

Class Activity 16

Your name here

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Group Activity 1

a. Scrape the first table in List_of_NASA_missions wiki page. Additionally, use `janitor::clean_names()` to clean the column names and store the resulting table as `NASA_missions.csv` in your working folder.

```
wiki_NASA <- "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_NASA_missions"

# Scrape the data and write the first table to a CSV file
bow(wiki_NASA) %>%
  scrape() %>%
  html_nodes("table") %>%
  .[[1]] %>%
  html_table(fill = TRUE) %>%
  janitor::clean_names() %>%
  write_csv("NASA_missions.csv")
```

b. Now, write a code snippet to scrape all the URLs from the anchor tags (a) on a given Wikipedia page, convert the relative URLs to absolute URLs, and store the results in a tibble and save it as `NASA_missions_urls.csv` in your working folder.

```
# Scrape the data and write the URLs to a CSV file
bow(wiki_NASA) %>%
  scrape() %>%
  html_nodes("a") %>%
  html_attr("href") %>%
  url_absolute("https://en.wikipedia.org/") %>%
  data.frame(url = .) %>%
  write_csv("NASA_missions_urls.csv")
```

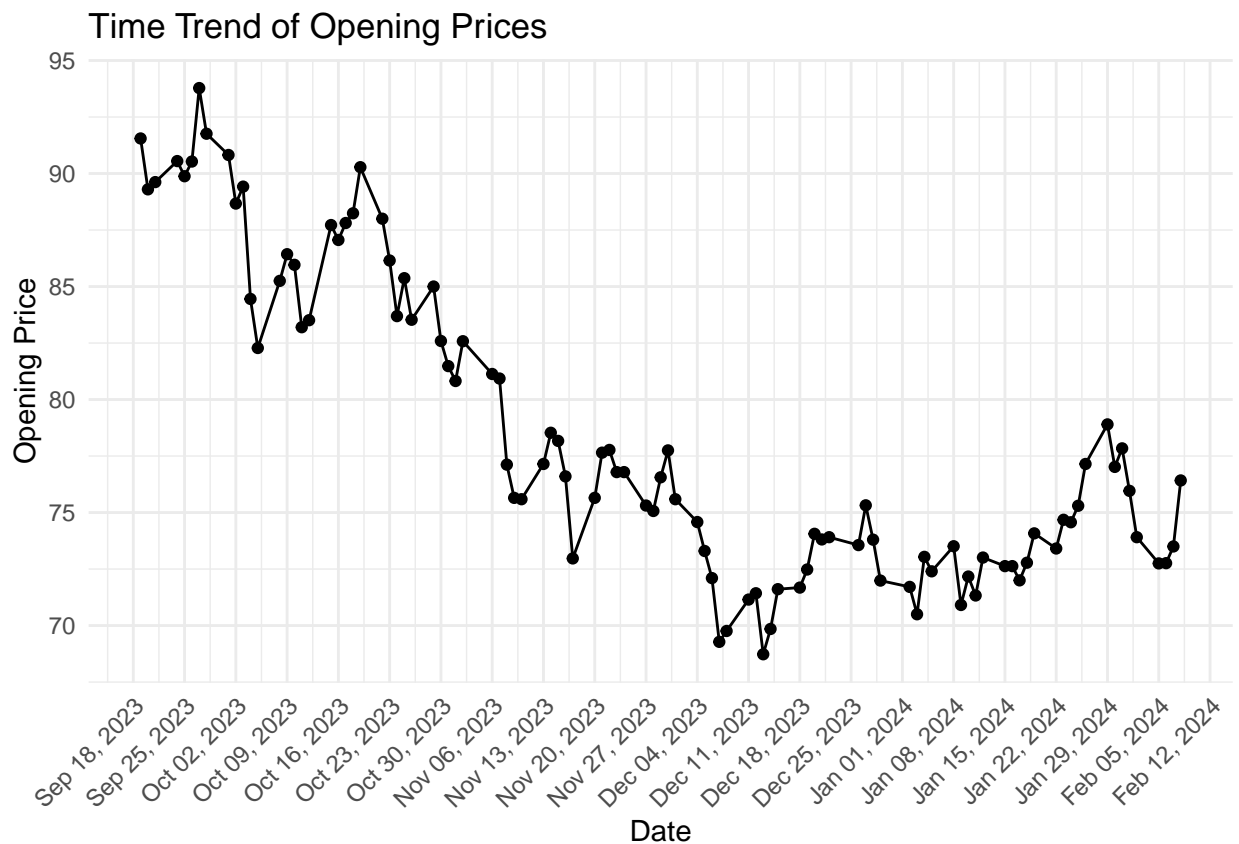
Group Activity 2

a. How do you scrape a table from a web page using `rvest`, clean the column names with `janitor`, and prepare the data for analysis in R?

```
yf <- "https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/CL%3DF/history?p=CL%3DF"
bow(yf) %>% scrape() %>%
  html_nodes("table") %>% .[[1]] %>%
  html_table() %>% janitor::clean_names() %>%
  slice(-n()) %>%
  mutate(date = lubridate::mdy(date)) %>%
  mutate_at(vars(open:adj_close), as.numeric) -> ticker
```

b. Write the R code to create a time trend plot of opening prices from the scraped data using `ggplot2`.

```
ggplot(ticker, aes(x = date, y = open)) +
  geom_line() + # Plot lines
  geom_point() + # Add points
  scale_x_date(date_labels = "%b %d, %Y", date_breaks = "1 week") +
  labs(title = "Time Trend of Opening Prices", x = "Date", y = "Opening Price") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))
```

