

INTRODUCTION TO NUMBER SYSTEM

Number Representation

Basic Number System Types

NUMBER REPRESENTATION

Base/Radix

Least Significant Digit

$$N_b = d_{n-1} \dots d_2 d_1 d_0 . d_{-1} d_{-2} \dots d_{-m}$$

Number

Most Significant Digit

BASIC NUMBER SYSTEM TYPES

Binary

Base/Radix:
2

Characters: 0,1

Eg: (1101)₂

Octal

Base/Radix:
8

Characters:
0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7

Eg :: (37)₈

Decimal

Base/Radix:
10

Characters:
0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9

Eg: (245)₁₀

Hexadecimal

Base/Radix:
16

Characters:
0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,
A,B,C,D,E,F

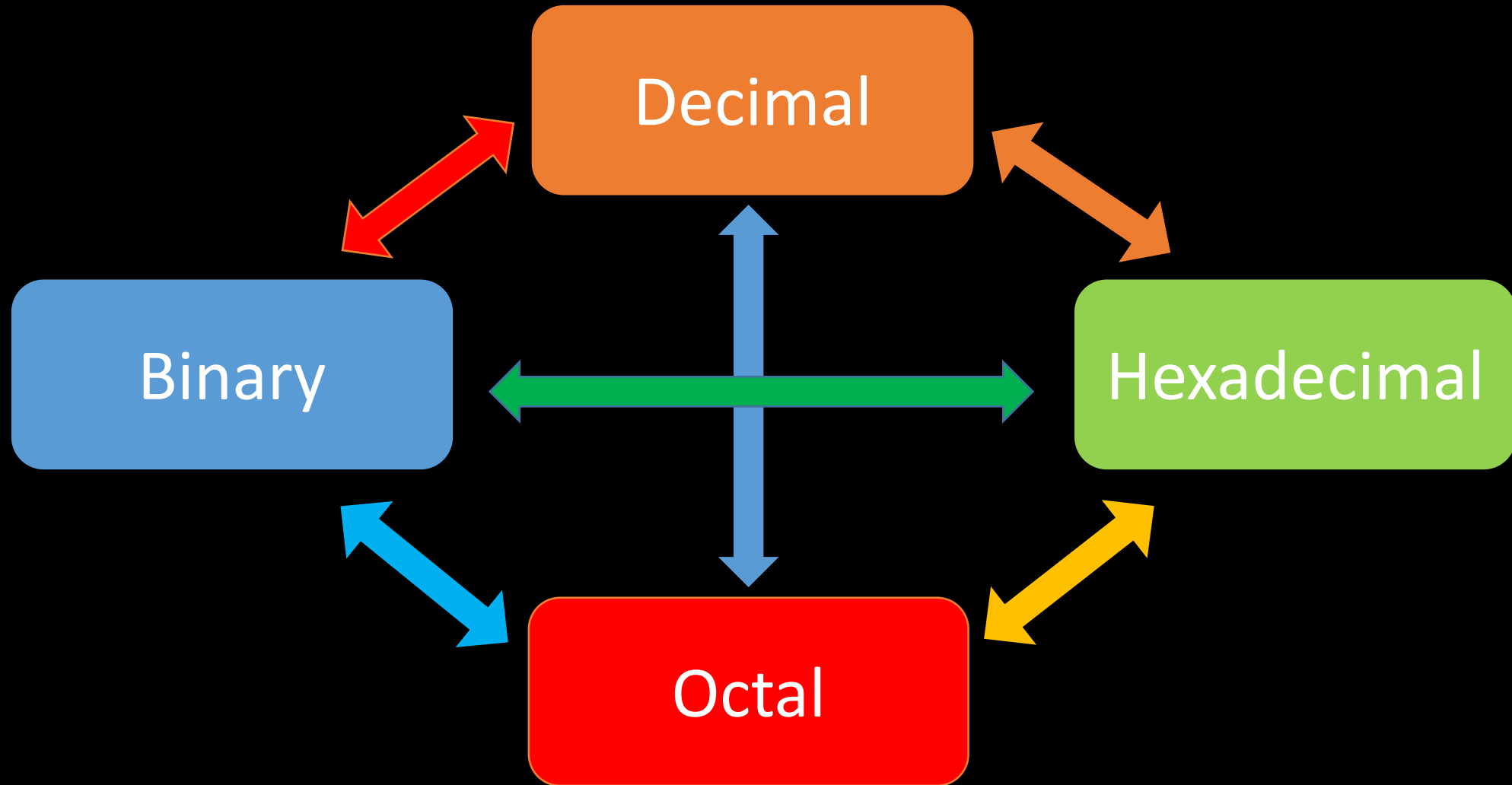
Eg: (2AEF)₁₆

NUMBER SYSTEM HISTORY VIDEO



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NUMBER SYSTEM CONVERSION



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I. DECIMAL TO BINARY CONVERSION

