ET 框架学习笔记 - - 自己需要这样一个总结文档来帮助总结与急速重构自己的游戏

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May 14, 2023

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- 1 客户端场景组件:客户端大致的起始过程
- 1.1 Entry.cs: 指定的起始类,会触发三类回调,公用组件类的加载,和其它

```
public static class Entry {
   public static void Init() {
   public static void Start() {
       StartAsync().Coroutine();
   // 【各种应用程序,第三方库等的初始化】
   private static async ETTask StartAsync() {
       WinPeriod.Init():
       MongoHelper.Init();
       ProtobufHelper.Init();
       Game.AddSingleton<NetServices>();
       Game.AddSingleton<Root>();
       await Game.AddSingleton<ConfigComponent>().LoadAsync();
       // 不知道:加这三个是在做什么?它没有起有意义的名字,但总之,它是事件,会触发相应的回调
       await EventSystem.Instance.PublishAsync(Root.Instance.Scene, new EventType.EntryEvent1());
       await EventSystem.Instance.PublishAsync(Root.Instance.Scene, new EventType.EntryEvent2());
       await EventSystem.Instance.PublishAsync(Root.Instance.Scene, new EventType.EntryEvent3());
   }
}
```

1.2 EntryEvent1 InitShare: 第一类,,公用组件类的加载,公用的几大组件

```
// 公用的相关组件的初始化:
[Event(SceneType.Process)]
public class EntryEventl_InitShare: AEvent<EventType.EntryEventl> {
    protected override async ETTask Run(Scene scene, EventType.EntryEventl args) {
        Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<NetThreadComponent>();
        Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<OpcodeTypeComponent>();
        Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<MessageDispatcherComponent>();
        Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<NumericWatcherComponent>();
        Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<AlDispatcherComponent>();
        Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<ClientSceneManagerComponent>();
        await ETTask.CompletedTask;
    }
}
```

1.2.1 CurrentScenesComponent: 可以用来管理多个客户端场景,比如大世界会加载多块场景(是说,大地图可以分 10 块 8 块小地图吗?)

```
// 可以用来管理多个客户端场景, 比如大世界会加载多块场景 (意思是说, 大地图可以分 10 块 8 块小地图吗?) [ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))] public class CurrentScenesComponent: Entity, IAwake { public Scene Scene { get; set; } }
```

1.2.2 CurrentScenesComponentSystem: CurrentScene() 方法, 返回当前场景

```
public static class CurrentScenesComponentSystem {
   public static Scene CurrentScene(this Scene clientScene) {
      return clientScene.GetComponent<CurrentScenesComponent>()?.Scene;
   }
}
```

1.2.3 ObjectWait: 也有生成系

```
[ComponentOf]
public class ObjectWait: Entity, IAwake, IDestroy {
    public Dictionary<Type, object> tcss = new Dictionary<Type, object>();
}
```

1.2.4 PlayerComponent:

```
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class PlayerComponent: Entity, IAwake {
    public long MyId { get; set; }
}
```

1.2.5 PlayerComponentSystem: 生成系, 到处都要用它

```
[FriendOf(typeof(PlayerComponent))]
public static class PlayerComponentSystem {
    public static void Add(this PlayerComponent self, Player player) {
        self.idPlayers.Add(player.Id, player);
    }
    public static Player Get(this PlayerComponent self, long id) {
        self.idPlayers.TryGetValue(id, out Player gamer);
        return gamer;
    }
    public static void Remove(this PlayerComponent self, long id) {
        self.idPlayers.Remove(id);
    }
    public static Player[] GetAll(this PlayerComponent self) {
        return self.idPlayers.Values.ToArray();
    }
}
```

1.3 AfterCreateCurrentScene_AddComponent:[UIComponent][Resources-LoaderComponent]

```
[Event(SceneType.Current)]
public class AfterCreateCurrentScene_AddComponent: AEvent<EventType.AfterCreateCurrentScene> {
    protected override async ETTask Run(Scene scene, EventType.AfterCreateCurrentScene args) {
        scene.AddComponent<UIComponent>();
        scene.AddComponent<ResourcesLoaderComponent>();
        await ETTask.CompletedTask;
    }
}
```

1.3.1 UIComponent: 管理 Scene 上的 UI

```
// 管理 Scene 上的 UI

[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]

public class UIComponent: Entity, IAwake {

   public Dictionary<string, UI> UIs = new Dictionary<string, UI>();

}
```

