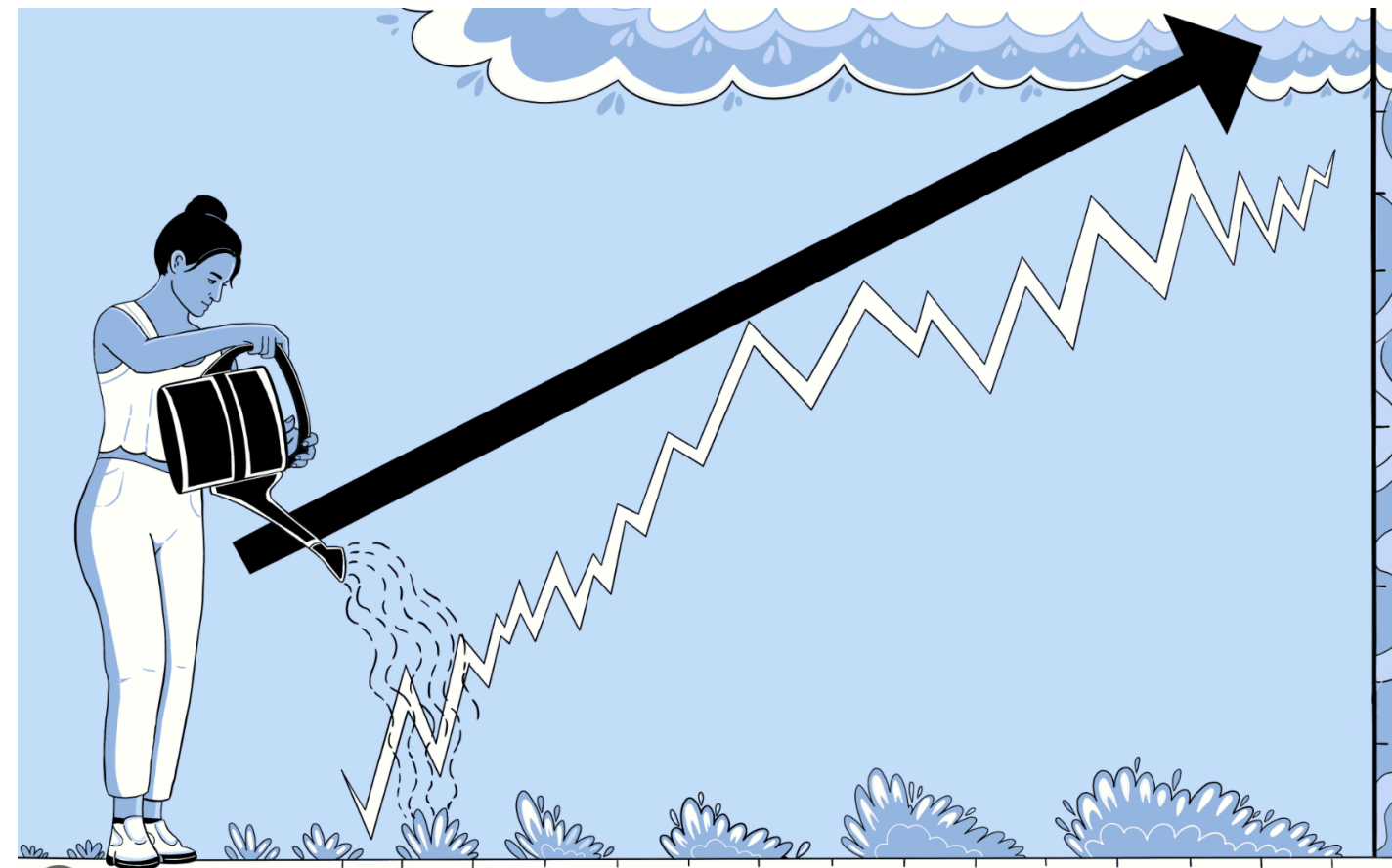


Modeling Stocks Data For Portfolio Prediction



Deepali Sharma
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- **Stakeholder**