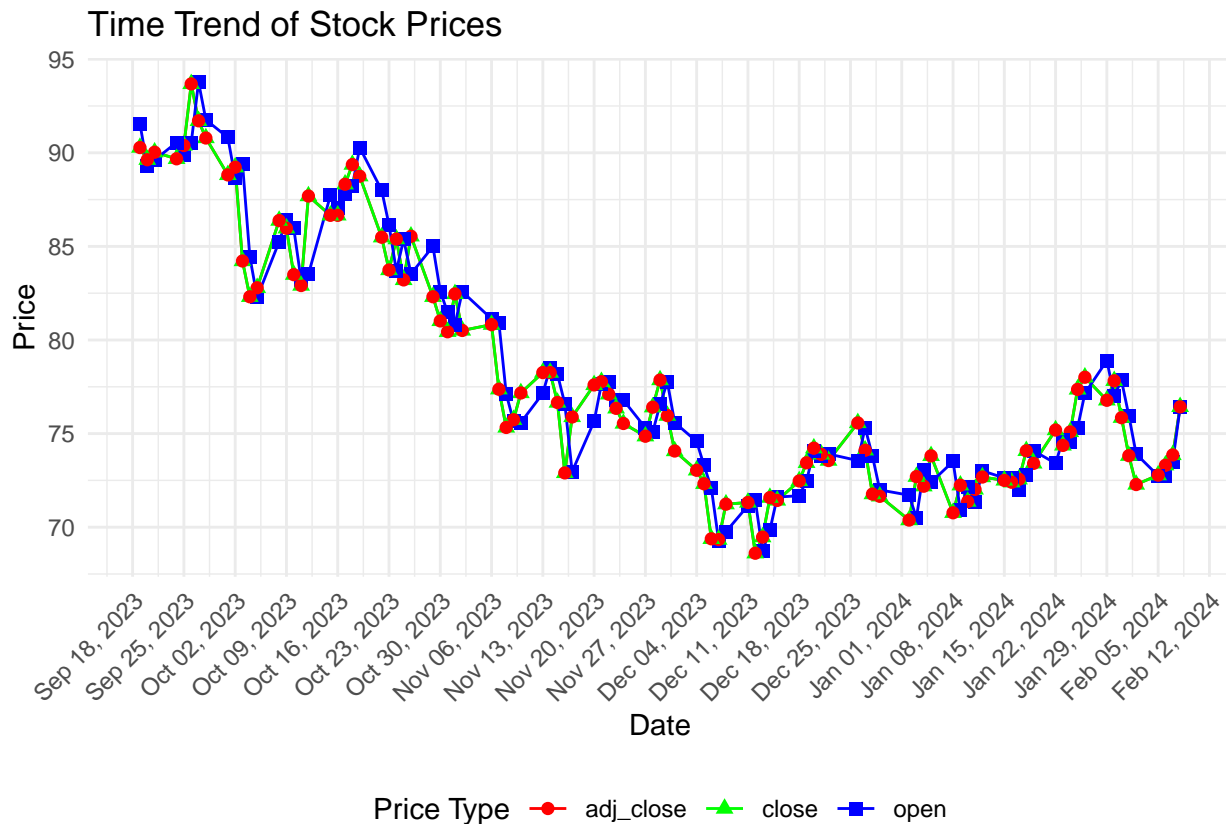


c. How can you transform the data into a long format suitable for plotting multiple price types with ggplot2?

```
ticker_long <- ticker %>%
  pivot_longer(cols = c(open, close, adj_close), names_to = "PriceType", values_to = "Price")
```

d. Show how to create a ggplot2 visualization that includes lines and points, with different colors and shapes for each price type, and make the x-axis dates legible.

```
ggplot(ticker_long, aes(x = date, y = Price, color = PriceType)) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point(aes(shape = PriceType), size = 2) + # Different shapes for each price type
  scale_color_manual(values = c("open" = "blue", "close" = "green", "adj_close" = "red")) +
  scale_x_date(date_labels = "%b %d, %Y", date_breaks = "1 week") +
  labs(title = "Time Trend of Stock Prices", x = "Date", y = "Price") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1),
    legend.position = "bottom"
  ) +
  guides(shape = guide_legend(title = "Price Type"), color = guide_legend(title = "Price Type"))
```



Group Activity 3

In this activity, you'll scrape web data using `rvest` and tidy up the results into a well-formatted table. Start by extracting job titles from a given URL, then gather the associated company names, and trim any leading

or trailing whitespace from the location data. Next, retrieve the posting dates and the URLs for the full job descriptions. Finally, combine all these elements into a single dataframe, ensuring that each piece of information aligns correctly. Your task is to produce a clean and informative table that could be useful for job seekers. o facilitate the selection of the correct CSS selectors, you may find the **SelectorGadget** Chrome extension particularly useful.

