

*Patrick Putzky & Max Welling*

---

# Recurrent Inference Machines for Solving Inverse Problems

---



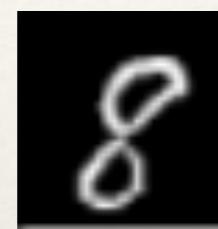
UNIVERSITY OF AMSTERDAM

# Recurrent Inference Machines in Practice

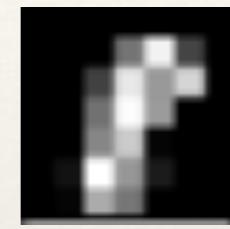


# Inverse Problems

Quantity of interest



Measurement



Forward Model



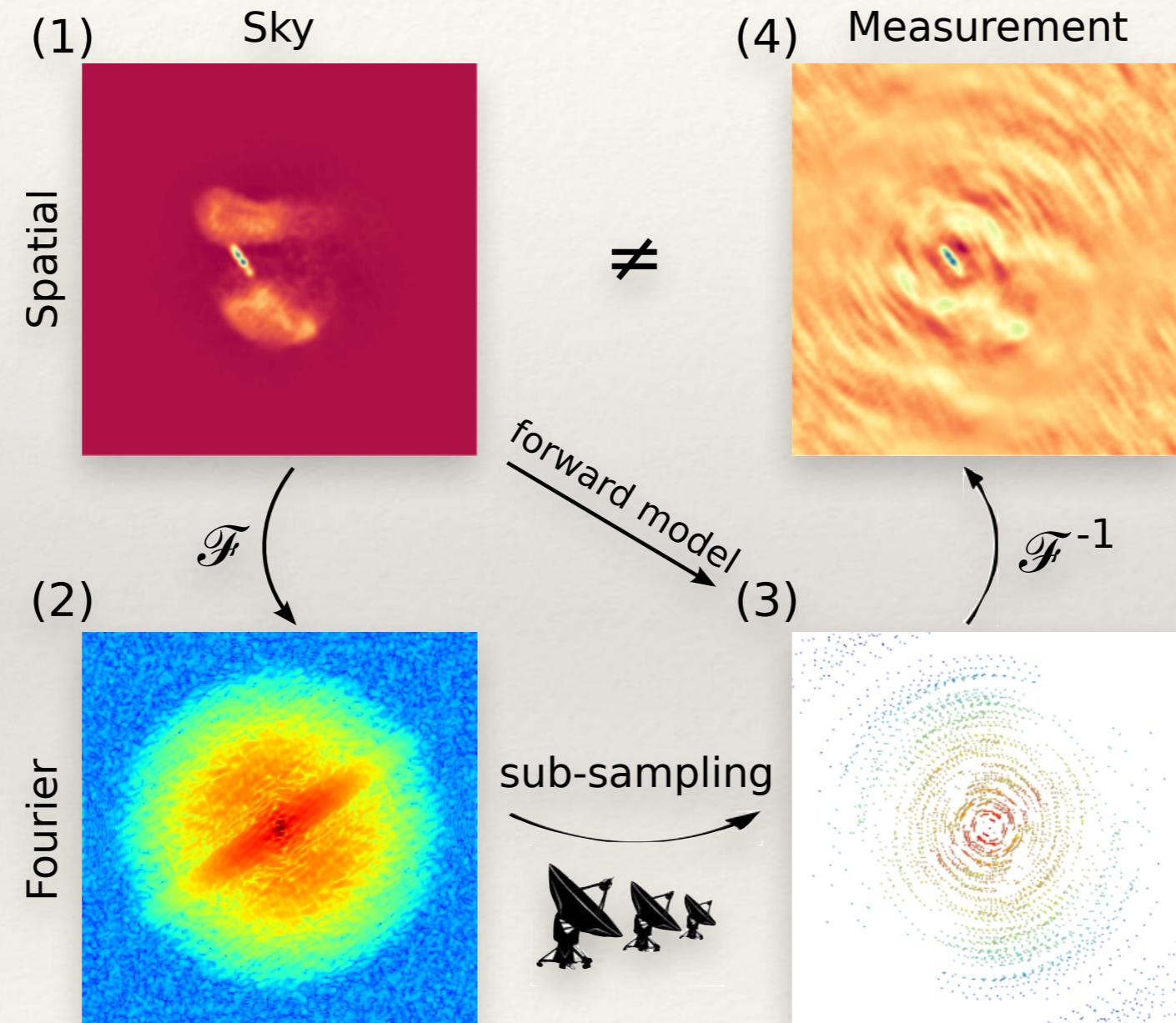
