# The Hobby package: code

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# 1 Implementation

# 1.1 Main Code

We use LATEX3 syntax so need to load the requisite packages

```
1 \RequirePackage{pml3array}
2 \ExplSyntaxOn
3 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \fp_set:Nn {Nx}
4 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_eq:nnTF {VnTF}
5 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \tl_if_eq:nnTF {xnTF}
```

#### 1.1.1 Initialisation

We declare all our variables.

Start with version and date, together with a check to see if we've been loaded twice (fail gracefully if so).

```
6 \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
7 \tl_if_exist:NT \g_hobby_version
8 {
    \tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
      \ExplSyntaxOff
      \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
      \endinput
13
14 }
15 \tl_use:N \l_tmpa_tl
17 \tl_new:N \g_hobby_version
18 \tl_new:N \g_hobby_date
19 \tl_gset:Nn \g_hobby_version {1.12}
^{20} \tl_gset:Nn \g_hobby_date {2023-09-01}
21 \DeclareDocumentCommand \hobbyVersion {}
    \tl_use:N \g_hobby_version
24 }
25 \DeclareDocumentCommand \hobbyDate {}
26 {
    \tl_use:N \g__hobby_date
27
28 }
```

The function for computing the lengths of the control points depends on three parameters. These are set to  $a = \sqrt{2}$ , b = 1/16, and  $c = \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2}$ .

```
29 \fp_new:N \g_hobby_parama_fp
30 \fp_new:N \g_hobby_paramb_fp
31 \fp_new:N \g_hobby_paramc_fp
32 \fp_gset:Nn \g_hobby_parama_fp {2^.5}
```

```
\l_hobby_closed_bool \l_hobby_closed_bool is true if the path is closed.
                            35 \bool_new:N \l_hobby_closed_bool
                          (End of definition for \l_hobby_closed_bool. This function is documented on page ??.)
\l_hobby_disjoint_bool \l_hobby_disjoint_bool is true if the path should start with a moveto command.
                            36 \bool_new:N \l_hobby_disjoint_bool
                          (End of definition for \l_hobby_disjoint_bool. This function is documented on page ??.)
                         \l_hobby_save_aux_bool is true if when saving paths then they should be saved to the aux file.
\l_hobby_save_aux_bool
                            37 \bool_new:N \l_hobby_save_aux_bool
                            38 \bool_set_true:N \l_hobby_save_aux_bool
                            39 \DeclareDocumentCommand \HobbyDisableAux {}
                                 \bool_set_false:N \l_hobby_save_aux_bool
                            41
                            42 }
                          (End of definition for \l_hobby_save_aux_bool. This function is documented on page ??.)
                          \g__hobby_points_array is an array holding the specified points on the path. In the LATEX3 code,
\g_hobby_points_array
                          a "point" is a token list of the form <number>, <number>. This gives us the greatest flexibility in
                          passing points back and forth between the LATEX3 code and any calling code. The array is indexed
                          by integers beginning with 0. In the documentation, we will use the notation z_k to refer to the kth
                          point.
                            43 \array_new:N \g_hobby_points_array
                          (End of definition for \g_hobby_points_array.)
                         \g_{\text{hobby}} points_x_array is an array holding the x-coordinates of the specified points.
hobby points x array
                            44 \array_new:N \g_hobby_points_x_array
                          (End of definition for \g_hobby_points_x_array.)
                         \g_{\text{hobby}} points \g_{\text{array}} is an array holding the \g_{\text{-}} coordinates of the specified points.
l_hobby_points_y_array
                            45 \array_new:N \g__hobby_points_y_array
                          (End of definition for \l_hobby_points_y_array. This function is documented on page ??.)
g__hobby_actions_array
                          \g__hobby_actions_array is an array holding the (encoded) action to be taken out on the segment
                          of the path ending at that point.
                            46 \array_new:N \g_hobby_actions_array
                          (End\ of\ definition\ for\ \g_hobby_actions_array.)
                          \g_hobby_angles_array is an array holding the angles of the lines between the points. Specifi-
\g_hobby_angles_array
                          cally, the angle indexed by k is the angle in radians of the line from z_k to z_{k+1}.
                            47 \array_new:N \g_hobby_angles_array
                          (End\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb|\g_hobby_angles_array|.)
                          \g_hobby_distances_array is an array holding the distances between the points. Specifically,
_hobby_distances_array
                          the distance indexed by k, which we will write as d_k, is the length of the line from z_k to z_{k+1}.
                            48 \array_new:N \g__hobby_distances_array
                          (End\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb|\g_hobby_distances_array|.)
```

33 \fp\_gset:Nn \g\_hobby\_paramb\_fp {1/16}
34 \fp\_gset:Nn \g\_hobby\_paramc\_fp {(3-5^.5)/2}

Now we define our objects for use in generating the path.

obby\_tension\_out\_array

\g\_hobby\_tension\_out\_array is an array holding the tension for the path as it leaves each point. This is a parameter that controls how much the curve "flexes" as it leaves the point. In the following, this will be written  $\tau_k$ .

49 \array\_new:N \g\_\_hobby\_tension\_out\_array

(End of definition for \g\_hobby\_tension\_out\_array.)

hobby\_tension\_in\_array

\g\_hobby\_tension\_in\_array is an array holding the tension for the path as it arrives at each point. This is a parameter that controls how much the curve "flexes" as it gets to the point. In the following, this will be written  $\overline{\tau}_k$ .

50 \array\_new:N \g\_\_hobby\_tension\_in\_array

(End of definition for \g\_hobby\_tension\_in\_array.)

\_\_hobby\_matrix\_a\_array

 $g_hobby_matrix_a_array$  is an array holding the subdiagonal of the linear system that has to be solved to find the angles of the control points. In the following, this will be denoted by  $A_i$ . The first index is 1.

(End of definition for \g hobby matrix a array.)

\_\_hobby\_matrix\_b\_array

 $g_hobby_matrix_b_array$  is an array holding the diagonal of the linear system that has to be solved to find the angles of the control points. In the following, this will be denoted by  $B_i$ . The first index is 0.

52 \array\_new:N \g\_hobby\_matrix\_b\_array

(End of definition for \g\_hobby\_matrix\_b\_array.)

\_\_hobby\_matrix\_c\_array

 $\gline{Model} \gline{Model} \gline{Model}$ 

(End of definition for \g\_hobby\_matrix\_c\_array.)

\_\_hobby\_matrix\_d\_array

 $\g_{hobby_matrix_d_array}$  is an array holding the target vector of the linear system that has to be solved to find the angles of the control points. In the following, this will be denoted by  $D_i$ . The first index is 1.

54 \array\_new:N \g\_\_hobby\_matrix\_d\_array

 $(End\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb|\g_hobby_matrix_d_array|.)$ 

\_\_hobby\_vector\_u\_array

\g\_hobby\_vector\_u\_array is an array holding the perturbation of the linear system for closed paths. The coefficient matrix for an *open* path is tridiagonal and that means that Gaussian elimination runs faster than expected (O(n) instead of  $O(n^3)$ ). The matrix for a closed path is not tridiagonal but is not far off. It can be solved by perturbing it to a tridiagonal matrix and then modifying the result. This array represents a utility vector in that perturbation. In the following, the vector will be denoted by u. The first index is 1.

55 \array\_new:N \g\_\_hobby\_vector\_u\_array

(End of definition for \g\_hobby\_vector\_u\_array.)

bby\_excess\_angle\_array

\g\_hobby\_excess\_angle\_array is an array that allows the user to say that the algorithm should add a multiple of  $2\pi$  to the angle differences. This is because these angles are wrapped to the interval  $(-\pi, \pi]$  but the wrapping might go wrong near the end points due to computation accuracy. The first index is 1.

 $^{56} \array_new:N \g_hobby_excess_angle_array$ 

 $(End\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb|\g_hobby_excess_angle_array|.)$ 

\g\_\_hobby\_psi\_array is an array holding the difference of the angles of the lines entering and \g\_hobby\_psi\_array exiting a point. That is,  $\psi_k$  is the angle between the lines joining  $z_k$  to  $z_{k-1}$  and  $z_{k+1}$ . The first index is 1. 57 \array\_new:N \g\_hobby\_psi\_array (End of definition for \g\_hobby\_psi\_array.) \g\_\_hobby\_theta\_array is an array holding the angles of the outgoing control points for the \g\_\_hobby\_theta\_array generated path. These are measured relative to the line joining the point to the next point on the path. The first index is 0. 58 \array\_new:N \g\_hobby\_theta\_array (End of definition for \g\_hobby\_theta\_array.) \g\_\_hobby\_phi\_array is an array holding the angles of the incoming control points for the gener-\g\_hobby\_phi\_array ated path. These are measured relative to the line joining the point to the previous point on the path. The first index is 1. 59 \array\_new:N \g\_\_hobby\_phi\_array (End of definition for \g hobby phi array.) \g\_hobby\_sigma\_array is an array holding the lengths of the outgoing control points for the \g\_\_hobby\_sigma\_array generated path. The units are such that the length of the line to the next specified point is one 60 \array\_new:N \g\_hobby\_sigma\_array (End of definition for \g\_hobby\_sigma\_array.) \g\_hobby\_rho\_array \g\_hobby\_rho\_array is an array holding the lengths of the incoming control points for the generated path. The units are such that the length of the line to the previous specified point is one unit 61 \array\_new:N \g\_hobby\_rho\_array (End of definition for \g\_hobby\_rho\_array.) \g\_\_hobby\_controla\_array is an array holding the coordinates of the first control points on the \_\_hobby\_controla\_array curves. The format is the same as for \g\_hobby\_points\_array. 62 \array\_new:N \g\_hobby\_controla\_array (End of definition for \g\_hobby\_controla\_array.) \g\_\_hobby\_controlb\_array is an array holding the coordinates of the second control points on \_\_hobby\_controlb\_array the curves. The format is the same as for \g\_hobby\_points\_array. 63 \array\_new:N \g\_\_hobby\_controlb\_array (End of definition for \g\_hobby\_controlb\_array.) \1 hobby matrix v fp is a number which is used when doing the perturbation of the solution of \l\_hobby\_matrix\_v\_fp the linear system for a closed curve. There is actually a vector, v, that this corresponds to but that vector only has one component that needs computation. 64 \fp\_new:N \l\_hobby\_matrix\_v\_fp (End of definition for \l\_hobby\_matrix\_v\_fp. This function is documented on page ??.) \l\_hobby\_tempa\_tl \l\_hobby\_tempa\_tl is a temporary variable of type tl. 65 \fp\_new:N \l\_hobby\_tempa\_tl (End of definition for \l hobby tempa tl. This function is documented on page ??.) \l\_hobby\_tempb\_tl \l\_hobby\_tempb\_tl is a temporary variable of type tl.

66 \fp\_new:N \l\_hobby\_tempb\_tl

```
\l_hobby_tempa_fp \l_hobby_tempa_fp is a temporary variable of type fp.
                           67 \fp_new:N \l_hobby_tempa_fp
                         (End of definition for \l_hobby_tempa_fp. This function is documented on page ??.)
     \l_hobby_tempb_fp \l_hobby_tempb_fp is a temporary variable of type fp.
                           68 \fp_new:N \l_hobby_tempb_fp
                         (End of definition for \l_hobby_tempb_fp. This function is documented on page ??.)
     \l_hobby_tempc_fp \l_hobby_tempc_fp is a temporary variable of type fp.
                           69 \fp_new:N \l_hobby_tempc_fp
                         (End of definition for \l_hobby_tempc_fp. This function is documented on page ??.)
     \l_hobby_tempd_fp \l hobby_tempd fp is a temporary variable of type fp.
                           70 \fp_new:N \l_hobby_tempd_fp
                         (End of definition for \l_hobby_tempd_fp. This function is documented on page ??.)
     \l_hobby_temps_fp \l_hobby_temps_fp is a temporary variable of type fp.
                           71 \fp_new:N \l_hobby_temps_fp
                         (End of definition for \l_hobby_temps_fp. This function is documented on page ??.)
  \g_hobby_in_curl_fp \g_hobby_in_curl_fp is the "curl" at the end of an open path. This is used if the angle at the
                         end is not specified.
                           72 \fp_new:N \g_hobby_in_curl_fp
                           73 \fp_gset:Nn \g_hobby_in_curl_fp {1}
                         (End of definition for \g_hobby_in_curl_fp.)
 \g_hobby_out_curl_fp \g_hobby_out_curl_fp is the "curl" at the start of an open path. This is used if the angle at
                         the start is not specified.
                           74 \fp_new:N \g_hobby_out_curl_fp
                           75 \fp_gset:Nn \g_hobby_out_curl_fp {1}
                         (End of definition for \g_hobby_out_curl_fp.)
                         \g_hobby_in_angle_fp is the angle at the end of an open path. If this is not specified, it will
 \g_hobby_in_angle_fp
                         be computed automatically. It is set to \c_inf_fp to allow easy detection of when it has been
                         specified.
                           76 \fp_new:N \g_hobby_in_angle_fp
                           77 \fp_gset_eq:NN \g_hobby_in_angle_fp \c_inf_fp
                         (End of definition for \g_hobby_in_angle_fp.)
                         \g_hobby_out_angle_fp is the angle at the start of an open path. If this is not specified, it will
\g_hobby_out_angle_fp
                         be computed automatically. It is set to \c_inf_fp to allow easy detection of when it has been
                         specified.
                           78 \fp_new:N \g__hobby_out_angle_fp
                           79 \fp_gset_eq:NN \g_hobby_out_angle_fp \c_inf_fp
                         (End\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb|\g_hobby_out_angle_fp.)
                         \g_hobby_npoints_int is one less than the number of points on the curve. As our list of points
\g_hobby_npoints_int
                         starts at 0, this is the index of the last point. In the algorithm for a closed curve, some points are
                         repeated whereupon this is incremented so that it is always the index of the last point.
                           80 \int_new:N \g__hobby_npoints_int
                         (End of definition for \g_hobby_npoints_int.)
```

(End of definition for \l\_hobby\_tempb\_tl. This function is documented on page ??.)

```
81 \int_new:N \g_hobby_draw_int
```

 $(End\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb|\g_hobby_draw_int.|)$ 

A "point" is a key-value list setting the x-value, the y-value, and the tensions at that point. Using keys makes it easier to pass points from the algorithm code to the calling code and vice versa without either knowing too much about the other.

```
82 \keys_define:nn {hobby / read in all} {
     point .code:n = {
83
       \fp_set:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {\clist_item:nn {#1} {1}}
84
       \fp_set:Nn \l_hobby_tempb_fp {\clist_item:nn {#1} {2}}
85
86
     tension~out .fp_set:N = \l_hobby_tempc_fp,
     tension~in .fp_set:N = \l_hobby_tempd_fp,
     excess~angle .fp_set:N = \l_hobby_temps_fp,
     break .tl_set:N = \l_tmpb_tl,
     blank .tl_set:N = \l_tmpa_tl,
     tension .meta:n = { tension~out=#1, tension~in=#1 },
     break .default:n = false,
93
     blank .default:n = false,
     invert~soft~blanks .choice:,
     invert~soft~blanks / true .code:n = {
       \int_gset:Nn \g_hobby_draw_int {0}
98
     invert~soft~blanks / false .code:n = {
99
       \int_gset:Nn \g_hobby_draw_int {1}
100
101
     invert~soft~blanks .default:n = true,
102
     tension~out .default:n = 1,
103
     tension~in .default:n = 1,
104
     excess~angle .default:n = 0,
105
     in~angle .fp_gset:N = \g_hobby_in_angle_fp,
106
107
     out~angle .fp_gset:N = \g_hobby_out_angle_fp,
108
     in~curl .fp_gset:N = \g_hobby_in_curl_fp,
     out~curl .fp_gset:N = \g_hobby_out_curl_fp,
     closed .bool_gset:N = \g_hobby_closed_bool,
110
     closed .default:n = true,
     disjoint .bool_gset:N = \g_hobby_disjoint_bool,
     disjoint .default:n = true,
     break~default .code:n = {
114
       \keys_define:nn { hobby / read in all }
       {
116
         break .default:n = #1
117
118
     },
119
     blank~default .code:n = {
120
       \keys_define:nn { hobby / read in all }
         blank .default:n = #1
124
     }.
125
126 }
```