1.3.2 UIComponentSystem: 管理 Scene 上的 UI: 这个是组件生成管理系统,负责添加与删除。【UIEventComponent】是 UI 上的 UI 事件组件系统

```
// 管理 Scene 上的 UI: 这个是组件生成管理系统,负责添加与删除。【UIEventComponent】是 UI 上的 UI 事件组件系统
[FriendOf(typeof(UIComponent))]
public static class UIComponentSystem {
     \textbf{public static async ETTask} < \textbf{UI} > \textbf{Create(this UIComponent self, string uiType, UILayer uiLayer)} \  \, \{ \textbf{victor} \} 
        UI ui = await UIEventComponent.Instance.OnCreate(self, uiType, uiLayer);
        self.UIs.Add(uiType, ui);
        return ui;
   public static void Remove(this UIComponent self, string uiType) {
        if (!self.UIs.TryGetValue(uiType, out UI ui)) {
            return:
        UIEventComponent.Instance.OnRemove(self, uiType);
        self.UIs.Remove(uiType);
        ui.Dispose();
   public static UI Get(this UIComponent self, string name) {
        UI ui = null;
        self.UIs.TryGetValue(name, out ui);
```

```
return ui;
}
```

1.3.3 ResourcesLoaderComponent: 相关的资源加载,这个文件里有生成系

```
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class ResourcesLoaderComponent: Entity, IAwake, IDestroy {
    public HashSet<string> LoadedResource = new HashSet<string>();
}
```

1.4 EntryEvent2_InitServer: 前面 1 里,两端公用组件准备好了,现在就起始服务器?服务端的几大组件:

```
[Event(SceneType.Process)]
public class EntryEvent2_InitServer: AEvent<ET.EventType.EntryEvent2> {
        protected override async ETTask Run(Scene scene, ET.EventType.EntryEvent2 args) {
                 // 发送普通 actor 消息
                 Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<ActorMessageSenderComponent>();
                  // 发送 location actor 消息
                Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<ActorLocationSenderComponent>();
                 // 访问 location server 的组件
                Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<LocationProxyComponent>();
                 Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<ActorMessageDispatcherComponent>();
                Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<ServerSceneManagerComponent>();
                 Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<RobotCaseComponent>();
                 Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<NavmeshComponent>();
                 StartProcessConfig processConfig = StartProcessConfigCategory.Instance.Get(Options.Instance.Process);
                 switch (Options.Instance.AppType) {
                 case AppType.Server: {
                         Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<NetInnerComponent, IPEndPoint>(processConfig.InnerIPPort);
                         var processScenes = StartSceneConfigCategory.Instance.GetByProcess(Options.Instance.Process);
                          foreach (StartSceneConfig startConfig in processScenes) {
                                  await SceneFactory.CreateServerScene(ServerSceneManagerComponent.Instance, startConfig.Id, startConfig.Inst
                                                                                                                startConfig.Type, startConfig);
                         break;
                 }
                 case AppType.Watcher: {
                         StartMachineConfig startMachineConfig = WatcherHelper.GetThisMachineConfig();
                         WatcherComponent watcherComponent = Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent
                         watcherComponent.Start(Options.Instance.CreateScenes);
                         Root. In stance. Scene. Add Component < NetInner Component, \ IP EndPoint > (Network Helper. To IP EndPoint) \\ (\$" \{ start Machine Confine C
                         break;
                 case AppType.GameTool:
                         break:
                 if (Options.Instance.Console == 1) {
                         Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<ConsoleComponent>();
        }
}
```

1.4.1 ActorMessageSenderComponent: 发送普通 actor 消息

```
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class ActorMessageSenderComponent: Entity, IAwake, IDestroy {
   public const long TIMEOUT_TIME = 40 * 1000;
   public static ActorMessageSenderComponent Instance { get; set; }
   public int RpcId;
   public readonly SortedDictionary<int, ActorMessageSender> requestCallback = new SortedDictionary<int, ActorMessageSender
   public long TimeoutCheckTimer;
   public List<int> TimeoutActorMessageSenders = new List<int>();
}
```

1.4.2 ActorLocationSenderComponent: 发送 location actor 消息

```
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class ActorLocationSenderComponent: Entity, IAwake, IDestroy {
```

```
public const long TIMEOUT_TIME = 60 * 1000;
public static ActorLocationSenderComponent Instance { get; set; }
public long CheckTimer;
```

1.4.3 LocationProxyComponent: 访问 location server 的组件

```
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class LocationProxyComponent: Entity, IAwake, IDestroy {
    [StaticField]
    public static LocationProxyComponent Instance;
}
```

1.4.4 ActorMessageDispatcherComponent: Actor 消息分发组件

```
public class ActorMessageDispatcherInfo {
    public SceneType SceneType { get; }
    public IMActorHandler IMActorHandler { get; }
    public IMActorHandler IMActorHandler { get; }
    public ActorMessageDispatcherInfo(SceneType sceneType, IMActorHandler imActorHandler) {
        this.SceneType = sceneType;
        this.IMActorHandler = imActorHandler;
    }
}
// Actor 消息分发组件
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class ActorMessageDispatcherComponent: Entity, IAwake, IDestroy, ILoad {
    [StaticField]
    public static ActorMessageDispatcherComponent Instance;
    public readonly Dictionary<Type, List<ActorMessageDispatcherInfo>> ActorMessageHandlers = new();
}
```