Forward Model

$$\mathbf{y} = g(\mathbf{x}) + n$$

Inverse Model

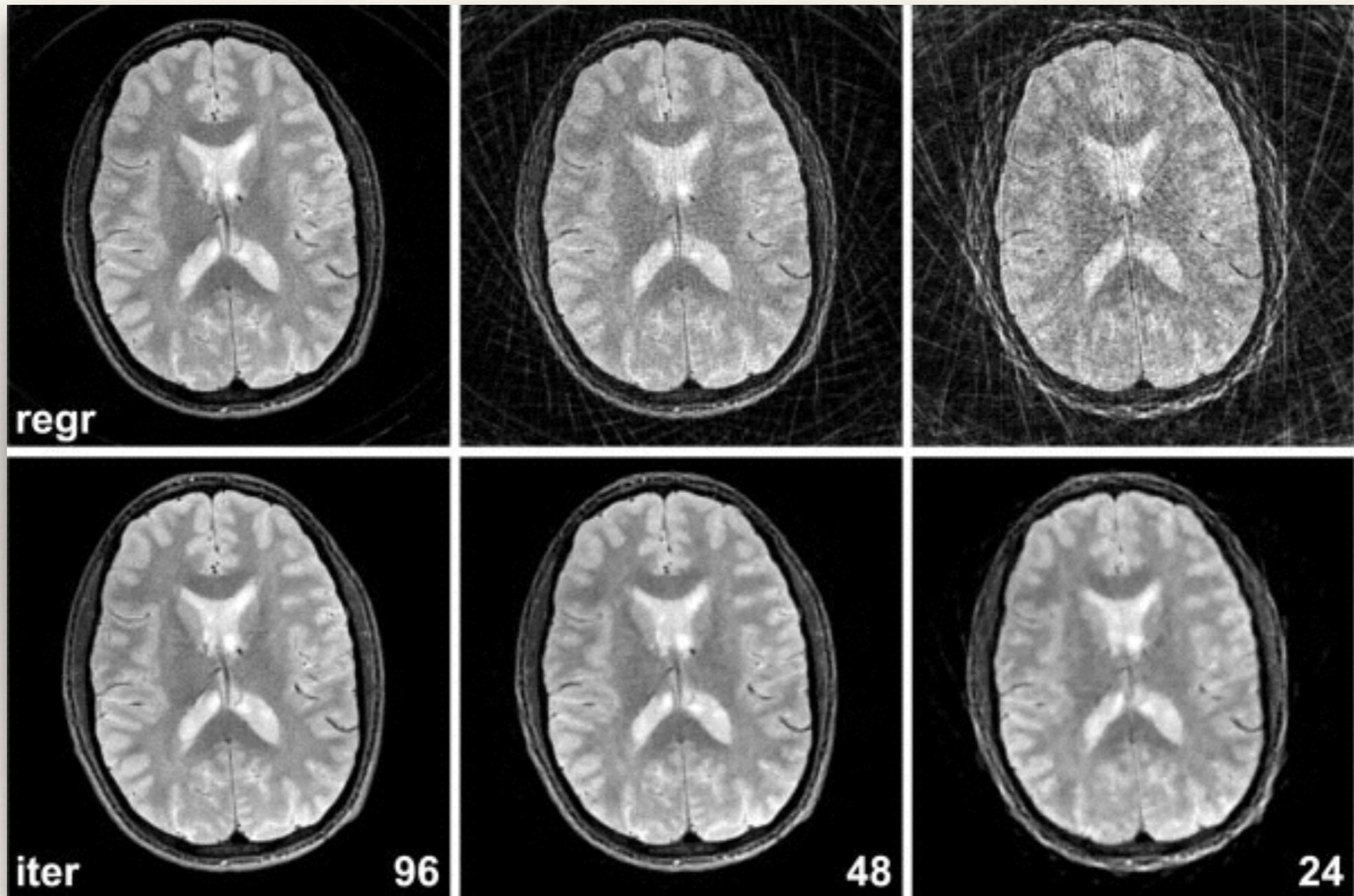
$$\hat{\mathbf{x}} = h(\mathbf{y})$$

# Inverse Problems - Examples



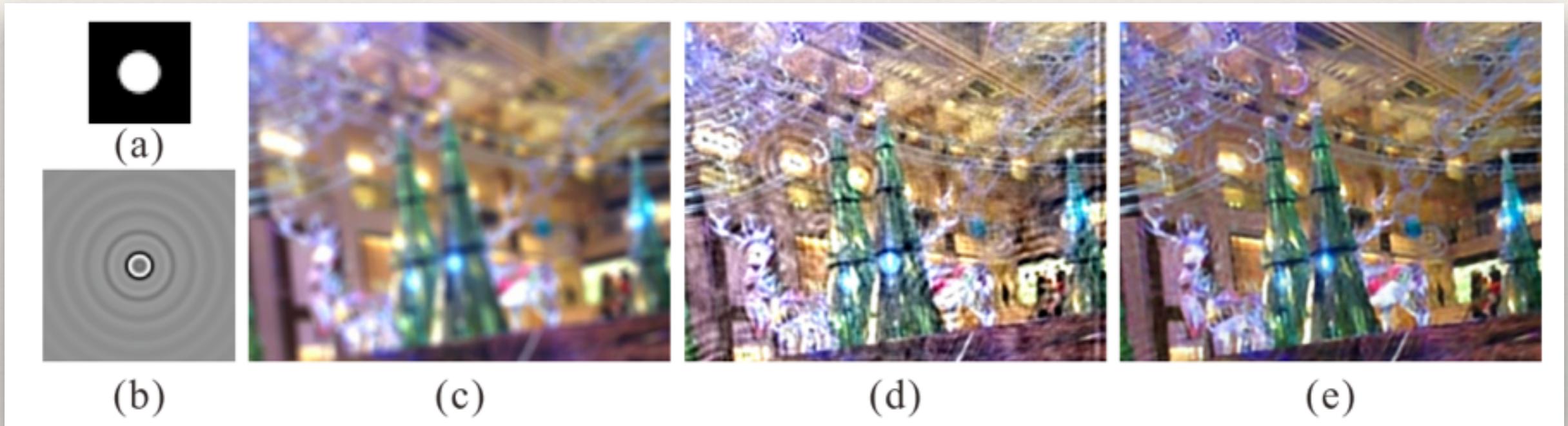
Up to 14.4 Gigapixels  
With thousands of Channels

# Inverse Problems - Examples



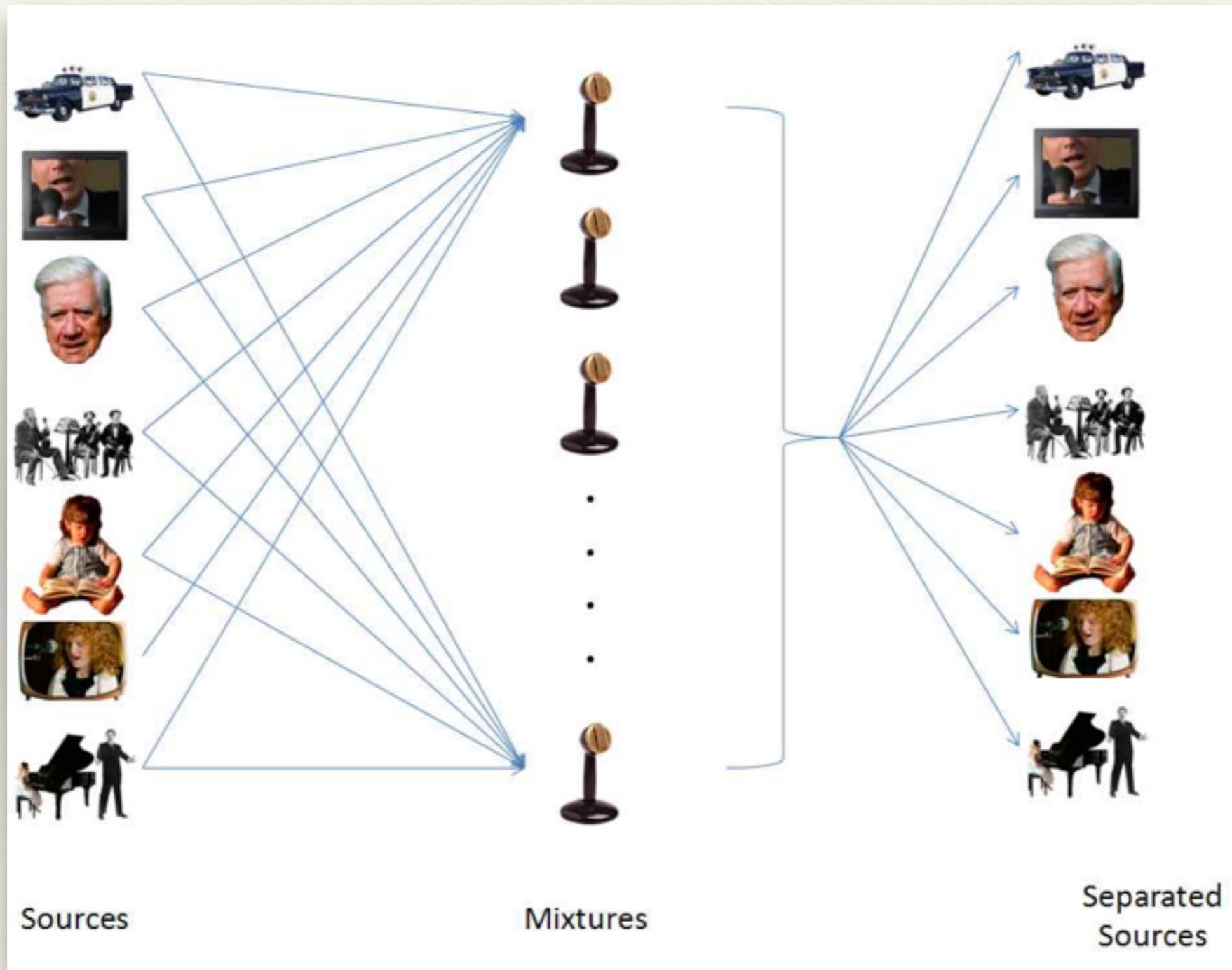
[Block et.al, 2007]

