# **Metasploit Modbus Scanning**

The **Metasploit** tool contains several Modbus modules. These modules include identifying devices running a Modbus server, extracting data from Modbus packet captures, and exploiting known vulnerabilities in common Program Logic Controlers (PLC).

- auxiliary/ admin/scada/modicon\_comman: Schneider Modicon Remote START/STOP Command
- auxiliary/ admin/scada/modicon\_stux\_transfer: Schneider Modicon Ladder Logic Upload/Download
- auxiliary/ analyze/modbus\_zip: Extract zip from Modbus communication
- auxiliary/ scanner/scada/modbus\_findunitid:
   Modbus Unit ID and Station ID Enumerator
- auxiliary/ scanner/scada/modbusclient: Modbus Client Utility
- auxiliary/ scanner/scada/modbusdetect: Modbus Version Scanner

The following example is the **modbus\_findunitid** module. This module will scan a subnet for devices with the Modbus service and enumerate the Unit ID field in the Modbus protocol.

```
control@ctp:~$ msfconsole
msf5 > use
auxiliary/scanner/scada/modbus_findunitid
msf5 auxiliary(scanner/scada/modbus_findunitid)
> set RHOSTS 127.0.0.1
RHOSTS \Rightarrow 127.0.0.1
msf5 auxiliary(scanner/scada/modbus_findunitid)
> set RPORT 10502
RPORT => 10502
msf5 auxiliary(scanner/scada/modbus_findunitid)
> set UNIT_ID_TO 2
UNIT ID TO => 2
msf5 auxiliary(scanner/scada/modbus_findunitid)
> run
[*] Running module against 127.0.0.1
[+] 127.0.0.1:10502 - Received: correct
MODBUS/TCP from stationID 1
[*] 127.0.0.1:10502 - Received: incorrect/none
data from stationID 2 (probably not in use)
```

# **Modbus Network Analysis**

Wireshark and Tshark are excellent tools for conducting network analysis of Modbus communications.

#### **Wireshark Display Filters**

**NOTE**: Modbus TCP allows for nested Modbus response / request. Thus, filters may contain read and write requests in the same packet.

#### **Display Modbus packets**

Modbus

## **Display Modbus TCP packets**

mbtc

#### **Display Modbus function code**

modbus.func code < 5

#### **Display all write functions**

```
(modbus.func_code == 5) || (modbus.func_code
== 6) || (modbus.func_code == 15) ||
(modbus.func_code == 16) || (modbus.func_code
== 23)
```

#### **Tshark Filters**

**NOTE**: Tshark filters will only display the first nested Modbus response / request when outputting packet summary.

#### **IPv4** Conversations

```
tshark -n -q -z conv,ip -Y modbus -r <file.pcap>
```

#### Server count

```
tshark -Y "mbtcp && tcp.dstport == 502" -T fields -e ip.dst -r <file.pcap> | sort | uniq | wc -l
```

### Servers by IP and Hardware Address

tshark -Y "mbtcp && tcp.dstport == 502" -T fields -e ip.dst -e eth.dst -r <file.pcap> | sort | uniq

# **Client by IP Address**

tshark -n -Y "mbtcp && tcp.dstport == 502" -T fields -e ip.src -r <file.pcap> | sort | uniq

#### Clients with function codes

tshark -n -Y "mbtcp && tcp.dstport == 502" -T fields -e ip.src -e modbus.func code -r <file.pcap> | sort | uniq



# Modbus RTU / TCP Cheat Sheet v1.0

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This guide covers the basics of using Modbus Remote Terminal Unit (RTU) and Modbus Transmission Control Protocol (TCP). It provides an outline of the packet formatting for both protocols. A table of the read and write function calls is provided.

The current Modbus specification can be found on the Modbus Organization website at: https://www.modbus.org. Other Modbus protocol versions are available with slightly different characteristics. See the Modbus specification or https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Modbus.

### **How to Use This Sheet**

This cheat sheet will outline the following Modbus interactions for protocol review, device interactions, and network analysis.

- Modbus RTU / TCP Descriptions
- Modbus Function Codes
- Modbus Communication Format
- ModbusTCP Get (mbtget) Usage
- Metasploit Modbus Scanning
- Modbus Network Analysis

# **Modbus RTU / TCP Descriptions**

**Modbus** is a client-server protocol used to monitor and program devices, communicate between intelligent devices and sensors and instruments, and to monitor field devices using controllers, servers, workstations, and human machine interfaces.