1.4.5 ServerSceneManagerComponent: 可以去对比,两端的管理者组件,有什么不同?

```
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class ServerSceneManagerComponent: Entity, IAwake, IDestroy {
    [StaticField]
    public static ServerSceneManagerComponent Instance;
}
```

1.5 EntryEvent3_InitClient: 客户端

```
[Event(SceneType.Process)]
public class EntryEvent3_InitClient: AEvent<ET.EventType.EntryEvent3> {
    protected override async ETTask Run(Scene scene, ET.EventType.EntryEvent3 args) {
        // 加載配置
        Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<ResourcesComponent>();
        Root.Instance.Scene.AddComponent<GlobalComponent>();
        await ResourcesComponent.Instance.LoadBundleAsync("unit.unity3d");

        Scene clientScene = await SceneFactory.CreateClientScene(1, "Game");
        await EventSystem.Instance.PublishAsync(clientScene, new EventType.AppStartInitFinish()); // 应用程序启动结束
    }
}
```

1.5.1 ResourcesComponent: 热更新资源包等的处理

```
[ComponentOf]
public class ResourcesComponent: Entity, IAwake, IDestroy {
    public static ResourcesComponent Instance { get; set; }
    public AssetBundleManifest AssetBundleManifestObject { get; set; }
    public Dictionary<int, string> IntToStringDict = new Dictionary<int, string>();
    public Dictionary<string, string> StringToABDict = new Dictionary<string, string>();
    public Dictionary<string, string> BundleNameToLowerDict = new Dictionary<string, string>() { "StreamingAssets", "Streento Dictionary<string, Dictionary<string, UnityEngine.Object>> resourceCache = new Dictionary<string, Dictionary<string, UnityEngine.Object>> ();
    public readonly Dictionary<string, ABInfo> bundles = new Dictionary<string, ABInfo>();

// 發存包依赖,不用每次计算
```

```
public readonly Dictionary<string, string[]> DependenciesCache = new Dictionary<string, string[]>();
}
```

1.5.2 GlobalComponent: 不知道是干什么的, Unity 里好像是 Root 根节点下的一个节点, 组件?

```
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class GlobalComponent: Entity, IAwake {
    [StaticField]
    public static GlobalComponent Instance;
    public Transform Global;
    public Transform Unit { get; set; }
    public Transform UI;
}
```

1.6 前面三件(【公用组件】,【服务器】,【客户端】的应用程序启动完成) 触发 UI 变更: 这个 UI 订阅说,一被通知,就创建注册登录界面

```
[Event(SceneType.Client)]
public class AppStartInitFinish_CreateLoginUI: AEvent<EventType.AppStartInitFinish> {
    protected override async ETTask Run(Scene scene, EventType.AppStartInitFinish args) {
        await UIHelper.Create(scene, UIType.UILogin, UILayer.Mid);
    }
}
```

- 感觉接下来就是相对熟悉的程序。再跟就去跟不熟悉的其它细节程序
- 2 ClientComponent ClientScene 等客户端相关: 有点儿理不清
- 2.1 ClientSceneManagerComponent: 是否,相当于,它是 SceneType 的管理者,就是先前各种服,注册登录服,网关服、匹配服等的管理者,大概主要还是地址传送

```
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class ClientSceneManagerComponent: Entity, IAwake, IDestroy {
    [StaticField]
    public static ClientSceneManagerComponent Instance;
}
```

- 3 客户端场景与客户端场景加工厂
- 3.1 SceneChangeHelper: 场景切换协程

```
public static class SceneChangeHelper {
   // 场景切换协程
   public static async ETTask SceneChangeTo(Scene clientScene, string sceneName, long sceneInstanceId) {
       clientScene.RemoveComponent<AIComponent>();
       CurrentScenesComponent currentScenesComponent = clientScene.GetComponent<();</pre>
       currentScenesComponent.Scene?.Dispose(); // 删除之前的 CurrentScene, 创建新的
       Scene currentScene = SceneFactory.CreateCurrentScene(sceneInstanceId, clientScene,Zone, sceneName, currentScenesCom
       UnitComponent unitComponent = currentScene.AddComponent<UnitComponent>(); // <<<<<<< 添加组件
       // 可以订阅这个事件中创建 Loading 界面
       EventSystem.Instance.Publish(clientScene, new EventType.SceneChangeStart());
       // 等待 CreateMyUnit 的消息
       Wait_CreateMyUnit waitCreateMyUnit = await clientScene.GetComponent<ObjectWait>().Wait<Wait_CreateMyUnit>();
       M2C_CreateMyUnit m2CCreateMyUnit = waitCreateMyUnit.Message;
       Unit unit = UnitFactory.Create(currentScene, m2CCreateMyUnit.Unit);
       unitComponent.Add(unit);
       clientScene.RemoveComponent<AIComponent>():
```

```
EventSystem.Instance.Publish(currentScene, new EventType.SceneChangeFinish());
// 通知等待场景切换的协程
clientScene.GetComponent<ObjectWait>().Notify(new Wait_SceneChangeFinish());
}
```

