

Logo Detection Project

20600 DEEP LEARNING FOR COMPUTER VISION
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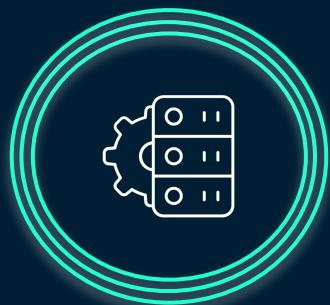
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Problem definition



Task

Object detection of
brand logos



Dataset

39,000 instagram images
containing 17 logo classes



Evaluation

Intersection over Union (IOU)



Roadmap

Step 1

Preliminary Data Analysis



Step 2

Data Preprocessing



Step 3

Description of models deployed



Step 4

Performance evaluation





01

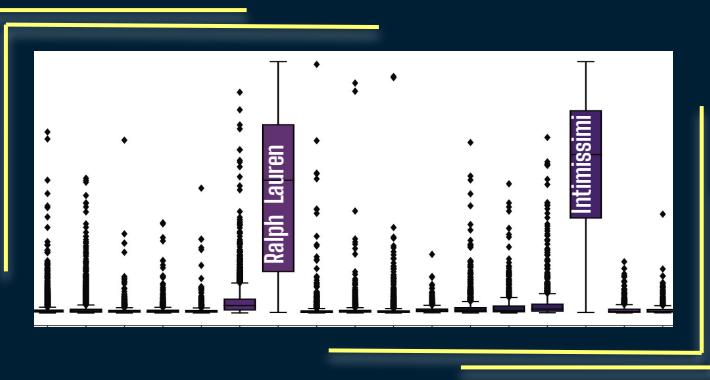
Preliminary Data Analysis

Preliminary Data Analysis

Distribution of labels



Distribution of bounding box area



Class imbalance



Generate additional augmented images or drop

Wrong labels for:
Ralph Lauren & Intimissimi



Use as noise data

Bounding boxes too high



Drop from the dataset

Images not found in the image folder



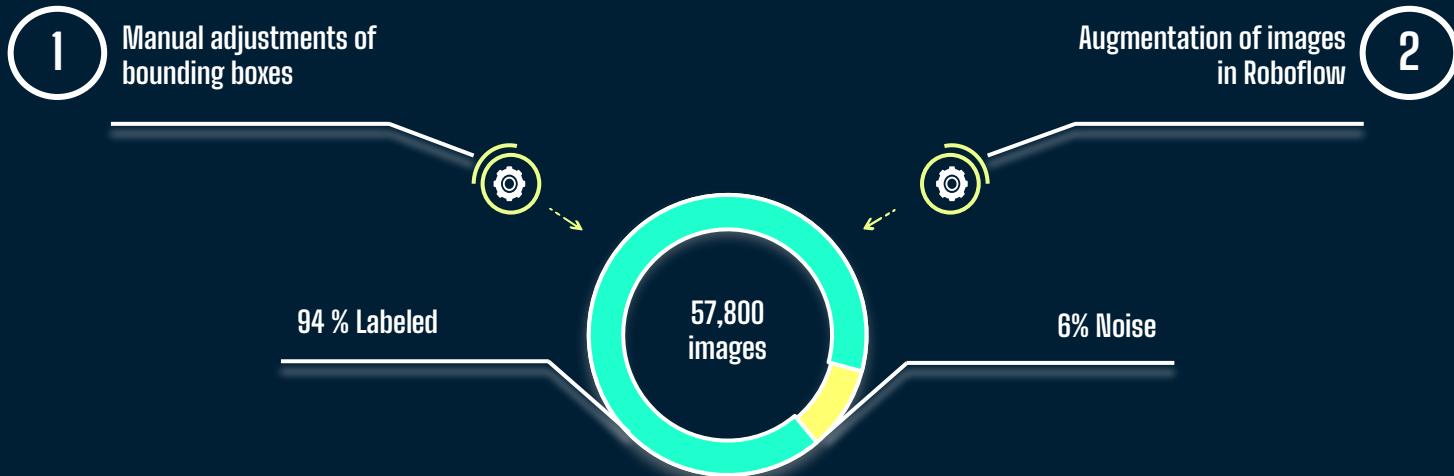
Drop from the dataset



02

Data Preprocessing

Preprocessing of training data





03

Models

- a. Faster R-CNN
- b. YOLOv5

Pre-training model comparison

Faster R-CNN

YOLOv5



