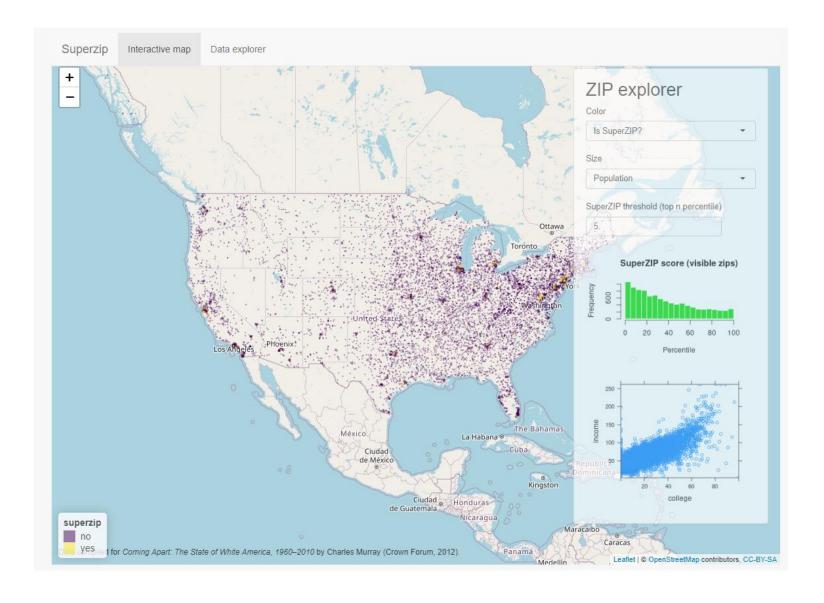
Bigfoot sightings: Learning to create Shiny modules by turning an existing app modular

- Deepsha Menghani

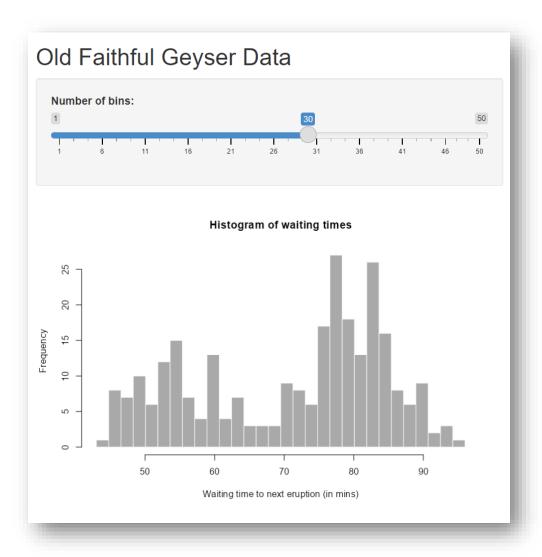


Shiny is a framework for building web applications using R and Python.



Learning Shiny.... A simple app.R file

```
# Define UI for application that draws a histogram
ui <- fluidPage(
    # Application title
   titlePanel("Old Faithful Geyser Data"),
   # Sidebar with a slider input for number of bins
   sidebarLayout(
       sidebarPanel(
            sliderInput("bins",
                        "Number of bins:".
                        min = 1.
                        max = 50.
                        value = 30)
       ),
       # Show a plot of the generated distribution
       mainPanel(
           plotOutput("distPlot")
# Define server logic required to draw a histogram
server <- function(input, output) {</pre>
   output$distPlot <- renderPlot({</pre>
        # generate bins based on input$bins from ui.R
       x <- faithful[, 2]
       bins < seq(min(x), max(x), length.out = input$bins + 1)
        # draw the histogram with the specified number of bins
       hist(x, breaks = bins, col = 'darkgray', border = 'white',
            xlab = 'Waiting time to next eruption (in mins)',
             main = 'Histogram of waiting times')
   3)
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

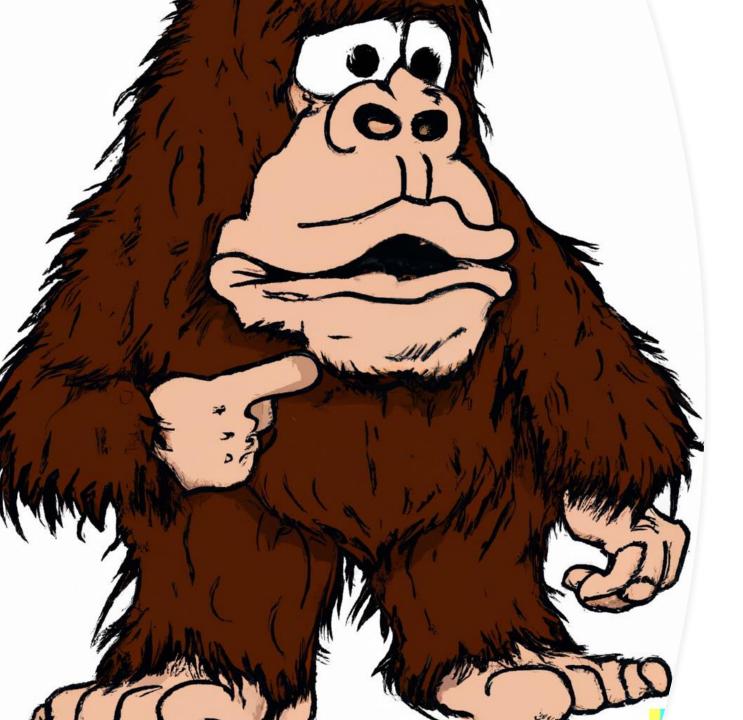


Building Shiny.... A much larger app.R file