There are certain other parameters that can be set for a given curve.

```
127 \keys_define:nn { hobby / read in params} {
128    in~angle .fp_gset:N = \g_hobby_in_angle_fp,
129    out~angle .fp_gset:N = \g_hobby_out_angle_fp,
130    in~curl .fp_gset:N = \g_hobby_in_curl_fp,
131    out~curl .fp_gset:N = \g_hobby_out_curl_fp,
132    closed .bool_gset:N = \g_hobby_closed_bool,
133    closed .default:n = true,
```

```
disjoint .bool_gset:N = \g_hobby_disjoint_bool,
     disjoint .default:n = true,
135
     break~default .code:n = {
        \keys_define:nn { hobby / read in all }
137
138
          break .default:n = #1
139
       }
140
     },
141
     blank~default .code:n = {
142
        \keys_define:nn { hobby / read in all }
143
144
145
          blank .default:n = #1
146
147
     },
148
     invert~soft~blanks .choice:,
     invert~soft~blanks / true .code:n = {
149
        \int \int g_-hobby_draw_int \{0\}
150
151
     invert~soft~blanks / false .code:n = {
152
        \label{limit_gset:Nn \g_hobby_draw_int \{1\}} $$ \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} |g_i|^2 .
153
154
     invert~soft~blanks .default:n = true,
155
156 }
```

\hobby\_distangle:n

Computes the distance and angle between successive points. The argument given is the index of the current point. Assumptions: the points are in \g\_hobby\_points\_x\_array and \g\_hobby\_points\_y\_array and the index of the last point is \g\_hobby\_points\_int.

```
157 \cs_set:Nn \hobby_distangle:n {
    \fp_set:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {
       (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_points_x_array {#1 + 1})
159
       - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_points_x_array {#1})}
160
161
    \fp_set:Nn \l_hobby_tempb_fp {
162
       (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_points_y_array {#1 + 1})
163
       - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_points_y_array {#1})}
164
165
    \fp_set:\n \l_hobby_tempc_fp { atan ( \l_hobby_tempb_fp, \l_hobby_tempa_fp ) }
166
    \fp_veclen:NVV \l_hobby_tempd_fp \l_hobby_tempa_fp \l_hobby_tempb_fp
167
    \array_gpush:Nx \g_hobby_angles_array {\fp_to_tl:N \l_hobby_tempc_fp}
169
    \array_gpush:Nx \g_hobby_distances_array {\fp_to_tl:N \l_hobby_tempd_fp}
    }
```

(End of definition for \hobby\_distangle:n. This function is documented on page ??.)

\fp\_veclen:NVV Computes the length of the vector specified by the latter two arguments, storing the answer in the first.

```
172 \cs_new:Nn \fp_veclen:Nnn {
173 \fp_set:Nn #1 {((#2)^2 + (#3)^2)^.5}
174 }
175 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \fp_veclen:Nnn {NVV}
```

(End of definition for \fp\_veclen:NVV. This function is documented on page ??.)

\hobby\_ctrllen:Nnn

Computes the length of the control point vector from the two angles, storing the answer in the first argument given.

```
176 \cs_new:Nn \hobby_ctrllen:Nnn {
177  \fp_set:Nn #1 {(2 - \g_hobby_parama_fp
178     * ( sin(#2) - \g_hobby_paramb_fp * sin(#3) )
179     * ( sin(#3) - \g_hobby_paramb_fp * sin(#2) )
180     * ( cos(#2) - cos(#3) ) )
```

```
/ ( 1 + (1 - \g_hobby_paramc_fp) * cos(\#3) + \g_hobby_paramc_fp * cos(\#2)) } \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hobby_ctrllen:Nnn {NVV}
```

(End of definition for \hobby\_ctrllen:Nnn. This function is documented on page ??.)

by\_append\_point\_copy:n

This function adds a copy of the point (numbered by its argument) to the end of the list of points, copying all the relevant data (coordinates, tension, etc.).

Originally from Bruno Le Foch on TeX-SX.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \hobby_append_point_copy:n #1
185
       \hobby_append_point_copy_aux: Nn \g_hobby_points_array {#1}
186
       \hobby_append_point_copy_aux:Nn \g_hobby_points_x_array {#1}
187
       \hobby_append_point_copy_aux:Nn \g_hobby_points_y_array {#1}
188
       \hobby_append_point_copy_aux:Nn \g__hobby_tension_in_array {#1}
189
       \hobby_append_point_copy_aux:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {#1}
190
       \hobby_append_point_copy_aux:Nn \g__hobby_excess_angle_array {#1}
191
       \hobby_append_point_copy_aux:Nn \g__hobby_actions_array {#1}
192
193
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \hobby_append_point_copy_aux:Nn #1#2
    { \array_gpush:Nx #1 { \array_get:Nn #1 {#2} } }
```

(End of definition for \hobby\_append\_point\_copy:n. This function is documented on page ??.)

\hobby\_gen\_path:

This is the curve generation function. We assume at the start that we have an array containing all the points that the curve must go through, and the various curve parameters have been initialised. So these must be set up by a wrapper function which then calls this one. The list of required information is:

```
1. \g_hobby_points_x_array
```

- 2. \g\_hobby\_points\_y\_array
- 3. \g\_hobby\_tension\_out\_array
- 4. \g\_hobby\_tension\_in\_array
- 5. \g\_hobby\_excess\_angle\_array
- 6. \g\_hobby\_in\_curl\_fp
- 7. \g\_hobby\_out\_curl\_fp
- 8. \g\_hobby\_in\_angle\_fp
- 9. \g\_hobby\_out\_angle\_fp
- 10. \g\_hobby\_closed\_bool
- 11. \g\_hobby\_actions\_array

```
196 \cs_new:Nn \hobby_gen_path:
197 {
```

For much of the time, we can pretend that a closed path is the same as an open path. To do this, we need to make the end node an internal node by repeating the  $z_1$  node as the  $z_{n+1}$ th node. We also check that the last  $(z_n)$  and first  $(z_0)$  nodes are the same, otherwise we repeat the  $z_0$  node as well.

```
198 \bool_if:NT \g_hobby_closed_bool {
Are the x-values of the first and last points different?
199 \fp_compare:nTF {(\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_points_x_array {0})
200 =
201 (\array_top:N \g_hobby_points_x_array)}
202 {
```

```
No, so compare the y-values. Are the y-values of the first and last points different?
        \fp compare:nF {
 203
          \array_get:Nn \g_hobby_points_y_array {0}
          \array_top:N \g__hobby_points_y_array
 206
        }
 207
      {
 208
Yes, so we need to duplicate the first point, with all of its data.
        \hobby_append_point_copy:n {0}
 210
      }
      {
Yes, so we need to duplicate the first point, with all of its data.
        \hobby_append_point_copy:n {0}
 213
 214
Now that we are sure that the first and last points are identical, we need to duplicate the first-
but-one point (and all of its data).
        \hobby_append_point_copy:n {1}
 215
 216 }
    Set \g_hobby_npoints_int to the number of points (minus one).
 At this point, we need to decide what to do. This will depend on whether we have any intermediate
 218 \int_compare:nNnTF {\g_hobby_npoints_int} = {0} {
Only one point, do nothing
 219 }
 220 {
      \int_compare:nNnTF {\g_hobby_npoints_int} = {1} {
 221
Only two points, skip processing. Just need to set the incoming and outgoing angles
 222 \hobby_distangle:n {0}
 223 \fp_compare:nF { \g_hobby_out_angle_fp == \c_inf_fp }
 224 {
      \fp_set:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp { \g_hobby_out_angle_fp
 225
        - \array_get:Nn \g_hobby_angles_array {0}}
We want to ensure that these angles lie in the range (-\pi, \pi]. So if the angle is bigger than \pi, we
subtract 2\pi. (It shouldn't be that we can get bigger than 3\pi - check this)
        \fp_compare:nT {\l_hobby_tempa_fp > \c_pi_fp }
 228
          fp_sub:Nn l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp}
 229
 230
Similarly, we check to see if the angle is less than -\pi.
        \fp_compare:nT {\l_hobby_tempa_fp < -\c_pi_fp }
 231
 232
          fp_add:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp}
 234
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_theta_array {0} {\fp_to_tl:N \l_hobby_tempa_fp}
        \fp_compare:nT { \g_hobby_in_angle_fp == \c_inf_fp }
 236
      ^A
              \fp_mul:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {-1}
 238
          \array_gput:\nx \g_hobby_phi_array {1}{ \fp_to_tl:\n \l_hobby_tempa_fp}
        }
 241
```

242 \fp\_compare:nTF { \g\_hobby\_in\_angle\_fp == \c\_inf\_fp }

\fp\_compare:nT { \g\_hobby\_out\_angle\_fp == \c\_inf\_fp }

243

```
245
        \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_phi_array {1} {0}
 246
        \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_theta_array {0} {0}
 247
      }
 248
 249 }
 250
      \fp_set:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp { - \g_hobby_in_angle_fp + \c_pi_fp
 251
      (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_angles_array {0})}
 252
      \fp_compare:nT {\l_hobby_tempa_fp > \c_pi_fp }
 253
 254
        \fp_sub:\n \l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp}
 255
 256
      \fp_compare:nT {\l_hobby_tempa_fp < -\c_pi_fp }
 258
 259
        fp_add:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp}
 260
 261
      \array_gput:Nnx \g__hobby_phi_array {1}
 262
      {\fp_to_tl:N \l_hobby_tempa_fp}
 263
      \fp_compare:nT { \g_hobby_out_angle_fp == \c_inf_fp }
 264
 265
    %^^A
               \fp_mul:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {-1}
 266
           \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_theta_array {0}{ \fp_to_tl:N \l_hobby_tempa_fp}
 267
   }
 269
 271
      }
      {
 272
Got enough points, go on with processing
        \hobby_compute_path:
 273
 274
      \hobby_build_path:
 276 }
 277 }
```

(End of definition for \hobby\_gen\_path:. This function is documented on page ??.)

\hobby\_compute\_path:

This is the path builder where we have enough points to run the algorithm.

```
278 \cs_new:Nn \hobby_compute_path:
279 {
```

Our first step is to go through the list of points and compute the distances and angles between successive points. Thus  $d_i$  is the distance from  $z_i$  to  $z_{i+1}$  and the angle is the angle of the line from  $z_i$  to  $z_{i+1}$ .

```
\int_step_function:nnnN {0} {1} {\g__hobby_npoints_int - 1} \hobby_distangle:n
```

For the majority of the code, we're only really interested in the differences of the angles. So for each internal point we compute the differences in the angles.

```
\int_step_inline:nnnn {1} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {

'fp_set:Nx \l_hobby_tempa_fp {

'array_get:Nn \g_hobby_angles_array {##1}

- \array_get:Nn \g_hobby_angles_array {##1 - 1}}
```

We want to ensure that these angles lie in the range  $(-\pi, \pi]$ . So if the angle is bigger than  $\pi$ , we subtract  $2\pi$ . (It shouldn't be that we can get bigger than  $3\pi$  - check this.)

```
\fp_compare:nTF {\l_hobby_tempa_fp > \c_pi_fp }

{

\fp_sub:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp}

}

{
}

{
}
```

```
\fp_compare:nTF {\l_hobby_tempa_fp <= -\c_pi_fp }
 291
          \fp_add:\n \l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp}
 292
        }
 293
        {}
 294
The wrapping routine might not get it right at the edges so we add in the override.
   \array_get:NnNTF \g_hobby_excess_angle_array {##1} \l_tmpa_tl {
      \fp_add:\n \l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp * \l_tmpa_tl}
        \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_psi_array {##1}{\fp_to_tl:N \l_hobby_tempa_fp}
 298
      }
 299
    Next, we generate the matrix. We start with the subdiagonal. This is indexed from 1 to n-1.
      \int_step_inline:nnnn {1} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {
 300
        \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_a_array {##1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 301
           \array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {##1}^2
 302
          * \array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {##1}
 303
          * \array_get: Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {##1 + 1}
 305
      }}
 306 }
    Next, we attack main diagonal. We might need to adjust the first and last terms, but we'll do
that in a minute.
      \int_step_inline:nnnn {1} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {
 307
 308
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {##1} {\fp_to_tl:n
 309
 310 {(3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {##1 + 1}) - 1) *
     (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {##1})^2 *
 312 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {##1 - 1})
 * ( \array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {##1 - 1})
 314 +
 315 (3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {##1 - 1}) - 1)
 _{\mbox{\scriptsize 316}} * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {##1})^2
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {##1 + 1})
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {##1})}
 319 }
 320 }
    Next, the superdiagonal.
      \int_step_inline:nnnn {1} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2} {
 321
 322
      \array_gput:\nx \g_hobby_matrix_c_array \{\pmu=1\} \( \fp_to_tl:n \)
 324 {(\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {##1})^2
 325 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {##1 - 1})
 326 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {##1 - 1})
 327 }}
 328
 329 }
    Lastly (before the adjustments), the target vector.
      \int_step_inline:nnnn {1} {1} {\q_hobby_npoints_int - 2} {
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_d_array {##1} {\fp_to_tl:n
 332
 333 {
 334 - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_psi_array {##1 + 1})
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {##1})^2
 ^{336} * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {##1 - 1})
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {##1 - 1})
 338 - (3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {##1 - 1}) - 1)
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_psi_array {##1})
```

Similarly, we check to see if the angle is less than  $-\pi$ .

```
340 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {##1})^2
 341 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {##1 + 1})
 342 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {##1})
 344 }
 345 }
    Next, there are some adjustments at the ends. These differ depending on whether the path is
open or closed.
 346 \bool_if:NTF \g_hobby_closed_bool {
Closed path
 347 \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_c_array {0} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 348 - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2})
 349 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2})
 350 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})^2
 353 \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {0} {1}
 354 \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_matrix_d_array {0} {0}
 ass \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 357 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})
 358 + 1
 359 }}
 360
 361 \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_d_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 362 - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_psi_array {1})
 363 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int -1})^2
 364 * (\array_get:Nn \g__hobby_tension_out_array {\g__hobby_npoints_int -2})
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2})
 366 - (3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2}) - 1)
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_psi_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})
 ^{368} * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})^2
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int})
 370 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int -1})
 371 }
 372 }
We also need to populate the u-vector
     \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {0} {1}
 374 \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {1}
      \int_step_inline:nnnn {1} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2} {
      \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {##1} {0}
      }
 377
And define the significant entry in the v-vector.
 378 \fp_set:Nn \l_hobby_matrix_v_fp {
 379 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int -1})^2
 380 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int -2})
 381 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int -2})
 382 }
 383 }
 384 {
Open path. First, we test to see if \theta_0 has been specified.
 385 \fp_compare:nTF { \g_hobby_out_angle_fp == \c_inf_fp }
 386 {
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {0} {\fp_to_tl:n {
      (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {1})^3
 * \g_hobby_in_curl_fp
 390 +
 391 (3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {1}) - 1)
```

