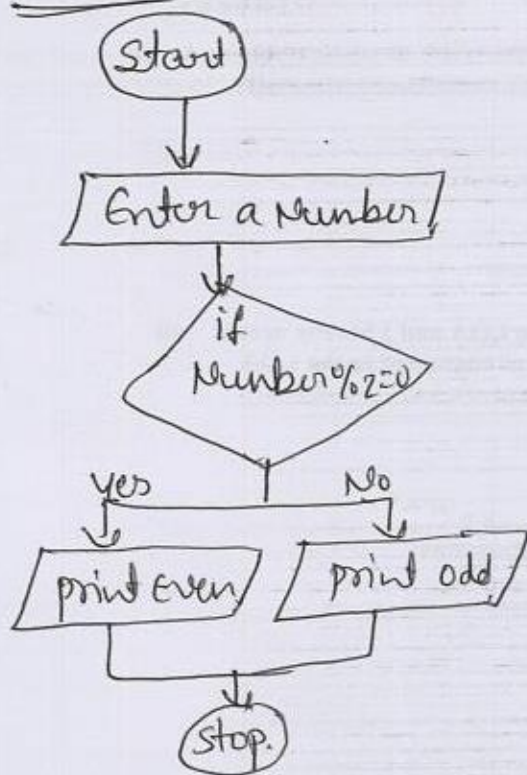


① Integer is odd or even.

Flowchart.



Pseudocode

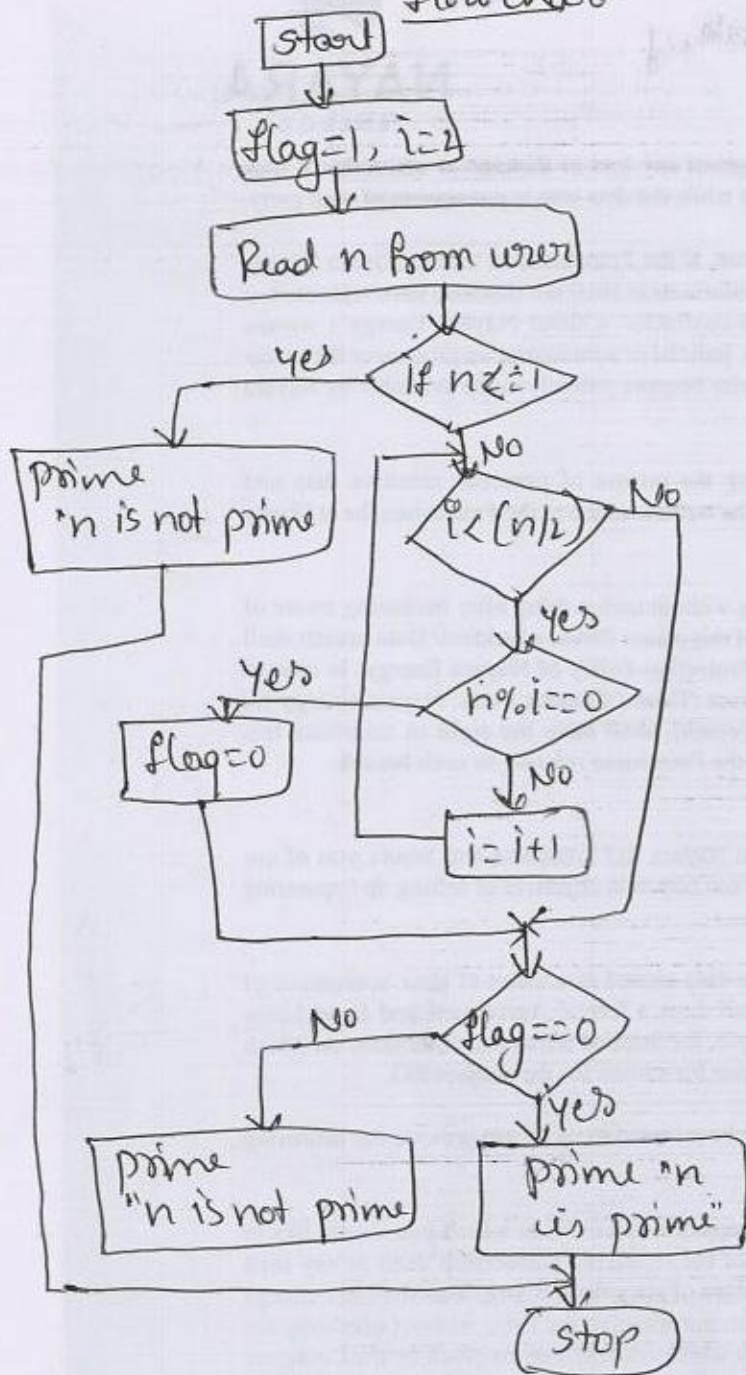
```
Read Number
remainder = number % 2
If remainder == 0
    Write "even number"
Else
    Write "odd number"
EndIf.
```