```
# Load necessary libraries
library(tidyverse)
library(DT)
library(shiny)
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(
 theme = bslib::bs_theme(version = 5,bootswatch = "flatly".pr
"#f7fdfd", fg = "<mark>black</mark>";
 h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center")
 fluidRow(
   column(2.
           selectizeInput(inputId = "state", label = "Select Sta
(dataset$state), selected = "washington", multiple = FALSE)
   column(5,
           h4("Sightings for top 10 counties"),
           plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")
   column(5,
           h4("Sightings over time").
           plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly")
 fluidRow(
           selectizeInput(inputId = "state2", label = "Select St
= unique(dataset$state), selected = "Ohio", multiple = FALSE)
   column(5,
           plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty2")
   column(5,
           plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly2")
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
 # filter data based on user selection
 data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$st
 output$plotcounty <- renderPlot(
   data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      mutate(county = fct_reorder(as.factor(county), n)) |>
      arrange(desc(n)) |>
      top_n(10) |>
      geom_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0
```

```
geom label(aes(county, n+1.5, label = n), size = 4, color
      scale_fill_gradientn(colours = c("#008080", high = "black
      labs (y = "", x = "") +
      theme minimal() +
      coord flip() +
      vlim(c(0.85)) +
       panel.grid = element_blank().
       text = element_text(size = 20)
       axis.text.x = element_blank().
       legend.position = "none".
       plot.background = element_rect(fill = "#e7fafa")
 # Yearly plot
 output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(
   data_filtered() |>
     mutate(year = floor_date(as.Date(date), 'year')) |>
     count(year) |>
      filter(!is.na(year)) |>
     arrange(desc(n)) |>
      mutate(highest = ifelse(row_number()==1,str_glue("Highest
{n}\nYear: {substr(year, 1, 4)}"),NA),
            highest_count = ifelse(row_number()==1,n,NA)) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(color = "#008080", alpha=0.3, size = 2) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), color = "red", alpha:
     stat_smooth(inherit.aes = TRUE, se = FALSE, span = 0.3, s
      scale_y_continuous(breaks = function(z) seq(0, range(z)[2]
     ylim(c(0,38)) +
      geom_text(aes(year, n+1, label = highest), hjust=0, size
     scale_x_date(date_labels = "%Y", breaks = "6 year", limits
 "2023-01-01"))) +
      theme_minimal() +
       panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
       text = element_text(size = 20).
       axis.title.x = element_blank().
       axis.title.y = element_blank()
       plot.background = element_rect(fill = "#e7fafa")
 # filter data based on user selection
 data_filtered2 <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == inputs;
 # County plot
 output$plotcounty2 <- renderPlot(
   data_filtered2() |>
     count(county) |>
      mutate(county = fct_reorder(as.factor(county), n)) |>
      arrange(desc(n)) |>
     top_n(10) |>
```