```
392 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {0})^3
 393 }}
 394
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_c_array {0} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 395
      (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {0})^3
 396
 397 +
 _{\mbox{\scriptsize 398}} (3 * (\array_get:\n \g_hobby_tension_out_array {0}) - 1)
 399 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {1})^3
 400 * \g_hobby_in_curl_fp
 401 }}
 402
 403
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_d_array {0} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 404 -( (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {0})^3
 406 (3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array \{0\}) - 1)
 407 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {1})^3
 408 * \g_hobby_in_curl_fp)
 409 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_psi_array {1})
 410 }}
 411
 412 }
 413 {
      \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {0} {1}
 414
      \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_matrix_c_array {0} {0}
      \fp_set:\n \l_hobby_tempa_fp \{ \g_hobby_out_angle_fp
 416
 417
        - \array_get:Nn \g__hobby_angles_array {0}}
We want to ensure that these angles lie in the range (-\pi, \pi]. So if the angle is bigger than \pi, we
subtract 2\pi. (It shouldn't be that we can get bigger than 3\pi - check this)
        \fp_compare:nT {\l_hobby_tempa_fp > \c_pi_fp }
 418
 419
          \fp_sub:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp}
 420
 421
Similarly, we check to see if the angle is less than -\pi.
        \fp_compare:nT {\l_hobby_tempa_fp < -\c_pi_fp }
 422
 423
          \fp_add:\n \l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp}
 424
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_d_array {0} {\fp_to_tl:N \l_hobby_tempa_fp}
    Next, if \phi_n has been given.
 428 \fp_compare:nTF { \g_hobby_in_angle_fp == \c_inf_fp }
 429 {
 431 \array_gput:Nnx \g__hobby_matrix_b_array {\g__hobby_npoints_int - 1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 432 \array_get:Nn \g__hobby_matrix_b_array {\g__hobby_npoints_int - 1}
 433 - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})^2
 434 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2})
 435 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2})
 436 *
 437 ((3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int} ) - 1)
 438 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})^3 \l_tmpa_tl
 439 * \g_hobby_out_curl_fp
 441 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int })^3)
 443 ((3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int -2}) - 1)
 444 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int})^3
 445 +
 446 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})^3
```

```
449
    \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_d_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 451 - (3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2}) - 1)
 452 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_psi_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})^2
 454 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int})
 455 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})
 456 }}
 457
 458 }
 459 {
      \fp_set:\n \l_hobby_tempa_fp { - \g_hobby_in_angle_fp + \c_pi_fp
 461 + (\array_get:Nn \g__hobby_angles_array {\g__hobby_npoints_int - 1})}
      \fp_compare:nT {\l_hobby_tempa_fp > \c_pi_fp }
 462
 463
        fp_sub:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp}
 464
 465
      \fp_compare:nT {\l_hobby_tempa_fp < -\c_pi_fp }
 466
 467
        \fp_add:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {2 * \c_pi_fp}
 468
 469
      \array_gput:\nx \g_hobby_phi_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int}
 471
      {\fp_to_tl:N \l_hobby_tempa_fp}
 472
 473
       \array_gput:Nnx \g__hobby_matrix_d_array {\g__hobby_npoints_int - 1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 474
    \l_hobby_tempa_fp
 475
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})^2
 477 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2})
 478 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2})
 479
 480 (3 * ( \array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2}) - 1)
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_psi_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})
 482 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})^2
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int})
 484 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1}) }}
End of adjustments for open paths.
    Now we have the tridiagonal matrix in place, we implement the solution. We start with the
forward eliminations.
 487 \int_step_inline:nnnn {1} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {
 488
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {##1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 489
      (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {##1 - 1})
 491 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {##1})
 492
 493 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_c_array {##1 - 1})
 494 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_a_array {##1})
 495 }}
The last time, we don't touch the C-vector.
      \int_compare:nT {##1 < \g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {</pre>
 496
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_c_array {##1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 499 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {##1 - 1})
       * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_c_array {##1})
 500
 501 }}
```

\* \g\_hobby\_out\_curl\_fp)

```
}
 503
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_matrix_d_array {##1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 505 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {##1 - 1})
      * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_d_array {##1})
 506
 507 -
      (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_d_array {##1 - 1})
 508
      * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_a_array {##1})
 509
 510 }}
On a closed path, we also want to know M^{-1}u so need to do the elimination steps on u as well.
      \label{local_if:NT g_hobby_closed_bool {} } $$ \bool_if:NT $$ $$ g_hobby_closed_bool {} $$
      513 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {##1 - 1})
 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {##1})
 515
 516 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {##1 - 1})
 517 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_a_array {##1})
 518 }}
 519 }
 520 }
Now we start the back substitution. The first step is slightly different to the general step.
 521 \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_theta_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 522 (\array_get:Nn \g__hobby_matrix_d_array {\g__hobby_npoints_int - 1})
 523 / (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})
 524 }}
For a closed path, we need to work with u as well.
 525 \bool_if:NT \g__hobby_closed_bool {
 $\array_gput:\Nnx \g_hobby_vector_u_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
      (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})
 528 / (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})
 529 }}
 530 }
Now we iterate over the vectors, doing the remaining back substitutions.
 531 \int_step_inline:nnnn {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2} {-1} {0} {
 532
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_theta_array {##1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
 533
 534 ( (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_d_array {##1})
     - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_theta_array {##1 + 1})
      * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_c_array {##1})
 537 ) / (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {##1})
 538 }}
 539 }
 540 \bool_if:NT \g__hobby_closed_bool {
On a closed path, we also need to work out M^{-1}u.
 541 \int_step_inline:nnnn {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 2} {-1} {0} {
      \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_vector_u_array {##1} {\fp_to_tl:n
 542
 543
        ((\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {##1})
 544
        - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {##1 + 1})
        * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_c_array {##1})
 547
        ) / (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_matrix_b_array {##1})
 548 }}
 549 }
Then we compute v^{\top}M^{-1}u and v^{\top}M^{-1}\theta. As v has a particularly simple form, these inner products
are easy to compute.
 551 \fp_set:Nn \l_hobby_tempb_fp {
```

```
552 ((\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_theta_array {1})
                      553 * \l_hobby_matrix_v_fp
                      554 - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_theta_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})
                      555 ) / (
                      556 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {1})
                      * \l_hobby_matrix_v_fp
                      558 - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})
                      559 + 1
                      560 )}
                      561
                      562
                        \int_step_inline:nnnn {0} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {
                      563
                           \array_gput:\nx \g_hobby_theta_array \{\psi \fp_to_tl:n \{\}
                           (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_theta_array {##1})
                           - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_vector_u_array {##1})
                           * \l_hobby_tempb_fp
                      568 }}
                      569 }
                      570 }
                         Now that we have computed the \theta_is, we can quickly compute the \phi_is.
                      571 \int_step_inline:nnnn {1} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {
                      572
                             \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_phi_array {##1} {\fp_to_tl:n {
                      573
                               - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_psi_array {##1})
                      574
                      575
                               - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_theta_array {##1})
                           }}
                      576
                           }
                      577
                         If the path is open, this works for all except \phi_n. If the path is closed, we can drop our added
                    point. Cheaply, of course.
                      578 \bool_if:NTF \g_hobby_closed_bool {
                          \int_gdecr:N \g_hobby_npoints_int
                      580 }{
                    If \phi_n was not given, we compute it from \theta_{n-1}.
                      581 \fp_compare:nT { \g_hobby_in_angle_fp == \c_inf_fp }
                      582
                      ssa \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_phi_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int} {\fp_to_tl:n {
                      584 ((3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int}) - 1)
                      * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})^3
                      * \g_hobby_out_curl_fp
                      587 +
                      588 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int })^3)
                      589 /
                      590 ((3 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int -2}) - 1)
                      591 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int})^3 \l_tmpa_t1
                      592 +
                      593 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1})^3
                      * \g_hobby_out_curl_fp)
                      596 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_theta_array {\g_hobby_npoints_int -1})
                      597 }}
                      598 }
                      599 }
                      600 }
                    (End of definition for \hobby_compute_path:. This function is documented on page ??.)
\hobby_build_path: Once we've computed the angles, we build the actual path.
                      601 \cs_new:Nn \hobby_build_path:
                      602 {
```

```
Next task is to compute the \rho_i and \sigma_i.
             603 \int_step_inline:nnnn {0} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {
             604
                  \fp_set:Nn \l_hobby_tempa_fp {\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_theta_array {##1}}
             605
                  \fp_set:\n \l_hobby_tempb_fp {\array_get:\n \g_hobby_phi_array \{\pi \pi \}}
                  \hobby_ctrllen:NVV \l_hobby_temps_fp \l_hobby_tempa_fp \l_hobby_tempb_fp
             609
             610
                   \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_sigma_array {##1 + 1} {\fp_to_tl:N \l_hobby_temps_fp}
             611
             612
                  \hobby_ctrllen:NVV \l_hobby_temps_fp \l_hobby_tempb_fp \l_hobby_tempa_fp
             613
                   \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_rho_array {##1} {\fp_to_tl:N \l_hobby_temps_fp}
             615
             616
                  }
             617
            Lastly, we generate the coordinates of the control points.
             618 \int_step_inline:nnnn {0} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int - 1} {
             619 \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_controla_array {##1 + 1} {\fp_eval:n {
             620 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_points_x_array {##1})
             621 +
             622
                  (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {##1}) *
                  (\array_get: Nn \g_hobby_rho_array {##1}) *
             623
             624 cos ( (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_angles_array {##1})
             625 +
                  (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_theta_array {##1}))
             626
             627 /3
             628 }, \fp_eval:n {
             629 ( \array_get:Nn \g_hobby_points_y_array {##1}) +
                  (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {##1}) *
                  632 sin ( (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_angles_array {##1})
             633 +
                  (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_theta_array {##1}))
             634
             635 /3
             636 }
             637 }
             638 }
             639 \int_step_inline:nnnn {1} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int} {
                  \array_gput:Nnx \g_hobby_controlb_array {##1} {
                    \fp_eval:n {\array_get:\n \g_hobby_points_x_array \{\pi\}
             642 - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {##1 - 1})
             643 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_sigma_array {##1})
             * cos((\array_get: Nn \g_hobby_angles_array {##1 - 1})
             _{645} - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_phi_array {##1}))/3
             646 }, \fp_eval:n {
                 (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_points_y_array {##1})
             648 - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_distances_array {##1 - 1})
             649 * (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_sigma_array {##1})
             650 * sin((\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_angles_array {##1 - 1})
             651 - (\array_get:Nn \g_hobby_phi_array {##1}))/3
             652 } }
             653 }
             654 }
            (End of definition for \hobby_build_path:. This function is documented on page ??.)
\hobbyinit Initialise the settings for Hobby's algorithm
             655 \NewDocumentCommand \hobbyinit {m m m} {
                  \hobby_set_cmds:NNN #1#2#3
```

```
658 }
                      (End of definition for \hobbyinit. This function is documented on page ??.)
                      This adds a point, possibly with tensions, to the current stack.
     \hobbyaddpoint
                          \NewDocumentCommand \hobbyaddpoint { m } {
                             \keys_set:nn { hobby/read in all }
                        661
                               tension~out.
                        662
                               tension~in.
                        663
                               excess~angle,
                        664
                               blank,
                        665
                               break,
                        666
                        667
                        668
                             \tl_if_eq:VnTF \l_tmpa_tl {true}
                             {\tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_t1 {2}}
                        670
                        671
                        672
                               \tl_if_eq:VnTF \l_tmpa_tl {soft}
                        673
                               { \tilde{0}} 
                               {\tl_set:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {1}}
                        674
                        675
                             \tl_if_eq:VnTF \l_tmpb_tl {true}
                        676
                               {\tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {1}}
                        677
                        678
                               {\tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {0}}
                             \tl_set:Nx \l_hobby_tempa_tl {\fp_use:N \l_hobby_tempa_fp}
                             \tl_set:Nx \l_hobby_tempb_tl {\fp_use:N \l_hobby_tempb_fp}
                             \hobby_add_point: VVVVVV \l_hobby_tempa_tl \l_hobby_tempb_tl \l_hobby_tempc_fp \l_hobby_tempd_fp
                        681
                        682 }
                      (End of definition for \hobbyaddpoint. This function is documented on page ??.)
 \hobby_add_point:n
                        683 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \hobby_add_point:nnnnnn #1#2#3#4#5#6
                        684
                               \array_gpush: Nn \g_hobby_actions_array { #6 }
                        685
                               \array_gpush:Nn \g_hobby_tension_out_array { #3 }
                        686
                               \array_gpush: Nn \g_hobby_tension_in_array { #4 }
                        687
                               \array_gpush: Nn \g_hobby_excess_angle_array { #5 }
                               \array_gpush:Nn \g_hobby_points_array { #1, #2 }
                               \array_gpush:Nn \g_hobby_points_x_array { #1 }
                               \array_gpush:Nn \g_hobby_points_y_array { #2 }
                        691
                        692 }
                        693 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hobby_add_point:nnnnnn {VVVVVV}
                      (End of definition for \hobby_add_point:n. This function is documented on page ??.)
                      This sets the parameters for the curve.
    \hobbysetparams
                          \NewDocumentCommand \hobbysetparams { m } {
                             \keys_set:nn { hobby / read in params }
                        695
                             {
                        696
                        697
                             }
                        698
                        699 }
                      (End of definition for \hobbysetparams. This function is documented on page ??.)
                      The path-generation code doesn't know what to actually do with the path so the initialisation code
\hobby_set_cmds:NNN
                      will set some macros to do that. This is an auxiliary command that sets these macros.
                        700 \cs_new:Npn \hobby_moveto:nnn #1#2#3 {}
                        701 \cs_new:Npn \hobby_curveto:nnn #1#2#3 {}
```

\hobby\_clear\_path:

```
702 \cs_new:Npn \hobby_close:n #1 {}
                          703 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hobby_moveto:nnn {VVV,nnV}
                          704 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hobby_curveto:nnn {VVV}
                          705 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hobby_close:n {V}
                          706 \cs_new:Nn \hobby_set_cmds:NNN {
                                \cs_gset_eq:NN \hobby_moveto:nnn #1
                                \cs_gset_eq:NN \hobby_curveto:nnn #2
                                \verb|\cs_gset_eq:NN \hobby_close:n #3|
                          709
                          710 }
                         (End of definition for \hobby_set_cmds:NNN. This function is documented on page ??.)
                         This is the user (well, sort of) command that generates the curve.
        \hobbygenpath
                          711 \NewDocumentCommand \hobbygenpath { } {
                                \array_if_empty:NF \g__hobby_points_array {
                                  \hobby_gen_path:
                          714
                          715 }
                         (End of definition for \hobbygenpath. This function is documented on page ??.)
                         If the named path doesn't exist, it is generated and named. If it does exist, we restore it. Either
   \hobbygenifnecpath
                         way, we save it to the aux file.
                          716 \NewDocumentCommand \hobbygenifnecpath { m } {
                                \tl_if_exist:cTF {g_hobby_#1_path}
                          718
                                  \tl_use:c {g_hobby_#1_path}
                          719
                          720
                                }
                          721
                                  \hobby_gen_path:
                          722
                          723
                                \hobby_save_path:n {#1}
                          724
                          725
                                \hobby_save_path_to_aux:x {#1}
                          726 }
                         (End of definition for \hobbygenifnecpath. This function is documented on page ??.)
\hobbygenifnecusepath If the named path doesn't exist, it is generated and named. If it does exist, we restore it. Either
                         way, we save it to the aux file.
                             \NewDocumentCommand \hobbygenuseifnecpath { m } {
                                \tl_if_exist:cTF {g_hobby_#1_path}
                          728
                          729
                                  \tl_use:c {g_hobby_#1_path}
                          730
                          731
                          732
                                  \hobby_gen_path:
                          733
                          734
                                \hobby_save_path:n {#1}
                          735
                                \hobby_save_path_to_aux:x {#1}
                          736
                                \hobby_use_path:
                          737
                          738
                         (End of definition for \hobbygenifnecusepath. This function is documented on page ??.)
                         This is the user (well, sort of) command that uses the last generated curve.
        \hobbyusepath
                          739 \NewDocumentCommand \hobbyusepath { m } {
                                \hobbysetparams{#1}
                                \hobby_use_path:
                          741
                          742 }
```

(End of definition for \hobbyusepath. This function is documented on page ??.)

