5x2=10

JALPAIGURI GOVERNMENT ENGINEERING COLLEGE [A GOVERNMENT AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE] JGEC/B.TECH/CSE/PCC-CS 401/ 2021-22

2022 Discrete Mathematics

Full Marks: 70

Answer all questions

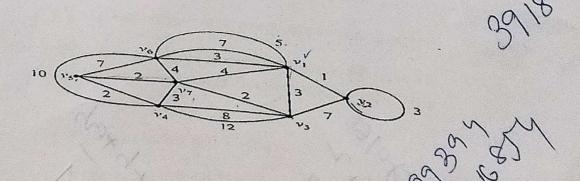
Times: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are instructed to write the answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP-A [OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS]

Find the remainder when the sum (1!+2!+3!+4!+....+100!) is divided by 21.

	IS 다른 자료를 보고 있는데, IS NELLEN ESTATE NELLEN ESTATE FOR SELECTION OF SEL	
· 2.	Using principle of mathematical induction prove that $4^{(2n+1)}+3^{(n+2)}$ is divisible by 13 .	
<3.	What is Equivalence relation?	
14.	State Pigeonhole Principle	
js.	How many ways the letters of the word MATHEMATICS be arranged in each of which the vowels occupy odd positions .	
	GROUP-B	
Answer	any five four questions [LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS]	
(6.a)	Prove the following equivalence $p \equiv (p \land q)^{\vee}(p \land q)$. $4x15 = 60$	
6.	Find the total number of the	5
	Find the total number of integers between 1 and 1000 that are divisible by any of the integers Show that the number of integers between 1 and 1000 that are divisible by any of the integers	5
26	and the number 8955795758 is divisible by 7 co	3
, K		5
V.	State Euclid's Algorithm. Using this Algorithm find the G C D of (1120,128). By "Dijkstra's procedure" S	
C	By "Dijkstra's proced. " a	5
	following graph	5
	By "Dijkstra's procedure" find the shorted path and the length of the shortest path from the vertex v ₂ to v ₅ in the	5



graph. Find the Kruskal's Algorithm a minimal spanning tree from the following 101 3 3 5 Show that $((p \lor q)^{\sim}(\sim p^{\sim}(\sim q^{\vee}\sim r)))\lor(\sim p^{\sim}q)\lor(\sim p^{\sim}r)$ is a tautology. 5 Prove that a group (G o) is abelian if and only if (a o b) $^{-1}$ = a^{-1} ob $^{-1}$ for all a ,b \in G. Show that all roots of the equation $x^4 = 1$ forms a commutative group under the operation multiplication. 5 Define Ring and Ring with Zero Divisors. Algorithm a minimal spanning tree from the following graph. 5 Find the Prim's 10.a Consider the statements p:"I will study discrete mathematics", q: "I will go to movie", r:" I am in 5 a good mode". Write the following statements in terms of p, q, r and logical connectives . Construct the truth table. "I will not go to a movie and I will study discrete mathematics if and only if I am in a good mood." 10 b. Find the remainder when 2230 is divided by 341. 5 Four dice are thrown simultaneously. In how many ways a total of 14 can be obtained? 10 c 5 Prove that without true table $((p \lor \neg q) \land (\neg p \lor \neg q)) \lor q \equiv T$. 11a. 5 11b. Find the general integral solution of the equation 70x+112y=168. 5 In how many ways can 15 members of a council sit around a circular table, when the Secretary is to 11c. sit one side of the Chairman and Deputy Secretary on other side?

JALPAIGURI GOVERNMENT ENGINEERING COLLEGE la government autonomous college! COE/B.TECH./CSE/PCC-CS402/2021-22 2022

COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE

Full Marks: 70

Answer all questions

Times: 3 Hours

Candidates are requested to write their answers in their own words as far as praeticable.

GROUP-A

A RAM chip has a capacity of 1024 words of 8 bits each (1K × 8). Find the total number of 2 × 4 decoders **JOBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS**

