than cutoff and use merge sort instead.
- 3. Average time for various cutoff remains almost constant but considerably faster with 10,000 cutoff.
- 4. Parallel / Asynchronous merge sort is more efficient than normal merge sort.