```
\hobbysavepath This is the user (well, sort of) command that uses the last generated curve.
                     743 \NewDocumentCommand \hobbysavepath { m } {
                          \hobby_save_path:n {#1}
                     745 }
                    (End of definition for \hobbysavepath. This function is documented on page ??.)
\hobbyrestorepath This is the user (well, sort of) command that uses the last generated curve.
                     746 \NewDocumentCommand \hobbyrestorepath { m } {
                          \tl_if_exist:cT {g_hobby_#1_path} {
                             \tl_use:c {g_hobby_#1_path}
                     748
                     749
                     750 }
                    (End of definition for \hobbyrestorepath. This function is documented on page ??.)
                    This is the user (well, sort of) command that uses the last generated curve.
                     751 \NewDocumentCommand \hobbyshowpath { m } {
                          \tl_if_exist:cT {g_hobby_#1_path} {
                             \tl_show:c {g_hobby_#1_path}
                     754
                     755 }
                    (End of definition for \hobbyshowpath. This function is documented on page ??.)
 \hobbygenusepath
                    This is the user (well, sort of) command that generates a curve and uses it.
                     756 \NewDocumentCommand \hobbygenusepath { } {
                     757
                           \array_if_empty:NF \g_hobby_points_array {
                             \hobby_gen_path:
                     758
                     759
                             \hobby_use_path:
                          }
                     760
                     761 }
                    (End of definition for \hobbygenusepath. This function is documented on page ??.)
  \hobbyclearpath This is the user (well, sort of) command that generates a curve and uses it.
                     762 \NewDocumentCommand \hobbyclearpath { } {
                          \hobby_clear_path:
                     763
                     764
                    (End of definition for \hobbyclearpath. This function is documented on page ??.)
                    This is the command that uses the curve. As the curve data is stored globally, the same data can
 \hobby_use_path:
                    be reused by calling this function more than once without calling the generating function.
                     765 \tl_new:N \l_tmpc_tl
                     766 \tl_new:N \l_tmpd_tl
                     767 \cs_new:Nn \hobby_use_path: {
                           \bool_if:NT \g_hobby_disjoint_bool {
                     768
                             \array_get:NnN \g_hobby_points_array {0} \l_tmpa_tl
                     769
                             \hobby_moveto:nnV {} {} \l_tmpa_tl
                          \int_step_inline:nnnn {1} {1} {\g_hobby_npoints_int} {
                             \array_get:NnN \g_hobby_controla_array {##1} \l_tmpa_tl
                             \array_get:NnN \g_hobby_controlb_array {##1} \l_tmpb_tl
                     774
                             \array_get:NnN \g_hobby_points_array {##1} \l_tmpc_tl
                     775
                             \array_get:NnN \g_hobby_actions_array {##1} \l_tmpd_tl
                     776
                             \int_compare:nNnTF {\tl_item:Nn \l_tmpd_tl {1}} = {\g_hobby_draw_int} {
                               \hobby_curveto:VVV \l_tmpa_tl \l_tmpb_tl \l_tmpc_tl
                     778
                     779
                               \bool_gset_false:N \g_hobby_closed_bool
                     780
```

\hobby\_moveto: VVV \l\_tmpa\_tl \l\_tmpb\_tl \l\_tmpc\_tl

781 782

```
\tl_if_eq:xnTF {\tl_item:Nn \l_tmpd_tl {2}} {1} {
783
        \bool_gset_false:N \g_hobby_closed_bool
784
        \hobby_moveto:VVV \l_tmpa_tl \l_tmpb_tl \l_tmpc_tl
785
      }{}
786
    }
787
    \bool_if:NT \g__hobby_closed_bool {
788
      789
      \hobby_close: V \l_tmpa_tl
790
791
792 }
```

(End of definition for \hobby\_use\_path:. This function is documented on page ??.)

\hobby\_save\_path:n This command saves all the data needed to reinvoke the curve in a global token list that can be used to restore it afterwards.

```
\cs_new:Nn \hobby_save_path:n {
     \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
794
     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\int_gset:Nn \g_hobby_npoints_int}
795
     \tl_put_right:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {{\int_use:N \g_hobby_npoints_int}}
796
     \bool_if:NTF \g_hobby_disjoint_bool {
797
       \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\bool_gset_true:N}
798
     }{
       \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\bool_gset_false:N}
800
     }
801
802
     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\g_hobby_disjoint_bool}
803
     \bool_if:NTF \g_hobby_closed_bool {
       \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\bool_gset_true:N}
804
805
       \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\bool_gset_false:N}
806
807
     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\g_hobby_closed_bool}
808
     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\array_gclear:N \g_hobby_points_array}
     \array_map_inline:Nn \g_hobby_points_array {
       \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
         \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_points_array {##1} {##2}
812
       }
813
814
     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\array_gclear:N \g_hobby_actions_array}
815
     \array_map_inline:Nn \g_hobby_actions_array {
816
       \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
817
         \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_actions_array {##1} {##2}
818
       }
819
     }
     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\array_gclear:N \g_hobby_controla_array}
821
     \array_map_inline:Nn \g_hobby_controla_array {
822
823
       \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
         \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_controla_array {##1} {##2}
824
       }
825
826
     \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {\array_gclear:N \g_hobby_controlb_array}
827
     \array_map_inline:Nn \g__hobby_controlb_array {
828
       \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
829
         \array_gput:Nnn \g_hobby_controlb_array {##1} {##2}
831
832
     \tl_gclear_new:c {g_hobby_#1_path}
833
     \tl_gset_eq:cN {g_hobby_#1_path} \l_tmpa_tl
834
835 }
```

(End of definition for \hobby\_save\_path:n. This function is documented on page ??.)

```
bby_save_path_to_aux:n
```

\hobby\_clear\_path:

```
836 \int_set:Nn \l_tmpa_int {\char_value_catcode:n {'@}}
 837 \char_set_catcode_letter:N @
   \cs_new:Npn \hobby_save_path_to_aux:n #1 {
      \bool_if:nT {
 839
        \tl_if_exist_p:c {g_hobby_#1_path}
 840
        &&
 841
        ! \tl_if_exist_p:c {g_hobby_#1_path_saved}
 842
 843
        \l_hobby_save_aux_bool
 844
 845
 846
        \tl_clear:N \l_tmpa_tl
        \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
          \ExplSyntax0n
          \tl_gclear_new:c {g_hobby_#1_path}
 850
          \tl_gput_right:cn {g_hobby_#1_path}
 851
 852
        \tl_put_right:Nx \l_tmpa_tl {
 853
          {\tl_to_str:c {g_hobby_#1_path}}
 854
 855
        \tl_put_right:Nn \l_tmpa_tl {
 856
          \ExplSyntaxOff
 857
 858
        \protected@write\@auxout{}{
 860
          \tl_to_str:N \l_tmpa_tl
 861
        \tl_new:c {g_hobby_#1_path_saved}
 862
 863
 864 }
 865 \char_set_catcode:nn {'@} {\l_tmpa_int}
 866 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \hobby_save_path_to_aux:n {x}
(End of definition for \hobby_save_path_to_aux:n. This function is documented on page ??.)
 867 \cs_new:Nn \hobby_clear_path:
 868 {
 869 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_points_array
 870 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_points_x_array
 871 \array_gclear:N \g__hobby_points_y_array
 872 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_angles_array
 873 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_actions_array
 874 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_distances_array
 875 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_tension_out_array
 876 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_tension_in_array
 877 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_excess_angle_array
 878 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_matrix_a_array
 879 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_matrix_b_array
 880 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_matrix_c_array
 881 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_matrix_d_array
 882 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_vector_u_array
 883 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_psi_array
 884 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_theta_array
 885 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_phi_array
 886 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_sigma_array
 887 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_rho_array
 sss \array_gclear:N \g__hobby_controla_array
 889 \array_gclear:N \g_hobby_controlb_array
 890 \bool_gset_false:N \g_hobby_closed_bool
 891 \bool_gset_false:N \g_hobby_disjoint_bool
```

```
%92
893 \int_gset:Nn \g__hobby_npoints_int {-1}
894 \int_gset:Nn \g__hobby_draw_int {1}
895 \fp_gset_eq:NN \g__hobby_in_angle_fp \c_inf_fp
896 \fp_gset_eq:NN \g__hobby_out_angle_fp \c_inf_fp
897 \fp_gset_eq:NN \g__hobby_in_curl_fp \c_one_fp
898 \fp_gset_eq:NN \g__hobby_out_curl_fp \c_one_fp
899 }

(End of definition for \hobby_clear_path:. This function is documented on page ??:)
900 \ExplSyntaxOff
```

# 1.2 PGF Library

The PGF level is very simple. All we do is set up the path-construction commands that get passed to the path-generation function.

901 \input{hobby.code.tex}

Points are communicated as key-pairs. These keys translate from the LaTeX3 style points to PGF points.

```
902 \pgfkeys{
903  /pgf/hobby/.is family,
904  /pgf/hobby/.cd,
905  point/.code={%
906    \hobby@parse@pt#1\relax}
907 }
908 \def\hobby@parse@pt#1,#2\relax{%
909  \pgf@x=#1cm\relax
910 \pgf@y=#2cm\relax
911 }
```

 ${\tt hobbyatan2}$ 

The original PGF version of atan2 had the arguments the wrong way around. This was fixed in the CVS version in July 2013, but as old versions are likely to be in use for some time, we define a wrapper function that ensures that the arguments are correct.

```
912 \pgfmathparse{atan2(0,1)}
 913 \def\hobby@temp{0.0}
   \ifx\pgfmathresult\hobby@temp
      \pgfmathdeclarefunction{hobbyatan2}{2}{%
 915
        <page-header>
 916
      }
 917
 918 \else
      \pgfmathdeclarefunction{hobbyatan2}{2}{%
 919
        <page-header>
 920
 921
 922 \fi
(End of definition for hobbyatan2. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

\hobby@curveto

This is passed to the path-generation code to translate the path into a PGF path.

```
923 \def\hobby@curveto#1#2#3{%
924 \pgfpathcurveto{\hobby@topgf{#1}}{\hobby@topgf{#2}}{\hobby@topgf{#3}}%
925 }
```

 $(\mathit{End}\ \mathit{of}\ \mathit{definition}\ \mathit{for}\ \backslash \mathsf{hobby@curveto}.\ \mathit{This}\ \mathit{function}\ \mathit{is}\ \mathit{documented}\ \mathit{on}\ \mathit{page}\ \ref{eq:constraint})$ 

\hobby@moveto This is passed to the path-generation code to translate the path into a PGF path.

 $(\mathit{End}\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb+\hobby@moveto+.\ \mathit{This}\ function\ is\ documented\ on\ page\ \ref{thm:eq:local_page})$ 

```
Translates a LATEX3 point to a PGF point.
                    \hobby@topgf
                                                       929 \def\hobby@topgf#1{%
                                                                      \pgfqkeys{/pgf/hobby}{point={#1}}%
                                                       930
                                                       931 }
                                                    (End of definition for \hobby@topgf. This function is documented on page ??.)
                    \hobby@close Closes a path.
                                                       932 \def\hobby@close#1{%
                                                                 \pgfpathclose
                                                       934 }
                                                    (End of definition for \hobby@close. This function is documented on page ??.)
                  \pgfpathhobby Low-level interface to the hobby construction. This sets up the commands and starts the iterator.
                                                       935 \def\pgfpathhobby{%
                                                                 937 \def\pgfpath@hobby#1{%
                                                                 \hobby@nit\hobby@moveto\hobby@curveto\hobby@close
                                                       938
                                                                 \hobbysetparams{#1}%
                                                       939
                                                                  \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@x{\the\pgf@path@lastx/1cm}%
                                                       940
                                                                  \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@y{\the\pgf@path@lasty/1cm}%
                                                                 \hobbyaddpoint{point={\hobby@x, \hobby@y}}%
                                                       942
                                                       943 }
                                                    (End of definition for \pgfpathhobby. This function is documented on page ??.)
                                                    Adds a point to the construction
             \pgfpathhobbypt
                                                       944 \def\pgfpathhobbypt#1{%}
                                                                 #1%
                                                       945
                                                                  \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@x{\the\pgf@x/1cm}%
                                                       946
                                                                 \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@y{\the\pgf@y/1cm}\%
                                                                  \verb|\pgfutil@ifnextchar| bgroup{\pgfpathhobbyptparams}{\pgfpathhobbyptparams}|| for each of the property of th
                                                       948
                                                      949 }
                                                    (End of definition for \pgfpathhobbypt. This function is documented on page ??.)
\pgfpathhobbyptparams
                                                       950 \def\pgfpathhobbyptparams#1{%
                                                                 \hobbyaddpoint{#1,point={\hobby@x, \hobby@y}}%
                                                       951
                                                    (End of definition for \pgfpathhobbyptparams. This function is documented on page ??.)
           \pgfpathhobbyend
                                                             \def\pgfpathhobbyend{%
                                                       953
                                                                  \ifhobby@externalise
                                                       954
                                                                      \ifx\hobby@path@name\pgfutil@empty
                                                       955
                                                                           \hobbygenusepath
                                                       956
                                                       957
                                                                           \hobbygenuseifnecpath{\hobby@path@name}%
                                                       958
                                                       959
                                                                      \fi
                                                                  \else
                                                       960
                                                                      \hobbygenusepath
                                                       961
                                                                  \fi
                                                       962
                                                                  \ifx\hobby@path@name\pgfutil@empty
                                                       963
                                                       964
                                                                      \hobbysavepath{\hobby@path@name}%
                                                       965
                                                       966
                                                                  \global\let\hobby@path@name=\pgfutil@empty
                                                       967
                                                       968 }
```

(End of definition for \pgfpathhobbyend. This function is documented on page ??.)
Plot handlers

\pgfplothanderhobby Basic plot handler; uses full algorithm but therefore expensive

```
969 \def\pgfplothandlerhobby{%
     \def\pgf@plotstreamstart{%
       \hobbyinit\hobby@moveto\hobby@curveto\hobby@close
971
       \global\let\pgf@plotstreampoint=\pgf@plot@hobby@firstpt
972
       \global\let\pgf@plotstreamspecial=\pgfutil@gobble
973
       \gdef\pgf@plotstreamend{%
974
         \ifhobby@externalise
975
          \ifx\hobby@path@name\pgfutil@empty
976
           \hobbygenusepath
977
          \else
           \hobbygenuseifnecpath{\hobby@path@name}%
          \fi
980
         \else
981
          \hobbygenusepath
982
         \fi
983
         \ifx\hobby@path@name\pgfutil@empty
984
         \else
985
          \hobbysavepath{\hobby@path@name}%
986
987
         \global\let\hobby@path@name=\pgfutil@empty
       }%
       \let\tikz@scan@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
ggn
     }
991
992 }
```

(End of definition for \pgfplothanderhobby. This function is documented on page ??.)

plothandlerclosedhobby

Same as above but produces a closed curve

```
\def\pgfplothandlerclosedhobby{%
993
      \def\pgf@plotstreamstart{%
994
        \hobbyinit\hobby@moveto\hobby@curveto\hobby@close
995
        \hobbysetparams{closed=true, disjoint=true}%
996
        \global\let\pgf@plotstreampoint=\pgf@plot@hobby@firstpt
997
        \global\let\pgf@plotstreamspecial=\pgfutil@gobble
998
        \gdef\pgf@plotstreamend{%
          \ifhobby@externalise
           \ifx\hobby@path@name\pgfutil@empty
            \hobbygenusepath
           \else
1003
            \hobbygenuseifnecpath{\hobby@path@name}%
1004
           \fi
1005
          \else
1006
           \hobbygenusepath
1007
1008
          \ifx\hobby@path@name\pgfutil@empty
1009
          \else
1010
           \hobbysavepath{\hobby@path@name}%
1011
1012
          \global\let\hobby@path@name=\pgfutil@empty
1013
       }%
1014
     }
1015
1016 }
```

 $(\mathit{End}\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb+\pgfplothandlerclosedhobby+.\ This\ function\ is\ documented\ on\ page\ \ref{eq:constraint}??.)$ 

pgf@plot@hobby@firstpt

First point, move or line as appropriate and then start the algorithm.