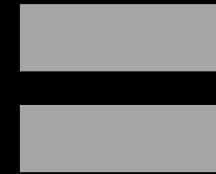
FOR INTEGER PART

- CONTINUE DIVISION BY 2
- KEEPING THE TRACK ON REMAINDER
- GO FROM BOTTOM TO TOP



FOR FRACTIONAL PART

- CONTINUE MULTIPLICATION BY 2
- KEEPING THE TRACK OF INTEGER PART
- GO FROM LEFT TO WRITE



FINAL CONVERTED BINARY NUMBER

- MERGE BOTH (INTEGER AND FRACTIONAL PART) BINARY BITS

I. DECIMAL TO BINARY CONVERSION

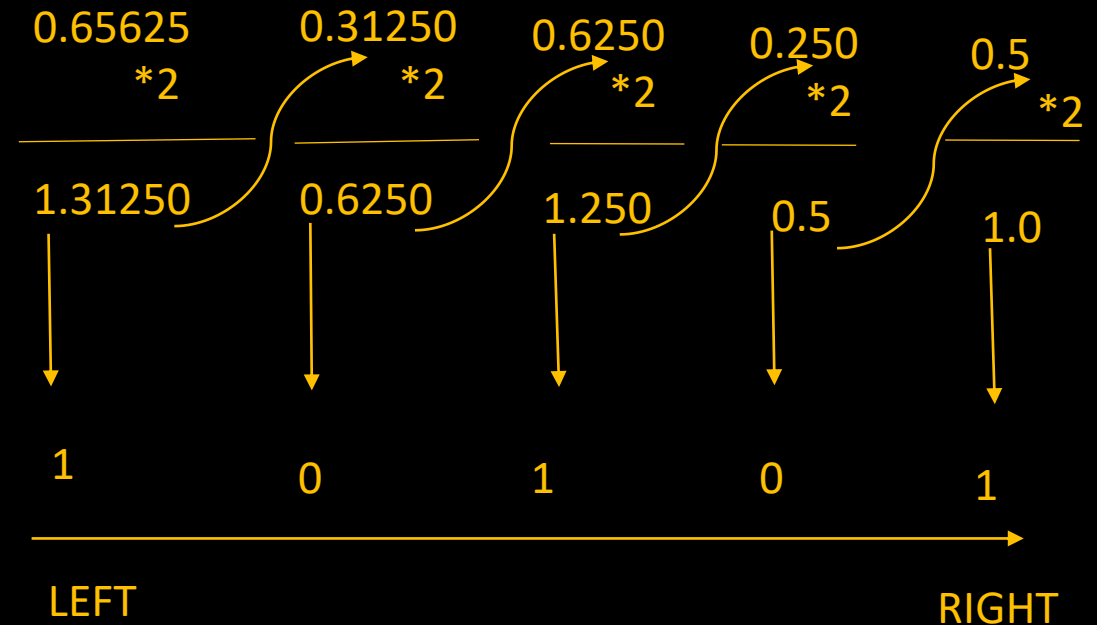
Convert given $(42.65625)_{10}$ into BINARY