# Inverse Problems - Examples

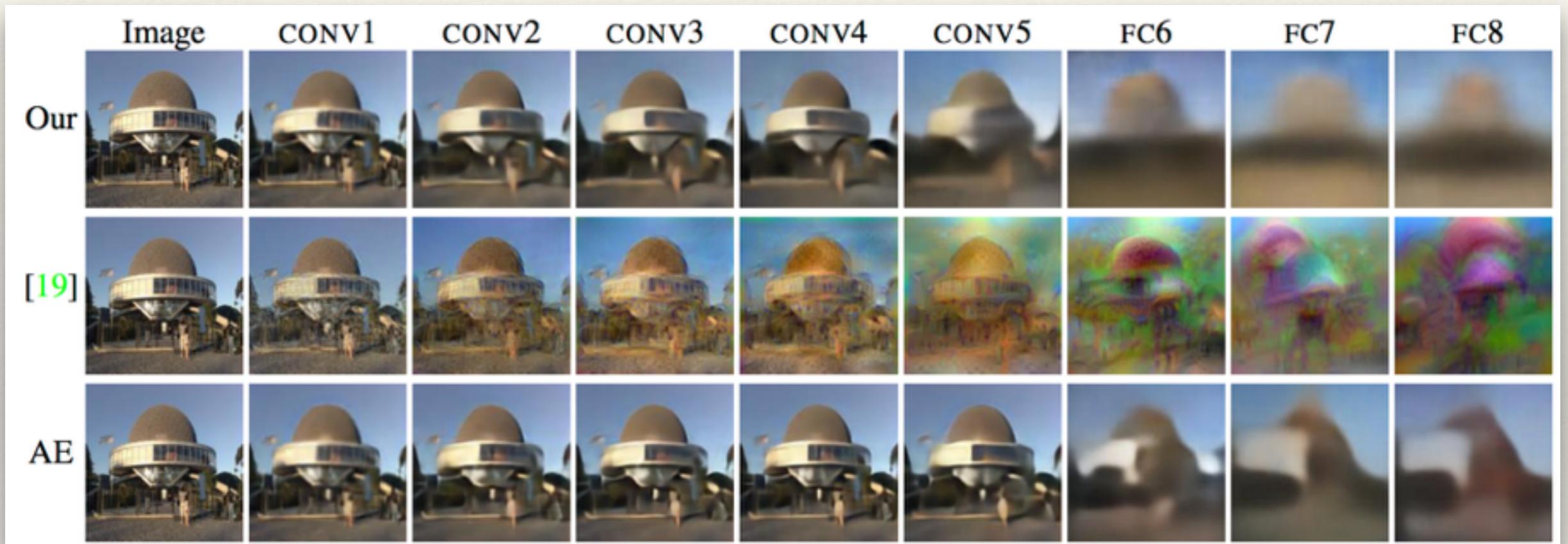


[Xu et al., 2014]

# Inverse Problems - Examples



# Inverse Problems - Examples



[Dosovitskiy & Brox, 2016]

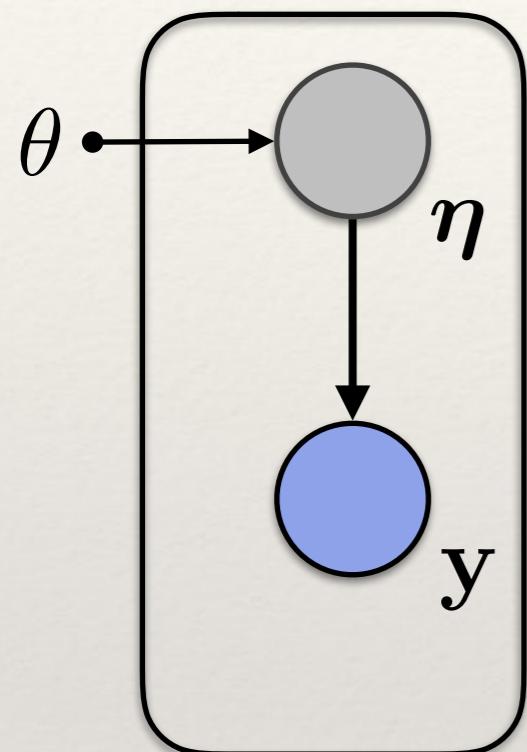
---

# Inverse Problems - Examples

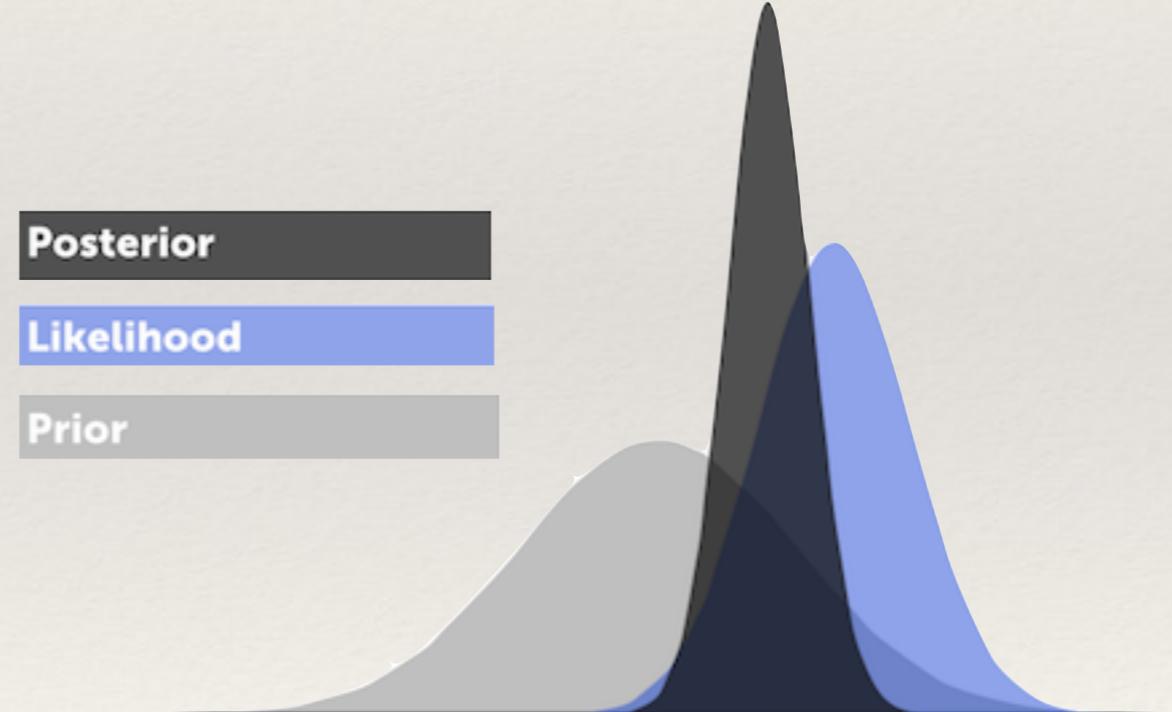
---

And many more...