Java program.

```
import java.util.*;
public class program {
```

```
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner ss = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the Number");
        int n = ss.nextInt();
        if (n % 2 == 0)
        {
            System.out.println("Entered number is even");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("The number is odd");
        }
    }
}
```

⑤ Integer is prime or not.
Flowchart



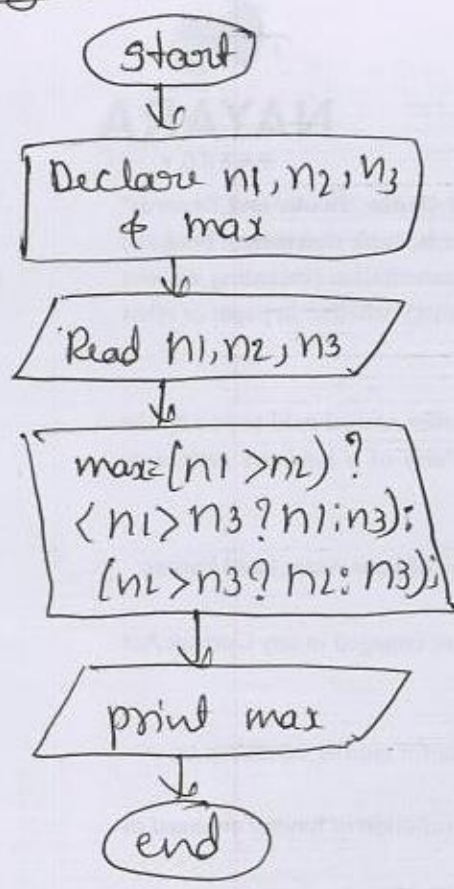
Pseudocode

- 1) Start
- 2) Initialize variable num, flag = 1, i = 2
- 3) Read num from user
- 4) If num <= 1
Display "num is not a prime number"
goto step 7.
- 5) Repeat the step until
i < [(n/2) + 1]
 - i) if remainder of number divide j equals to 0.
set flag = 0
goto step 6
 - ii) j = j + 1
- 6) if flag = 0,
Display num + " is not prime number"
else
Display num + " n is prime number"
- 7) stop.