INTEGER PART : 42

2	42		TOP
2	21	0	
2	10	1	
2	5	0	
2	2	1	
2	1	0	
	0	1	
			BOTTOM

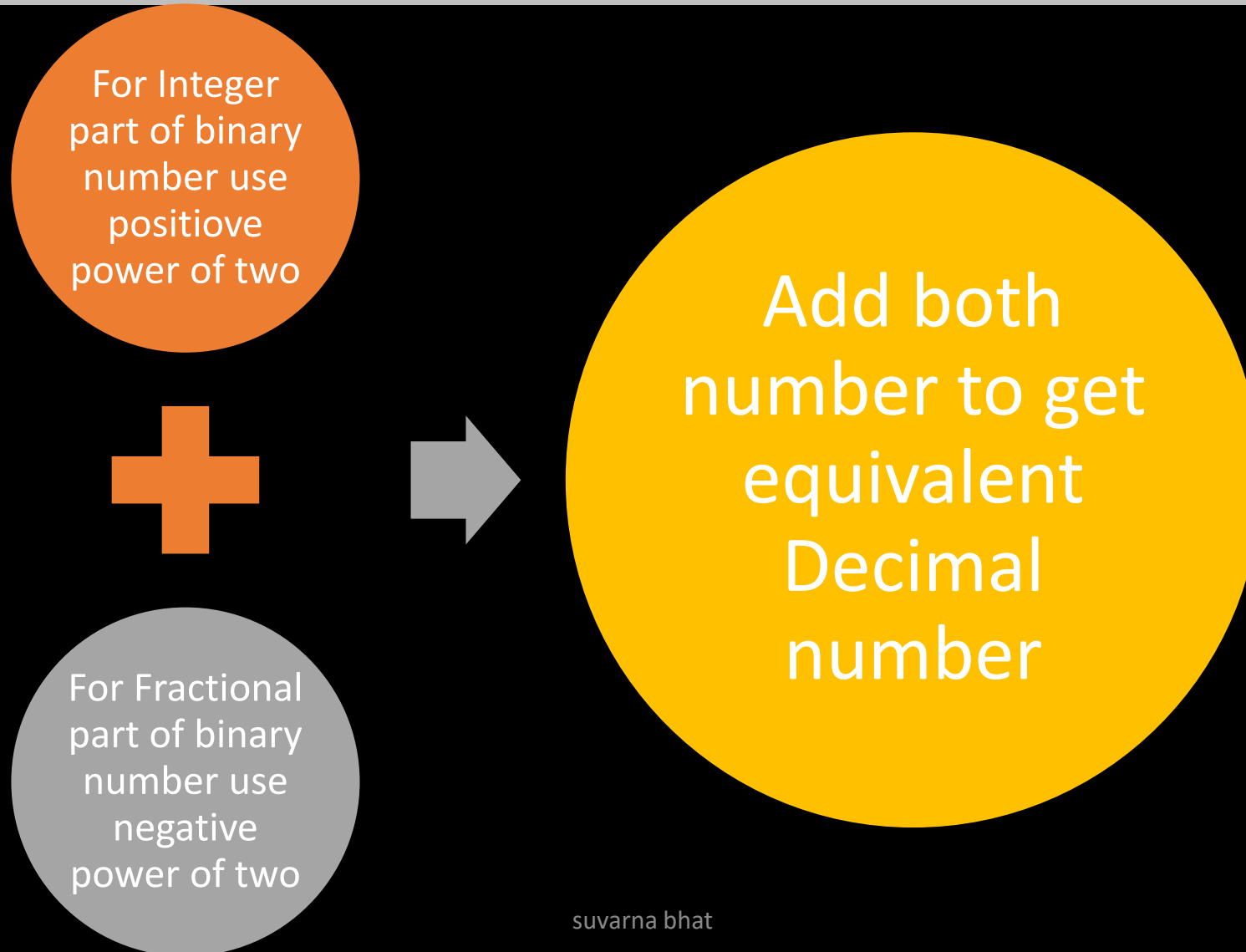
$$(42)_{10} = (101010)_2$$

FRACTIONAL PART : .65625



$$(.65625)_{10} = (.10101)_2$$

II. BINARY TO DECIMAL CONVERSION



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II. DECIMAL BINARY TO DECIMAL CONVERSION

- Eg. Convert the following binary no into Decimal

(1011.01)₂



Positive power of 2 Negative power of 2

$$= (2^3 * 1) + (2^2 * 0) + (2^1 * 1) + (2^0 * 1) + (2^{-1} * 0) + (2^{-2} * 1)$$

$$= 11 + 0.25$$

$$= (11.25)_{10}$$

III. DECIMAL TO OCTAL

- EXAMPLE

- $(67.517)_{10}$

- $(451.43)_{10}$

IV. OCTAL TO DECIMAL

- EXAMPLE:

➤ $(670.17)_8$

V. DECIMAL TO HEXADECIMAL

- EXAMPLE:

- $(95.5)_{10}$

- $(451.43)_{10}$

VI. HEXADECIMAL TO DECIMAL

- EXAMPLE

➤ $(AFC.CD)_{16}$

NUMBER SYSTEM TABLE

Decimal	BINARY	OCTAL	HEXADECIMAL
0	0000	0	0
1	0001	1	1
2	0010	2	2
3	0011	3	3
4	0100	4	4
5	0101	5	5
6	0110	6	6
7	0111	7	7
8	1000		8
9	1001		9
10	1010		A
11	1011		B
12	1100		C
13	1101		D
14	1110		E
15	1111		F

VII. BINARY TO OCTAL

- STEPS:
 - Group bits in threes, starting on right
 - Convert to octal digits

VII. BINARY TO OCTAL

EXAMPLE:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} (10101111.010011)_2 \\ \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} & \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} & \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} & \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} & \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}} \\ (2 & 5 & 7 & . & 2 & 6)_8 \end{array}$$

VIII. OCTAL TO BINARY

- EXAMPLE:

(	7	3	4	.	3	5	1	)₈
	↓	↓	↓		↓	↓	↓	
(	111	011	100	.	011	101	001	)₂

IX. BINARY TO HEXADECIMAL

- STEPS:

- Group bits in fours, starting on right
- Convert to Hexadecimal digits

IX. BINARY TO HEXADECIMAL

EXAMPLE:

$(10101111.010011)_2$



$(A \ F \ . \ 4 \ \ C)_{16}$

X. HEXADECIMAL TO BINARY

- EXAMPLE:

(	A	8	7	.	9	E	1	)₁₆
	↓	↓	↓		↓	↓	↓	
(	1010	1000	0111	.	1001	1110	0001	)₂

HOME WORK

XI : OCTAL TO HEXADECIMAL

$(723.17)_8$

XII: HEXADECIMAL TO OCTAL

$(1D3.CD)_{16}$

CRITICAL THINKING QUESTION

Convert $(451.43)_{10}$ into base 7 Number system

USE OF CALCULATOR