# Bayesian Inference



$$p_{\theta}(\boldsymbol{\eta}|\mathbf{y}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{y}|\boldsymbol{\eta})p_{\theta}(\boldsymbol{\eta})}{p(\mathbf{y})}$$



---

# Iterative Bayesian Inference

---

$$p_{\theta}(\boldsymbol{\eta}|\mathbf{y}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{y}|\boldsymbol{\eta})p_{\theta}(\boldsymbol{\eta})}{p(\mathbf{y})}$$

Choose/learn a prior  $p_{\theta}(\boldsymbol{\eta})$

For likelihood  $p(\mathbf{y}|\boldsymbol{\eta})$

Choose inference method  $\Gamma$

Iterate

---

# Iterative Bayesian Inference

---

$$p_{\theta}(\boldsymbol{\eta}|\mathbf{y}) = \frac{p(\mathbf{y}|\boldsymbol{\eta})p_{\theta}(\boldsymbol{\eta})}{p(\mathbf{y})}$$

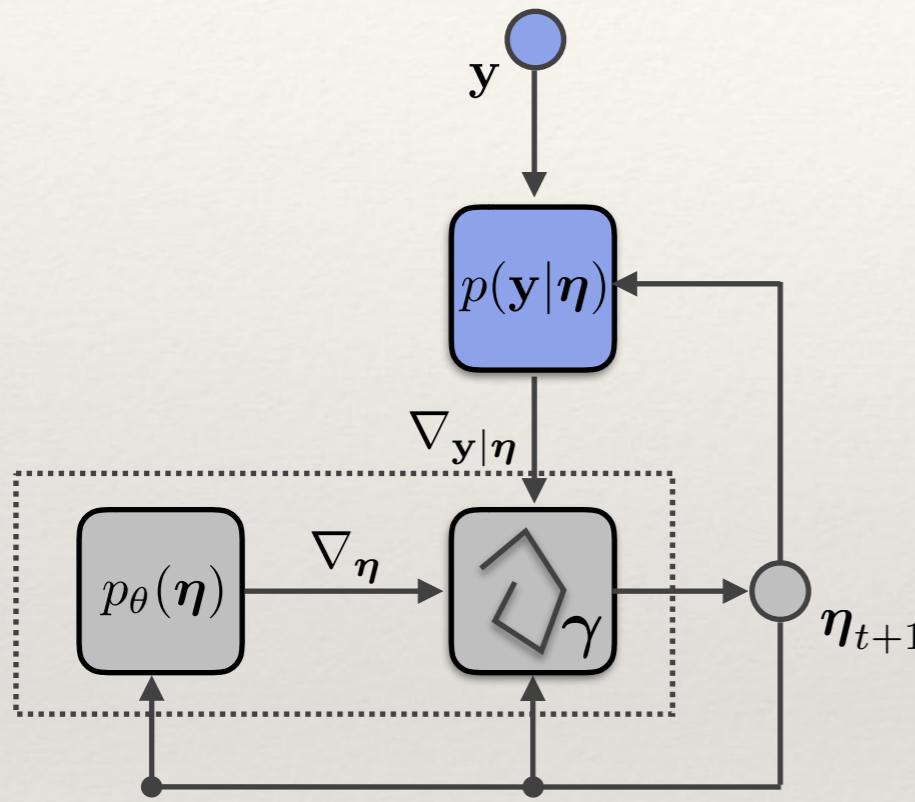
Choose/learn a prior  $p_{\theta}(\boldsymbol{\eta})$

Choose inference method  $\Gamma$

For likelihood  $p(\mathbf{y}|\boldsymbol{\eta})$

Iterate

# Iterative Inference



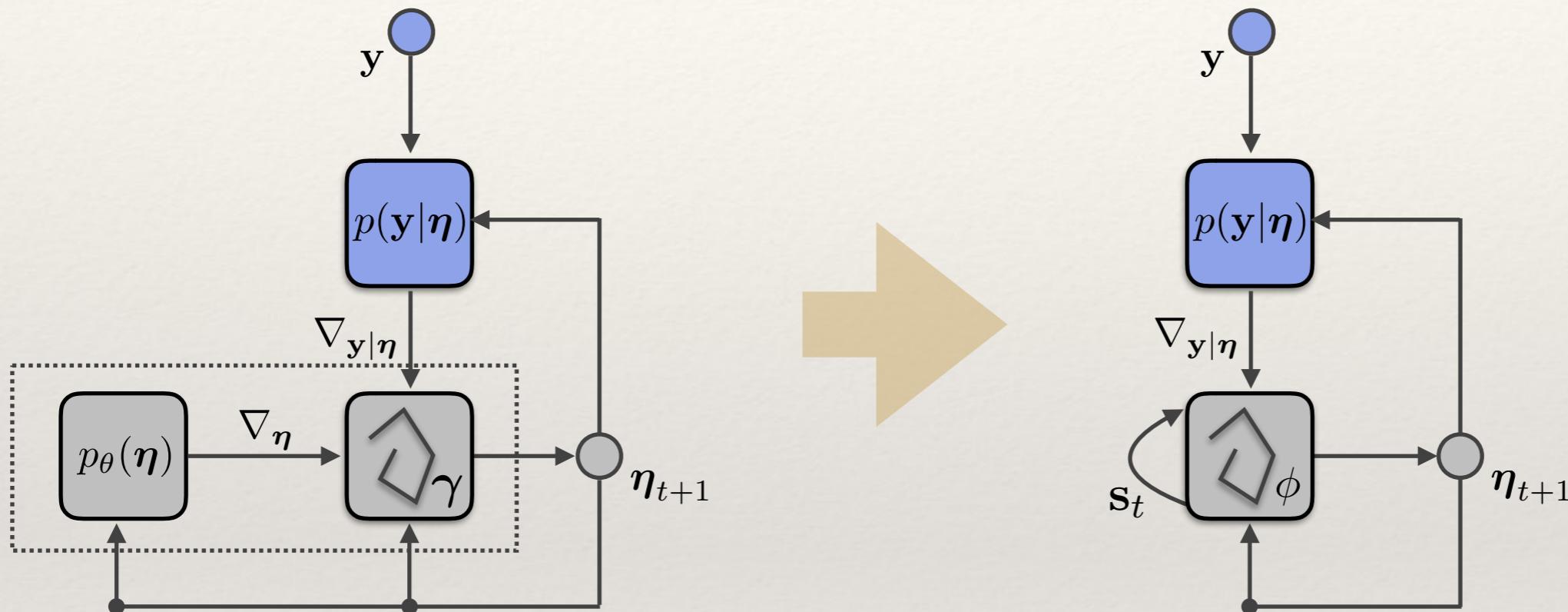
Maximum a posteriori (MAP) inference

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}} = \arg \max_{\boldsymbol{\eta}} p(\mathbf{y}|\boldsymbol{\eta})p_\theta(\boldsymbol{\eta})$$

Gradient ascent

$$\begin{aligned}\boldsymbol{\eta}_{t+1} &= \boldsymbol{\eta}_t + \gamma_t \nabla \log p(\boldsymbol{\eta}|\mathbf{y}) \\ &= \boldsymbol{\eta}_t + \gamma_t (\nabla \log p(\mathbf{y}|\boldsymbol{\eta}) + \nabla \log p(\boldsymbol{\eta})) \\ &= \boldsymbol{\eta}_t + \gamma_t (\nabla_{\mathbf{y}|\boldsymbol{\eta}} + \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}})\end{aligned}$$

