Unit 3 Module 4: jQuery

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Introduction to jQuery

jQuery is a library written in pure JavaScript. It facilitates advanced features without the need to write your own functions to do so. Among jQuery's abilities are:

- Transitions & animations
- Advanced access to the DOM
- Access to JavaScript events
- AJAX¹
- Form validation

The real power of jQuery lies in its myriad of ready-made functions it gives the developer. This especially applies to its AJAX abilities.



¹Asynchronous JavaScript And XML

Using jQuery

jQuery has two release branches:

- jQuery 1.x: the standard version that supports all major browsers
- jQuery 2.x: the future development version that drops support for Internet Explorer 6, 7, and 8

Since Internet Explorer ≤ 8 is still widely deployed, the 1.x version is recommended. To use it:

- Go to https://developers.google.com/speed/libraries/devguide and find the jQuery section.
- Paste the tag from Google's site in your HTML document's <head> section.

Selector Comment \$("*") All tags Tag with idName \$("#idName") \$("a") All <a> tags \$("a.className") All <a> tags with *className* \$a["href"] All <a> tags with the href attribute \$("a:even") All even numbered <a> tags \$("a:odd") All odd numbered <a> tags

Table 1: Example jQuery Selectors [1]

Table 1 is just a small subset of jQuery's selectors.



jQuery Events

jQuery has convenient mappings to common JavaScript events and can attach JavaScript functions to an event easily. The following example will hide the element when the user clicks it.

```
$("a").click(function() {
    $(this).hide();
});
```

Listing 1: Hide the current <a> element

The most common element to attach an event to is \$(document).ready(), which is the jQuery equivalent to JavaScript's onLoad event. [2]

jQuery DOM Traversing

jQuery has many functions to do advanced DOM traversal. Note that most of these functions return a set (array) of tags.

| DOM Function | Comment |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <pre>\$("#targetId").parent()</pre> | The parent of targetId |
| <pre>\$("#targetId").parents()</pre> | All ancestors of targetId |
| <pre>\$("#targetId").siblings()</pre> | All siblings of targetId |
| <pre>\$("#targetId").children()</pre> | All descendants of targetId |

Table 2: jQuery DOM Travsersal [3]

jQuery AJAX

AJAX (**A**synchronous **J**avaScript **A**nd **X**ML) is a powerful way to communicate with external data sources and include them dynamically in a web page. Arguably, this is jQuery's most powerful function.



Figure 1: Autocomplete: AJAX's signature use

Figure 1 only scratches the surface of AJAX. AJAX can be used to connect to databases, external APIs, and other web sites to dynamically populate a web site.

Simple AJAX Example

```
$(document).ready(
    function() {
        $("button").click(
            function() {
                  $("#output").load("ajax.txt");
            });
        });
```

Listing 2: Simple AJAX Example

Listing 2 will populate a tag with the ID *output* with the data from ajax.txt. The text file can act as a stand in for any external data. [4]

Works Cited

- **j**Query Foundation.
 - Selectors.
 - http://api.jquery.com/category/selectors/.
- jQuery Foundation.
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