```
url <- "https://realpython.github.io/fake-jobs/"

title <- bow(url) %>% scrape() %>% html_elements(css = ".is-5") %>% html_text() # part 1
company <- bow(url) %>% scrape() %>% html_elements(css = ".company") %>% html_text() # part 2
location <- bow(url) %>% scrape() %>% html_elements(css = ".location") %>% html_text() %>% str_trim() #
time <- bow(url) %>% scrape() %>% html_elements(css = "time") %>% html_text() # part 4
html <- bow(url) %>% scrape() %>% html_element(css = ".card-footer-item+ .card-footer-item") %>% html_text()

# Create a dataframe
tibble(title = title, company = company, location = location, time = time, html = html) # port 6
# A tibble: 100 x 5
```

	title <chr>	company <chr>	location <chr>	time <chr>	html <chr>
1	Senior Python Developer	Payne, Roberts and Davis	Stewartbury~	2021~	http~
2	Energy engineer	Vasquez-Davidson	Christopher~	2021~	http~
3	Legal executive	Jackson, Chambers and Levy	Port Ericab~	2021~	http~
4	Fitness centre manager	Savage-Bradley	East Seanvi~	2021~	http~
5	Product manager	Ramirez Inc	North Jamie~	2021~	http~
6	Medical technical officer	Rogers-Yates	Davidville,~	2021~	http~
7	Physiological scientist	Kramer-Klein	South Chris~	2021~	http~
8	Textile designer	Meyers-Johnson	Port Jonath~	2021~	http~
9	Television floor manager	Hughes-Williams	Osbornetown~	2021~	http~
10	Waste management officer	Jones, Williams and Villa	Scotttown, ~	2021~	http~

```
# i 90 more rows
```