3.1.1 Unit: Unit 究竟是什么,干什么的?像是游戏的一个最小单位,有位置与旋转参数

```
[ChildOf(typeof(UnitComponent))]
[DebuggerDisplay("ViewName,ng")]
public class Unit: Entity, IAwake<int> {
    public int ConfigId { get; set; } // 配置表 id
    [BsonIgnore]
    public UnitConfig Config => UnitConfigCategory.Instance.Get(this.ConfigId);
    public UnitType Type => (UnitType)UnitConfigCategory.Instance.Get(this.ConfigId).Type;
    [BsonElement]
    private float3 position; // 坐标
    [BsonIgnore]
    public float3 Position {
        get => this.position;
        set {
            float3 oldPos = this.position;
            this.position = value;
            EventSystem.Instance.Publish(this.DomainScene(), new EventType.ChangePosition() { Unit = this, OldPos = oldPos
        }
    [BsonIgnore]
    public float3 Forward {
        get => math.mul(this.Rotation, math.forward());
        set => this.Rotation = quaternion.LookRotation(value, math.up());
    [BsonElement]
    private quaternion rotation;
    [BsonIgnore]
    public quaternion Rotation {
        get => this.rotation:
        set {
            this.rotation = value;
            EventSystem.Instance.Publish(this.DomainScene(), new EventType.ChangeRotation() { Unit = this });
        }
    protected override string ViewName {
        get {
            return $"{this.GetType().Name} ({this.Id})";
    }
}
```

3.1.2 UnitComponent: 组件

```
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class UnitComponent: Entity, IAwake, IDestroy {
```

3.1.3 UnitComponentSystem: 生成系. 感觉这个系统不太懂

```
public class UnitComponentAwakeSystem : AwakeSystem<UnitComponent> {
    protected override void Awake(UnitComponent self) {
    }
}
[ObjectSystem]
public class UnitComponentDestroySystem : DestroySystem<UnitComponent> {
    protected override void Destroy(UnitComponent self) {
    }
}
public static class UnitComponentSystem {
    public static void Add(this UnitComponent self, Unit unit) {
    }
    public static Unit Get(this UnitComponent self, long id) {
        Unit unit = self.GetChild<Unit>(id);
        return unit;
}
```

```
}
public static void Remove(this UnitComponent self, long id) {
    Unit unit = self.GetChild<Unit>(id);
    unit?.Dispose();
}
```

3.1.4 UnitHelper: 帮助在不同使用情境下, 拿到 unit

```
public static class UnitHelper {
    public static Unit GetMyUnitFromClientScene(Scene clientScene) {
        PlayerComponent playerComponent = clientScene.GetComponent<PlayerComponent>();
        Scene currentScene = clientScene.GetComponent<CurrentScenesComponent>().Scene;
        return currentScene.GetComponent<UnitComponent>().Get(playerComponent.MyId);
    }
    public static Unit GetMyUnitFromCurrentScene(Scene currentScene) {
        PlayerComponent playerComponent = currentScene.Parent.GetParent<Scene>().GetComponent<PlayerComponent>();
        return currentScene.GetComponent<UnitComponent>().Get(playerComponent.MyId);
    }
}
```

3.2 SceneFactory: ClientScene: 添加三组件: 【CurrentScenesComponent】【PlayerComponent】【ObjectWait】。

• SceneChangeHelper 类会调用工厂加工。

}

```
public static class SceneFactory {
    public static async ETTask<Scene> CreateClientScene(int zone, string name) {
        await ETTask.CompletedTask;

        Scene clientScene = EntitySceneFactory.CreateScene(zone, SceneType.Client, name, ClientSceneManagerComponent clientScene.AddComponent<CurrentScenesComponent>();// 它添加了这些组件, 也看下 clientScene.AddComponent<ObjectWait>(); clientScene.AddComponent<PlayerComponent>();

        EventSystem.Instance.Publish(clientScene, new EventType.AfterCreateClientScene()); // 好奇葩的事件, 去看下 return clientScene;
}

public static Scene CreateCurrentScene(long id, int zone, string name, CurrentScenesComponent currentScenesComponent Scene currentScene = EntitySceneFactory.CreateScene(id, IdGenerater.Instance.GenerateInstanceId(), zone, Scene currentScenesComponent.Scene = currentScene;

EventSystem.Instance.Publish(currentScene, new EventType.AfterCreateCurrentScene()); return currentScene;
}
```