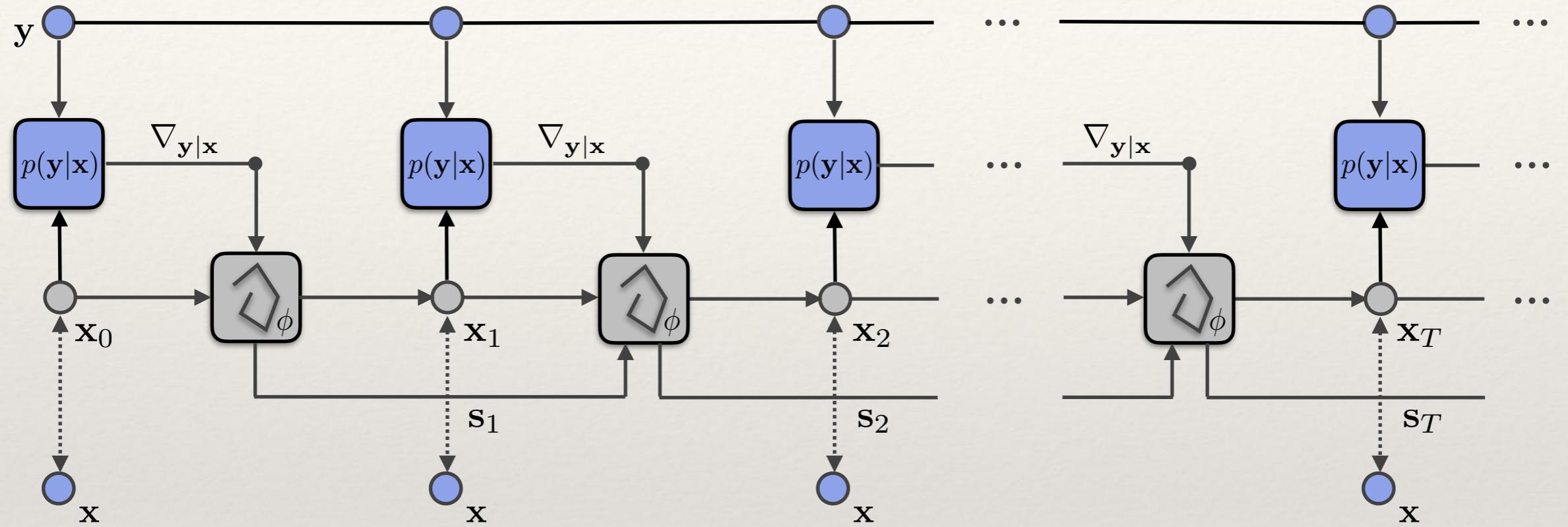
# Recurrent Inference Machine



$$\eta_{t+1} = \eta_t + \gamma_t (\nabla_{y|\eta} + \nabla_\eta)$$

$$\eta_{t+1} = \eta_t + h_\phi(\nabla_{y|\eta}, \eta_t, s_t)$$

# Recurrent Inference Machines in Time



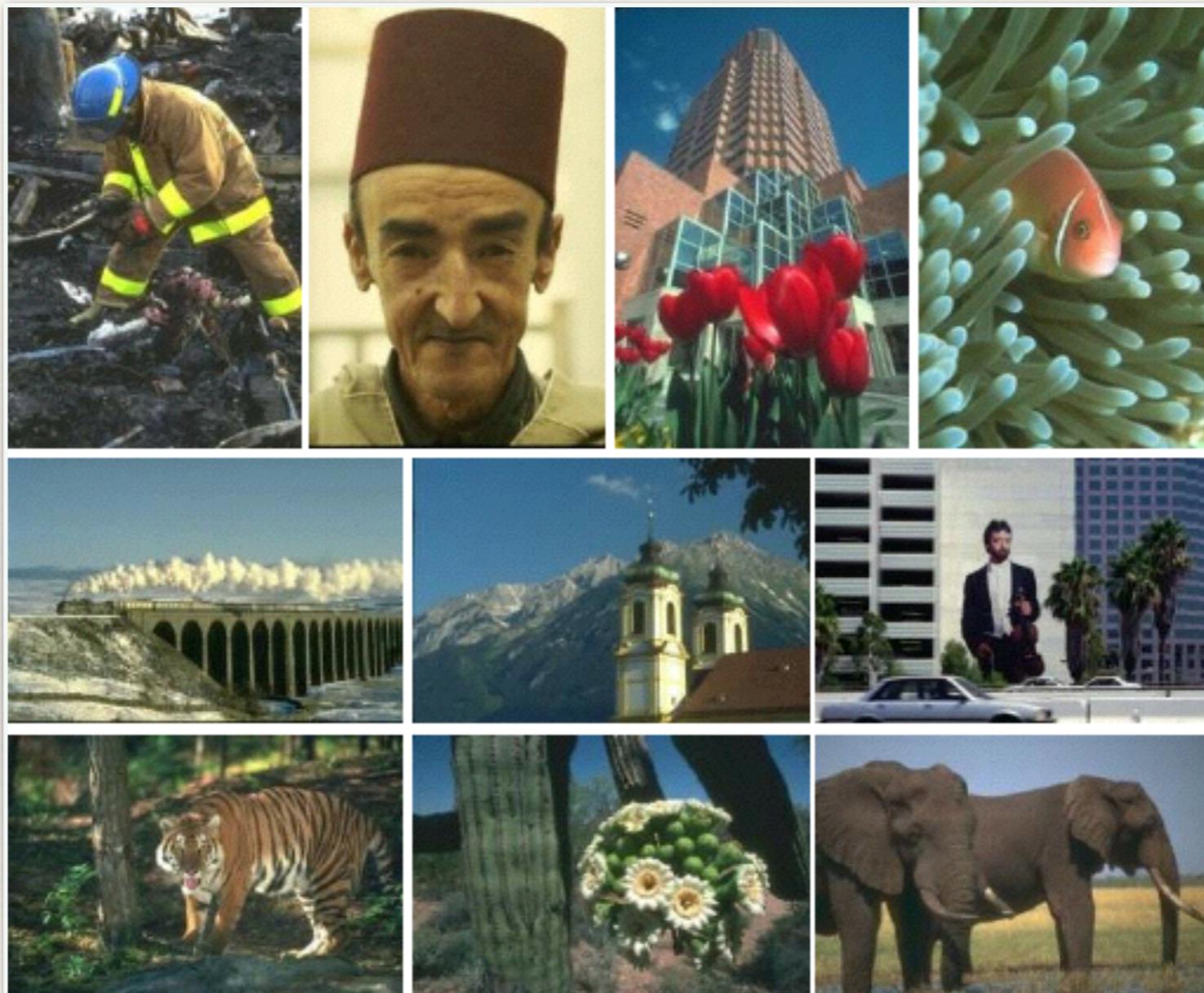
Objective

$$g(\phi) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{t=1}^T (\mathbf{x}^{(i)} - \hat{\mathbf{x}}_t^{(i)})$$