2. 3. 3. 5.	Derive the speed up for pipe What is 1-byte, 2-byte and 3 A cache memory needs an	of 1024 words of 8 bits each (1K × 8 construct a 16K × 16 RAM from 1K × line processing over non-pipeline procesty address instruction. access time of 30ns and main memory 6)? in an SIMD computer is done by har	8 RAM? essing. LISONS what is the average access till	ne of fy the
		GROUP-B		
Ansı	er any four questions	JLONG ANSWER TYPE QUE	4x13-00	2+4
	What is Cache Memory	P Define global miss and local miss wi	th a suitable example.	4
	iii) Describe different techr	iques to reduce Miss Rate. [5]		5
7.	i) Write short notes an			5
	i) Compare the register-to-	tor chain and strip mining with suitable register vector architecture and memo	e examples.	5 3 4
1	ii) Explain vector gather ar	register vector architecture and memond scatter instructions with suitable ex-	ry-to-memory vector architecture	4
	v) Explain different types of	of internal data forwarding techniques	with example.	3
8,) What is nineline bazards			1+5
	i) State the Bernstein's con	Describe different types of data haza	rds.	2
	ii) Use Bernstein's condition	ns to detect the parallellam and all a	to the fallowing gode:	5
			6: M = G + C: 6: A = L + C 7: A = E + A	
	Also draw a data flow gr	aph for the above code.		2
9. i	Compare super pipeline w	ith summeral		1
V	Consider the following pit	pelined processor with four stages.		4.
	911	- processor with four stages.	(M)	
	t1 t2	t3 t4 t5 t6	Tt7 700	AD

S2		X				V
S3	X		X		+-	+^-
S4		X		X		-

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List the set of forbidden latencies and state the initial collision vector. by Draw the state diagram which shows all possible latency cycles.

List all simple and greedy cycles from the state diagram.

d. What is the value of the minimal average latency (MAL)?

e. What is the maximal throughput of this pipeline?

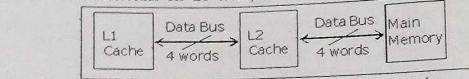
5 2 A computer has a 256 KB, 4-way set associative, write back data cache with block size of 32 Bytes. The processor sends 32 bit addresses to the cache controller. Each cache tag directory entry contains, in addition to address tag, 2 valid bits, 1 modified bit and 1 replacement bit.

(a) What is the number of bits in the tag field of an address?

(b) Find the size of the cache tag directory?

What are the different Cache updation policies? Write short notes on it?

The block size in L1 cache is 4 words. The block size in L2 cache is 16 words. The memory access times are 2 nanoseconds. 20 nanoseconds and 200 nanoseconds for L1 cache, L2 cache and main memory unit respectively.



4

4

2+5

5

5

5

5

When there is a miss in L1 cache and a hit in L2 cache, a block is transferred from L2 cache to L1 cache.

(a) What is the time taken for this transfer?

(b) When there is a miss in both L1 cache and L2 cache, first a block is transferred from main memory to L2 cache, and then a block is transferred from L2 cache to L1 cache. What is the total time taken for these transfers?

ii) A CPU has a 32KB direct mapped cache with 128 byte block size. Suppose "A" is a 2D array of size 512x512 with elements that occupying 8 bytes each consider the following two program segments P1 and P2:

for(i=0; i<512; i++) for(j=0; j<512; j++) x = x + A[i][j]; P2 for(i=0; i<512; i++) for(j=0; j<512; j++) x = x + A[j][i];

P1, P2 are executed independently with same initial state, i, j and x are in registers. Let the no of cache miss is experienced by P1 is M1 and P2 is M2. Find the value of M1 and M2?

12. A disk pack has 19 surfaces. Storage area on each surface has an inner diameter of 22cm and outer diameter of 33cm. Maximum storage density on any track is 2000 bits/cm and minimum spacing between tracks is 0.25mm.

What is the storage capacity of the pack?

(b) What is the data transfer rate in bytes per second at a rotational speed of 3600 rotation per minute (rpm)?

(c) Consider a direct mapped cache with 8 chae blocks (0-7). If the memory block requests re in the order (3, 5, 2, 8, 0, 63, 9, 16, 20, 17, 25, 18, 30, 24, 2, 63, 5, 82, 17, 24) with order from memory blocks will not be in the cache at the end of sequence?

JALPAIGURI GOVERNMENT ENGINEERING COLLEGE [A GOVERNMENT AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE] COE/B.TECH./CSE/IT/PCC-CS 403

2022 FORMAL LANGUAGE & AUTOMATA THEORY

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are requested to write their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Full Marks: 70

6.

Times: 3 Hours

5

5

3x2 = 6

5

4

GROUP-A Answer all questions [OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS] Define the relationship between the following formal languages with their corresponding automata with the help of Venn diagram: Regular languages Venn diagram: Regular languages, Context Free Languages, Context Sensitive Languages. Define Nondeterministic Finite Automata (NFA) with a suitable example. State the Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages and state also the application of this lemma.