3.2.1 UnitFactory: 为什么我抓出两个不一样的定义,还没弄明白

```
public static class UnitFactory {
   public static Unit Create(Scene scene, long id, UnitType unitType) {
       UnitComponent unitComponent = scene.GetComponent<UnitComponent>();
        switch (unitType) {
            case UnitType.Player: {
               Unit unit = unitComponent.AddChildWithId<Unit, int>(id, 1001);
               unit.AddComponent<MoveComponent>();
               unit.Position = new float3(-10, 0, -10);
               NumericComponent numericComponent = unit.AddComponent<NumericComponent>();
               numericComponent.Set(NumericType.Speed, 6f); // 速度是 6 米每秒
               numericComponent.Set(NumericType.AOI, 15000); // 视野 15 米
               unitComponent.Add(unit);
               unit.AddComponent<A0IEntity, int, float3>(9 * 1000, unit.Position);
                return unit:
           default:
               throw new Exception($"not such unit type: {unitType}");
```

```
}
public static class UnitFactory {
    public static Unit Create(Scene currentScene, UnitInfo unitInfo) {
        UnitComponent unitComponent = currentScene.GetComponent<UnitComponent>();
        Unit unit = unitComponent.AddChildWithId<Unit, int>(unitInfo.UnitId, unitInfo.ConfigId);
        unitComponent.Add(unit):
        unit.Position = unitInfo.Position;
        unit.Forward = unitInfo.Forward;
        NumericComponent numericComponent = unit.AddComponent<NumericComponent>();
        foreach (var kv in unitInfo.KV) {
            numericComponent.Set(kv.Key, kv.Value);
        unit.AddComponent<MoveComponent>();
        if (unitInfo.MoveInfo != null) {
            if (unitInfo.MoveInfo.Points.Count > 0) {
                unitInfo.MoveInfo.Points[\theta] = unit.Position;
                unit.MoveToAsync(unitInfo.MoveInfo.Points).Coroutine();
        }
        unit.AddComponent<ObjectWait>();
        unit.AddComponent<XunLuoPathComponent>();
        EventSystem.Instance.Publish(unit.DomainScene(), new EventType.AfterUnitCreate() {Unit = unit});
        return unit;
    }
```

4 标签系: 标签系统重构了, 现分为几个类型

4.1 ComponentOfAttribute : Attribute

```
// 组件类父级实体类型约束
// 父级实体类型唯一的 标记指定父级实体类型 [ComponentOf(typeof(parentType)]
// 不唯一则标记 [ComponentOf]
[AttributeUsage(AttributeTargets.Class)]
public class ComponentOfAttribute: Attribute {
    public Type Type;
    public ComponentOfAttribute(Type type = null) {
        this.Type = type;
    }
}
```

4.2 ComponentView: MonoBehaviour

```
public class ComponentView: MonoBehaviour {
   public Entity Component {
      get;
      set;
   }
}
```

4.3 ComponentViewEditor: Editor

```
[CustomEditor(typeof (ComponentView))]
public class ComponentViewEditor: Editor {
    public override void OnInspectorGUI() {
        ComponentView componentView = (ComponentView) target;
        Entity component = componentView.Component;
        ComponentViewHelper.Draw(component);
    }
}
```

5 UI 上的事件驱动系统:

5.1 EventType

```
namespace EventType {
   public struct SceneChangeStart {
   }
   public struct SceneChangeFinish {
   }
   public struct AfterCreateClientScene {
   }
   public struct AfterCreateCurrentScene {
   }
   public struct AppStartInitFinish {
   }
   public struct LoginFinish {
   }
   public struct EnterMapFinish {
    public struct EnterMomFinish {
    public struct AfterUnitCreate {
        public Unit Unit;
   }
}
```

5.2 由 AppStartInitFinish 事件所触发的 CreateLoginUI

```
[Event(SceneType.Client)] // ET 事件系统的工具, 标签系
public class AppStartInitFinish_CreateLoginUI: AEvent<EventType.AppStartInitFinish> {
```

5.3 由 LoginFinish 事件所触发的 CreateLobbyUI

```
[Event(SceneType.Client)]
public class LoginFinish_CreateLobbyUI: AEvent<EventType.LoginFinish> {
    protected override async ETTask Run(Scene scene, EventType.LoginFinish args) {
        await UIHelper.Create(scene, UIType.UILobby, UILayer.Mid);
    }
}
```