1017 \def\pgf@plot@hobby@firstpt#1{%

```
\pgf@plot@first@action{#1}%
                           1018
                                 \pgf@plot@hobby@handler{#1}%
                           1019
                                 \global\let\pgf@plotstreampoint=\pgf@plot@hobby@handler
                           1021 }
                          (End of definition for \pgf@plot@hobby@firstpt. This function is documented on page ??.)
                          Add points to the array for the algorithm to work on.
pgf@plot@hobby@handler
                              \def\pgf@plot@hobby@handler#1{%
                                   #1%
                           1023
                                   \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@x{\the\pgf@x/1cm}%
                           1024
                                   \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@y{\the\pgf@y/1cm}%
                           1025
                                   \hobbyaddpoint{point={\hobby@x, \hobby@y}}%
                           1027
                          (End of definition for \pgf@plot@hobby@handler. This function is documented on page ??.)
fplothandlerquickhobby
                          Uses the "quick" algorithm.
                              \def\pgf@plotstreamstart{%
                                   \global\let\hobby@quick@curveto=\pgfpathcurveto
                                   \global\let\pgf@plotstreampoint=\pgf@plot@qhobby@firstpt
                           1031
                                   \global\let\pgf@plotstreamspecial=\pgfutil@gobble
                           1032
                                   \global\let\pgf@plotstreamend=\pgf@plot@qhobby@end
                           1033
                           1034
                           1035 }
                          (End of definition for \pgfplothandlerquickhobby. This function is documented on page ??.)
                          Carry out first action (move or line) and save point.
gf@plot@qhobby@firstpt
                              \def\pgf@plot@qhobby@firstpt#1{%
                           1036
                           1037
                                 \edef\hobby@temp{\noexpand\pgf@plot@first@action{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}}\h
                           1038
                                 \xdef\hobby@qpoints{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                                 \gdef\hobby@qpointa{}%
                                 \gdef\hobby@angle{}%
                           1041
                                 \global\let\pgf@plotstreampoint=\pgf@plot@qhobby@secondpt
                           1042
                           1043
                          (\mathit{End}\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb+\pgf@plot@qhobby@firstpt+.\ \mathit{This}\ function\ is\ documented\ on\ page\ \ref{page}??.)
                          Also need to save second point.
f@plot@qhobby@secondpt
                              \def\pgf@plot@qhobby@secondpt#1{%
                           1044
                                #1%
                           1045
                                 \xdef\hobby@qpointa{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                           1046
                                 \global\let\pgf@plotstreampoint=\pgf@plot@qhobby@handler
                           1047
                          (End of definition for \pgf@plot@qhobby@secondpt. This function is documented on page ??.)
                          Wrapper around the computation macro that saves the variables globally.
gf@plot@qhobby@handler
                              \def\pgf@plot@qhobby@handler#1{%
                           1049
                           1050
                                 \edef\hobby@temp{\noexpand\hobby@quick@compute{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}}\hob
                           1051
                                 \global\let\hobby@qpointa=\hobby@qpointa
                           1052
                                 \global\let\hobby@qpoints=\hobby@qpoints
                           1053
                                 \global\let\hobby@angle=\hobby@angle
                           1054
                          Also need to save some data for the last point
                                 \global\let\hobby@thetaone=\hobby@thetaone
                           1055
                                 \global\let\hobby@phitwo=\hobby@phitwo
                           1056
                                 \global\let\hobby@done=\hobby@done
                           1057
                                 \global\let\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone
                           1058
                           1059 }
```

(End of definition for \pgf@plot@qhobby@handler. This function is documented on page ??.)

### \pgf@plot@qhobby@end

Wrapper around the finalisation step.

```
1060 \def\pgf@plot@qhobby@end{%
1061 \hobby@quick@computeend
1062 }
```

(End of definition for \pgf@plot@qhobby@end. This function is documented on page ??.)

#### \hobby@sf

Working with points leads to computations out of range so we scale to get them into the computable arena.

1063 \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@sf{10cm}

(End of definition for \hobby@sf. This function is documented on page ??.)

#### \hobby@quick@compute

This is the macro that does all the work of computing the control points. The argument is the current point, \hobby@qpointa is the middle point, and \hobby@qpoints is the first point.

1064 \def\hobby@quick@compute#1{%

Save the current (second - counting from zero) point in \pgf@xb and \pgf@yb.

```
1065 #1%
1066 \pgf@xb=\pgf@x
1067 \pgf@yb=\pgf@y
```

Save the previous (first) point in \pgf@xa and \pgf@ya.

```
hobby@qpointa
hosp \pgf@xa=\pgf@x
hosp f@ya=\pgf@y
```

Adjust so that (\pgf@xb,\pgf@yb) is the vector from second to third. Then compute and store the distance and angle of this vector. We view this as the vector *from* the midpoint and everything to do with that point has the suffix one. Note that we divide by the scale factor here.

Now we do the same with the vector from the zeroth to the first point.

```
1075 \hobby@qpoints

1076 \advance\pgf@xa by -\pgf@x

1077 \advance\pgf@ya by -\pgf@y

1078 \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@dzero{sqrt((\pgf@xa/\hobby@sf)^2 + (\pgf@ya/\hobby@sf)^2)}%

1079 \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@omegazero{rad(hobbyatan2(\pgf@ya,\pgf@xa))}%
```

**\hobby@psi** is the angle subtended at the midpoint. We adjust to ensure that it is in the right range.

```
\pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@psi{\hobby@omegaone - \hobby@omegazero}%

pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@psi{\hobby@psi > pi ? \hobby@psi - 2*pi : \hobby@psi}%

pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@psi{\hobby@psi < -pi ? \hobby@psi + 2*pi : \hobby@psi}%</pre>
```

Now we test to see if we're on the first run or not. If the first, we have no incoming angle.

1083 \ifx\hobby@angle\pgfutil@empty

#### First.

```
Second or later.
                                                                   \let\hobby@thetazero=\hobby@angle
                                                                   \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@thetaone{%
                                                                   -(2 * \hobby@psi + \hobby@thetazero) * \hobby@done%
                                                                   / (2 * \hobby@done + \hobby@dzero)}%
                                                                   \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@phione{-\hobby@psi - \hobby@thetaone}%
                                                                   \let\hobby@phitwo=\hobby@thetaone
                                                       1095
                                                                   \fi
                                                       1096
                                                     Save the outgoing angle.
                                                                   \let\hobby@angle=\hobby@thetaone
                                                     Compute the control points from the angles.
                                                                   \hobby@quick@ctrlpts{\hobby@thetazero}{\hobby@phione}{\hobby@qpoints}{\hobby@qpointa}{\hobby@dze:
                                                     Now call the call-back function
                                                                   \edef\hobby@temp{\noexpand\hobby@quick@curveto{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@xa}{\the\pgf@ya}}{\n
                                                       1100 \hobby@temp
                                                     Cycle the points round for the next iteration.
                                                                   \global\let\hobby@qpoints=\hobby@qpointa
                                                                   \xdef\hobby@qpointa{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                                                       1103
                                                     Save needed values in global macros
                                                                   \global\let\hobby@angle=\hobby@angle
                                                       1104
                                                                   \global\let\hobby@phitwo=\hobby@phitwo
                                                       1105
                                                                   \global\let\hobby@thetaone=\hobby@thetaone
                                                       1106
                                                       1107 \global\let\hobby@done=\hobby@done
                                                       {\tt 1108} \verb|\global\let\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby@omegaone=\hobby
                                                       1109 }
                                                     (End of definition for \hobby@quick@compute. This function is documented on page ??.)
hobby@wuick@computeend
                                                     This is the additional code for the final run.
                                                       1110 \def\hobby@quick@computeend{%
                                                     Compute the control points for the second part of the curve and add that to the path.
                                                                   \hobby@quick@ctrlpts{\hobby@thetaone}{\hobby@phitwo}{\hobby@qpoints}{\hobby@qpointa}{\hobby@done
                                                     Now call the call-back function
                                                                   \edef\hobby@temp{\noexpand\hobby@quick@curveto{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@xa}{\the\pgf@ya}}{\n
                                                       1113 \hobby@temp
                                                       1114 }%
                                                     (End of definition for \hobby@wuick@computeend. This function is documented on page ??.)
                                                     Compute the control points from the angles and points given.
                                                              \def\hobby@quick@ctrlpts#1#2#3#4#5#6{%
                                                       1115
                                                                   \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@alpha{%
                                                       1116
```

\hobby@quick@ctrlpts

```
sqrt(2) * (sin(#1 r) - 1/16 * sin(#2 r))%
1117
             (\sin(\#2 r) - 1/16 * \sin(\#1 r))\%
1118
            * (\cos(\#1 \ r) - \cos(\#2 \ r))}%
1119
                \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@rho{%
1120
                      (2 + \begin{picture}(2 + \begin{picture}(2 + \begin{picture}(3 - \sqrt(5))/2)\%\\ (2 + \begin{picture}(2 + \begin{picture}(3 - \sqrt(5))/2)\%\\ (2 + \begin{picture}(3 - \sqrt(5))/2)\%\\ (2 + \begin{picture}(3 - \sqrt(5))/2)\%\\ (3 + \sqrt(5))/2)\%\\ (4 + \sqrt(5))/2)\%
             * cos(#1 r) + (3 - sqrt(5))/2 * cos(#2 r))}%
                \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@sigma{%
1123
                     (2 - \hobby@alpha)/(1 + (1 - (3 - sqrt(5))/2)%
1124
                * \cos(\#2 \ r) + (3 - \operatorname{sqrt}(5))/2 * \cos(\#1 \ r))
1125
1126
                \pgf@xa=\pgf@x
                \pgf@ya=\pgf@y
1128
                \pgfmathsetlength\pgf@xa{%
1129
                     \pgf@xa + #5 * \hobby@rho%
1130
```

```
* cos((#1 + #6) r)/3*\hobby@sf}%
      \pgfmathsetlength\pgf@ya{%
1132
        \pgf@ya + #5 * \hobby@rho%
      * sin((#1 + #6) r)/3*\hobby@sf}%
1134
1135
      \pgf@xb=\pgf@x
1136
      \pgf@yb=\pgf@y
      \pgfmathsetlength\pgf@xb{%
1138
        \pgf@xb - #5 * \hobby@sigma%
1139
      * cos((-#2 + #6) r)/3*\hobby@sf}%
1140
      \pgfmathsetlength\pgf@yb{%
1141
        \pgf@yb - #5 * \hobby@sigma%
1142
     * sin((-#2 + #6) r)/3*\hobby@sf}%
1145 }
```

(End of definition for \hobby@quick@ctrlpts. This function is documented on page ??.)

# 1.3 TikZ Library

```
1146 \usepgflibrary{hobby}
1147 \let\hobby@this@opts=\pgfutil@empty
1148 \let\hobby@next@opts=\pgfutil@empty
1149 \let\hobby@action=\pgfutil@empty
1150 \let\hobby@path@name=\pgfutil@empty
1151 \newif\ifhobby@externalise
```

We set various TikZ keys. These include the to path constructor and all the various parameters that will eventually get passed to the path-generation code.

```
1152
   \def\hobby@point@options{}%
   \tikzset{
1154
     curve through/.style={
       to path={
          \pgfextra{
1156
            \expandafter\curvethrough\expandafter[\hobby@next@opts]{%
              (\tikztostart) .. #1 .. (\tikztotarget)%
1158
1159
          }
1160
       }
1161
     },
1162
     tension in/.code = {%
1163
       \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\hobby@point@options\expandafter%
1164
       {\hobby@point@options,tension in=#1}%
1165
1166
     },
     tension out/.code = {%
1167
        \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\hobby@point@options\expandafter%
1168
        {\hobby@point@options,tension out=#1}%
1169
     },
     tension/.append code = {%
        \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\hobby@point@options\expandafter%
        {\hobby@point@options,tension=#1}%
     },
     excess angle/.code = {%
1175
       \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\hobby@point@options\expandafter%
1176
       {\hobby@point@options,excess angle=#1}%
     },
1178
     break/.code = {%
1179
        \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\hobby@point@options\expandafter%
1180
       {\hobby@point@options,break=#1}%
1181
1182
     blank/.code = {%
1183
        \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\hobby@point@options\expandafter%
1184
```

```
{\hobby@point@options,blank=#1}%
1185
           },
1186
           designated Hobby path/.initial={next},
           clear next Hobby path options/.code={%
               \gdef\hobby@next@opts{}%
1189
1190
           clear this Hobby path options/.code={%
               \gdef\hobby@this@opts{}%
1192
1193
           clear Hobby path options/.style={%
1194
               clear \pgfkeysvalueof{/tikz/designated Hobby path} Hobby path options
1195
1196
           add option to this Hobby path/.code={%
               \verb|\expandafter\hobby@this@opts\expandafter{\hobby@this@opts#1,}|| % is a simple of the property of the prope
           add option to next Hobby path/.code={%
1200
                \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\hobby@next@opts\expandafter{\hobby@next@opts#1,}%
1201
1202
           add option to Hobby path/.style={%
1203
               add option to \pgfkeysvalueof{/tikz/designated Hobby path} Hobby path={#1}%
1204
1205
           closed/.style = {%
1206
               add option to Hobby path={closed=#1,disjoint=#1}%
1207
           invert blank/.style = {%
1209
               add option to Hobby path={invert blank=#1}%
1210
           closed/.default = true,
           blank/.default = true,
           break/.default = true,
1214
           invert blank/.default = true,
1215
           in angle/.code = {%
1216
                \pgfmathparse{(#1)*pi/180}%
                \edef\@temp{in angle=\pgfmathresult,}%
                \pgfkeysalso{add option to Hobby path/.expand once=\@temp}%
1219
           },
1220
           out angle/.code = {%
                \pgfmathparse{(#1)*pi/180}%
                \edef\@temp{out angle=\pgfmathresult,}%
1223
               \pgfkeysalso{add option to Hobby path/.expand once=\0temp}%
1224
1225
           in curl/.style = {%
1226
               add option to Hobby path={in curl=#1}%
1227
1228
           out curl/.style = {%
1229
               add option to Hobby path={out curl=#1}%
1230
1231
           use Hobby shortcut/.code={%
               \let\tikz@curveto@auto=\hobby@curveto@override
                \global\let\hobby@curveto@delegate=\hobby@curveto@auto
1234
           },
1235
           use quick Hobby shortcut/.code={%
1236
               \let\tikz@curveto@auto=\hobby@curveto@override
1237
                \global\let\hobby@curveto@delegate=\hobby@qcurveto@auto
1238
           },
           use previous Hobby path/.code={%
1240
               \hobbyusepath{#1}%
1242
           },
           use previous Hobby path/.default={},%
1243
           save Hobby path/.code={%
1244
               \xdef\hobby@path@name{#1}%
1245
```

```
restore Hobby path/.code={%
                       1247
                              \hobby@tikz@moveto\hobby@tikz@curveto\hobby@tikz@close
                               \global\let\hobby@collected@onpath\pgfutil@empty
                       1249
                               \hobbyrestorepath{#1}%
                       1250
                       1251
                            },
                            restore and use Hobby path/.code 2 args={%
                       1252
                               \hobbyinit\hobby@tikz@moveto\hobby@tikz@curveto\hobby@tikz@close
                       1253
                               \global\let\hobby@collected@onpath\pgfutil@empty
                       1254
                               \hobbyrestorepath{#1}%
                       1255
                               \hobbyusepath{#2}%
                       1256
                            },
                       1257
                            show Hobby path/.code={%
                               \hobbyshowpath{#1}%
                            },
                            Hobby action/.code={%
                       1261
                               \expandafter\gdef\expandafter\hobby@action\expandafter{\hobby@action#1}%
                       1262
                       1263
                            Hobby finish/.style={%
                       1264
                              Hobby action=\hobby@finish%
                       1265
                       1266
                            Hobby externalise/.is if=hobby@externalise,
                       1267
                            Hobby externalize/.is if=hobby@externalise
                       1268
                       1269
\hobby@tikz@curveto
                      This is passed to the path-generation code to translate the path into a PGF path.
                          \def\hobby@tikz@curveto#1#2#3{%
                             \pgfutil@ifundefined{tikz@timer@start}{%
                               \expandafter\hobby@topgf\expandafter{\hobby@initial@pt}%
                               \edef\tikz@timer@start{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                       1273
                            }{}%
                       1274
                             \hobby@topgf{#1}%
                             \edef\tikz@timer@cont@one{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                       1276
                             \hobby@topgf{#2}%
                             \edef\tikz@timer@cont@two{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                       1278
                             \hobby@topgf{#3}%
                       1279
                             \let\tikz@timer=\tikz@timer@curve
                       1280
                             \edef\tikz@timer@end{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                       1281
                             \ifx\hobby@collected@onpath\pgfutil@empty
                             \expandafter\hobby@nodes@onpath\hobby@collected@onpath\relax\relax
                             \pgfpathcurveto{\hobby@topgf{#1}}{\hobby@topgf{#2}}{\hobby@topgf{#3}}%
                       1286
                             \hobby@topgf{#3}%
                       1287
                             \edef\tikz@timer@start{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                       1288
                       1289 }
                      (End of definition for \hobby@tikz@curveto. This function is documented on page ??.)
 \hobby@tikz@moveto
                      This is passed to the path-generation code to translate the path into a PGF path.
                          \def\hobby@tikz@moveto#1#2#3{%
                            \pgfutil@ifundefined{tikz@timer@start}{%
                       1291
                               \expandafter\hobby@topgf\expandafter{\hobby@initial@pt}%
                       1292
                               \edef\tikz@timer@start{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                       1293
                            ጉናጉ%
                       1294
                             \hobby@topgf{#3}%
                       1295
                             \edef\tikz@timer@end{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                       1296
                             \def\pgf@temp{#1}%
                       1297
                             \ifx\pgf@temp\pgfutil@empty
                       1298
                               \let\tikz@timer=\tikz@timer@line
                       1299
                             \expandafter\def\expandafter\hobby@collected@onpath\expandafter{\expandafter{\expandafter}\hobby
                       1300
                            \else
                       1301
```