Define Character Management of the Character of the State and State also the application of this lemma. Define Chomsky Normal Form (CNF) with example. Define Push-down Automata. GROUP-B Answer any four questions [LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS] 4x15=60 i) Prove that the following language is context-free language but not regular language. 5 $L = \{a^n b^{2n} : n \ge 0\}$ ii) Prove that the family of regular languages is closed under intersection. 5 iii) Write regular expressions for the following languages on {0, 1}: a) $L = \{ \text{ all strings ending with 01} \}$ 5 b) $L = \{ \text{ all strings containing an even number of 0's} \}$ 5+5+5=10 Prove that $(1 + 00^*1) + (1 + 00^*1)(0 + 10^*1)^*(0 + 10^*1) = 0^*1(0 + 10^*1)^*$. ii) Design a NFA to accept the following language: $L = \{a^n b^n : 0 \le n \le 4\}$

 $L = \{a^n b^m : n \ge 0 \text{ and } m \ge 0\} \cup \{a^n b^n : n \ge 0\}$

 $L = \{ww^R : w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$

 $L = \{a^n b^n : n \ge 1\}$

ii) Prove that every regular language is also a context free language, but vice-versa is not true.

Prove that the family of context-free language is closed under union, concatenation, and star-closure.

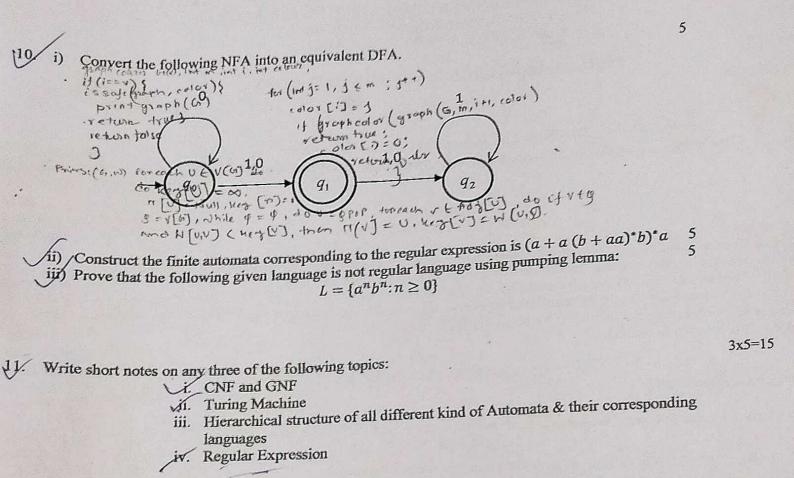
iii) Is it possible to construct a regular expression for the following language? Justify your answer.

iii) Construct a regular expression for the following language

iii) Define formal grammar and formal language with examples.

ii) Construct a NPDA for the following language.

Show that the language $L = \{a^n b^n : 0 \le n, n \ne 100\}$ is context free.



JALPAIGURI GOVERNMENT ENGINEERING COLLEGE [A GOVERNMENT AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE] COE/B.TECH/CSE/PCC-CS404/2021-22

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

Full Marks: 70

Answer all questions

Times: 3 Hours

5x2=10

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are requested to write their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP-A |OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS|

Analyze the complexity of knapsack algorithm in all cases.

-2	- 1	2-1-4 argorithm in an cases.	
ú		and the time complexity of the recursive factorial algorithm of a positive integer number. Iow does backtracking help to solve problems?	
4	V	What is the difference between algorithmic complexity and computational complexity?	
5	D	Distinguish between explicit and implicit constraints.	
		GROUP-B	
A	nswer	any four questions [LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS]	4x15=60
		Given the weight vector(15,25,35,45,55) and the profit vector(10,20,30,40,50) and a knapsack of capacity 100, find out the optimal solution for the knapsack problem of five objects	8
	W.	Explain the Bellman-Ford algorithm. Calculate it's time complexity.	6+1
7.	JAY .		4+4+1+1
	M	Explain the Travelling Salesperson problem with an example and solve it with dynamic programming concept.	5
-8.	K	What is the 0/1 knapsack problem? How dynamic programming is useful for solving it?	1+8
	utt	Write down the all pair shortest path algorithm. Calculate it's time complexity.	5+1
,9.	i)	Compare and contrast between greedy method and dynamic programming. Prove that the lower bound on the avg. case time complexity of any comparison based sorting algorithm is O(n log n).	3+5
	ii)	Prove that the average case time-complexity of quick sort algorithm is O(n log n).	7
10		Explain the strategy to solve the 15-puzzle problem. Also draw the necessary steps required to solve the problem.	5+3
	ii)	Give the solution of graph coloring problem with an example.	5+2
11.		Write down the kruskal's algorithm to find out the minimal spanning tree of an undirected graph.	3
	ii)	Find the minimum number of operations required for the following matrix chain multiplication using dynamic programming method: A(4X5)*B(5X3)*C(3x2)*D(2X7).	7
	iii)	How would you show that a decision problem is NP-Complete?	5
12.		What is the principle of optimality condition? How is it satisfied in travelling salesperson problem?	2+3
		Trace the steps to solve the 4-Queens problem by backtracking method. For each step draw	4+4+

JALPAIGURI GOVERNMENT ENGINEERING COLLEGE IA GOVERNMENT AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE JGEC/B.TECH/ CSE/IT/ MC-401/ 2021-22 2022

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

Full Marks: 70

Times: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are instructed to write the answers in their own words as far as practicable.

