Class Activity 3

Your name here

2024-03-20

```
# load the necessary libraries
library(tidyverse)
library(ggplot2)
library(babynames)

# some interesting data objects
x <- c(3,6,9,5,10)
x.mat <- cbind(x, 2*x)
x.df <- data.frame(x=x,double.x=x*2)
my.list <- list(myVec=x, myDf=x.df, myString=c("hi","bye"))</pre>
```

Question 1: data types

• What data type is x?

Answer:

```
# code
typeof(x)
```

[1] "double"

```
typeof(babynames$number)
```

- [1] "NULL"
 - What data type is c(x, x/2)?

Answer:

```
# code
typeof(c(x, babynames$year))
```

- [1] "double"
 - What data type is c(x,NA)? What data type is c(x,"NA")?

Answer:

```
# code
typeof(c(x, NA))
```

[1] "double"

```
typeof(c(x, "NA"))
```

[1] "character"

Question 2: Subsetting and coercion

• How can we reverse the order of entries in x?

Answer:

```
# code
rev(x)
```

[1] 10 5 9 6 3

```
x[length(x):1]
```

- [1] 10 5 9 6 3
 - What does which (x < 5) equal?

Answer:

```
# code
which(x<5)</pre>
```

[1] 1

• Extract the element of x that corresponds to the location in the preceding question.

Answer:

```
# code
x[which(x<5)]</pre>
```

[1] 3

• What does sum(c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, FALSE)) equal?

Answer:

```
# code
sum(c(TRUE,FALSE,TRUE,FALSE))
```

[1] 2

• What does sum(x[c(TRUE,FALSE,TRUE,FALSE)]) equal?

Answer:

```
# code
sum(x[c(TRUE,FALSE,TRUE,FALSE, TRUE)])
```

[1] 22

• What does sum(x < 5) equal?

Answer:

```
# code sum(x < 5)
```

[1] 1

• What does sum(x[x < 5]) equal?

Answer:

```
# code sum(x[x < 5])
```

[1] 3

• Why dim(x.mat[1:2,1]) return NULL while dim(x.mat[1:2,1:2]) returns a dimension?

Answer:

```
# code
dim(x.mat[1:2,1])
```

NULL

```
dim(x.mat[1:2,1:2])
```

[1] 2 2

Question 3: Lists

• Using my.list, show three ways to write one command that gives the 3rd entry of variable x in data frame myDf

Answer:

```
# code
my.list[[1]][3]
```

[1] 9

```
my.list[["myVec"]][3]
```

[1] 9

```
my.list[1]$myVec[3]
```

[1] 9

my.list\$myVec[3]

[1] 9

• What class of object does the command my.list[3] return?

Answer:

```
# code
class(my.list[3])
```

[1] "list"

• What class of object does the command my.list[[3]] return?

Answer:

```
# code
class(my.list[[3]])
```

[1] "character"

• What class of object does the command unlist(my.list) return? Why are all the entries characters?

Answer:

```
# code
class(unlist(my.list))
```

[1] "character"