Java program.

```
public class prime {  
    public static void main (String args[]) {  
        int i, m=0, flag=0;  
        int n=3;  
        m = n/2;  
        if (n==0 || n==1) {  
            System.out.println (n + "is not prime number");  
        }  
        else {  
            for (i=2; i<=m; i++) {  
                if (n%i==0) {  
                    System.out.println (n + "is not prime number");  
                    flag=1;  
                    break;  
                }  
            }  
            if (flag==0) {  
                System.out.println (n + "is prime number");  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

③ largest 3 number.



pseudo code

- 1) Declare a variable a, b, c & largest as integer
- 2) Read the number a, b & c
- 3) $max = a > b ? (a > c ? a : c) : (b > c ? b : c);$
- 4) print max.

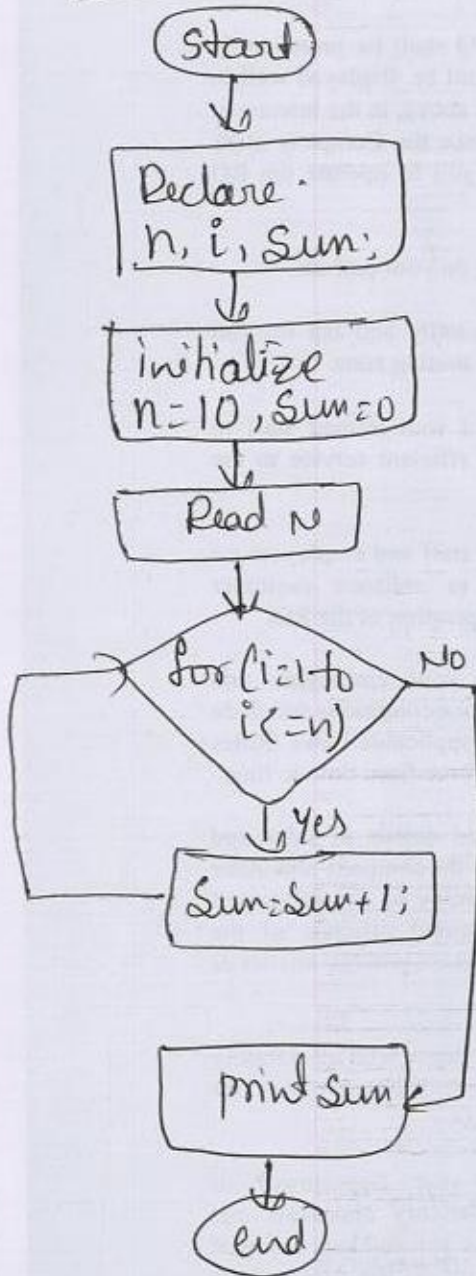
program

```
public class Bignumber {
    public static void main (String args[]) {
        int a, b, c;
        Scanner s = new Scanner (System.in);
        System.out.println ("enter 1st number");
        a = s.nextInt();
        System.out.println ("enter 2nd number");
        b = s.nextInt();
        System.out.println ("enter 3rd number");
        c = s.nextInt();
        if (a > b & a > c) {
            System.out.println ("largest number is: " + a);
        }
        else if (b > c) {
            System.out.println ("largest nor is: " + b);
        }
        else {
            System.out.println ("large nor is: " + c);
        }
    }
}
```


5) Sum of First N Integers

a) loop.

flowchart.



b)

```
public class Sum {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int i=n, n=100, Sum=0;
        Sum = n * (n+1) / 2;
        System.out.println("Sum of
        n integers is: " + Sum);
    }
}
```

pseudocode

- 1) Declare a variable
n, i, Sum as integer
- 2) Read number n;
- 3) for i upto n increment
i by 1 and i=1