۸.	GROUP-A	5x2=	=10
1.	att uneclione		
2.	What are resources?	2 2 2 2 2	
3.	What are the objectives of environmental management? What are pathogens ? Monthly the	2	
4.	What are pathogens.? Mention different types of pathogens. Define noise threshold limit value.	2	
5.	Define noise threshold limit value. What do you man 1 (2) is a second of pathogens.	2	
	What do you mean by 'Criteria Air Pollutant'?		
۸.	GROUP-B	1.40	60
G	iswer any four questions [LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS]	4X1.	5=60
1	i) What are the main objectives of environmental science? ii) What is exponential growth of population? For exponential growth prove that, $N_t = N_0 e^{-Rt}$ where the symbol has their usual meaning.	2	+3
	Show that half life time of population $t_{1/d} = 70 / R_1$ (%). Prove that in the case of similar growth and decay rates that 15 to 15.	^	+3
	decay rates, the half-life time and doubling time become equal? The increase in population $t_{1/d} = 70 / R_1$ (%). Prove that in the case of similar growth a growth and the increase in population $t_{1/d} = 70 / R_1$ (%).		
	constant rate, find out the growth rate.		
7.	What is Eutrophication? In what way does 'eutrophication' occur? What are the harmful effects of	f 1	1+2
	Princetion? How can you prevent extraphication?		+3+3
	1 10 to tild the relation ROD - C (1 a-kt) whose the towns in the second morning	3	3
	Write down the differences between BOD and COD methods.	-	3
8.		ie .	1+3+3
	i) What do you mean by hardness of water? What are the effects of hardness? How can you remove the	ic .	1,5
	ii) What are various processes involved in surface water treatment to make it potable?		3
	iii) A BOD test is run using 50 ml of waste water mixed with 100 ml of pure water. The initial DO of the	ne	1 x 5
	mixture is 6.0 mg/l and after 5 days it becomes 2.0mg/l. After a long time, the DO remains fixed at 1	.0	
	mg/l. a) What is BOD5 of waste water b) What is the ultimate BOD(BODu). c) What is remaining BO	D	
	after 5 days? d) What is the reaction rate measured at 200C? e) What would be the reaction rate if measured	ed	
	at 350C?		
		•	21112
9,	Write the differences between photochemical smog and London smog? What is acid rain? What are t	ne	2+1+2
	harmful effects of acid rain?		1+4
	ii) What do you mean by particulate matter? Explain its role on air pollution.		3+2
	What are greenhouse effect and global warming? Write down the different measures to control glob warming.	oai	J12
0.	i) Define the term 'noise'. Classify different types of noise. How much is a 100 dB sound louder than a 80	0	1+1.5
0.	dB sound?		+2.5
	ii) What is noise pollution? Discuss the adverse effects of noise on human health.		1+4
	iii) Explain on the various causes of flood and landslides.		2+3
Ă.	Write short notes on any three of the following: i) Catalytic converter ii) Ozone layer Depletion, Arsenic pollution and its effect, iy) Population growth, v) Primary and Secondary pollutants.	iiix	3 x 5

JALPAIGURI GOVERNMENT ENGINEERING COLLEGE [A GOVERNMENT AUTONOMOUS COLLEGE] JGEC/B.TECH/IT/CSE/ BSC-401/2021-22 2022 BIOLOGY

Full Marks: 70

Times: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are instructed to write the answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP-A

Answer all questions Define Biomolecules with examples. What do you mean by monomer of proteins, Give examples. What biomolecules acts as genetic materials in living organisms. Which biomolecule is regarded as main source of energy in our body. Define Enzyme with examples.	2 2 2 2 2
Answer any four questions [LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS] 4x15=60 Describe different structural aspects of Protein with diagram.	15
A. Describe the Monohybrid Cross on sweet pea plants performed by Mendel along with law of segregation	. 15
8. Classify enzyme on the basis of chemical reaction with examples.	15
9. Classify carbohydrate with examples.	15
10. Classify the living organism on the basis of mode of nutrition, cellularity, ultrastructure with examples.	15
How does DNA acts as the Constitute material in most of the organism-explain?	15