Document.md

Rep2Rec

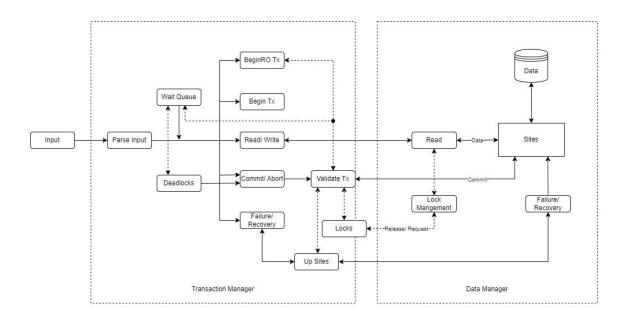
Replicated Concurrency Control and Recovery

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Design Flow



Framework Details

```
class TransactionManager:
        We treat transaction manager as the main function and acts as a middleware.
        It takes case of I/O, parsing, communications, deadlock detection,
        simulation of failure/ recovery, etc
    def __init__(self):
        transaction_queue = {} # {"T1": Transaction(T1)}
        wait_queue = []
                             # [(tx, fn, *args, waiting_vars)]
    def input_parser(self, file_path): ...
        # Read the input file from file_path
        # Parse input line by line
        # Execute transactions and manage wait queue
    def begin_transaction(self, tx): ...
        # Create a new transaction with id=tx
    def execute read write transaction(self, tx, var, value=None): ...
        # Validate the sites
        # Request locks and validate
        # Call the corresponding function from TMHelper
   def end transaction(self, tx): ...
        # Commit/ Abort transaction tx
    def deadlock cycle(self): ...
        # Use DFS to find a cycle in the wait queue
        # If a cycle is found, abort the youngest transaction
        # This happens every tick
    def fail(self, S): ...
        # Simulate failure in site S
    def recover(self, S): ...
        # Simulate recovery in site S
    def dump(self): ...
        # Print data from all sites
```

```
class TMHelper:
    """
    It is a helper function for Transaction Manager
    We store the sites data and lock data here
"""
```

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```
def init (self):
                        # [S1, S2, ..., S10]
       sites = []
                        # [list_of_available_sites]
       up_sites = []
        RO_sites = {}  # {var: {S1, S2, ..., Sn}} - valid sites for var
        last failure = {} # {S1: 4}
    def read(self, var, sites): ...
        # Attempt read from sites
        # Return first valid read
   def validate and commit(self, data): ...
        # Validate up_sites before committing
        # Validate the timestamps for each site up time
        # If validated, write each variable to all sites
   def write(self, sites, var, value): ...
        # Write {var: value} to sites
    def get ro cache(self): ...
        # Reads and returns all readable data for RO transaction
    def set_lock(self, sites, var, lock_type): ...
        # Verify lock availability and update lock status
    def read lock status(self, var): ...
        # Return current lock status for var
   def handle failure(self, site): ...
        # Simulate failure on site
        # Update the necessary variables
    def handle recovery(self, site): ...
       # Simulate recovery on site
       # Add site back to accessible sites (except replicated data until new write)
class Transaction:
        This provides the transaction object
        Each new Tx creates a new instance that is stored in TM
    def init (self):
       id = id
                       # Tx
       data = \{\}
                      # All data related to Tx
        locks = {}
                      # List of locks on var, site
        start time = 0 # Internal Counter
```

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```
def read(self, var=None): ...
        # Attempt read for var and return the data
        # Fetch data snapshot for RO_read
    def write(self, sites, var, value): ...
        # Update {var:value} within Tx memory
   def request lock(self, sites, var, lock type): ...
        # Request/ Promote a lock using TMHandler
        # Update lock dictionary accordingly
    def release_lock(self): ...
        # Release all locks on commit/ abort
   def commit(self): ...
       # Attempt commit on all data for Tx
        # Abort if validation fails
class DataManager:
        Individual Site instances
       These sites interact with the data storage (.txt files)
       The validations here are only a sanity check.
       Most validations are handled by TM
    0.00
   def init (self):
       id = id  # S1 -> 1
       data = {} # Currently stored data (used for read)
        locks = {} # Locks on all vars
        status = 1 # Up/ Down
   def read data(self, var): ...
        # Return value if valid
    def write data(self, var, value): ...
        # Write {var: value} to data storage if site is up
   def failure(self): ...
        # set status = 0
        # Flush all variables
   def recovery(self): ...
       # set status = 1
       # Recover un-replicated variables
```

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