```
{
        Sum = Sum + i;
      }
      print Sum;
```

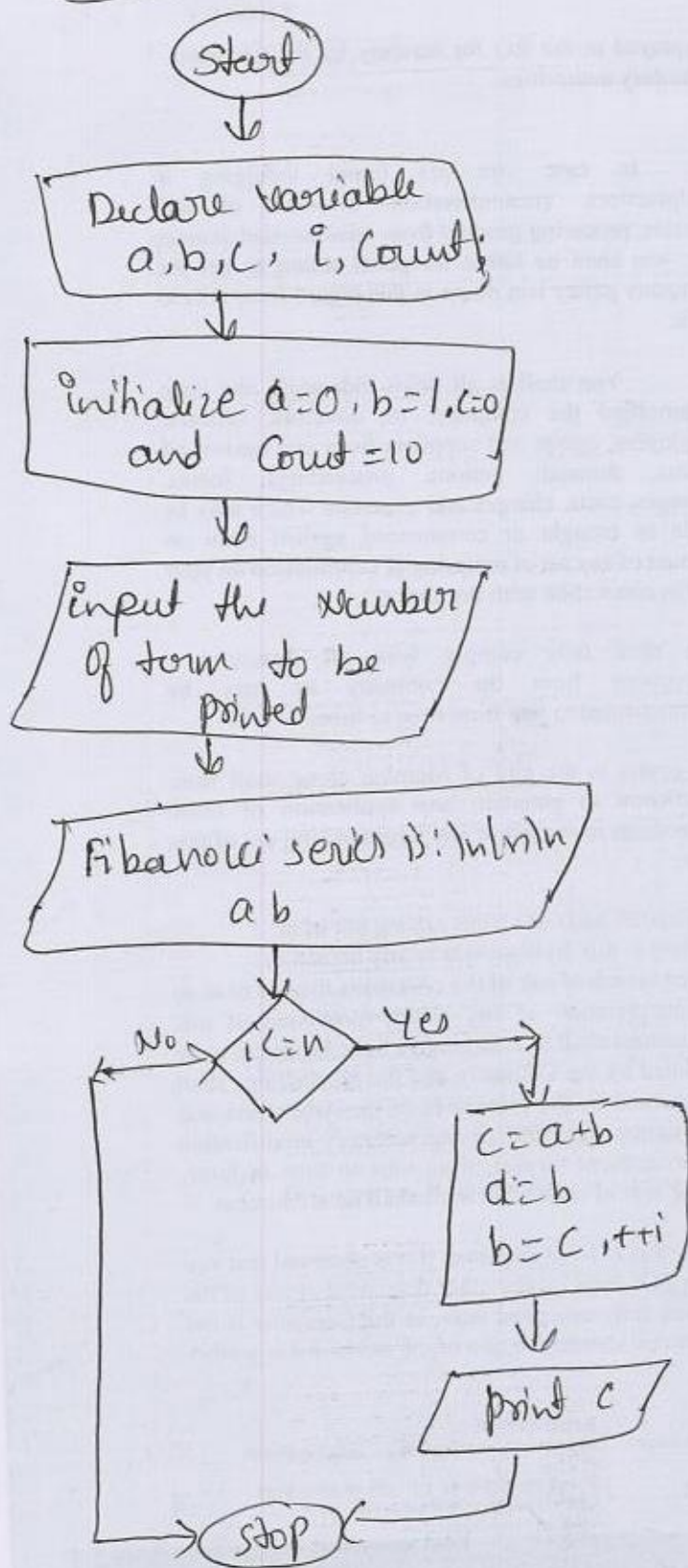
Javea program

a)

```
public class Sum {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int i; n=100, Sum=0;
        for (i=1; i<=n; ++i) {
            Sum = Sum + i;
        }
        System.out.println("Sum of
        N integer is: " + Sum);
    }
}
```

⑥ Fibonacci series starting ^{with} from 0, 1