# Simple Super-Resolution

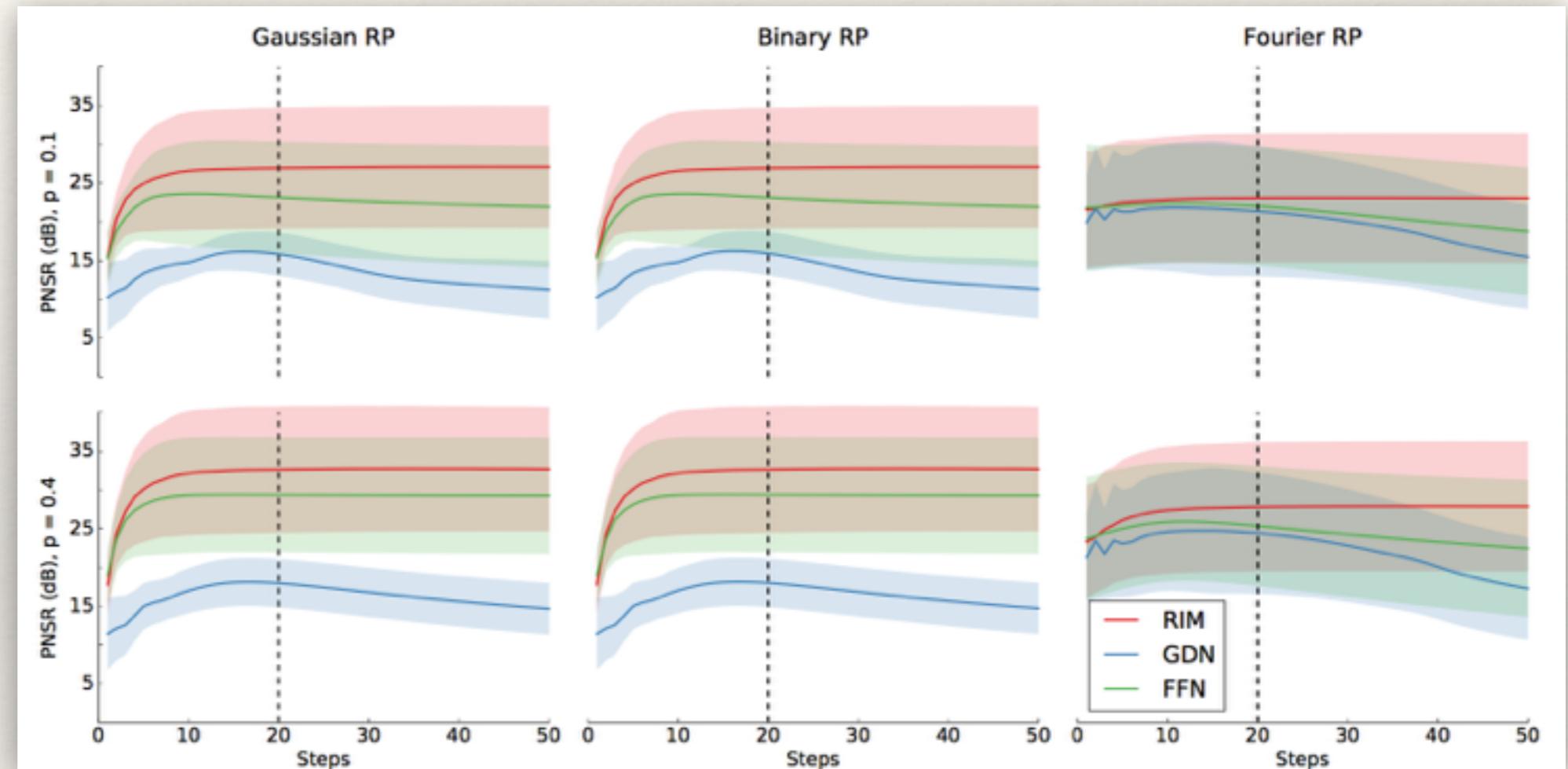
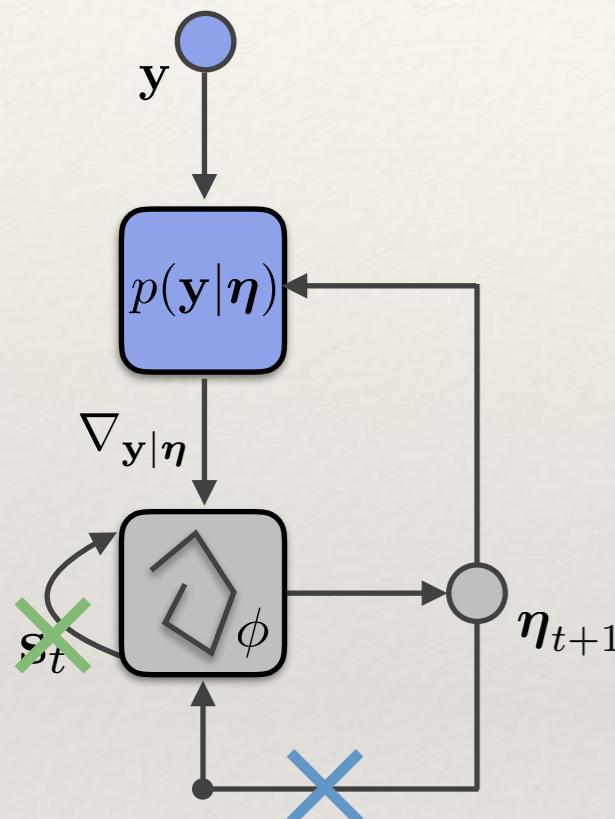