```
output$plotcounty2 <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data filtered2() |>
      count(county) |>
      mutate(county = fct_reorder(as.factor(county), n)) |>
      arrange(desc(n)) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8
      geom_label(aes(county, n+1.5, label = n), size = 4, color
      scale_fill_gradientn(colours = c("#008080", high = "black"
      labs (y = "", x = "") +
      theme_minimal() +
      coord_flip() +
      y1im(c(0,85)) +
        panel.grid = element_blank(),
        text = element_text(size = 20).
        axis.text.x = element_blank().
        legend.position = "none",
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "#e7fafa")
 # Yearly plot
 output$plotyearly2 <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered2() |>
      mutate(year = floor_date(as.Date(date), 'year')) |>
      count(year) |>
      filter(!is.na(year)) |>
      arrange(desc(n)) |>
      mutate(highest = ifelse(row_number()==1,str_glue("Highest
{n}\nYear: {substr(year, 1, 4)}"),NA),
             highest_count = ifelse(row_number()==1,n,NA)) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(color = "#008080", alpha=0.3, size = 2) +
geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), color = "red", alpha=1
      stat smooth(inherit.aes = TRUE, se = FALSE, span = 0.3, sho
      scale_y_continuous(breaks = function(z) seq(0, range(z)[2]
      y1im(c(0,38)) +
      geom_text(aes(year, n+1, label = highest), hjust=0, size =
      scale_x_date(date_labels = "%Y", breaks = "6 year", limits
  "2023-01-01"))) +
      theme minimal() +
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        text = element_text(size = 20),
        axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.title.y = element_blank();
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "#e7fafa")
```



The challenges with a monolith app.R file

- Difficult to keep track of components
- Challenging to debug if something fails
- Harder for someone new to learn and contribute
- Tedious to reuse its elements within itself and other applications

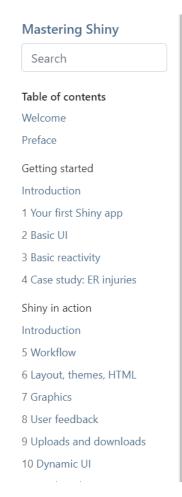
Enter Shiny modules... A reusable piece of Shiny code written as a function

Functions



Shiny

Superpower of Shiny and R functions combined



19 Shiny modules

In the last chapter we used functions to decompose parts of your Shiny app into independent pieces. Functions work well for code that is either completely on the server side or completely on the client side. For code that spans both, i.e. whether the server code relies on specific structure in the UI, you'll need a new technique: modules.

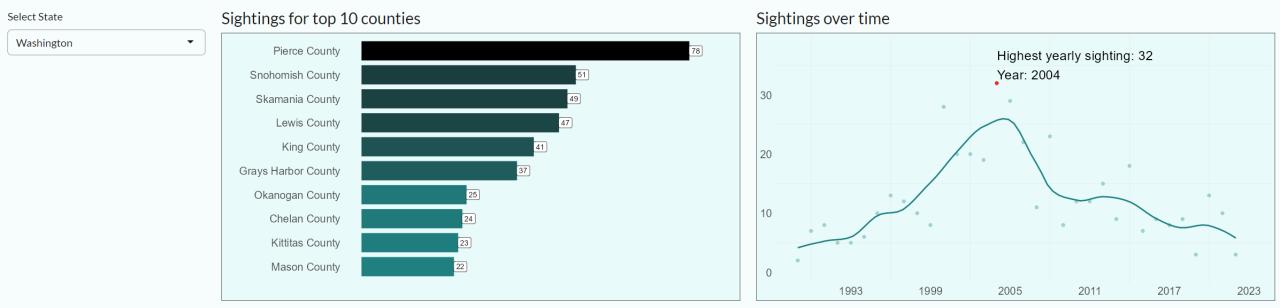
At the simplest level, a module is a pair of UI and server functions. The magic of modules comes because these functions are constructed in a special way that creates a "namespace". So far, when writing an app, the names (ids) of the controls are global: all parts of your server function can see all parts of your UI. Modules give you the ability to create controls that can only be seen from within the module. This is called a **namespace** because it creates "spaces" of "names" that are isolated from the rest of the app.

Shiny modules have two big advantages. Firstly, namespacing makes it easier to understand how your app works because you can write, analyse, and test individual components in isolation. Secondly, because modules are functions they help you reuse code; anything you can do with a function, you can do with a module.

library(shiny)

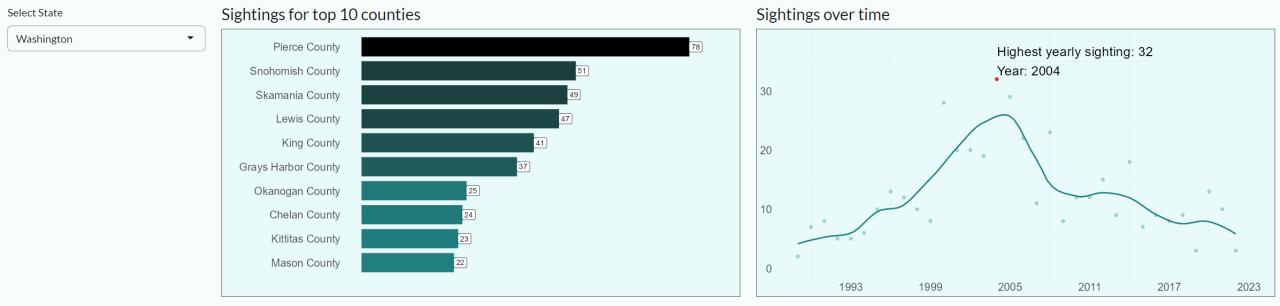
Let's learn to write modules with a Shiny application

Bigfoot Sightings in the United States

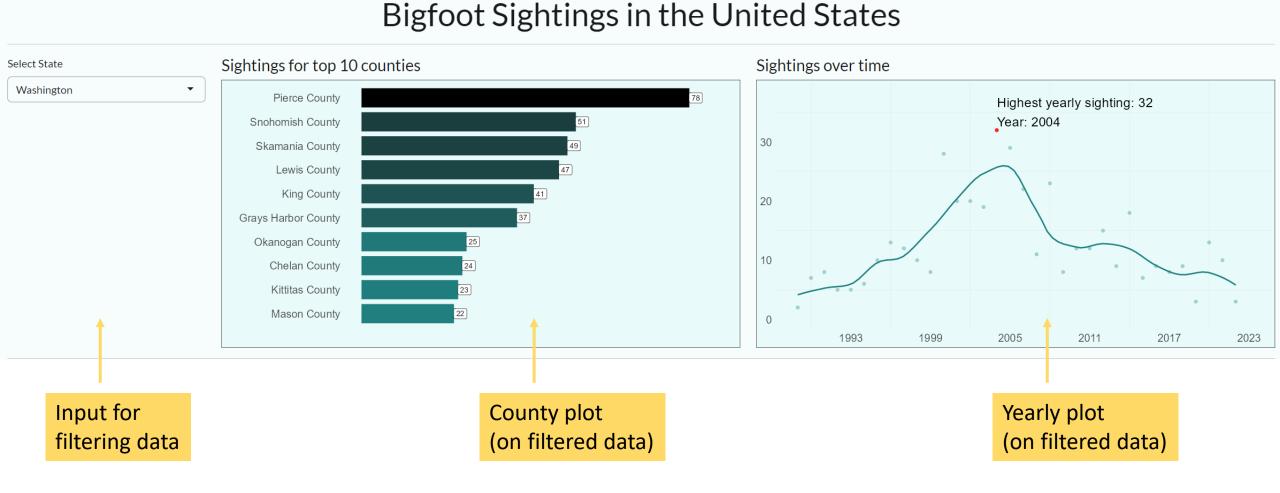


Step 1: Decompose your application components

Bigfoot Sightings in the United States



Step 1: Decompose your application components



Deepsha Menghani https://deepshamenghani.quarto.pub/dmenghani/

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcounty <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

app.R

file

3 ui elements

3 server elements

Deepsha Menghani https://deepshamenghani.guarto.pub/dmenghani/

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
 # filter data based on user selection
 data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcounty <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

app.R

file

3 ui elements

3 server elements

Deepsha Menghani https://deepshamenghani.quarto.pub/dmenghani/

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