Structure



Time efficiency



Expected accuracy

Two-stage

One-stage

Low

High

Medium

High

Models' specification comparison

Faster RCNN

Parameters:

Image size:

800

Box batch size per image:

36

RPN batch size per image:

24

NMS threshold:

Lowered

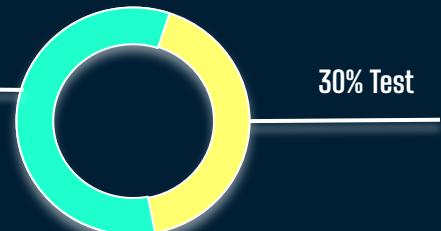
Aspect ratios:

Based on previous
research

Image split:

70 % Train

30% Test



YOLOv5

Image size:

640

Learning rate:

0.01

SGD Momentum:

0.938

Weights

Nano & XLarge

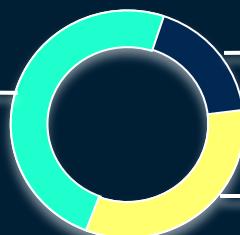
Extra augmentation:

Degrees, flipud, ...

50 % Train

20%
Validation

30% Test





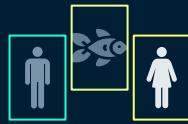
04

Performance Evaluation

Justification of the approach adopted



Multiple unlabeled logos present in the pictures



Faster RCNN & YOLOv5
are designed to predict
multiple instances

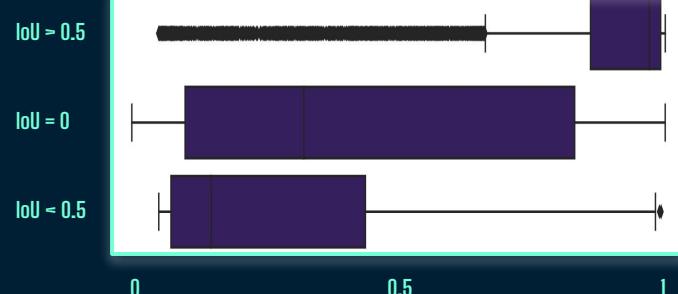


Evaluation based on
predictions with highest
confidence would understate
the predictive power

Confidence $\rightarrow \lambda \Rightarrow$ True Logo
BBox i

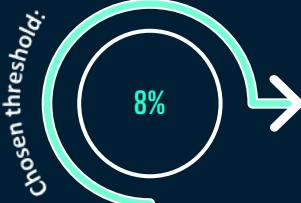
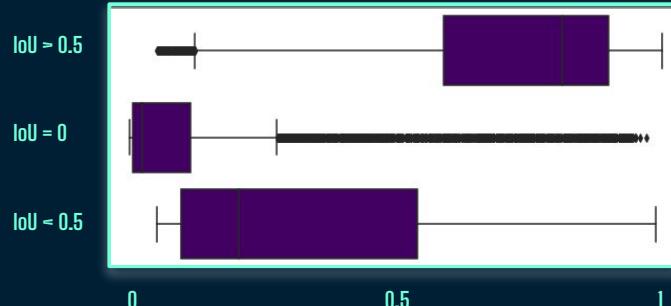
Choosing confidence threshold

