# **Diabetes Prediction with Logistics Regression**

## **Import Library**

#### In [2]:

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

## Import CSV as DataFrame

#### In [3]:

df = pd.read\_csv("Dataset-main/Dataset-main/Diabetes.csv")

## **Get the First Five Rows of Dataframe**

#### In [4]:

df.head()

#### Out[4]:

	pregnancies	glucose	diastolic	triceps	insulin	bmi	dpf	age	diabetes
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1

## **Get Information of DataFrame**

### In [5]:

```
df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 768 entries, 0 to 767
Data columns (total 9 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	pregnancies	768 non-null	int64
1	glucose	768 non-null	int64
2	diastolic	768 non-null	int64
3	triceps	768 non-null	int64
4	insulin	768 non-null	int64
5	bmi	768 non-null	float64
6	dpf	768 non-null	float64
7	age	768 non-null	int64
8	diabetes	768 non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(2), int64(7)

memory usage: 54.1 KB

## **Get Missing Values Drop**

#### In [6]:

```
df = df.dropna()
```

# **Get the summary Statistics**

#### In [7]:

```
df.describe()
```

#### Out[7]:

	pregnancies	glucose	diastolic	triceps	insulin	bmi	dpf	
count	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	7
mean	3.845052	120.894531	69.105469	20.536458	79.799479	31.992578	0.471876	
std	3.369578	31.972618	19.355807	15.952218	115.244002	7.884160	0.331329	
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.078000	
25%	1.000000	99.000000	62.000000	0.000000	0.000000	27.300000	0.243750	
50%	3.000000	117.000000	72.000000	23.000000	30.500000	32.000000	0.372500	
75%	6.000000	140.250000	80.000000	32.000000	127.250000	36.600000	0.626250	
max	17.000000	199.000000	122.000000	99.000000	846.000000	67.100000	2.420000	
4								•

# Get Unique Values(class or label)in y variable

```
In [56]:
df[['diabetes']].value_counts()
Out[56]:
diabetes
             500
1
             268
dtype: int64
In [10]:
df.groupby('diabetes').mean()
Out[10]:
          pregnancies
                                                         insulin
                         glucose
                                  diastolic
                                              triceps
                                                                      bmi
                                                                                dpf
diabetes
             3.298000 109.980000
                                                       68.792000 30.304200 0.429734 31.19
                                 68.184000 19.664000
             4.865672 141.257463 70.824627 22.164179 100.335821 35.142537 0.550500 37.00
       1
```

## **Get Column Names**

## **Get Shape of Dataframe**

```
In [12]:

df.shape

Out[12]:
   (768, 9)
```

# Define y(dependent or label or target variable) and X(independent or features or attribute Variable

```
In [13]:
y = df['diabetes']
In [14]:
y.shape
Out[14]:
(768,)
In [15]:
у
Out[15]:
0
       1
1
       0
2
       1
3
       0
4
       1
763
       0
764
       0
       0
765
766
       1
767
Name: diabetes, Length: 768, dtype: int64
In [16]:
X = df[['pregnancies', 'glucose', 'diastolic', 'triceps', 'insulin', 'bmi',
       'dpf', 'age']]
or use drop function to define X
In [17]:
X = df.drop(['diabetes'],axis=1)
In [18]:
X.shape
```

Out[18]:

(768, 8)

#### In [19]:

Χ

#### Out[19]:

	pregnancies	glucose	diastolic	triceps	insulin	bmi	dpf	age
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33
	•••							
763	10	101	76	48	180	32.9	0.171	63
764	2	122	70	27	0	36.8	0.340	27
765	5	121	72	23	112	26.2	0.245	30
766	1	126	60	0	0	30.1	0.349	47
767	1	93	70	31	0	30.4	0.315	23

768 rows × 8 columns

## **Get X Variables Standardized**

#### In [24]:

from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler

#### In [25]:

mm= MinMaxScaler()

#### In [26]:

X = mm.fit\_transform(X)

```
Χ
Out[27]:
array([[0.35294118, 0.74371859, 0.59016393, ..., 0.50074516, 0.23441503,
        0.48333333],
       [0.05882353, 0.42713568, 0.54098361, ..., 0.39642325, 0.11656704,
        0.16666667],
       [0.47058824, 0.91959799, 0.52459016, ..., 0.34724292, 0.25362938,
       0.18333333],
       [0.29411765, 0.6080402, 0.59016393, ..., 0.390462, 0.07130658,
       [0.05882353, 0.63316583, 0.49180328, ..., 0.4485842, 0.11571307,
        0.43333333],
       [0.05882353, 0.46733668, 0.57377049, ..., 0.45305514, 0.10119556,
        0.03333333]])
Get Train Test Split
In [28]:
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
In [29]:
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.3, random_state=2529)
In [30]:
X_train.shape,X_test.shape,y_train.shape,y_test.shape
Out[30]:
((537, 8), (231, 8), (537,), (231,))
Get Model Train
In [38]:
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
In [39]:
lr = LogisticRegression()
```

In [27]:

```
In [40]:
lr.fit(X_train,y_train)
Out[40]:
LogisticRegression()
Get Model Prediction
In [41]:
y_pred = lr.predict(X_test)
In [42]:
y_pred.shape
Out[42]:
(231,)
In [43]:
y_pred
Out[43]:
array([0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1,
      0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
      0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
      0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,
      0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1,
      0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1,
      0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
      0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
      0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0,
```

## Get Probability of each predicted class

1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1], dtype=int64)

```
lr.predict_proba
Out[44]:
array([[0.87946998, 0.12053002],
       [0.59958843, 0.40041157],
       [0.33869015, 0.66130985],
       [0.70625215, 0.29374785],
       [0.55893242, 0.44106758],
       [0.36724463, 0.63275537],
       [0.16360933, 0.83639067],
       [0.30066834, 0.69933166],
       [0.91142377, 0.08857623],
       [0.49981736, 0.50018264],
       [0.92067479, 0.07932521],
       [0.27488402, 0.72511598],
       [0.75356548, 0.24643452],
       [0.92015134, 0.07984866],
       [0.81541256, 0.18458744],
       [0.47341943, 0.52658057],
       [0.37791835, 0.62208165],
       [0.55553959. 0.44446041].
Get Future Prediction
In [46]:
X_new =df.sample(1)
In [47]:
X_new
Out[47]:
     pregnancies glucose diastolic triceps insulin
                                                     dpf age
                                                             diabetes
                                               bmi
 388
                    144
                             82
                                    26
                                          285
                                              32.0 0.452
                                                          58
In [48]:
X_new.shape
Out[48]:
(1, 9)
In [49]:
X_new = X_new.drop('diabetes',axis=1)
```

In [44]:

```
In [50]:
X_new
Out[50]:
     pregnancies glucose diastolic triceps insulin bmi
                                                      dpf age
 388
              5
                    144
                              82
                                     26
                                           285 32.0 0.452
                                                            58
In [51]:
X_new.shape
Out[51]:
(1, 8)
In [52]:
X_new = mm.fit_transform(X_new)
In [53]:
y_pred_new = lr.predict(X_new)
In [54]:
y_pred_new
Out[54]:
array([0], dtype=int64)
In [55]:
lr.predict_proba(X_new)
Out[55]:
array([[0.9928188, 0.0071812]])
```

Predicted and actual class is zero that is non diabetes