 # County plot
 output$plotcounty <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

app.R

file

3 ui elements

3 server elements

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```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcounty <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
 # Yearly plot
 output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

app.R

file

3 ui elements

3 server elements

Deepsha Menghani https://deepshamenghani.guarto.pub/dmenghani/

Step 2: Create modules (baby shiny apps) for the distributed components

- Module 1: Module_input.R
 - Ui: Create state input ui
 - Server: Filter data based on state input
- Module 2: Module_countyplot.R
 - Ui: Create county plot ui
 - Server: Generate the county plot with ggplot code
- Module 3: Module_yearlyplot.R
 - Ui: Create yearly plot ui
 - Server: Generate the yearly plot with ggplot code

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State".
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Module 1: Module_input.R

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Module 1: Module input.R

ui and server components are written as two separate modules, just like a shiny app.

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Module 1: Module input.R

In this module we want to ask user to input "state" and then filter data based on the user input

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Module 1: Module_input.R

We create the ui and server as functions that can be called from the main app.R file

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state).
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinvApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Module 1: Module_input.R

ID serves as a unique identifier for each instance of the module within the application, allowing multiple instances of the same module to coexist and be independently controlled.

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                          label = "Select State".
                                          choices = unique(dataset$state).
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                          multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output plotyearly <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinvApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Module 1: Module_input.R

ID serves as a unique identifier for each instance of the module within the application, allowing multiple instances of the same module to coexist and be independently controlled.

ID is instantiated when the module function is called from the main app. Each ui and server call have the same unique id connecting the two.

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state).
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinvApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Module 1: Module_input.R

A namespace is like a separate room that contains all the functions and variables specific to that module, preventing naming conflicts and keeping things organized

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                          label = "Select State",
                                          choices = unique(dataset$state).
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                          multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
|server <- function(input, output, session) |
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output plotyearly <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinvApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Module 1: Module_input.R

A namespace is like a separate room that contains all the functions and variables specific to that module, preventing naming conflicts and keeping things organized

Each input name is encapsulated in ns() to ensure that it is properly namespaced and avoid conflicts with input names from other module calls in the main application

Call the module function from the main app.R file

Test app.R

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")

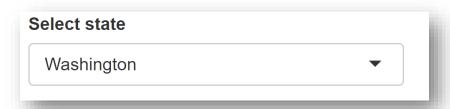
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")

ui_test <- fluidPage(
    # Call the ui module as a function
    module_input_ui("input_test", df=dataset))

server_test <- function(input, output, session) {
    # Call the server module as a function
    data_filtered <- module_input_server("input_test", df=dataset)
}

# Call the shiny app
shinyApp(ui=ui_test, server=server_test)</pre>
```