Faster RCNN



% of incorrect predictions
~13.4%
of predictions per picture:
1.23

YOLOv5



% of incorrect predictions
~18%
of predictions per picture:
1.3

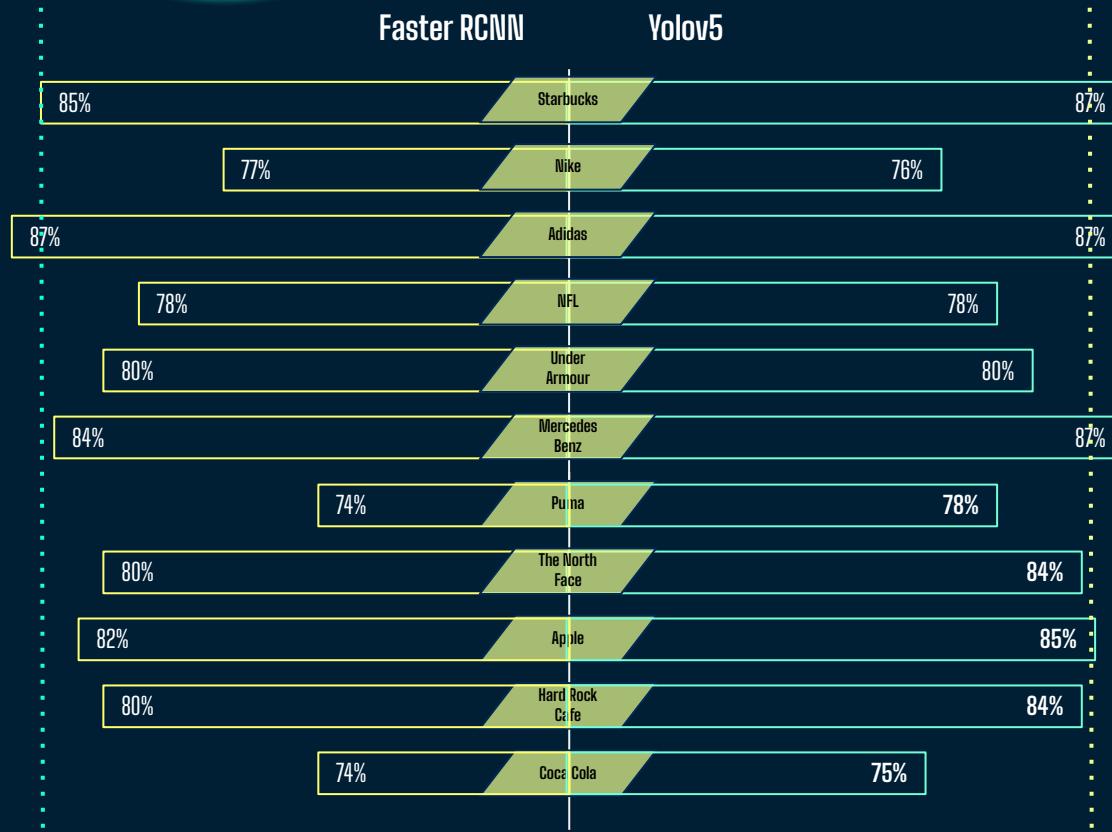


Many true predictions with 0 IoU & high confidence.

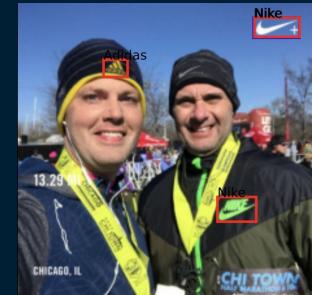


Producing a lot of predictions where it is uncertain.