• 这些是原示范框架都已经完成了的,我只需要添加剩余的逻辑。

5.4 SceneChangeStart_AddComponent: 开始切换场景的时候,就自动添加【OperaComponent】组件。现在对场景这块儿还不够熟悉

• 场景加载结束的时候, 好像相对做的事情不多。

}

6 Helper 类的总结:【但凡点击回调方法,就变成 Helper 类!】为什么就变成了这么一个个的帮助类呢?

6.1 LoginHelper.cs

```
public static class LoginHelper {
public static async ETTask Login(Scene clientScene, string account, string password) {
                 // 创建一个 ETModel 层的 Session
                 clientScene.RemoveComponent<RouterAddressComponent>();
                  // 获取路由跟 realmDispatcher 地址
                 RouterAddressComponent routerAddressComponent = clientScene.GetComponent<RouterAddressComponent>();
                 if (routerAddressComponent == null) {
                          routerAddressComponent = clientScene.AddComponent<RouterAddressComponent, string, int>(ConstValue.RouterHttpHos
                          await routerAddressComponent.Init();
                          \verb|clientScene.AddComponent| AddressFamily> (routerAddressComponent.RouterManagerIPAddress.AddressFamily>)| The state of 
                 IPEndPoint realmAddress = routerAddressComponent.GetRealmAddress(account);
                 R2C_Login r2CLogin;
                 using (Session session = await RouterHelper.CreateRouterSession(clientScene, realmAddress)) {
                           r2CLogin = (R2C_Login) await session.Call(new C2R_Login() { Account = account, Password = password });
                 // 创建一个 gate Session, 并且保存到 SessionComponent 中:与网关服的会话框。主要负责用户下线后会话框的自动移除销毁
                 Session gateSession = await RouterHelper.CreateRouterSession(clientScene, NetworkHelper.ToIPEndPoint(r2CLogin.Addre
                 clientScene.AddComponent<SessionComponent>().Session = gateSession;
                 G2C_LoginGate g2CLoginGate = (G2C_LoginGate)await gateSession.Call(
                          new C2G_LoginGate() { Key = r2CLogin.Key, GateId = r2CLogin.GateId});
                 Log.Debug("登陆 gate 成功!");
                 await EventSystem.Instance.PublishAsync(clientScene, new EventType.LoginFinish());
        catch (Exception e) {
                 Log.Error(e);
        }
```

6.2 EnterRoomHelper.cs

}

- 这里需要注意的是:原项目里面还是保留了 C2G EnterMap 消息的。分两块查看一下:
 - 可以先去查一下, 斗地主里是如何【开始匹配】的
 - ET 7 框架里,服务器是如何处理消息的,变成了不同的 **场景类型: SceneType,由不同 场景,也就是不同的专职服务器来处理各种逻辑功能块的消息**
 - * 仍然是 **标签系的消息处理器**: 因为先前的不同服变成了现在的不同场景, 分场景(先前的不同服) 来定义消息处理器, 以处理当前场景(特定功能逻辑服) 下的消息, 如 匹配服的消息。
 - 如果每个按钮的回调: 都单独一个类, 不成了海量回调类了?
 - 老版本: 斗地主里, 进入地图的参考 【ET】里, 就要去找, 如何处理这些组件的?

```
// EventSystem.Instance.Publish(clientScene. new EventType.EnterMapFinish()):
       EventSystem.Instance.Publish(clientScene, new EventType.EnterRoomFinish()); // 这个,再去找下,谁在订阅这个事件,如何帮
       // // 老版本: 斗地主里, 进入地图的参考【ET7】里, 就要去找, 如何处理这些组件的?
      // Game.Scene.AddComponent<OperaComponent>();
       // Game.Scene.GetComponent<UIComponent>().Remove(UIType.UILobby);
   catch (Exception e) {
      Log.Error(e);
   }
}
   • 一个服务器端的消息处理器供自己参考: 【分场景的消息处理器, 仍使用标签系】
     [MessageHandler(SceneType.Client)]
     public class M2C_CreateMyUnitHandler : AMHandler<M2C_CreateMyUnit> {
         protected override async ETTask Run(Session session, M2C_CreateMyUnit message) {
             // 通知场景切换协程继续往下走
             session.DomainScene().GetComponent<ObjectWait>().Notify(new Wait_CreateMyUnit() {Message = message});
            await ETTask.CompletedTask;
         }
     }
   • 再来一个场景切换开始事件的:【任何时候,活宝妹就是一定要嫁给亲爱的表哥!!!】
     // 这个比较喜欢:场景切换,先前不同功能定义的服,切换开始,可以做点什么?切换结束,可以做点什么?全成事件触发机制。
     [Event(SceneType.Client)]
     public class SceneChangeStart_AddComponent: AEvent<EventType.SceneChangeStart> {
         protected override async ETTask Run(Scene scene, EventType.SceneChangeStart args) {
            Scene currentScene = scene.CurrentScene();
            // 加载场景资源
            await ResourcesComponent.Instance.LoadBundleAsync($"{currentScene.Name}.unity3d");
            // 切换到 map 场景
            await SceneManager.LoadSceneAsync(currentScene.Name);
            currentScene.AddComponent<OperaComponent>();
         }
     }
      UIHelper.cs: 负责 UI 界面上的组件的,添加与删除,异步完成
public static class UIHelper {
   public static async ETTask<UI> Create(Scene scene, string uiType, UILayer uiLayer) {
       return await scene.GetComponent<UIComponent>().Create(uiType, uiLayer);
   public static async ETTask Remove(Scene scene, string uiType) {
       scene.GetComponent<UIComponent>().Remove(uiType);
       await ETTask.CompletedTask;
   }
}
      SceneChangeHelper: 场景切换协程
public static class SceneChangeHelper {
   // 场景切换协程
   public static async ETTask SceneChangeTo(Scene clientScene, string sceneName, long sceneInstanceId) {
       clientScene.RemoveComponent<AIComponent>();
       CurrentScenesComponent currentScenesComponent = clientScene.GetComponent<();</pre>
       currentScenesComponent.Scene?.Dispose(); // 删除之前的 CurrentScene, 创建新的
       Scene currentScene = SceneFactory.CreateCurrentScene(sceneInstanceId, clientScene.Zone, sceneName, currentScenesCom
```