Flowchart



Pseudocode

- 1) Start
- 2) Declare variable a, b, c, i, Count
- 3) Initialize the variable a=0, b=1, and Count=10
- 4) Enter the number of terms of Fibonacci series to be printed.
- 5) print first two terms of series
- 6) use loop for the following steps
- 7) ~~c~~ a+b
a=b
b=c
increase value of i each time by 1
print the value of show
- 8) End

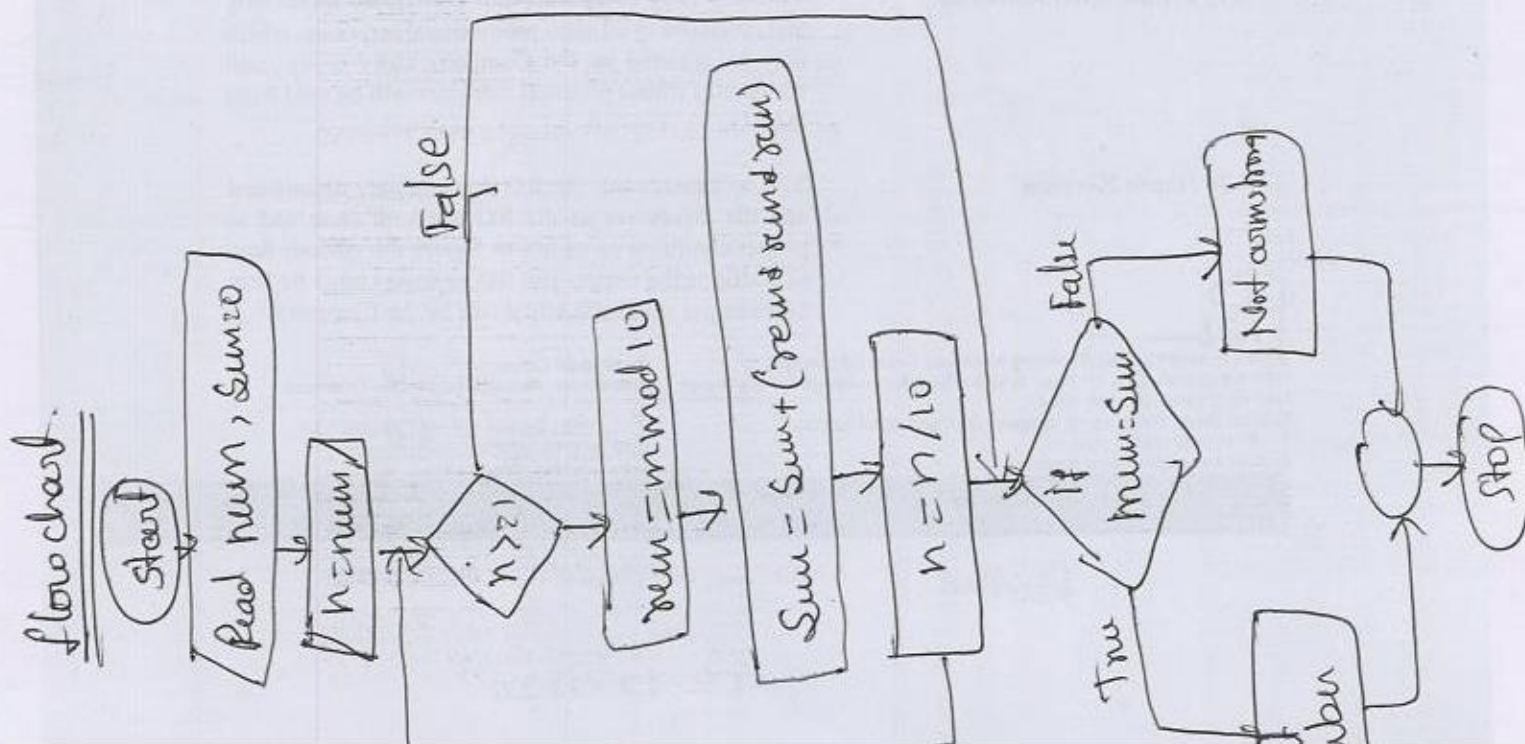
Java program