1246

```
\hobby@topgf{#1}%
                                             1302
                                                             \edef\tikz@timer@cont@one{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                                             1303
                                                             \hobby@topgf{#2}%
                                              1304
                                                             \verb|\edgf[]] $$ \edge $$ \edge
                                              1305
                                                             \let\tikz@timer=\tikz@timer@curve
                                              1306
                                              1307
                                                         \ifx\hobby@collected@onpath\pgfutil@empty
                                              1308
                                                         \else
                                              1309
                                                         \expandafter\hobby@nodes@onpath\hobby@collected@onpath\relax\relax
                                              1310
                                              1311
                                                         \pgfpathmoveto{\hobby@topgf{#3}}%
                                              1312
                                                         \hobby@topgf{#3}%
                                                         \edef\tikz@timer@start{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                                              1314
                                              1315 }
                                            (End of definition for \hobby@tikz@moveto. This function is documented on page ??.)
    \hobby@tikz@close
                                            Closes a path.
                                             1316 \def\hobby@tikz@close#1{%
                                                         \hobby@topgf{#1}%
                                                         \edef\tikz@timer@end{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                                              1318
                                                        \let\tikz@timer=\tikz@timer@line
                                              1319
                                                         \ifx\hobby@collected@onpath\pgfutil@empty
                                              1320
                                              1321
                                                         \expandafter\hobby@nodes@onpath\hobby@collected@onpath\relax\relax
                                              1322
                                              1323
                                                         \pgfpathclose
                                             1324
                                             1325 }
                                            (End of definition for \hobby@tikz@close. This function is documented on page ??.)
\hobby@nodes@onpath
                                                    \def\hobby@nodes@onpath#1#2\relax{%
                                                         \gdef\hobby@collected@onpath{#2}%
                                             1327
                                                         \def\pgf@temp{#1}%
                                             1328
                                                        \ifx\pgf@temp\pgfutil@empty
                                              1329
                                                         \else
                                             1330
                                                         \def\@gtempa{\relax}
                                             1331
                                                        \ifx\pgf@temp\@gtempa
                                                        \tikz@node@is@a@labeltrue
                                              1334
                                                        \tikz@scan@next@command#1\pgf@stop
                                              1335
                                                        \tikz@node@is@a@labelfalse
                                              1336
                                                        \fi
                                             1337
                                                         \fi
                                             1338
                                             1339 }
                                            (End of definition for \hobby@nodes@onpath. This function is documented on page ??.)
                                           This is the parent command. We initialise the path-generation code, set any parameters, and then
            \curvethrough
                                            hand over control to the point processing macro.
                                                    \newcommand\curvethrough[2][]{%
                                                         \hobbyinit\hobby@tikz@moveto\hobby@tikz@curveto\hobby@tikz@close
                                                         \global\let\hobby@collected@onpath\pgfutil@empty
                                              1342
                                              1343
                                                         \let\hobby@initial@pt\pgfutil@empty
                                                         \hobbysetparams{#1}%
                                              1344
                                                         \tikzset{designated Hobby path=this}%
                                              1345
                                                         \global\let\hobby@this@opts=\pgfutil@empty
                                              1346
                                                         \global\let\hobby@next@opts=\pgfutil@empty
                                             1347
                                                         \let\tikz@scan@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
                                             1348
                                                         \def\hobby@point@options{}%
                                             1349
                                                         \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@processpt #2 \relax%
                                             1350
                                             1351 }
```

(End of definition for \curvethrough. This function is documented on page ??.)

\hobby@processpt

This processes a list of points in the format (0,0) [...] (1,1). Each point is scanned by TikZ and then added to the stack to be built into the path. If there are any remaining points, we call ourself again with them. Otherwise, we hand over control to the path-generation code.

```
\newcommand\hobby@processpt[1]{%
     #1%
1353
      \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@x{\the\pgf@x/1cm}%
      \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@y{\the\pgf@y/1cm}%
1355
      \ifx\hobby@initial@pt\pgfutil@empty
        \xdef\hobby@initial@pt{\hobby@x, \hobby@y}%
1357
1358
      \expandafter\hobbyaddpoint\expandafter{\hobby@point@options,%
1359
        point={\hobby@x, \hobby@y}}%
1360
      \def\hobby@point@options{}%
1361
      \let\tikz@scan@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
1362
      \pgfutil@ifnextchar\relax{%
1363
        \expandafter\hobbysetparams\expandafter{\hobby@this@opts}%
1364
      \ifhobby@externalise
1365
        \ifx\hobby@path@name\pgfutil@empty
1366
          \hobbygenusepath
1367
        \else
1368
          \hobbygenuseifnecpath{\hobby@path@name}%
1369
        \fi
      \else
        \hobbygenusepath
1373
      \fi
      \ifx\hobby@path@name\pgfutil@empty
        \hobbysavepath{\hobby@path@name}%
1376
1377
      \fi
      \global\let\hobby@path@name=\pgfutil@empty
1378
     }{%
1379
        \pgfutil@ifnextchar.{%
1380
          \hobby@swallowdots}{%
1381
          \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@processpt}}}
1382
```

(End of definition for \hobby@processpt. This function is documented on page ??.)

### \hobby@swallowdots

Remove dots from the input stream.

```
1383 \def\hobby@swallowdots.{%
1384 \pgfutil@ifnextchar.{%
1385 \hobby@swallowdots}{%
1386 \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@processpt}}
```

 $(\mathit{End}\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb|\hobby@swallowdots|.\ \mathit{This}\ function\ is\ documented\ on\ page\ \ref{thm:local_page_signal_page})$ 

There is a "spare hook" in the TikZ path processing code. If TikZ encounters a path of the form (0,0) .. (1,1) then it calls a macro \tikz@curveto@auto. However, that macro is not defined in the TikZ code. The following code provides a suitable definition. To play nice, we don't install it by default but define a key (defined above) that installs it.

# hobby@curveto@override

```
1387 \def\hobby@curveto@override{%
1388 \hobby@curveto@delegate}
```

 $(\mathit{End}\ of\ definition\ for\ \verb+\hobby@curveto@override.}\ \mathit{This}\ \mathit{function}\ \mathit{is}\ \mathit{documented}\ \mathit{on}\ \mathit{page}\ \ref{eq:curveto}.)$ 

#### \hobby@curveto@auto

When we're called by TikZ, we initialise the path generation code and start adding points. To ensure that the generation code is called, we add a lot of hooks to lots of TikZ commands.

```
1389 \def\hobby@curveto@auto{%
```

1390 \hobbyinit\hobby@tikz@moveto\hobby@tikz@curveto\hobby@tikz@close

```
\expandafter\gdef\expandafter\hobby@collected@onpath\expandafter{\expandafter{\tikz@collected@on
 1391
      \let\tikz@collected@onpath=\pgfutil@empty
 1392
      \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@x{\the\tikz@lastx/1cm}%
      \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@y{\the\tikz@lasty/1cm}%
      \xdef\hobby@initial@pt{\hobby@x, \hobby@y}%
 1395
      \expandafter\hobbysetparams\expandafter{\hobby@next@opts}%
 1396
      \expandafter\hobbyaddpoint\expandafter{\hobby@point@options,%
 1397
          point={\hobby@x, \hobby@y} }%
 1398
      \hobby@init@tikz@commands
 1399
      \tikzset{designated Hobby path=this}%
 1400
      \let\tikz@scan@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
 1401
      \global\let\hobby@action=\pgfutil@empty
 1402
      \global\let\hobby@this@opts=\pgfutil@empty
      \global\let\hobby@next@opts=\pgfutil@empty
      \global\let\hobby@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
      \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@addfromtikz%
1407
(End of definition for \hobby@curveto@auto. This function is documented on page ??.)
This adds our current point to the stack.
 1408 \def\hobby@addfromtikz#1{%
      #1%
 1409
      \tikz@make@last@position{#1}%
1410
      \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@x{\the\pgf@x/1cm}%
 1411
      \pgfmathsetmacro\hobby@y{\the\pgf@y/1cm}%
 1412
      \expandafter\hobbysetparams\expandafter{\hobby@this@opts}%
 1413
      \expandafter\hobbyaddpoint\expandafter{\hobby@point@options,%
 1414
        point={\hobby@x, \hobby@y}}%
      \hobby@action
      \global\let\hobby@this@opts=\pgfutil@empty
      \global\let\hobby@action=\pgfutil@empty
 1418
      \global\let\hobby@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
 1419
      \tikz@scan@next@command%
1420
1421 }
(End of definition for \hobby@addfromtikz. This function is documented on page ??.)
    \def\hobby@init@tikz@commands{%
1422
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@movetoabs
 1423
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@movetorel
 1424
 1425
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@lineto
 1426
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@rect
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@cchar
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@finish
      1429
 1430
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@e@char
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@g@char
 1431
      \hobbv@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@schar
 1432
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@vh@lineto
 1433
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@pchar
 1434
 1435
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@to
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\pgf@stop
      \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd\tikz@decoration
1438
      \global\let\hobby@curveto@delegate=\hobby@midcurveto@auto
1439 }
```

\hobby@addfromtikz

bby@init@tikz@commands

(End of definition for \hobby@init@tikz@commands. This function is documented on page ??.)

```
@restore@tikz@commands
                             \def\hobby@restore@tikz@commands{%
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@movetoabs
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@movetorel
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@lineto
                          1444
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@rect
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@cchar
                          1445
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@finish
                          1446
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@arcA
                          1447
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@e@char
                          1448
                          1449
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@g@char
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@schar
                          1450
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@vh@lineto
                          1451
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@pchar
                          1452
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@to
                          1453
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\pgf@stop
                          1454
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@decoration
                          1455
                                \global\let\hobby@curveto@delegate=\hobby@curveto@auto
                          1456
                          1457
                         (End of definition for \hobby@restore@tikz@commands. This function is documented on page ??.)
hobby@init@tikz@modcmd
                          1458 \def\hobby@init@tikz@modcmd#1{%
                                  \expandafter\global\expandafter\let\csname hobby@orig@\string#1\endcsname=#1%
                                  \gdef#1{\hobby@finish#1}%
                         (End of definition for \hobby@init@tikz@modcmd. This function is documented on page ??.)
by@restore@tikz@modcmd
                          1462 \def\hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd#1{%
                          1463
                                  \expandafter\global\expandafter\let\expandafter#1\csname hobby@orig@\string#1\endcsname%
                          1464 }
                         (End of definition for \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd. This function is documented on page ??.)
\hobby@midcurveto@auto
                             \def\hobby@midcurveto@auto{%
                                \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\gdef\expandafter\expandafter\hobby@collected@ong
                                \let\tikz@collected@onpath=\pgfutil@empty
                                \let\tikz@scan@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
                                \global\let\hobby@action=\pgfutil@empty
                                \global\let\hobby@this@opts=\pgfutil@empty
                                \global\let\hobby@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
                          1471
                                \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@addfromtikz%
                          1472
                          1473 }
                         (End of definition for \hobby@midcurveto@auto. This function is documented on page ??.)
         \hobby@finish
                             \def\hobby@finish{%
                                \hobby@restore@tikz@commands
                          1475
                                \ifhobby@externalise
                          1476
                                  \ifx\hobby@path@name\pgfutil@empty
                          1477
```

\hobbygenusepath

\hobbygenusepath

\hobbygenuseifnecpath{\hobby@path@name}%

1478 1479

1480 1481 1482

1483

\fi

```
\ifx\hobby@path@name\pgfutil@empty

\lambda \else

\hobbysavepath{\hobby@path@name}%

\fi

\global\let\hobby@path@name=\pgfutil@empty

\tikzset{designated Hobby path=next}%

\lambda f definition for \hobby@finish. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

 $quick_{\sqcup}curve_{\sqcup}through$ 

The quick curve through is a to path which does the "quick" version of Hobby's algorithm. The syntax is as with the curve through: to pass the midpoints as the argument to the style. We need to pass three points to the auxiliary macro. These are passed as \hobby@qpoints, \hobby@qpointa, and the current point. Then these get cycled round for the next triple. The path gets built up and stored as \hobby@quick@path. We also have to remember the angle computed for the next round.