Wait_CreateMyUnit waitCreateMyUnit = await clientScene.GetComponent<ObjectWait>().Wait<Wait_CreateMyUnit>();

UnitComponent unitComponent = currentScene.AddComponent<UnitComponent>();

M2C_CreateMyUnit m2CCreateMyUnit = waitCreateMyUnit.Message;

EventSystem.Instance.Publish(clientScene, new EventType.SceneChangeStart());

// 可以订阅这个事件中创建 Loading 界面

// 等待 CreateMyUnit 的消息

```
Unit unit = UnitFactory.Create(currentScene, m2CCreateMyUnit.Unit);
unitComponent.Add(unit);

clientScene.RemoveComponent<AIComponent>();

EventSystem.Instance.Publish(currentScene, new EventType.SceneChangeFinish());
// 通知等待场景切换的协程
clientScene.GetComponent<ObjectWait>().Notify(new Wait_SceneChangeFinish());
}
```

7 UI 控件的生产事件机制流程:以前的专用工厂再包装为 UI 上的事件机制

• 一般是由某个事件的发布,因为订阅(使用订阅标签系),所以会被触发创建视图

7.1 LoginHelper 发布 EventType.LoginFinish() 事件

```
public static class LoginHelper {
public static async ETTask Login(Scene clientScene, string account, string password) {
   try {
       // 创建一个 ETModel 层的 Session
       clientScene.RemoveComponent<RouterAddressComponent>();
       // 获取路由跟 realmDispatcher 地址
       Router Address Component = client Scene. Get Component < Router Address Component > (); \\
       if (routerAddressComponent == null) {
          routerAddressComponent = clientScene.AddComponent<RouterAddressComponent, string, int>(ConstValue.RouterHttpHos
           await routerAddressComponent.Init();
          clientScene.AddComponent<NetClientComponent, AddressFamily>(routerAddressComponent.RouterManagerIPAddress.Addre
       IPEndPoint realmAddress = routerAddressComponent.GetRealmAddress(account);
       R2C_Login r2CLogin;
       using (Session session = await RouterHelper.CreateRouterSession(clientScene, realmAddress)) {
           r2CLogin = (R2C_Login) await session.Call(new C2R_Login() { Account = account, Password = password });
       // 创建一个 gate Session, 并且保存到 SessionComponent 中:与网关服的会话框。主要负责用户下线后会话框的自动移除销毁
       Session gateSession = await RouterHelper.CreateRouterSession(clientScene, NetworkHelper.ToIPEndPoint(r2CLogin.Addre
       clientScene.AddComponent<SessionComponent>().Session = gateSession;
       G2C_LoginGate g2CLoginGate = (G2C_LoginGate)await gateSession.Call(
          new C2G_LoginGate() { Key = r2CLogin.Key, GateId = r2CLogin.GateId});
       Log.Debug("登陆 gate 成功!");
       catch (Exception e) {
       Log.Error(e);
}
```

7.2 LoginFinish_RemoveLoginUI: 一般对应两个事件,旧视图的去除,与新视图的添加

```
[Event(SceneType.Client)]
public class LoginFinish_RemoveLoginUI: AEvent<EventType.LoginFinish> {
    protected override async ETTask Run(Scene scene, EventType.LoginFinish args) {
        await UIHelper.Remove(scene, UIType.UILogin);
    }
}
```