```
public class Fibonacci {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int a=0, b=1, c, i, Count=10;
        System.out.println(a+" "+b);
        for (i=1; i<Count; ++i) {
            c = a+b;
            System.out.print(" "+c);
        }
    }
}
```


⑦ Armstrong.

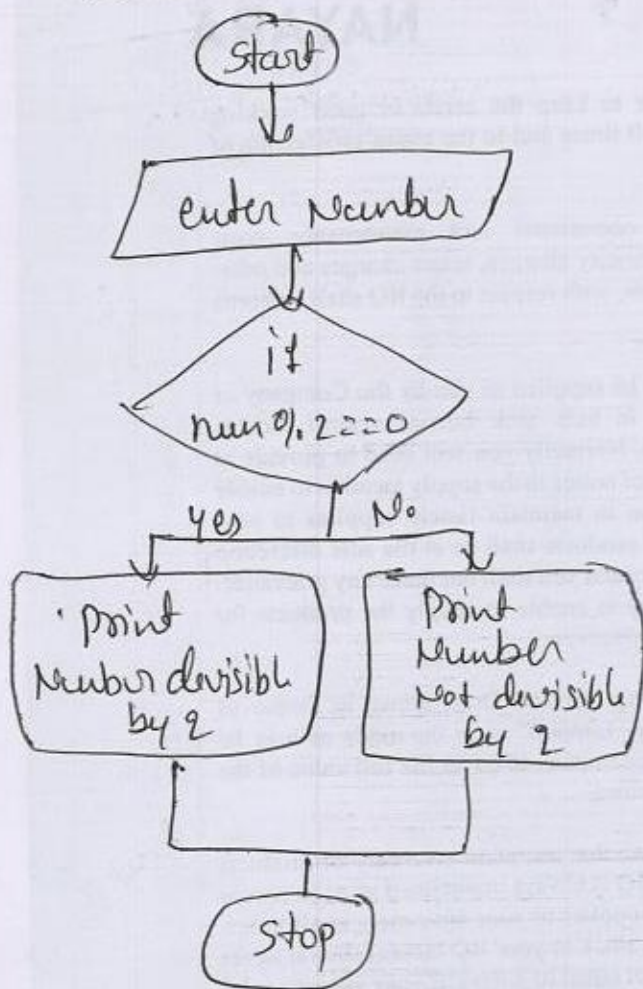
pseudocode

- 1) input the number
- 2) Initialize Sum=0, temp=n;
- 3) Find the total number of digits in the number
- 4) Repeat until (temp!=0)
- 5) Repeat until Remainder = temp % 10
- 6) result = result + pow (remainder, n)
- 7) temp = temp / 10
- 8) if (result == number)
- 9) Display "Armstrong"
- 10) Else
- 11) Display "Not armstrong"



⑧ Number is divisible by a) 2, b) 3, c) 5, d) 9.

Flowchart



Read Number

remainder = num % 3

if remainder == 0

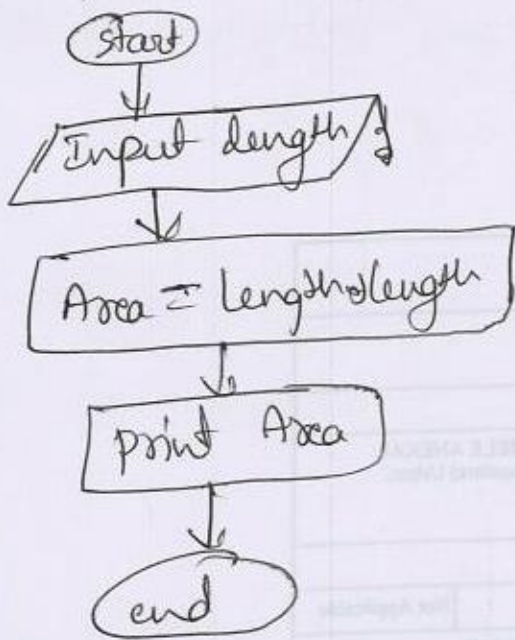
write "Number divisible
by 3"

else

write "Number not
divisible by 3"

9) Area of square and rectangle given length & breadth.

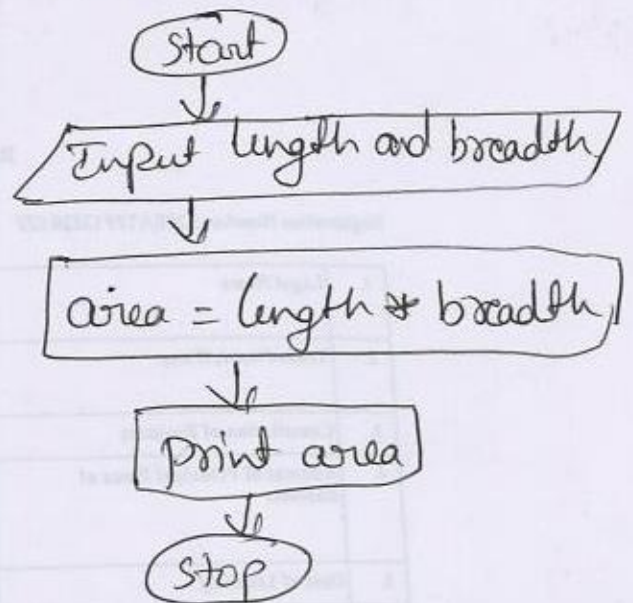
a) Flowchart



PseudoCode

- 1) Input the number
- 2) $\text{Area} = \text{length} * \text{length}$
- 3) print area

b) Flowchart



PseudoCode

- 1) Input the length and breadth
- 2) $\text{Area} = \text{length} * \text{breadth}$
- 3) print area.

(10) Start

Given length of 3 sides, check if triangle
can be constructed.

enter the three angles: A, B, C

$Sum = A + B + C$

is
 $Sum = 180$
and $A > 0$ &
 $B > 0$ & $C > 0$?

Display "Triangle
is Not Possible"

yes
is $A < 90$
& $B < 90$ &
 $C < 90$?

yes
Display
Right angle
triangle

no
Display "
triangle

stop