Module 1: Module_input.R



Call the module function from the main app.R file

Test app.R

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")

dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")

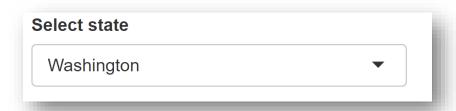
ui_test <- fluidPage(
    # Call the ui module as a function
    module_input_ui("input_test", df=dataset))

server_test <- function(input, output, session) {
    # Call the server module as a function
    data_filtered <- module_input_server("input_test", df=dataset)
}

# Call the shiny app
shinyApp(ui=ui_test, server=server_test)</pre>
```

Source your module_input.R file

Module 1: Module_input.R



Call the module function from the main app.R file

Test app.R

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")

dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")

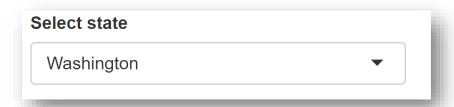
ui_test <- fluidPage(
    # Call the ui module as a function
    module_input_ui("input_test", df=dataset))

server_test <- function(input, output, session) {
    # Call the server module as a function
    data_filtered <- module_input_server("input_test", df=dataset)
}

# Call the shiny app
shinyApp(ui=ui_test, server=server_test)</pre>
```

Call the ui module and server module functions from the main app ui and server

Module 1: Module_input.R



Call the module function from the main app.R file

Test app.R

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")

dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")

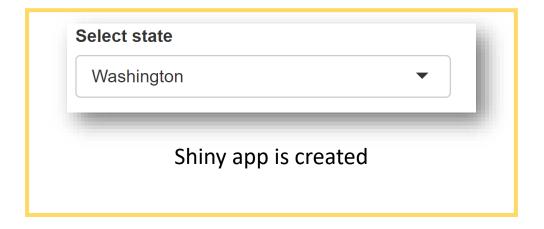
ui_test <- fluidPage(
    # Call the ui module as a function
    module_input_ui("input_test", df=dataset))

server_test <- function(input, output, session) {
    # Call the server module as a function
    data_filtered <- module_input_server("input_test", df=dataset)
}

# Call the shiny app
shinyApp(ui=ui_test, server=server_test)</pre>
```

Call the shiny app command

Module 1: Module_input.R



Handling multiple module calls

Call the module function from the main app.R file multiple times with separate unique IDs — it is that simple!!

Test app.R

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")

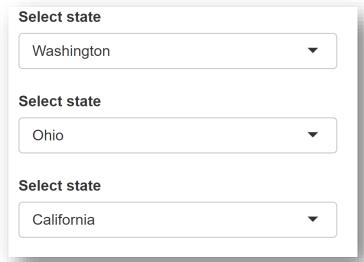
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")

ui_test_multiple <- fluidPage(
    # Call the ui module as a function
    module_input_ui("input_test1", df=dataset),
    module_input_ui("input_test2", df=dataset, defaultstate = "Ohio"),
    module_input_ui("input_test3", df=dataset, defaultstate = "California"))

server_test_multiple <- function(input, output, session) {
    # Call the server module as a function
    data_filtered1 <- module_input_server("input_test1", df=dataset)
    data_filtered2 <- module_input_server("input_test2", df=dataset)
    data_filtered3 <- module_input_server("input_test3", df=dataset)
}

# Call the shiny app
shinyApp(ui=ui_test_multiple, server=server_test_multiple)</pre>
```

Module 1: Module_input.R



Handling multiple module calls

Call the module function from the main app.R file multiple times with separate unique IDs — it is that simple!!

Test app.R

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")

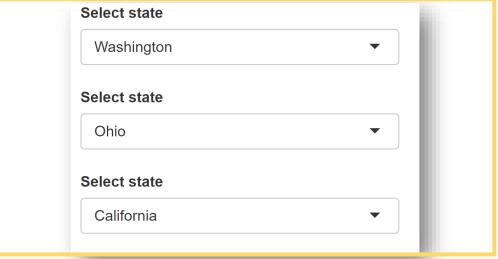
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")

ui_test_multiple <- fluidPage(
    # Call the ui module as a function
    module_input_ui("input_test1", df=dataset),
    module_input_ui("input_test2", df=dataset, defaultstate = "Ohio"),
    module_input_ui("input_test3", df=dataset, defaultstate = "California"))

server_test_multiple <- function(input, output, session) {
    # Call the server module as a function
    data_filtered1 <- module_input_server("input_test1", df=dataset)
    data_filtered2 <- module_input_server("input_test2", df=dataset)
    data_filtered3 <- module_input_server("input_test3", df=dataset)
}

# Call the shiny app
shinyApp(ui=ui_test_multiple, server=server_test_multiple)</pre>
```

Module 1: Module_input.R



Step 4: Replicate modularization for other decomposed components

- Module 1: Module_input.R
 - Ui: Create state input ui
 - Server: Filter data based on state input
- Module 2: Module_countyplot.R
 - Ui: Create county plot ui
 - Server: Generate the county plot with ggplot code
- Module 3: Module_yearlyplot.R
 - Ui: Create yearly plot ui
 - Server: Generate the yearly plot with ggplot code

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcounty <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Module 2: Module_countyplot.R