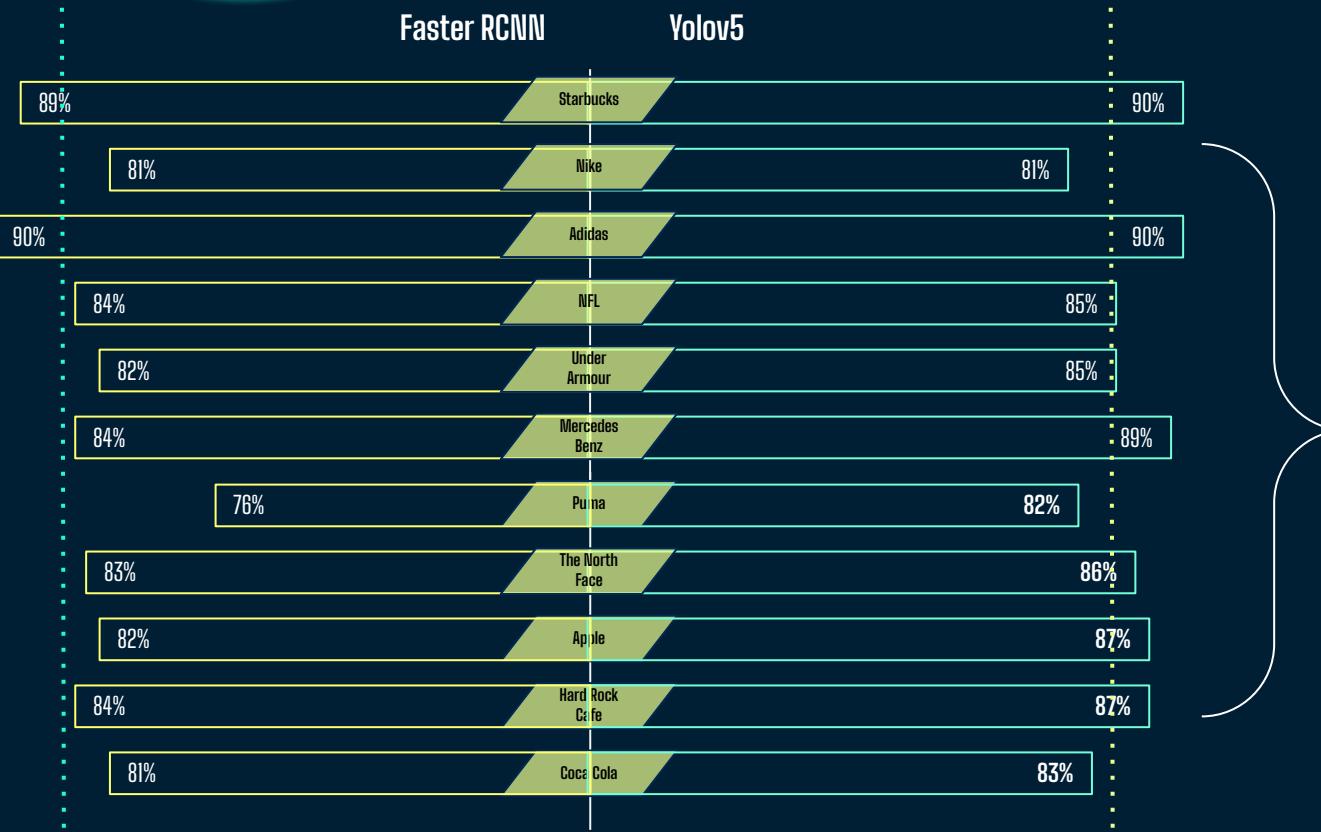
Predictions based on highest confidence



Not representative score, as multiple labels in pictures



Predictions based on highest IoU



- **Yolo overperforms** Faster RCNN
- Logos with **lowest IoU**, also labels with **lowest confidence**
- **Nike's bad performance** due to its **features**



Examination of result differences



Instances of other logos not labelled in the images?