```
1492 \tikzset{
     quick curve through/.style={%
1493
       to path={\%
1494
         \pgfextra{%
1495
Scan the starting point and store the coordinates in \hobby@qpointa
           \let\hobby@next@qbreak=\relax
           \let\hobby@next@qblank=\relax
1497
1498
         \tikz@scan@one@point\pgfutil@firstofone(\tikztostart)%
           1499
           1500
Blank the path and auxiliary macros.
           \def\hobby@qpointa{}%
1501
           \def\hobby@quick@path{}%
1502
           \def\hobby@angle{}%
1503
           \let\hobby@quick@curveto=\hobby@quick@makepath
1504
Now start parsing the rest of the coordinates.
1505
           \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@quickfirst #1 (\tikztotarget)\relax
1506
Invoke the path
         \hobby@quick@path
       }
1508
     },
1509
     quick hobby/blank curve/.is choice,
     quick hobby/blank curve/true/.code={%
1511
       \gdef\hobby@next@qblank{%
1512
         \qhobby@blanktrue
          \global\let\hobby@next@qblank=\relax
1514
1515
     },
1516
     quick hobby/blank curve/false/.code={%
1517
       \gdef\hobby@next@qblank{%
         \qhobby@blankfalse
         \global\let\hobby@next@qblank=\relax
       }%
     },
1522
     quick hobby/blank curve/once/.code={%
       \gdef\hobby@next@qblank{%
1524
         \qhobby@blanktrue
         \gdef\hobby@next@qblank{%
1526
           \qhobby@blankfalse
1527
           \global\let\hobby@next@qblank=\relax
         }%
```

```
},
                       1531
                             quick hobby/blank curve/.default=true,
                             quick hobby/break curve/.is choice,
                       1533
                             quick hobby/break curve/true/.code={%
                       1534
                               \gdef\hobby@next@qbreak{%
                                 \qhobby@breaktrue
                       1536
                                 \global\let\hobby@next@qbreak=\relax
                       1538
                             },
                       1539
                             quick hobby/break curve/false/.code={%
                       1540
                               \gdef\hobby@next@qbreak{%
                       1541
                                 \qhobby@breakfalse
                                 \global\let\hobby@next@qbreak=\relax
                               }%
                             },
                       1545
                             quick hobby/break curve/once/.code={%
                       1546
                               \gdef\hobby@next@qbreak{%
                       1547
                                 \qhobby@breaktrue
                       1548
                                 \gdef\hobby@next@qbreak{%
                       1549
                                   \qhobby@breakfalse
                                   \global\let\hobby@next@qbreak=\relax
                       1551
                                 }%
                       1552
                               }%
                             },
                       1554
                       1555
                             quick hobby/break curve/.default=true,
                       1556 }
                           \newif\ifqhobby@break
                       1557
                          \newif\ifqhobby@blank
                      (End of definition for quick curve through. This function is documented on page ??.)
                           Add plot handlers
                       \tikzoption{hobby}[]{\let\tikz@plot@handler=\pgfplothandlerhobby}
                       \tikzoption{quick hobby}[]{\let\tikz@plot@handler=\pgfplothandlerquickhobby}
                       1561 \tikzoption{closed hobby}[]{\let\tikz@plot@handler=\pgfplothandlerclosedhobby}
  \hobby@quickfirst
                      The first time around we just set the next point.
                       1562 \def\hobby@quickfirst#1{%
                             #1%
                             \xdef\hobby@qpointa{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                             \tikz@make@last@position{\hobby@qpointa}%
                      Now a check to ensure that we have more points.
                             \pgfutil@ifnextchar\relax{%
                      Ooops, no more points. That's not good. Bail-out.
                               \xdef\hobby@quick@path{ -- (\the\pgf@x,\the\pgf@y)}%
                      Okay, have more points. Phew. Call the next round. If we have dots, swallow them.
                               \pgfutil@ifnextchar.{%
                       1569
                                 \hobby@qswallowdots}{%
                       1570
                               \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@quick}}}
                      (End of definition for \hobby@quickfirst. This function is documented on page ??.)
                      Remove dots from the input stream.
\hobby@qswallowdots
                       1572 \def\hobby@qswallowdots.{%
                             \pgfutil@ifnextchar.{%
                       1573
                               \hobby@qswallowdots}{%
                       1574
                               \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@quick}}
                      (End of definition for \hobby@qswallowdots. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

}%

```
1576 \def\hobby@quick#1{%
                                 \hobby@quick@compute{#1}%
                           1577
                                 \tikz@make@last@position{\hobby@qpointa}%
                           1578
                                 \pgfutil@ifnextchar\relax{%
                           1579
                          End of loop
                                   \hobby@quick@computeend%
                           1580
                           1581
                          More to go, scan in the next coordinate and off we go again.
                                   \pgfutil@ifnextchar.{%
                                     \hobby@qswallowdots}{%
                           1583
                                     \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@quick}}}
                           1584
                          (End of definition for \hobby@quick. This function is documented on page ??.)
                          Path constructor for to path use.
 \hobby@quick@makepath
                              \def\hobby@quick@makepath#1#2#3{%
                                #1%
                                 \pgf@xa=\pgf@x\relax
                           1587
                                 \pgf@ya=\pgf@y\relax
                           1588
                                #2%
                           1589
                                 \pgf@xb=\pgf@x\relax
                           1590
                                 \pgf@yb=\pgf@y\relax
                           1591
                           1592
                                 \ifqhobby@blank
                           1593
                                 \xdef\hobby@quick@path{\hobby@quick@path (\the\pgf@x,\the\pgf@y)}%
                           1594
                           1595
                                 \xdef\hobby@quick@path{\hobby@quick@path .. controls%
                           1596
                                 (\the\pgf@xa,\the\pgf@ya) and (\the\pgf@xb,\the\pgf@yb) .. (\the\pgf@x,\the\pgf@y) }%
                           1597
                           1598
                                 \ifqhobby@break
                           1599
                                 \xdef\hobby@quick@path{\hobby@quick@path +(0,0)}%
                           1600
                           1601
                                 \hobby@next@qbreak
                           1602
                                 \hobby@next@qblank
                           1603
                           1604 }
                          (End of definition for hobby@quick@makepath. This function is documented on page ??.)
                          Uses the "quick" method for the shortcut syntax.
  \hobby@qcurveto@auto
                              \def\hobby@qcurveto@auto{%
                           1605
                                 \global\let\hobby@next@qbreak=\relax
                           1606
                                 \global\let\hobby@next@qblank=\relax
                           1607
                                 \xdef\hobby@qpoints{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\tikz@lastx}{\the\tikz@lasty}}%
                           1608
                                 \gdef\hobby@qpointa{}%
                                 \gdef\hobby@quick@path{}%
                           1610
                                 \gdef\hobby@angle{}%
                           1611
                                 \global\let\hobby@quick@curveto=\hobby@quick@makepathauto
                           1612
                                 \hobby@qinit@tikz@commands
                           1613
                                 \let\tikz@scan@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
                           1614
                                 \global\let\hobby@action=\pgfutil@empty
                           1615
                                 \global\let\hobby@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
                           1616
                                 \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@qfirst@auto}
                           1617
                          (End of definition for \hobby@qcurveto@auto. This function is documented on page ??.)
hobby@qmidcurveto@auto
                              \def\hobby@gmidcurveto@auto{%
                           1618
                                 \let\tikz@scan@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
                           1619
                                 \global\let\hobby@action=\pgfutil@empty
                           1620
                                 \global\let\hobby@point@options=\pgfutil@empty
                           1621
                                \tikz@scan@one@point\hobby@qaddfromtikz}
```

This is our wrapper function that handles the loop.

\hobby@quick

```
(End of definition for \hobby@qmidcurveto@auto. This function is documented on page ??.)
   \hobby@qfirst@auto
                       1623 \def\hobby@qfirst@auto#1{%
                       1624
                            1625
                            \tikz@make@last@position{\hobby@qpointa}%
                            \tikz@scan@next@command%
                       1628 }
                      (End of definition for \hobby@qfirst@auto. This function is documented on page ??.)
                      Path constructor for shortcut method to use.
bby@quick@makepathauto
                          \def\hobby@quick@makepathauto#1#2#3{%
                            #1%
                       1630
                            \pgf@xa=\pgf@x\relax
                       1631
                            \pgf@ya=\pgf@y\relax
                       1632
                            #2%
                       1633
                            \pgf@xb=\pgf@x\relax
                            \pgf@yb=\pgf@y\relax
                       1635
                            #3%
                       1636
                            \ifqhobby@blank
                       1637
                            \edef\hobby@temp{%
                       1638
                              \noexpand\pgfpathmoveto{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@x}{\the\pgf@y}}%
                       1639
                            }%
                       1640
                            \hobby@temp
                       1641
                            \else
                       1642
                            \edef\hobby@temp{%
                       1643
                              \noexpand\pgfpathcurveto{\noexpand\pgfqpoint{\the\pgf@xa}{\the\pgf@ya}}%
                       1644
                              }%
                       1647
                            \hobby@temp
                       1648
                            \fi
                       1649
                            \ifqhobby@break
                       1650
                       1651
                            \edef\hobby@temp{%
                       1652
                              1653
                       1654
                            \hobby@temp
                       1656
                            \hobby@next@qbreak
                            \hobby@next@qblank
                       1658
                       1659 }
                      (End of definition for \hobby@quick@makepathauto. This function is documented on page ??.)
  \hobby@qaddfromtikz
                      This adds our current point to the stack.
                          \def\hobby@qaddfromtikz#1{%
                            \hobby@quick@compute{#1}%
                            \tikz@make@last@position{\hobby@qpointa}%
                            \tikz@scan@next@command%
                       (End of definition for \hobby@qaddfromtikz. This function is documented on page ??.)
by@qinit@tikz@commands
                       1665 \def\hobby@ginit@tikz@commands{%
```

\hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@movetoabs

\hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@movetorel

\hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@lineto

\hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@rect

1666

1667

```
\hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@cchar
1670
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@finish
1671
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@arcA
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@e@char
1673
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@g@char
1674
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@schar
1675
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@vh@lineto
1676
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@pchar
1677
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@to
1678
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\pgf@stop
1679
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@decoration
1680
      \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd\tikz@@close
      \global\let\hobby@curveto@delegate=\hobby@qmidcurveto@auto
1683 }
(End of definition for \hobby@qinit@tikz@commands. This function is documented on page ??.)
    \def\hobby@qrestore@tikz@commands{%
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@movetoabs
1686
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@movetorel
1687
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@lineto
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@rect
1688
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@cchar
1689
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@finish
1690
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@arcA
1691
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@e@char
1692
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@g@char
1693
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@schar
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@vh@lineto
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@pchar
1697
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@to
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\pgf@stop
1698
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@decoration
1699
      \hobby@restore@tikz@modcmd\tikz@@close
1700
      \global\let\hobby@curveto@delegate=\hobby@qcurveto@auto
1701
1702 }
(End of definition for \hobby@qrestore@tikz@commands. This function is documented on page ??.)
    \def\hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd#1{%
        \expandafter\global\expandafter\let\csname hobby@orig@\string#1\endcsname=#1%
1705
        \gdef#1{\hobby@qfinish#1}%
1706 }
(End of definition for \hobby@qinit@tikz@modcmd. This function is documented on page ??.)
1707 \def\hobby@qfinish{%
      \hobby@quick@computeend
      \hobby@qrestore@tikz@commands
1710 }
(End of definition for \hobby@qfinish. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

\hobby@qrestore@tikz@commands

obby@qinit@tikz@modcmd

\hobby@qfinish

## 1.4 Arrays

A lot of our data structures are really arrays. These are implemented as LATEX3 "property lists". For ease of use, an array is a property list with numeric entries together with entries "base" and "top" which hold the lowest and highest indices that have been set.

```
1711 \RequirePackage{expl3}
1712 \ExplSyntaxOn

Some auxiliary variables.

1713 \tl_new:N \l_array_tmp_tl
1714 \tl_new:N \l_array_show_tl
1715 \int_new:N \l_array_base_int
1716 \int_new:N \l_array_top_int
1717 \int_new:N \l_array_tmp_int
```

1718 \int\_new:N \g\_array\_map\_int

The global variable \g\_array\_base\_int says what index a blank array should start with when pushed or unshifted.

```
1719 \int_new:N \g_array_base_int
1720 \int_gset:Nn \g_array_base_int {0}
```

\array\_adjust\_ends:Nn

This ensures that the "base" and "top" are big enough to include the given index.

```
\cs_new:Npn \array_adjust_ends:Nn #1#2 {
      \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {base} \l_tmpa_tl
1722
        \int_compare:nNnTF {\l_tmpa_tl} > {#2}
        {
1726
          \prop_put:Nnx #1 {base} {\int_eval:n {#2}}
        }
1727
1728
        {}
      }
1729
      {
1730
        \prop_put:Nnx #1 {base} {\int_eval:n {#2}}
1731
1732
      \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {top} \l_tmpa_tl
1733
1734
        \int_compare:nNnTF {\l_tmpa_tl} < {#2}
1735
1736
          \prop_put:Nnx #1 {top} {\int_eval:n {#2}}
        }
1738
        {}
1739
      }
1740
      {
1741
        \prop_put:Nnx #1 {top} {\int_eval:n {#2}}
1742
      }
1743
1744 }
```

 $(\mathit{End of definition for } \texttt{\array\_adjust\_ends:Nn}. \ \mathit{This function is documented on page \eqref{eq:normalized}}.)$ 

\array\_gadjust\_ends:Nn

This ensures that the "base" and "top" are big enough to include the given index. (Global version)

```
\cs_new:Npn \array_gadjust_ends:Nn #1#2 {
      \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {base} \l_tmpa_tl
1747
        \int_compare:nNnTF {\l_tmpa_t1} > {#2}
1748
        {
1749
          \prop_gput:Nnx #1 {base} {\int_eval:n {#2}}
1750
        }
        {}
1752
     }
1753
1754
1755
        \prop_gput:Nnx #1 {base} {\int_eval:n {#2}}
```

```
1756
                              \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {top} \l_tmpa_tl
                        1757
                                \int_compare:nNnTF {\l_tmpa_tl} < {#2}
                        1759
                        1760
                                {
                                  \prop_gput:Nnx #1 {top} {\int_eval:n {#2}}
                        1761
                               }
                        1762
                                {}
                        1763
                             }
                        1764
                             {
                        1765
                                \prop_gput:Nnx #1 {top} {\int_eval:n {#2}}
                        1766
                        1767
                        1768 }
                       (End of definition for \array_gadjust_ends:Nn. This function is documented on page ??.)
     \array_put:Nnn
                      When adding a value to an array we have to adjust the ends.
                        1769 \cs_new:Npn \array_put:Nnn #1#2#3 {
                             \exp_args:NNx \prop_put:Nnn #1 {\int_eval:n {#2}} {#3}
                             \array_adjust_ends:Nn #1{#2}
                        1772 }
                        1773 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_put:Nnn {Nnx}
                       (End of definition for \array_put:Nnn. This function is documented on page ??.)
    \array_gput:Nnn
                       When adding a value to an array we have to adjust the ends. (Global version)
                        1774 \cs_new:Npn \array_gput:Nnn #1#2#3 {
                             \exp_args:NNx \prop_gput:Nnn #1 {\int_eval:n {#2}} {#3}
                             \array_gadjust_ends:Nn #1{#2}
                        1778 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_gput:Nnn {Nnx}
                       (End of definition for \array_gput:Nnn. This function is documented on page ??.)
     \array_get:NnN
                        1779 \cs_new:Npn \array_get:NnN #1#2#3 {
                             \exp_args:NNx \prop_get:NnN #1 {\int_eval:n {#2}} #3
                        1780
                       (End of definition for \array_get:NnN. This function is documented on page ??.)
      \array_get:Nn
                        1782 \cs_new:Npn \array_get:Nn #1#2 {
                             \exp_args:NNf \prop_item:Nn #1 { \int_eval:n {#2} }
                       (End of definition for \array_get:Nn. This function is documented on page ??.)
   \array_get:NnNTF
                        1785 \cs_new:Npn \array_get:NnNTF #1#2#3#4#5 {
                             \exp_args:NNx \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {\int_eval:n {#2}} #3 {#4}{#5}
                       (End of definition for \array_get:NnNTF. This function is documented on page ??.)
\array_if_empty:NTF
                        1788 \prg_new_conditional:Npnn \array_if_empty:N #1 { p, T, F, TF }
                        1789
                              \if_meaning:w #1 \c_empty_prop
                        1790
                                \prg_return_true:
                                \prg_return_false:
                        1793
                              \fi:
                        1794
                        1795 }
```

```
(End of definition for \array_if_empty:NTF. This function is documented on page ??.)
   \array_if_exist:NTF
                           1796 \prg_new_eq_conditional:NNn \array_if_exist:N \cs_if_exist:N { p, T, F, TF }
                          (End of definition for \array_if_exist:NTF. This function is documented on page ??.)
          \array_new:N
                           1797 \cs_new_eq:NN \array_new:N \prop_new:N
                          (End of definition for \array_new:N. This function is documented on page ??.)
        \array_clear:N
                           1798 \cs_new_eq:NN \array_clear:N \prop_clear:N
                          (End of definition for \array_clear:N. This function is documented on page ??.)
       \array_gclear:N
                           1799 \cs_new_eq:NN \array_gclear:N \prop_gclear:N
                          (End of definition for \array gclear: N. This function is documented on page ??.)
                          When stepping through an array, we want to iterate in order so a simple wrapper to \prop_map_function
   \array_map_function
                          is not enough. This maps through every value from the base to the top so the function should be
                          prepared to deal with a \q_no_value.
                              \cs_new:Npn \array_map_function:NN #1#2
                           1801
                                 \array_if_empty:NTF #1 {} {}
                                   \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl {
                                     \int_set:Nn \l_array_base_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                                   ጉና
                           1805
                                     \int_set:Nn \l_array_base_int {0}
                           1806
                                   }
                           1807
                                   \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl {
                           1808
                                     \int_set:Nn \l_array_top_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                           1809
                           1810
                                     \int_set:Nn \l_array_top_int {0}
                           1811
                           1812
                                   \int_step_inline:nnnn {\l_array_base_int} {1} {\l_array_top_int} {
                           1813
                                 \array_get:NnN #1 {##1} \l_array_tmp_tl
                                 \exp_args:NnV #2 {##1} \l_array_tmp_tl
                           1816 }
                           1817 } {}
                           1818 }
                           1819 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_map_function:NN {
                           1820 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_map_function:NN { c , cc }
                          (End of definition for \array_map_function. This function is documented on page ??.)
                          This steps through the array in reverse order.
y_reverse_map_function
                              \cs_new:Npn \array_reverse_map_function:NN #1#2
                           1822 {
                                 \array_if_empty:NTF #1 {} {
                           1823
                                   \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl {
                           1824
                                     \int_set:Nn \l_array_base_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                           1825
                           1826
                                     \int_set:Nn \l_array_base_int {0}
                           1827
                           1828
                                   \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl {
                           1829
                                     \int_set:Nn \l_array_top_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                           1830
                           1831
```

\int\_set:Nn \l\_array\_top\_int {0}