```
module_county_ui <- function(id) {</pre>
  # Namespace
  ns <- NS(id)
  plotOutput(outputId = ns("plotcounty"))
module_county_server <- function(id, df_filtered) {</pre>
  moduleServer(id,
                function(input, output, session) {
                  # County plot code
                  output$plotcounty <- renderPlot(</pre>
                    df_filtered() |>
                      count(county) |>
                      ggplot() +
                      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n),
                               colour = NA, width = 0.8)
                      # ... rest of the plot code
```

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State".
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcounty <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Module 3: Module yearlyplot.R

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state).
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinvApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Step 5: Call modules from the main app.R file

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")
source("./modules/module_countyplot.R")
source("./modules/module_yearlyplot.R")
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
# App with single section
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,module_input_ui("inputs", dataset)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  data_filtered <- module_input_server("inputs", dataset)</pre>
  module_county_server("countyplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
 module_yearly_server("timeplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Source the module files

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")
source("./modules/module_countyplot.R")
source("./modules/module_yearlyplot.R")
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
# App with single section
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,module_input_ui("inputs", dataset)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  data_filtered <- module_input_server("inputs", dataset)</pre>
  module_county_server("countyplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
  module_yearly_server("timeplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinvApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Call state input ui and server modules with "same" id

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")
source("./modules/module_countyplot.R")
source("./modules/module vearlyplot.R")
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
# App with single section
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,module_input_ui("inputs", dataset)),
                  # Snow County plot
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  data_filtered <- module_input_server("inputs", dataset)</pre>
  module_county_server("countyplot", df_filtered - data_filtered)
 module_yearly_server("timeplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state).
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinvApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Similarly, call country plot ui and server modules

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")
source("./modules/module_countyplot.R")
source("./modules/module_yearlyplot.R")
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
# App with single section
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,module_input_ui("inputs", dataset)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot")),
                  # Snow yearly plot
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  data filtered <- module input server("inputs" dataset)
  module_county_server("countyplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
  module_yearly_server( cimeplot , di_filtered = data_filtered)
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state).
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinvApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Similarly, call yearly plot ui and server modules

Updated app.R file

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")
source("./modules/module_countyplot.R")
source("./modules/module_yearlyplot.R")
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
# App with single section
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,module_input_ui("inputs", dataset)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  data_filtered <- module_input_server("inputs", dataset)</pre>
  module county server("countyplot" df filtered - data filtered)
 module_yearly_server("timeplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state).
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Run the shiny app

Updated app.R file

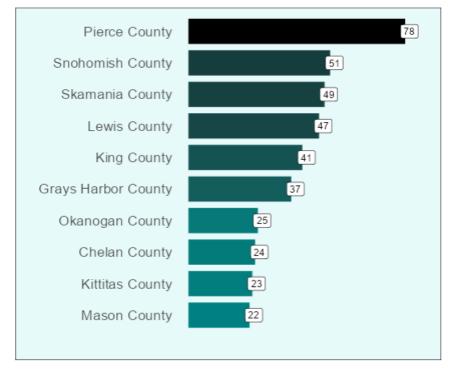
```
source("./modules/module_input.R")
source("./modules/module_countyplot.R")
source("./modules/module vearlyplot.R")
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
# App with single section
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,module_input_ui("inputs", dataset)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  data_filtered <- module_input_server("inputs", dataset)</pre>
  module_county_server("countyplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
  module_yearly_server("timeplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

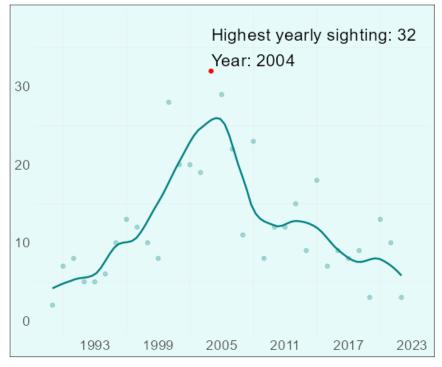
app.R is so clean and simple to read!!!