- Myself: I want to invest some money in stocks

- **Business Problem:**

- Find profitable and less risky portfolios to invest money in stock market

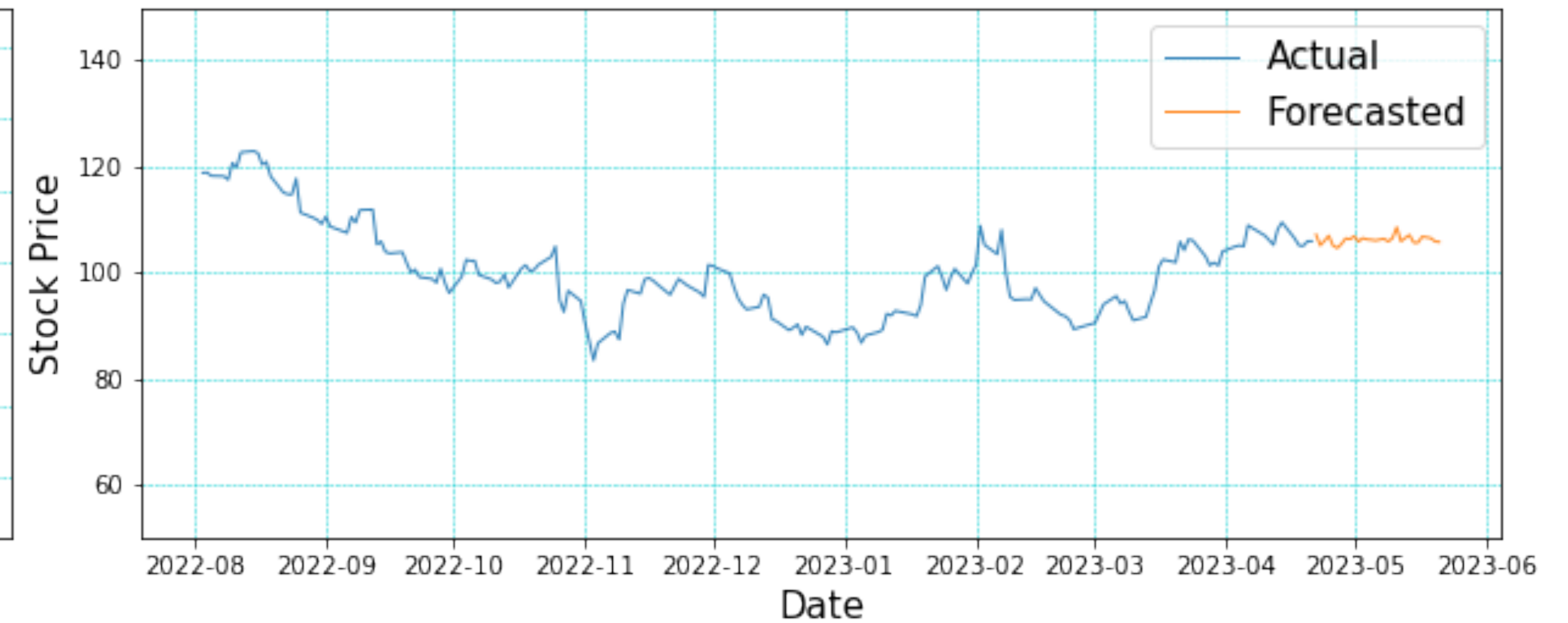
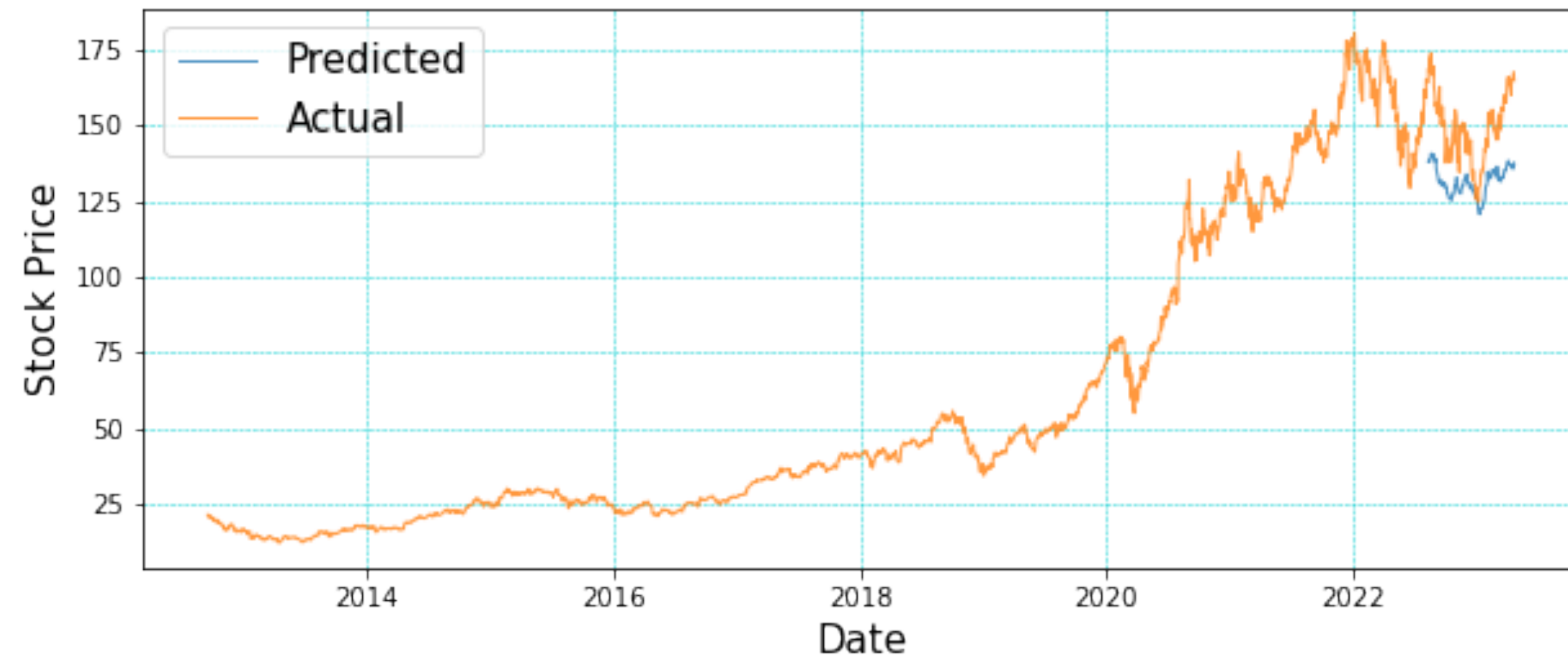
Data:

- Data is obtained from **Yahoo Finance**
 - Looked at the top **29 stocks** that form **S&P index**
 - **10 years** of historical data

Goal:

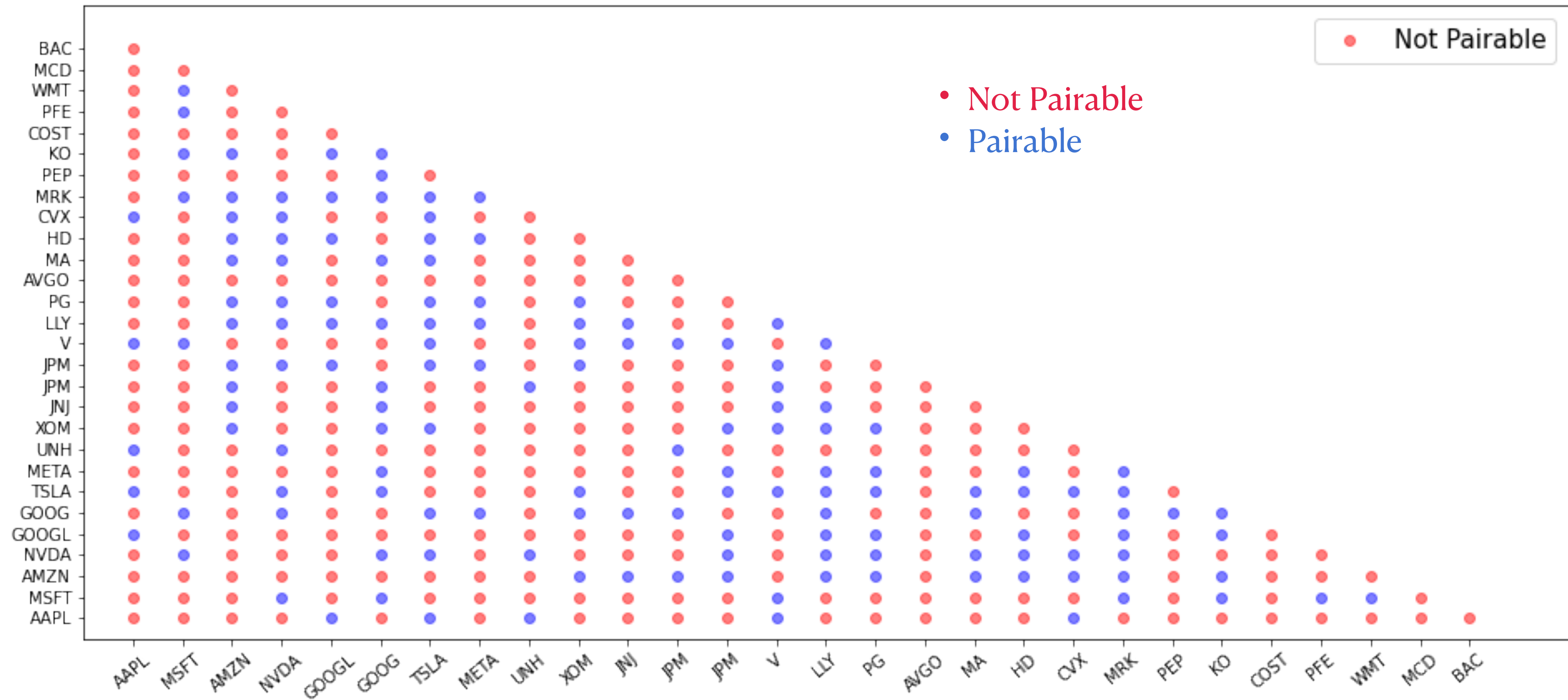
- **Model** the Stocks to predict the **overall trend** in movement
- Build portfolios with the **stocks that are least correlated**
- Calculate the **portfolio returns**
- Quantify the **risks**

Model the Stocks (LSTM (Long-Short Term Memory)Model



- Example of **LSTM** model **fit predictions** and **forecast** to
GOOGLE stock data

Stocks to be Paired together



- **Pair** the stocks that have **correlations < 0.5** (Ones in **Blues**)

Sharpe Ratio, Portfolios Returns, Portfolios Volatility

- **Portfolio Returns:**
 - Tells how much **profit (positive)** or **loss (negative)** one makes
- **Sharpe Ratio:** Indicator of goodness of portfolio.
 - Calculated using:
 - Portfolio Returns,
 - Market Risk Free Rate
 - Standard deviation of Portfolio
- **Volatility:** Frequency and magnitude of market movement
 - Measured as a standard deviation of individual returns
- **Sharpe Ratio:**
 - **> 1 (Good);**
 - **>2(Very Good);**
 - **> 3(Excellent)**
- **Higher the Volatility, higher the risk** and vice-versa

Results: Best Portfolio

	Portfolio	Weights	Sharpe Ratio	Portfolio Returns	Portfolio Volatility
1	AMZN, META, JPM, LLY, MRK	0.06, 0.13, 0.10, 0.40, 0.31	2.6	11.64	35.1
2	NVDA, MRK	0.32, 0.68	3.0	10.64	32.1
3	XOM, GOOGL, JPM, LLY	0.13, 0.13, 0.36, 0.38	2.1	11.47	33.5

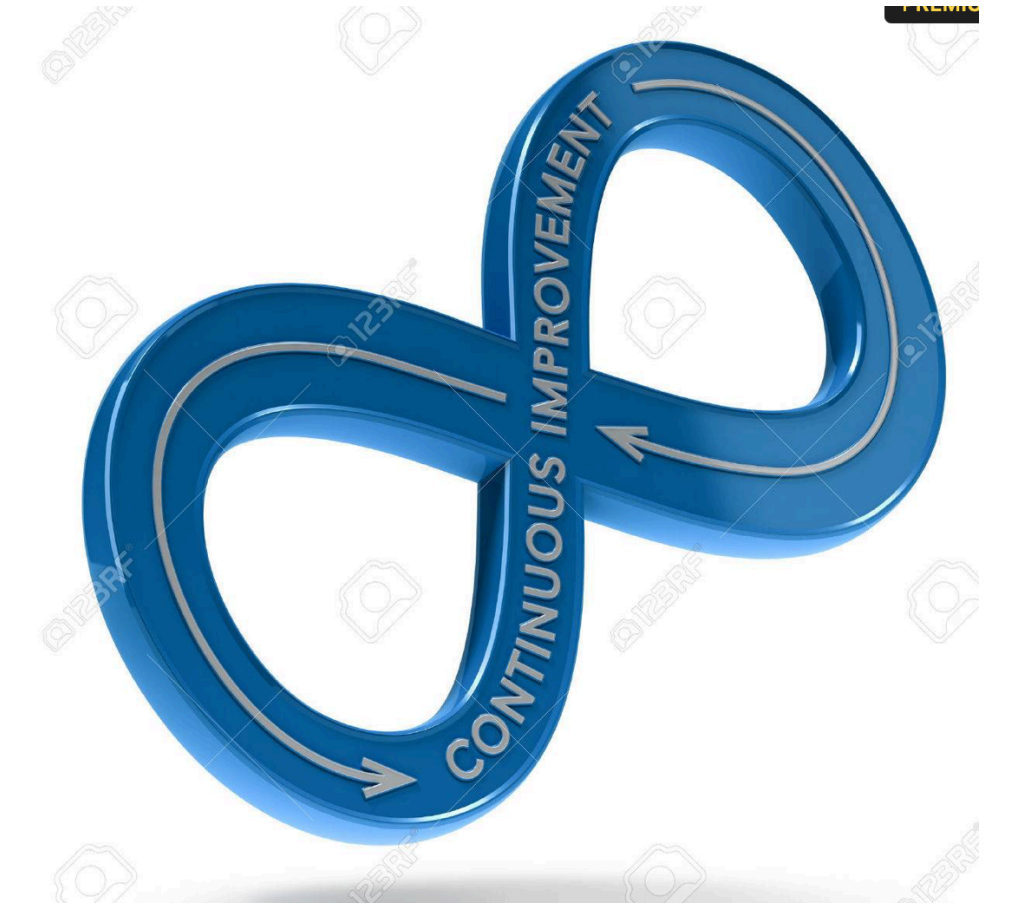
- If I **invest 10K\$** in 3rd portfolio:
 - I will have **11147\$** after 1 year ($10K + 0.1147 * 10K$)
 - Individual Stocks weights: XOM (0.13), GOOGL(0.13), JPM(0.36), LLY(0.38).
 - But with somewhat higher volatility (risky)(~below 20 is good)

Recommendations

- **Invest** in 3rd potfolio:
 - Less risky amongst the three
 - Has diversity and similar Sharpe Ratio

Limitations:

- Use **other models** (GARCH, Random Forests etc) to predict stock market movement.
- Include the **sentiment analysis** which includes web-scrapping news articles.
- Implement information from **SEC reports** submitted by companies.
- **Hyperparameter tuning** of models.
- Study **other stock-market indicators**
- Include all the stocks listed in the S&P





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- **Back -Ups**

Sharpe Ratio, Portfolios Returns, Portfolios Volatility

$$\text{Sharpe Ratio} = \frac{R_p - R_f}{\sigma_p}, \text{ where :}$$

R_p : Portfolio Return

R_f : Risk Free Rate

σ_p : Standard Deviation of Returns

$$R_p = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i \cdot r_i, \text{ where :}$$

w_i : Weight of the i th Stock

r_i : Return of the i th Stock

- **Sharpe Ratio:**

- **> 1 (Good);**
- **> 2 (Very Good);**
- **> 3 (Excellent)**

- **Portfolio Returns:**

- Tells how much **profit (positive) or loss (negative)** one makes

- **Volatility:** Frequency and magnitude of market movement
- Measured as a standard deviation of individual returns

- **Higher the Volatility, higher the risk and vice-versa**