**Modbus RTU** is the protocol standard that defines the use of Modbus across a serial connection. The serial connection typically uses a TIA-232 / TIA-485 serial interface for communication. The data exchange is a simple Protocol Data Unit (PDU) that includes a unit identifier (ID), function code, data request / response, and a Cyclical Redundancy Check (CRC).

**Modbus TCP** is a conversion of Modbus RTU to operate within a TCP payload. The Modbus server's default service port is 502. The data exchange is a simple PDU that includes a transaction ID, protocol ID, length field, unit ID, function code, and data request / response. The CRC is not included as it is provided by lower-level communication layers.

#### **Modbus Function Codes**

## **Bit Operations**

Read Coils: 1

• Read-Only Discrete Inputs: 2

• Write Single Coil: 5

• Write Multiple Coils: 15

## **Byte Operations**

Read Holding Registers: 3

Read-Only Input Registers: 4

• Write Single Holding Register: 6

Write Multiple Holding Registers: 16

• Read / Write Multiple Registers: 23

## **File Operations**

• Read File Record: 20

• Write File Record: 21

### **Modbus Communication Format**

Formatting varies slightly depending on the Modbus Function Code. The following examples outline Modbus read requests and responses.

#### **Modbus RTU**

| Request       |         |  |
|---------------|---------|--|
| Name          | Length  |  |
| Unit ID       | 1 byte  |  |
| Function      | 1 byte  |  |
| Start Address | 2 bytes |  |
| Count         | 2 bytes |  |
| CRC           | 2 bytes |  |

| Response |                       |  |
|----------|-----------------------|--|
| Name     | Length                |  |
| Unit ID  | 1 byte                |  |
| Function | 1 byte                |  |
| Count    | 1 byte or by Function |  |
| Data     | (Count * 2 bytes)     |  |
| CRC      | 2 bytes               |  |

#### **Modbus TCP**

| Request        |                         |  |
|----------------|-------------------------|--|
| Name           | Length                  |  |
| Transaction ID | 2 bytes                 |  |
| Protocol ID    | 2 bytes                 |  |
| Length         | 2 bytes                 |  |
| Unit ID        | 1 byte                  |  |
| Function       | 1 byte                  |  |
| Start Address  | 2 bytes                 |  |
| Data           | 2 bytes or (Length - 4) |  |

| Response       |                         |  |
|----------------|-------------------------|--|
| Name           | Length                  |  |
| Transaction ID | 2 bytes                 |  |
| Protocol ID    | 2 bytes                 |  |
| Length         | 2 bytes                 |  |
| Unit ID        | 1 byte                  |  |
| Function       | 1 byte                  |  |
| Count          | 1 byte or by Function   |  |
| Data           | 2 bytes or (Length - 4) |  |

# ModbusTCP Get (mbtget) Usage

The **mbtget** tool is maintained at:

https://github.com/sourceperl/mbtget. This tool provides a simple client that interacts with a Modbus server.

#### Help mbtget

```
control@ctp:~$ mbtget -h
usage : mbtget [-hvdsf]
               [-u unit_id] [-a address] [-n
number_value]
               [-r[12347]] [-w5 bit_value] [-
w6 word_value]
               [-p port] [-t timeout] serveur
command line :
                   : show this help message
 -h
                   : show version
                   : set dump mode (show tx/rx
frame in hex)
                   : set script mode (csv on
stdout)
                   : read bit(s) (function 1)
 -r1
 -r2
                   : read bit(s) (function 2)
                   : read word(s) (function 3)
 -r3
                   : read word(s) (function 4)
 -r4
                   : write a bit (function 5)
 -w5 bit_value
                   : write a word (function 6)
 -w6 word_value
 -r7
                   : read exception status
 -f
                   : set floating point value
 -hex
                   : show value in hex
(default is decimal)
                   : set the modbus "unit id"
 -u unit id
 -p port_number : set TCP port (default
 -a modbus_address: set modbus address
(default 0)
 -n value_number : number of values to read
 -t timeout
                   : set timeout seconds
(default is 5s)
```

## Read Registers with mbtget

```
control@ctp:~$ mbtget -r3 -a 0 -n 5 -p 10502
127.0.0.1
values:
    1 (ad 00000): 117
    2 (ad 00001): 120
    3 (ad 00002): 110
    4 (ad 00003): 130
    5 (ad 00004): 0
```