```
\int_step_inline:nnnn {\l_array_top_int} {-1} {\l_array_base_int} {
                          1834
                               \array_get:NnN #1 {##1} \l_array_tmp_tl
                               \exp_args:Nno #2 {##1} \l_array_tmp_tl
                         1837
                         1838 } {}
                         1839
                         1840 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_reverse_map_function:NN {
                         \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_reverse_map_function:NN { c , cc }
                         (End of definition for \array_reverse_map_function. This function is documented on page ??.)
                        Inline version of the above.
  \array_map_inline:Nn
                             \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_map_inline:Nn #1#2
                         1843
                                  \int_gincr:N \g_array_map_int
                         1844
                          1845
                                 \cs_gset:cpn { array_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_array_map_int :nn }
                                   ##1##2 {#2}
                                 \exp_args:NNc \array_map_function:NN #1
                                   { array_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_array_map_int :nn }
                                 \prg_break_point:Nn \array_map_break: { \int_gdecr:N \g_array_map_int }
                          1849
                         1850
                         \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_map_inline:Nn { c }
                         (End of definition for \array_map_inline:Nn. This function is documented on page ??.)
_reverse_map_inline:Nn Inline version of the above.
                             \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_reverse_map_inline:Nn #1#2
                         1853
                          1854
                                 \int_gincr:N \g_array_map_int
                                 \cs_gset:cpn { array_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_array_map_int :nn }
                          1855
                          1856
                                   ##1##2 {#2}
                                 \exp_args:NNc \array_reverse_map_function:NN #1
                          1857
                                   { array_map_inline_ \int_use:N \g_array_map_int :nn }
                                 \prg_break_point:Nn \array_map_break: { \int_gdecr:N \g_array_map_int }
                         \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_reverse_map_inline:Nn { c }
                         (End of definition for \array_reverse_map_inline:Nn. This function is documented on page ??.)
     \array_map_break:
                          1862 \cs_new_nopar:Npn \array_map_break:
                               { \prg_map_break: Nn \array_map_break: { } }
                             \cs_new_nopar:Npn \array_map_break:n
                               { \prg_map_break: Nn \array_map_break: }
                         (End of definition for \array_map_break:. This function is documented on page ??.)
                             For displaying arrays, we need some messages.
                             \msg_new:nnn { kernel } { show-array }
                                 The~array~\token_to_str:N #1~
                                 \array_if_empty:NTF #1
                                   { is~empty }
                                   { contains~the~items~(without~outer~braces): }
                          1871
                          1872
                        Mapping through an array isn't expandable so we have to set a token list to its contents first before
         \array_show:N
                         passing it to the message handler.
                         1873 \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_show:N #1
```

```
1876
                               \array_if_exist:NTF
                      1877
                               \array_if_empty:NTF
                                 { array }
                               { \array_map_function:NN #1 \__msg_show_item:nn }
                      1880
                      1881
                      1882 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_show:N { c }
                     (End of definition for \array_show:N. This function is documented on page ??.)
   \array_push:Nn
                          \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_push:Nn #1#2
                      1884
                             \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl
                      1885
                      1886
                               \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                      1887
                               \int_incr:N \l_array_tmp_int
                      1888
                               \array_put:Nnn #1 {\l_array_tmp_int} {#2}
                      1892
                               \array_put:Nnn #1 {\g_array_base_int} {#2}
                      1893
                      1894
                          \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_push:Nn {Nx}
                     (End of definition for \array_push:Nn. This function is documented on page ??.)
  \array_gpush:Nn
                          \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_gpush:Nn #1#2
                      1896
                      1897
                             \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl
                      1898
                      1899
                               \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                      1900
                               \int_incr:N \l_array_tmp_int
                               \array_gput:Nnn #1 {\l_array_tmp_int} {#2}
                      1903
                            }
                      1904
                            {
                               \array_gput:Nnn #1 {\g_array_base_int} {#2}
                      1905
                            }
                      1906
                      1907 }
                          \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_gpush:Nn {Nx}
                     (\mathit{End of definition for } \verb|\array_gpush:Nn|. \ \mathit{This function is documented on page \ref{eq:normalized}??.)
\array_unshift:Nn
                          \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_unshift:Nn #1#2
                      1909
                      1910
                             \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl
                      1911
                      1912
                               \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                               \verb|\int_decr:N \l_array_tmp_int| \\
                      1914
                      1915
                               \array_put:Nnn #1 {\l_array_tmp_int} {#2}
                      1916
                      1917
                               \array_put:Nnn #1 {\g_array_base_int} {#2}
                      1918
                      1919
                      1920 }
                          \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_unshift:Nn {Nx}
                     (End of definition for \array_unshift:Nn. This function is documented on page ??.)
```

```
\array_gunshift:Nn
                        1922 \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_gunshift:Nn #1#2
                       1923 {
                              \prop_get:NnNTF #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl
                       1924
                       1925
                                \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                       1926
                                \int_decr:N \l_array_tmp_int
                       1927
                                \array_gput:Nnn #1 {\l_array_tmp_int} {#2}
                       1928
                              }
                       1929
                       1930
                                \array_gput:Nnn #1 {\g_array_base_int} {#2}
                       1931
                             }
                       1933 }
                       1934 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \array_gunshift:Nn {Nx}
                       (End of definition for \array_gunshift:Nn. This function is documented on page ??.)
     \array_pop:NN
                        1935 \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_pop:NN #1#2
                              \prop_get:NnN #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl
                              \array_get:NnN #1 {\l_array_tmp_tl} #2
                              \array_del:Nn #1 {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                       1939
                       1940 }
                       (End of definition for \array_pop:NN. This function is documented on page ??.)
    \array_gpop:NN
                       1941 \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_gpop:NN #1#2
                       1942
                              \prop_get:NnN #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl
                       1943
                              \array_get:NnN #1 {\l_array_tmp_tl} #2
                              \array_gdel:Nn #1 {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                       1946 }
                       (End of definition for \array_gpop:NN. This function is documented on page ??.)
   \array_shift:NN
                       1947 \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_shift:NN #1#2
                       1948 {
                              \prop_get:NnN #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl
                              \array_get:NnN #1 {\l_array_tmp_tl} #2
                              \array_del:Nn #1 {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                       1951
                       (End of definition for \array_shift:NN. This function is documented on page ??.)
  \array_gshift:NN
                       1953 \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_gshift:NN #1#2
                       1954
                              \prop_get:NnN #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl
                              \array_get:NnN #1 {\l_array_tmp_tl} #2
                              \array_gdel:Nn #1 {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                       1957
                       1958 }
                       (\mathit{End}\ of\ definition\ for\ \texttt{\array\_gshift:NN}.\ \mathit{This}\ \mathit{function}\ \mathit{is}\ \mathit{documented}\ \mathit{on}\ \mathit{page}\ \ref{eq:normal_entropy}.)
     \array_top:NN
                       1959 \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_top:NN #1#2
                       1960 {
                              \prop_get:NnN #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl
                              \array_get:NnN #1 {\l_array_tmp_tl} #2
                       1963 }
```

```
(End of definition for \array_top:NN. This function is documented on page ??.)
\array_base:NN
                  1964 \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_base:NN #1#2
                  1965
                        \prop_get:NnN #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl
                        \array_get:NnN #1 {\l_array_tmp_tl} #2
                 (End of definition for \array_base:NN. This function is documented on page ??.)
  \array_top:N
                  1969 \cs_new:Npn \array_top:N #1
                        \array_get:Nn #1 {\prop_item:Nn #1 {top}}
                  1971
                 (End of definition for \array_top:N. This function is documented on page ??.)
 \array_base:N
                  1973 \cs_new:Npn \array_base:N #1
                        \array_get:Nn #1 {\prop_item:Nn #1 {base}}
                  1976
                 (End of definition for \array_base:N. This function is documented on page ??.)
 \array_del:Nn
                  1977 \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_del:Nn #1#2
                  1978 {
                        \exp_args:NNx \prop_pop:Nn #1 {\int_eval:n {#2}}
                  1979
                        \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {0}
                        \array_map_inline:Nn #1 {
                          \tl_if_eq:NNTF {##2} {\q_no_value} {}
                  1983
                            \int_incr:N \l_array_tmp_int
                  1984
                  1985
                  1986
                        \int_compare:nNnTF {\l_array_tmp_int} = {0}
                  1987
                  1988
                          \prop_clear:N #1
                  1990
                        {
                  1991
                  1992
                        \prop_get:NnN #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl
                        \int_compare:nNnTF {#2} = {\l_array_tmp_tl} {
                  1993
                          \prop_get:NnN #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl
                  1994
                          \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                  1995
                          \array_map_inline:Nn #1 {
                  1996
                          \tl_if_eq:NNTF {##2} {\q_no_value} {}
                  1997
                            \int_compare:nNnTF {\l_array_tmp_int} < {##1} {
                              \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {##1}
                            }{}
                  2001
                  2002
                  2003
                          \prop_put:Nnx #1 {top} {\int_use:N \l_array_tmp_int}
                  2004
                  2005
                        \prop_get:NnN #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl
                  2006
                        \int_compare:nNnTF {#2} = {\l_array_tmp_tl} {
                  2007
                          \prop_get:NnN #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl
                  2008
```

\int\_set:Nn \l\_array\_tmp\_int {\l\_array\_tmp\_tl}

\array\_map\_inline:Nn #1 {

2009

```
\tl_if_eq:NNTF {##2} {\q_no_value} {}
                   2011
                   2012
                              \int_compare:nNnTF {\l_array_tmp_int} > {##1} {
                   2013
                                \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {##1}
                   2014
                              }{}
                   2015
                           }
                   2016
                   2017
                            \prop_put:Nnx #1 {base} {\int_use:N \l_array_tmp_int}
                   2018
                         }{}
                   2019
                         }
                   2020
                   2021 }
                  (End of definition for \array_del:Nn. This function is documented on page ??.)
\array_gdel:Nn
                      \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_gdel:Nn #1#2
                   2023 {
                         \exp_args:NNx \prop_gremove:Nn #1 {\int_eval:n {#2}}
                   2024
                   2025
                         \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {0}
                         \array_map_inline:Nn #1 {
                   2026
                            \tl_if_eq:NNTF {##2} {\q_no_value} {}
                   2027
                   2028
                              \int_incr:N \l_array_tmp_int
                   2029
                   2030
                   2031
                         \int_compare:nNnTF {\l_array_tmp_int} = {0}
                   2032
                   2033
                   2034
                            \prop_gclear:N #1
                   2035
                         {
                   2036
                         \prop_get:NnN #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl
                   2037
                         \int_compare:nNnTF {#2} = {\l_array_tmp_tl} {
                   2038
                            \prop_get:NnN #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl
                   2039
                   2040
                           \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                   2041
                           \array_map_inline:Nn #1 {
                           \tl_if_eq:NNTF {##2} {\q_no_value} {}
                   2043
                              \int_compare:nNnTF {\l_array_tmp_int} < {##1} {</pre>
                   2044
                                \label{local_local_local} $$ \left( \frac{m+1}{m+1} \right) $$ $$ \left( \frac{m+1}{m+1} \right) $$
                   2045
                              }{}
                   2046
                           }
                   2047
                   2048
                            \prop_gput:Nnx #1 {top} {\int_use:N \l_array_tmp_int}
                   2049
                   2050
                   2051
                          \prop_get:NnN #1 {base} \l_array_tmp_tl
                         \int_compare:nNnTF {#2} = {\l_array_tmp_tl} {
                           \prop_get:NnN #1 {top} \l_array_tmp_tl
                   2054
                           \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {\l_array_tmp_tl}
                           \array_map_inline:Nn #1 {
                   2055
                           \tl_if_eq:NNTF {##2} {\q_no_value} {}
                   2056
                   2057
                              \int_compare:nNnTF {\l_array_tmp_int} > {##1} {
                   2058
                                \int_set:Nn \l_array_tmp_int {##1}
                   2059
                              }{}
                   2060
                           }
                   2061
                           \prop_gput:Nnx #1 {base} {\int_use:N \l_array_tmp_int}
                         }{}
                   2065
                         }
                   2066 }
```

(End of definition for \array\_gdel:Nn. This function is documented on page ??.)

```
\array_length:N
                           2067 \cs_new_protected:Npn \array_length:N #1
                                 \int_eval:n {\prop_item:Nn #1 {top} - \prop_item:Nn #1 {base}}
                           2069
                           2070 }
                          (End of definition for \array_length:N. This function is documented on page ??.)
                           2071 \ExplSyntaxOff
                           2072 \RequirePackage{expl3}
                               Load the hobby core
                           2073 \input{hobby.code.tex}
                               Register as an expl3 package
                           2074 ProvidesExplPackage {hobby-13draw} {2018/02/20} {1.0} {Interface for 13draw and hobby}
                               Load the l3draw package
                           2075 \RequirePackage{13draw}
\hobby_draw_moveto:nnn
                          This provides our interface between hobby's moveto and l3draw's moveto
                           2076 \cs_new_protected:Npn \hobby_draw_moveto:nnn #1#2#3
                                 \draw_path_canvas_moveto:n {#3}
                           2078
                           2079
                          (End of definition for \hobby_draw_moveto:nnn. This function is documented on page ??.)
hobby_draw_curveto:nnn
                          This provides our interface between hobby's curveto and l3draw's curveto
                           2080 \cs_set_eq:NN \hobby_draw_curveto:nnn \draw_path_canvas_curveto:nnn
                          (\mathit{End of definition for \verb|\hobby_draw_curveto:nnn|}. \ \mathit{This function is documented on page \verb|\|??.|)
   \hobby_draw_close:n This provides our interface between hobby's close and l3draw's close
                           2081 \cs_new_protected:Npn \hobby_draw_close:n #1
                           2083
                                 \draw_path_close:
                           2084 }
                          (End of definition for \hobby_draw_close:n. This function is documented on page ??.)
\hobby_draw_addpoint:n This processes a point and passes it one more step towards the hobby algorithm
                           2085 \cs_new_protected:Npn \hobby_draw_addpoint:n #1
                           2086 {
                                 \__draw_point_process:nn
                                 { \_hobby_draw_addpoint:nn }
                                 { \draw_point_transform:n {#1} }
                           2089
                           2090 }
                          (End of definition for \hobby_draw_addpoint:n. This function is documented on page ??.)
                          This provides our interface between 13draw's points and hobby's syntax
_hobby_draw_curveto:nn
                           2091 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__hobby_draw_addpoint:nn #1#2
                           2092 {
                                 \hobby_add_point:nnnnnn {#1} {#2} {1} {1} {0} {10}
                           2093
                           2094 }
                          (End of definition for \__hobby_draw_curveto:nn.)
                          This initialises hobby's algorithm with the l3draw commands
     \hobby_draw_init:
                              \cs_new_protected:Npn \hobby_draw_init:
                           2096 {
                                 \hobby_set_cmds:NNN \hobby_draw_moveto:nnn \hobby_draw_curveto:nnn \hobby_draw_close:n
                           2097
                                 \hobby_clear_path:
                           2098
                           2099 }
```

(End of definition for \hobby\_draw\_init:. This function is documented on page ??.)