Shiny output

Bigfoot Sightings in the United States







Now, let's replicate input and output plots for two state comparison



Like this ->

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state),
                                          selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom\_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinvApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Updated app.R file – single module, multiple calls

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")
source("./modules/module_countyplot.R")
source("./modules/module_yearlyplot.R")
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
# App with two sections
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States",
                   align="center").
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2.module_input_ui("inputs", dataset)).
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot"))
                fluidRow(
                  column(2,module_input_ui("inputs_2", dataset,
                                            defaultstate = "Ohio")),
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot_2")),
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot_2"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session)</pre>
  data_filtered <- module_input_server("inputs", dataset)</pre>
  module_county_server("countyplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
 module_yearly_server("timeplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
  data_filtered_2 <- module_input_server("inputs_2", dataset)</pre>
 module_county_server("countyplot_2", df_filtered = data_filtered_2)
  module_yearly_server("timeplot_2", df_filtered = data_filtered_2)
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

```
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States", align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,selectizeInput(inputId = "state",
                                           label = "Select State",
                                           choices = unique(dataset$state).
                                           selected = "Washington",
                                           multiple = FALSE)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotcounty")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, plotOutput(outputId = "plotyearly"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  # filter data based on user selection
  data_filtered <- reactive({dataset |> filter(state == input$state)})
  # County plot
  output$plotcountv <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(county) |>
      ggplot() +
      geom_col(aes(county, n, fill = n), colour = NA, width = 0.8)
      # ... rest of the plot code
  # Yearly plot
  output$plotyearly <- renderPlot(</pre>
    data_filtered() |>
      count(year) |>
      ggplot(aes(year, n)) +
      geom_point(aes(year, highest_count), alpha=1, size = 2)
      # ... rest of the plot code
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

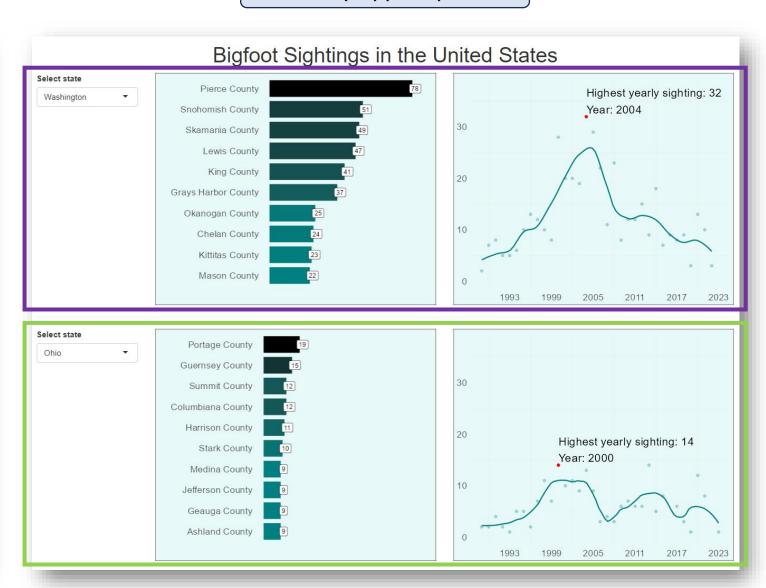
NOTE: Unique ids amongst each module calls

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")
source("./modules/module_countyplot.R")
source("./modules/module_yearlyplot.R")
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
# App with two sections
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States",
                   align="center").
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2.module_input_ui("inputs", dataset)).
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot"))
                fluidRow(
                  column(2,module_input_ui("inputs_2", dataset,
                                            defaultstate = "Ohio")),
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot_2")),
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot_2"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session)</pre>
  data_filtered <- module_input_server("inputs", dataset)</pre>
  module_county_server("countyplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
 module_yearly_server("timeplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
  data_filtered_2 <- module_input_server("inputs_2", dataset)</pre>
 module_county_server("countyplot_2", df_filtered = data_filtered_2)
 module_yearly_server("timeplot_2", df_filtered = data_filtered_2)
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Updated app.R file – single module, multiple calls

```
source("./modules/module_input.R")
source("./modules/module_countyplot.R")
source("./modules/module_yearlyplot.R")
dataset <- read.csv("./data/bfro_reports_geocoded.csv")</pre>
# App with two sections
ui <- fluidPage(h1("Bigfoot Sightings in the United States",
                   align="center"),
                fluidRow(
                  # Input state
                  column(2,module_input_ui("inputs", dataset)),
                  # Show county plot
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot")),
                  # Show yearly plot
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot"))
                fluidRow(
                  column(2,module_input_ui("inputs_2", dataset,
                                            defaultstate = "Ohio")),
                  column(5, module_county_ui("countyplot_2")),
                  column(5, module_yearly_ui("timeplot_2"))
# Define server logic ----
server <- function(input, output, session)</pre>
  data_filtered <- module_input_server("inputs", dataset)</pre>
 module_county_server("countyplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
  module_yearly_server("timeplot", df_filtered = data_filtered)
  data_filtered_2 <- module_input_server("inputs_2", dataset)</pre>
  module_county_server("countyplot_2", df_filtered = data_filtered_2)
 module_yearly_server("timeplot_2", df_filtered = data_filtered_2)
# Run the application
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```

Shiny App output



Original app.R

ui

- ui Input
- ui Plot display

Server

- Server data filter
 - Server Plot

Original app.R

ui

- ui Input
- ui Plot display

Server

- Server data filter
 - Server Plot

Module_input.R

Module_input_ui
- ui Input

Module_input_serverServer data filter

Module_plot.R

Module_plot_ui
- ui Plot display

Module_plot_server - Server Plot

Deepsha Menghani https://deepshamenghani.quarto.pub/dmenghani/

Original app.R

ui

- ui Input
- ui Plot display

Server

- Server data filter
 - Server Plot

Module_input.R

Module_input_ui
- ui Input

Module_input_serverServer data filter

Module_plot.R

Module_plot_ui
- ui Plot display

Module_plot_server - Server Plot

Modularized app.R

ui

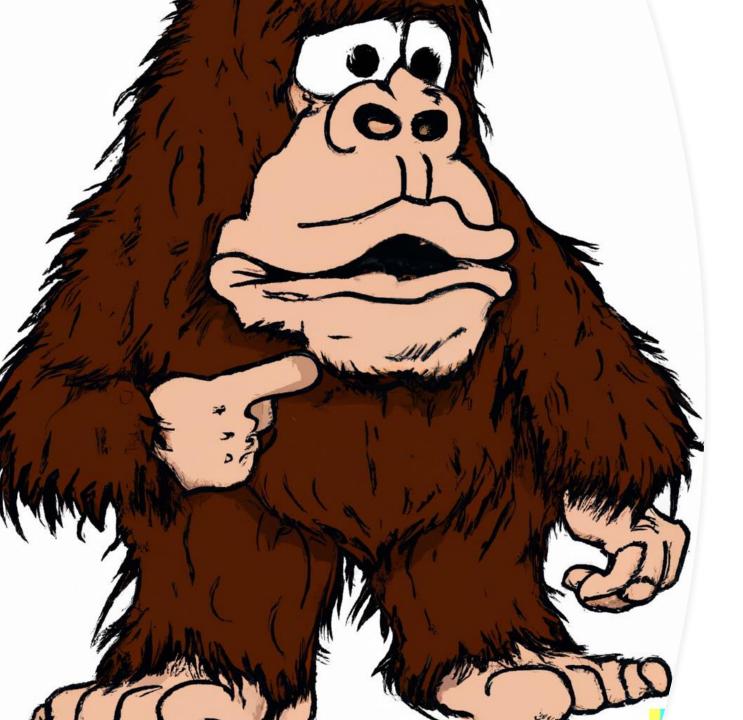
Module_input_ui

Module_plot_ui

Server

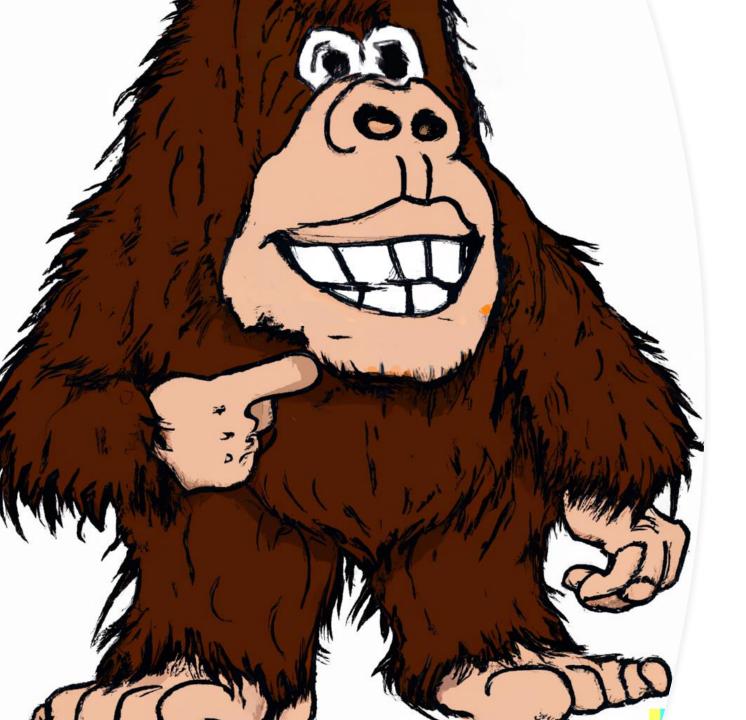
Module_input_server

Module_plot_server



The challenges with a monolith app.R file

- Difficult to keep track of components
- Challenging to debug if something fails
- Harder for someone new to learn and contribute
- Tedious to reuse its elements within itself and other applications



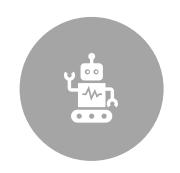
With a modular approach

- Easy to keep track of components
- Single location to debug if something fails
- Structured cleanly for someone new to learn and contribute
- Element usability within itself and other applications

Next steps



If you are yet to learn shiny, start with modular approach



If you learned it the monolith way, start with converting an existing app modular



Check out Mastering
Shiny book by Hadley
Wickham



Check out the <u>Github</u> repo for modular bigfoot app

Deepsha Menghani: https://deepshamenghani.quarto.pub/dmenghani/