# Natural Images



200 training images, 481 x 321 pixel each, ~30 Megapixel

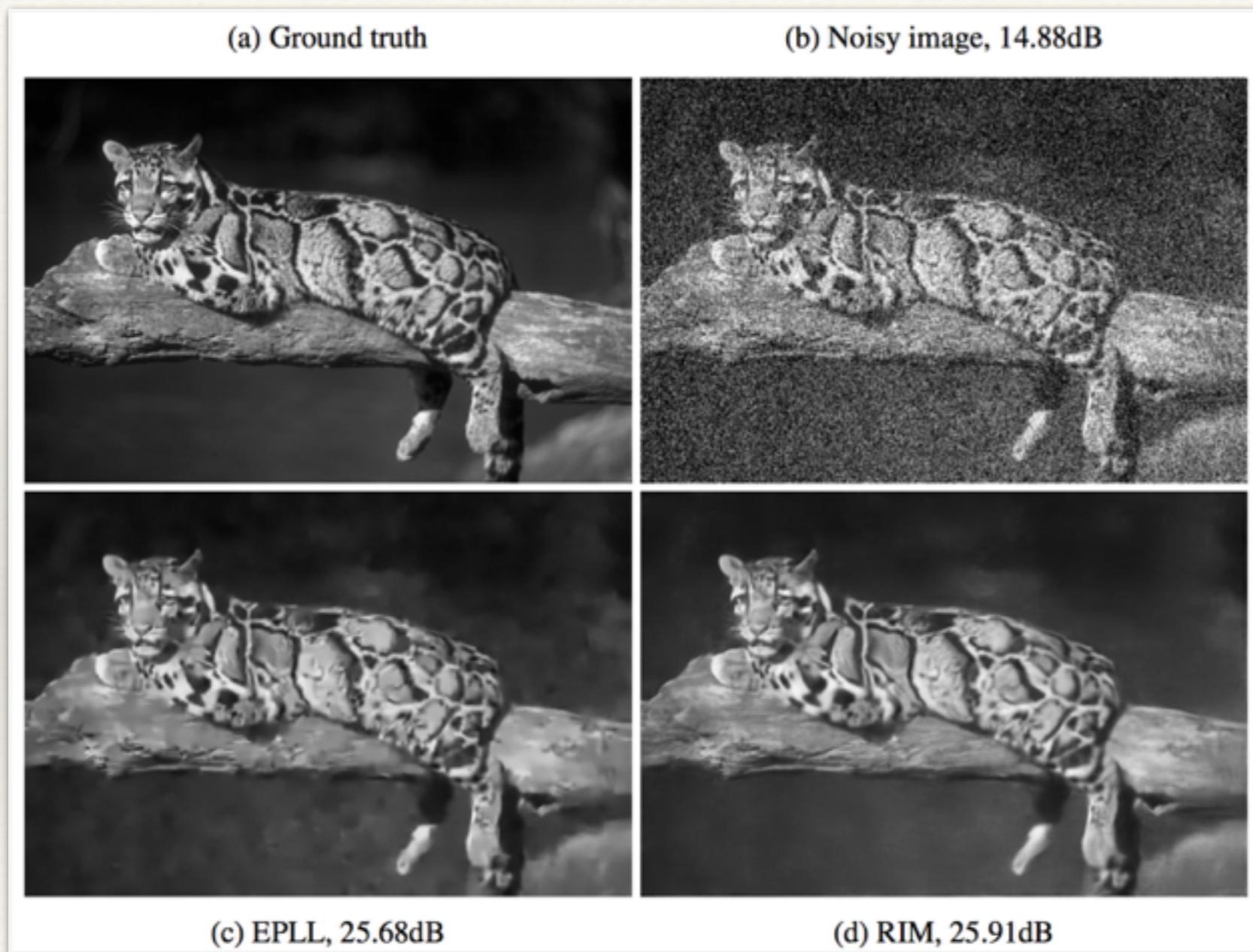
# Reconstruction from Random Projections



32 x 32 pixel image patches

Fast Convergence on all tasks

# Image Denoising



Denoising trained on small image patches, generalises to full-sized images

# Image Denoising

Grayscale

$\sigma$	Not Quantized		
	15	25	50
<b>KSVD</b>	30.87	28.28	25.17
<b>5x5 FoE</b>	30.99	28.40	25.35
<b>BM3D</b>	31.08	28.56(28.35)	25.62(25.45)
<b>LSSC</b>	31.27	28.70	25.72
<b>EPLL</b>	31.19	28.68(28.47)	25.67(25.50)
<b>opt-MRF</b>	31.18	28.66	25.70
<b>MLP</b>		28.85(28.75)	(25.83)
<b>RTF-5</b>		28.75	
<b>RIM-3task</b>	31.19(30.98)	28.67(28.45)	25.78(25.59)
<b>RIM-denoise</b>	<b>31.31(31.10)</b>	<b>28.91(28.72)</b>	<b>26.06(25.88)</b>