Filter predictions



Predictions with **higher confidence score than** the one associated with **the highest IoU**

Create database



578, 623 predicted **boxes** for Faster RCNN and Yolo respectively

Manual inspection



91%

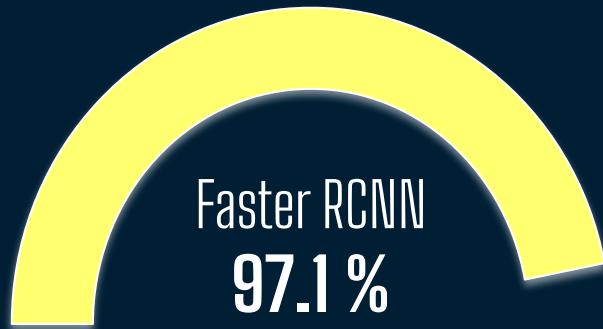
Faster RCNN
correctly
identified labels

89%

YOLOv5
correctly
identified labels

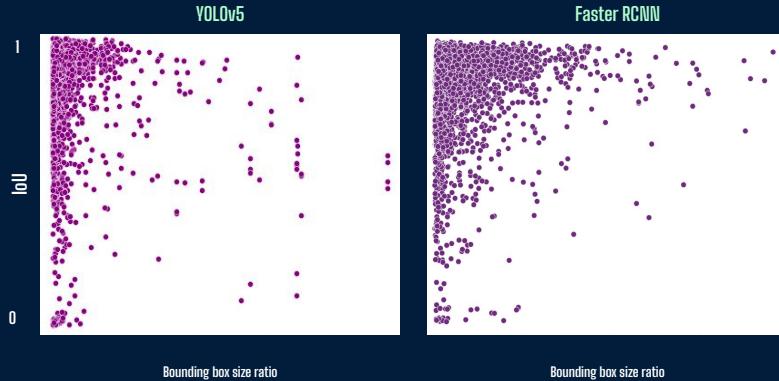


Classification accuracies achieved



Exploring systematic errors

Correlation plot between IoU and box size

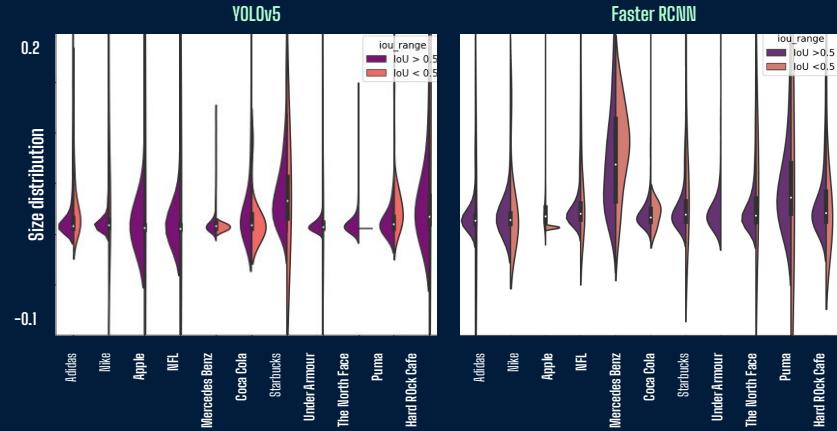


Correlation between the size of the bounding box and the prediction performance



Stronger correlation for Faster RCNN, consistent with empirical research.

Distribution plot of box sizes across different IoU



For some logos issue to predict the large bounding boxes too.



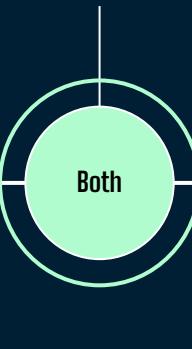
Starbucks: average of bounding boxes with low IoU is at 0.04 vs. 0.015 for high IoU.

Findings deduced from the analysis

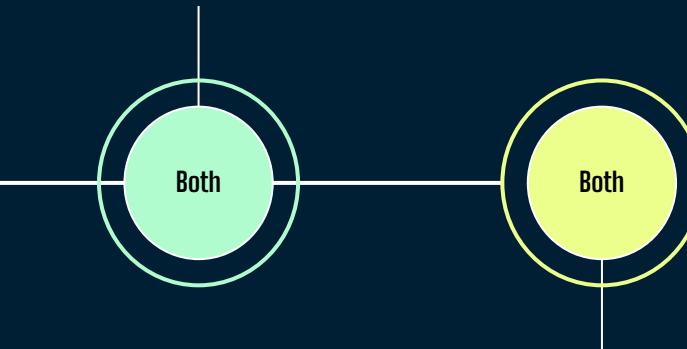
Higher confidence in the predicted labels and tendency to **predict less false** bounding boxes.



