

# Assignment 3

**Aim:** Implementation and analysis of RSA cryptosystem and Digital Signature scheme using RSA

## **Theory:**

RSA (Rivest-Shamir-Adleman):

RSA is a widely used public-key cryptosystem for secure data transmission and digital signatures. It's based on the mathematical properties of large prime numbers. RSA involves a pair of keys: a public key for encryption and a private key for decryption. The security of RSA relies on the difficulty of factoring large semiprime numbers.

Algorithm:

### 1. Key Generation:

- Choose two distinct prime numbers,  $p$  and  $q$ .
- Calculate  $n = p * q$ .
- Compute the totient  $\phi(n) = (p - 1) * (q - 1)$ .
- Choose an integer  $e$  (usually a small prime, commonly 65537) that is coprime with  $\phi(n)$ .
- Compute  $d$  such that  $(d * e) \% \phi(n) = 1$ .
- Public key:  $(e, n)$
- Private key:  $(d, n)$

### 2. Encryption:

- Convert the plaintext message into a numeric value  $m$ .
- Compute the ciphertext  $c = (m^e) \% n$ .

### 3. Decryption:

- Compute the plaintext message  $m = (c^d) \% n$ .

Digital Signature:

A digital signature is a cryptographic technique that provides authenticity, integrity, and non-repudiation for digital messages or documents. It involves using a private key to sign the message and a public key to verify the signature. Digital signatures ensure that the

sender of a message is authenticated and that the message has not been tampered with during transmission.

Algorithm:

1. Key Generation:

- Choose a private key for signing.
- Compute a corresponding public key for verification.

2. Signing:

- Hash the message to produce a fixed-length digest.
- Encrypt the digest using the private key to create the digital signature.

3. Verification:

- Decrypt the digital signature using the sender's public key to get the digest.
- Hash the received message to produce a digest.
- Compare the two digests. If they match, the signature is valid.

Digital signatures are essential for secure communication, online transactions, and authentication of digital documents.

### RSA Encryption

Enter Plain Text to Encrypt

Hello I am a Human

Enter Public/Private key

MFwwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADSwAwSAJBAlaog6+wSDZce/Mqi4o+5Y9r4mvoTdtuEjXZ6RmGr201ZV2JGIU6b4BQ2kBDYtLRpZ/kaNSSFedUM9g9P7RQRUCAwEAAQ==

RSA Key Type: ☒Public key ☐Private Key

Select Cipher Type

RSA

Encrypt

Encrypted Output (Base64):

QNDXULc+oOrC9NuLpUuYj60OQ512TBoQtVyHIHtftpz0CIHnAn+tozTbneWuVmn1FIMXT9unZSwGRJiAS5YCNw==

### RSA Decryption

Enter Encrypted Text to Decrypt (Base64)

QNDXULc+oOrC9NuLpUuYj60OQ512TBoQtVyHIHtftpz0CIHnAn+tozTbneWuVmn1FIMXT9unZSwGRJiAS5YCNw==

Enter Public/Private key

WBrCjEBt18fRHRkT+D9nqcwxqBjiJQlgQ5ILiGQUzxm7oxSxvF2kZQ1CzJ9IP+xlFudq24O7QECIFJBQgyjvsHcucyC1gvNDElApzCMYlkyhuQiBPd7C4pAiB3tPw7gPaggcK/u6Y7k4AlioifO8AVguKJt+r8DxsAxw==

RSA Key Type: ☐Public key ☒Private Key

Select Cipher Type

RSA

Decrypt

Decrypted Output:

Hello I am a Human

**Conclusion:** Thus we learnt and implemented RSA and digital signature using RSA