RGB

Method	PSNR
CBM3D	30.18
RTF-5	30.57
<b>RIM (ours)</b>	<b>30.84(30.67)</b>

# Super-resolution

LR



HR



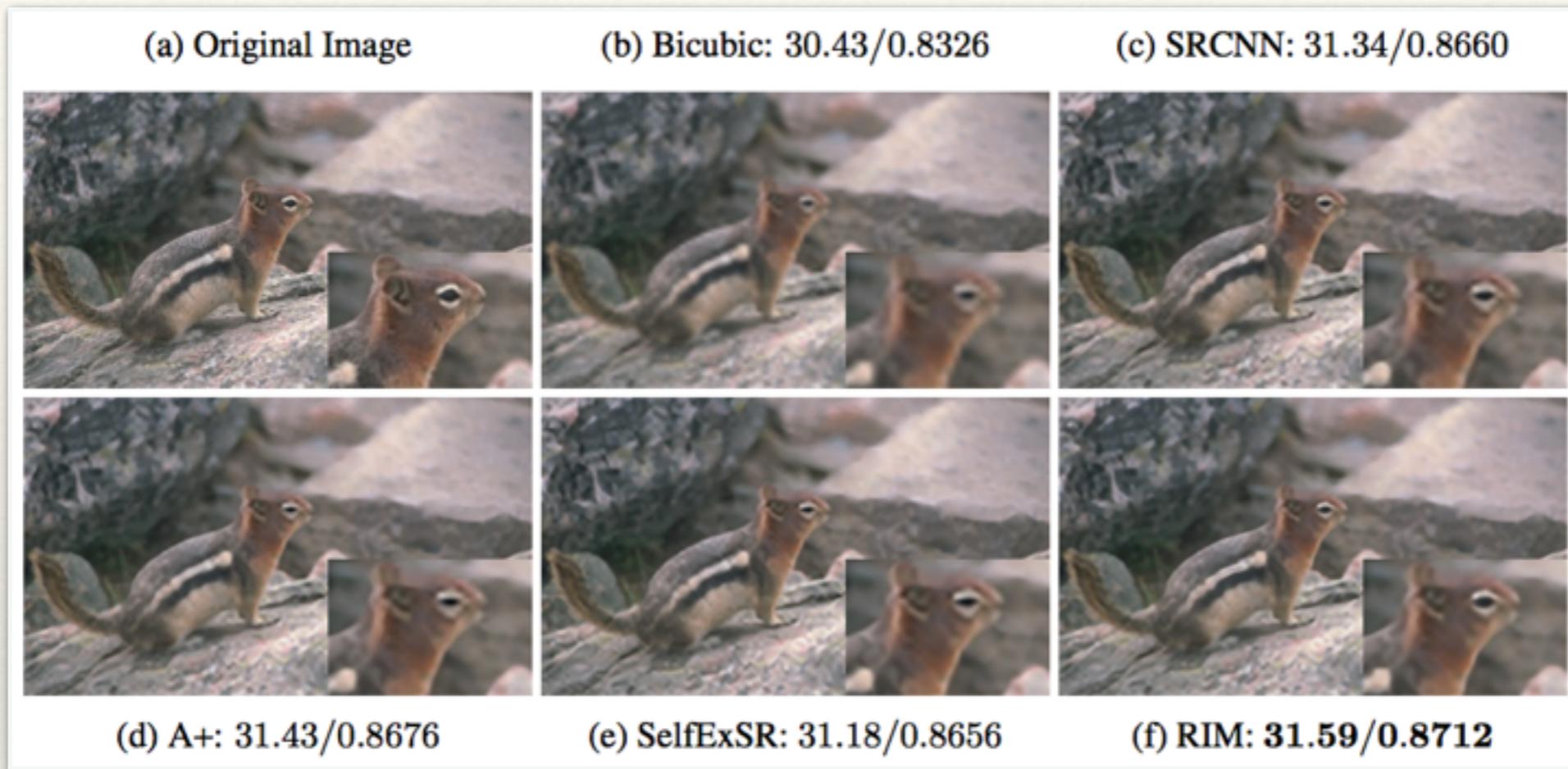
Bicubic Interpolation



RIM

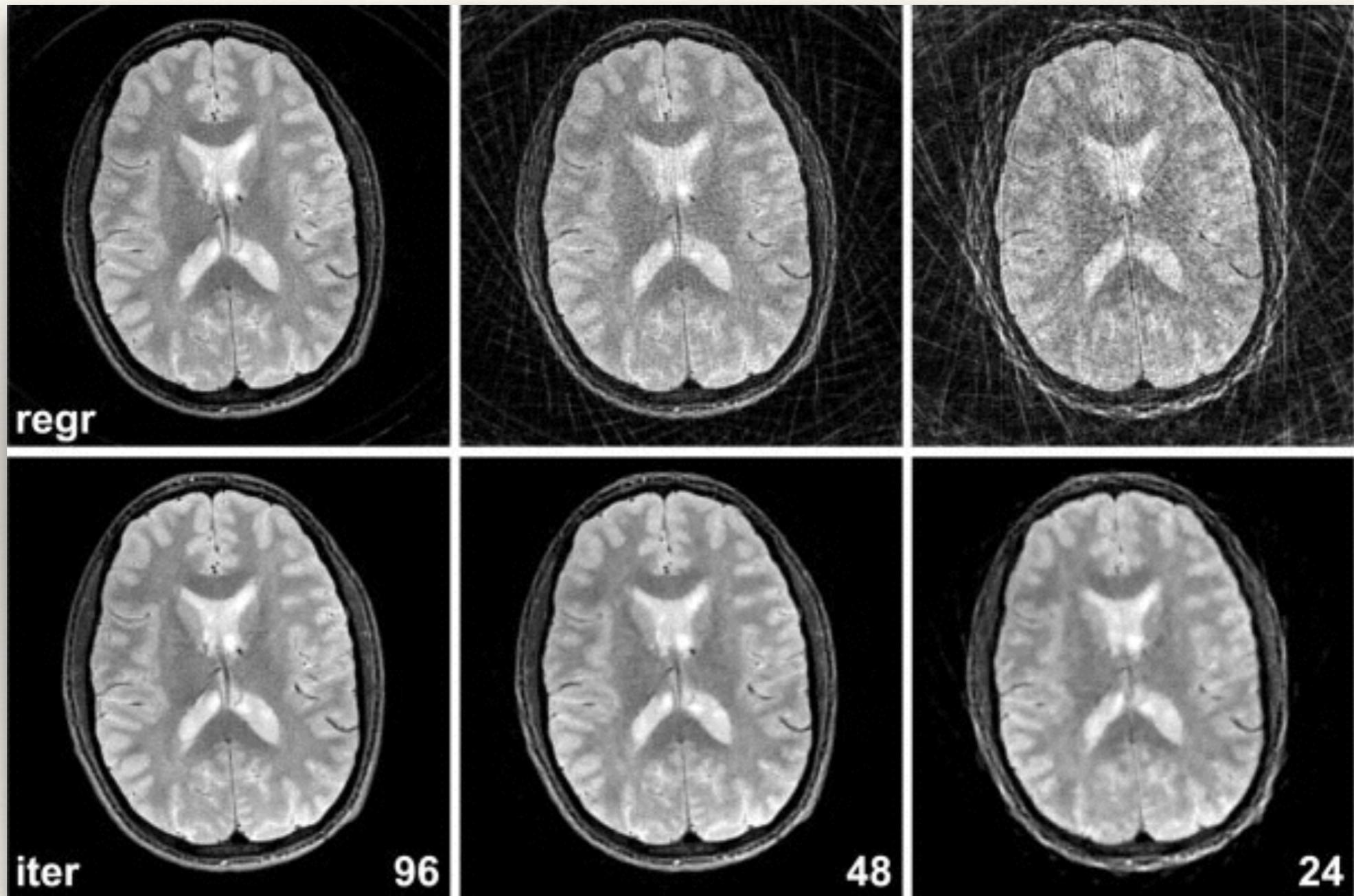


# Super-resolution



Metric	Scale	Bicubic	SRCCN	A+	SelfExSR	RIM (Ours)
PSNR	2x	$29.55 \pm 0.35$	$31.11 \pm 0.39$	$31.22 \pm 0.40$	$31.18 \pm 0.39$	<b><math>31.39 \pm 0.39</math></b>
	3x	$27.20 \pm 0.33$	$28.20 \pm 0.36$	$28.30 \pm 0.37$	$28.30 \pm 0.37$	<b><math>28.51 \pm 0.37</math></b>
	4x	$25.96 \pm 0.33$	$26.70 \pm 0.34$	$26.82 \pm 0.35$	$26.85 \pm 0.36$	<b><math>27.01 \pm 0.35</math></b>
SSIM	2x	$0.8425 \pm 0.0078$	$0.8835 \pm 0.0062$	$0.8862 \pm 0.0063$	$0.8855 \pm 0.0064$	<b><math>0.8885 \pm 0.0062</math></b>
	3x	$0.7382 \pm 0.0114$	$0.7794 \pm 0.0102$	$0.7836 \pm 0.0104$	$0.7843 \pm 0.0104$	<b><math>0.7888 \pm 0.0101</math></b>
	4x	$0.6672 \pm 0.0131$	$0.7018 \pm 0.0125$	$0.7089 \pm 0.0125$	$0.7108 \pm 0.0124$	<b><math>0.7156 \pm 0.0125</math></b>

# Projects: MRI

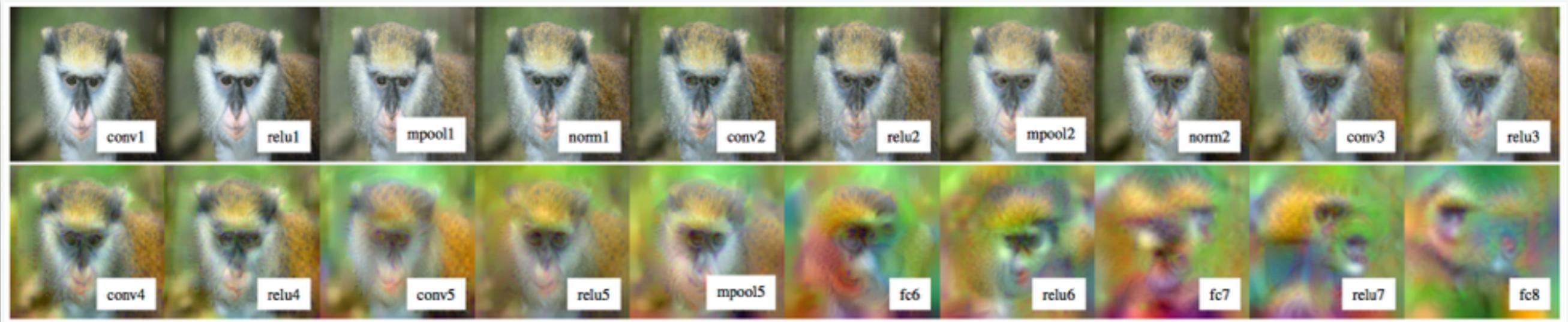


[Block et.al, 2007]

# Projects: Content-Aware Image Restoration



# Projects: Deep Visualisation



[Mahendran & Vedaldi, 2014]



[Yosinski et al., 2015]

---

# Contact

---

Email: [patrick.putzky@gmail.com](mailto:patrick.putzky@gmail.com)

Room: C3.260

OpenReview: <https://openreview.net/forum?id=HkS0lP9lg>