

Assignment :- 1 { Maglev simulation }

$$m\ddot{x} = mg - \frac{\hat{k} \dot{x}^2}{x^2}$$

$$\hat{k} = Km \quad \nearrow$$

$$\cancel{m}\ddot{x} = \cancel{m}g - Km \frac{\dot{x}^2}{x^2}$$

$$\ddot{x} = g - K \frac{\dot{x}^2}{x^2}$$

$$x = x_0 + \Delta x \quad \& \quad \dot{x} = \dot{x}_0 + \Delta \dot{x}$$

$$\therefore \frac{d^2}{dt^2} \{ x_0 + \Delta x \} = g - K \frac{(\dot{x}_0 + \Delta \dot{x})^2}{(x_0 + \Delta x)^2} \quad \text{----- (1)}$$

Now, $\frac{(\dot{x}_0 + \Delta \dot{x})^2}{(x_0 + \Delta x)^2} = \frac{\dot{x}_0^2}{x_0^2} + 2 \frac{\dot{x}_0^2}{x_0^3} (x - x_0) +$

$$2 \frac{\dot{x}_0}{x_0^2} (\dot{x} - \dot{x}_0) + \dots$$

but $\dot{x} = \dot{x}_0 + \Delta \dot{x}$,
 $x = x_0 + \Delta x$

↑ 2 variable Taylor's expansion

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \frac{(\dot{x}_0 + \Delta \dot{x})^2}{(x_0 + \Delta x)^2} &= \left(\frac{\dot{x}_0}{x_0} \right)^2 - 2 \frac{\dot{x}_0^2}{x_0^3} (\cancel{x_0 + \Delta x} - \cancel{x_0}) + 2 \frac{\dot{x}_0}{x_0^2} (\cancel{\dot{x}_0 + \Delta \dot{x}} - \cancel{\dot{x}_0}) \\ &= \left(\frac{\dot{x}_0}{x_0} \right)^2 - 2 \frac{\dot{x}_0^2}{x_0^3} \Delta x + 2 \frac{\dot{x}_0}{x_0^2} \Delta \dot{x} \end{aligned}$$

----- (2)

from (1),

$$\frac{d^2 \Delta \alpha}{dt^2} = g - K \left[\frac{i_0^2}{\alpha_0^2} - 2 \frac{i_0^2}{\alpha_0^3} \Delta \alpha + 2 \frac{i_0^2}{\alpha_0^2} \Delta i \right]$$

$$\lim_{\Delta \alpha \rightarrow 0} \quad \& \quad \lim_{\Delta i \rightarrow 0} \quad \Delta \alpha \approx \alpha$$

$$\Delta i \approx i$$

$$\frac{d^2 \alpha}{dt^2} = g - K \frac{i_0^2}{\alpha_0^2} + 2K \frac{i_0^2}{\alpha_0^3} \alpha - 2K \frac{i_0^2}{\alpha_0^2} i$$

putting $K = 1.24 \times 10^{-3}$

$$i_0 = 0.8 \text{ A}$$

$$\alpha_0 = 0.009 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{d^2 \alpha}{dt^2} = \cancel{9.8} - \cancel{9.8} + 2177.23 \alpha - 25.725 i$$

$$\therefore \ddot{\alpha} = 2177.23 \alpha - 25.725 i$$

$$\frac{X(s)}{I(s)} = \frac{-25.725}{s^2 - 2177.23} = G(s) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Transfer} \\ \text{function} \end{array} \right\}$$