Using **highest confidence understates the results** of the model.



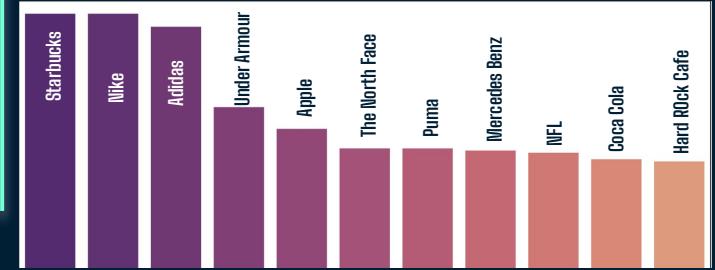
Trade-off between **predictive performance** and additional error in **predicted** bounding boxes



Test on an additional testset, where all **predictions $> \lambda\%$** will be considered as **valid logos**.

Designing extra test set

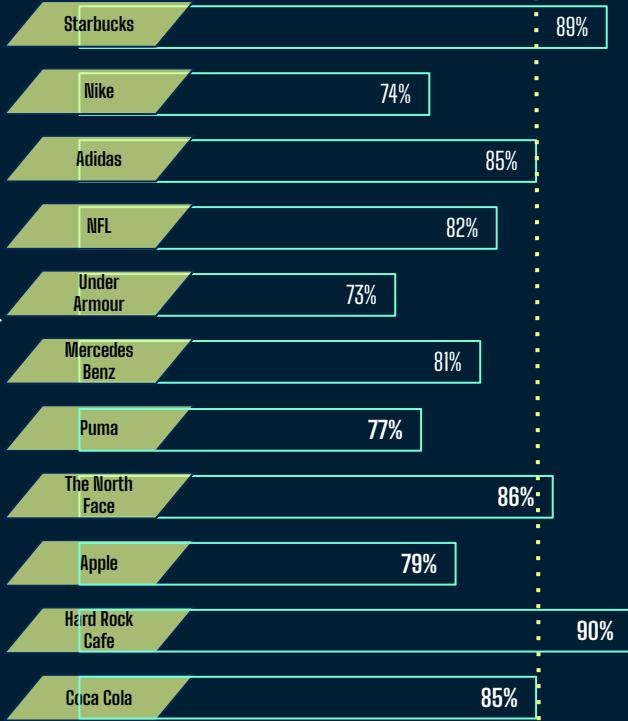
Distribution of labels in additional test set



Original test set contained many images with **no or wrong labels, inaccurate bounding boxes** and only **one of multiple possible labels**

Download **additional 600 images** from all classes and labeled them accurately, **majority had multiple instances of logos**

Yolov5 on multi-logo detection task



Findings deduced from the analysis



Unique design characteristics



Easy to be mistaken for basic shapes.



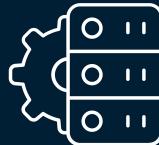
Pushing the average value to lower levels.



Fractions of predictions that are not logos

Conclusions & Recommendations

- **YOLOv5 outperforms** Faster R-CNN in terms of both accuracy and speed
- Less **unique shapes** (e.g. Nike) are generally **harder to detect** as well as **smaller bounding boxes**
- **Extensive preprocessing** and **improving** the dataset was essential for good results



- **Relabeling** of the dataset providing annotations and bounding boxes for **multiple logos** in the image for multi-object detection
- **Remove** ethically **questionable images**, utilize only balanced and clean dataset for real-life applications



THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION