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67669	tt9844256	Code Geass: Lelouch of the Rebellion - Glorifi...	7.5	24	Action,Animation,Sci-Fi	2018	Gorô Taniguchi	nm0849465
67679	tt9850064	Children of the Sea	5.3	6	Adventure,Animation,Fantasy	2019	Ayumu Watanabe	nm2268014
67696	tt9863566	Urbanus: De Vuilnisheld	5.6	31	Animation,Comedy	2019	Erik Verkerk, Joost Van Den Bosch	nm3972168, nm3978114
67724	tt9894394	Upin & Ipin: The Lone Gibbon Kris	8.1	301	Animation	2019	Adam Bin Amiruddin, Ahmad Razuri bin Roseli, S...	nm10529303, nm10529304, nm10529305
67727	tt9896916	The Pilgrim's Progress	7.9	61	Adventure,Animation,Family	2019	Robert Fernandez	nm9546685

1622 rows × 8 columns

- I like to look at the distributions of different variables and their properties. Here I am looking at the distributions for average ratings for different genres. My reasoning is that the popular genres would have higher ratings as compared to less popular ones.

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In [266]: 1 fig, axs = plt.subplots(3, 3, figsize=(10, 6), constrained_layout=True)
2          axs[0,0].hist(x=df_drama_db['averagerating'], bins=25,align='left', color='blue')
3          #ax1.hist(x=wins, bins=range(8), align="left", color="green")
4          #axs[0,0].set_xticks(range(20))
5          axs[0,0].set_xlabel("Avg. Ratings")
6          axs[0,0].set_ylabel("Counts")
7          axs[0,0].set_title("Drama")
```