7.3 LoginFinish_CreateLobbyUI: 创建新视图

```
[Event(SceneType.Client)]
public class LoginFinish_CreateLobbyUI: AEvent<EventType.LoginFinish> {
    protected override async ETTask Run(Scene scene, EventType.LoginFinish args) {
```

```
await UIHelper.Create(scene, UIType.UILobby, UILayer.Mid);
}
```

7.4 UIHelper: 帮助类,来添加或是移除 UI 上的可装可折的组件

```
public static class UIHelper {
    public static async ETTask<UI> Create(Scene scene, string uiType, UILayer uiLayer) {
        return await scene.GetComponent<UIComponent>().Create(uiType, uiLayer); // <<<<<>> 进一步调用
    }
    public static async ETTask Remove(Scene scene, string uiType) {
        scene.GetComponent<UIComponent>().Remove(uiType);
        await ETTask.CompletedTask;
    }
```

7.5 UIComponentSystem: 管理 Scene 上的 UI: 这个是组件生成管理系统, 负责添加与删除。【UIEventComponent】是 UI 上的 UI 事件组件系统

```
// 管理 Scene 上的 UI: 这个是组件生成管理系统,负责添加与删除。【UIEventComponent】是 UI 上的 UI 事件组件系统
[FriendOf(typeof(UIComponent))]
public static class UIComponentSystem {
   public static async ETTask<UI> Create(this UIComponent self, string uiType, UILayer uiLayer) {
       UI ui = await UIEventComponent.Instance.OnCreate(self, uiType, uiLayer); // <<<<<<>>>
       self.UIs.Add(uiType, ui);
       return ui;
   public static void Remove(this UIComponent self, string uiType) {
       if (!self.UIs.TryGetValue(uiType, out UI ui)) {
           return:
       UIEventComponent.Instance.OnRemove(self, uiType);
       self.UIs.Remove(uiType);
       ui.Dispose();
   public static UI Get(this UIComponent self. string name) {
       self.UIs.TryGetValue(name, out ui);
       return ui;
   }
```

7.6 UIEventComponentSystem: 管理所有 UI GameObject 以及 UI 事件: 应该主要是 UI 控件相关的事件。【自顶向下】的组件系统

```
// 管理所有 UI GameObject 以及 UI 事件: 应该主要是 UI 控件相关的事件。【自顶向下】的组件系统
[FriendOf(typeof(UIEventComponent))]
public static class UIEventComponentSystem {
    [ObjectSystem]
    public class UIEventComponentAwakeSystem : AwakeSystem<UIEventComponent> {
       protected override void Awake(UIEventComponent self) {
           UIEventComponent.Instance = self;
           GameObject uiRoot = GameObject.Find("/Global/UI"); // Unity 视图面板上的全局父控件
           ReferenceCollector referenceCollector = uiRoot.GetComponent<ReferenceCollector>();
           // 面板上的: 四大层级
           self.UILayers.Add((int)UILayer.Hidden, referenceCollector.Get<GameObject>(UILayer.Hidden.ToString()).transform)
           self. \verb|UILayers.Add((int)| \verb|UILayer.Low|, referenceCollector.Get<| GameObject>(UILayer.Low.ToString()).transform); \\
           self.UILayers.Add((int)UILayer.Mid, referenceCollector.Get<GameObject>(UILayer.Mid.ToString()).transform);
           self.UILayers.Add((int)UILayer.High, referenceCollector.Get<GameObject>(UILayer.High.ToString()).transform);
           var uiEvents = EventSystem.Instance.GetTypes(typeof (UIEventAttribute));
           foreach (Type type in uiEvents) {
               object[] attrs = type.GetCustomAttributes(typeof(UIEventAttribute), false);
               if (attrs.Length == 0) {
                   continue;
               UIEventAttribute uiEventAttribute = attrs[0] as UIEventAttribute;
               // 字典管理: 它的字典, 负责为每种类型, 创建一个工厂实例, 来生产其所负责的 UI 组件面板等。字典管理, 工厂是可以随需要
               AUIEvent aUIEvent = Activator.CreateInstance(type) as AUIEvent;
```

```
self.UIEvents.Add(uiEventAttribute.UITvpe, aUIEvent):
       }
   }
public static async ETTask<UI> OnCreate(this UIEventComponent self, UIComponent uiComponent, string uiType, UILayer uiL
        UI ui = await self.UIEvents[uiType].OnCreate(uiComponent, uiLayer); // 调用: 工厂的生产方法 // <<<<<
        return ui:
   catch (Exception e) {
        throw new Exception($"on create ui error: {uiType}", e);
public static Transform GetLayer(this UIEventComponent self, int layer) {
    return self.UILayers[layer];
public static void OnRemove(this UIEventComponent self, UIComponent uiComponent, string uiType) {
    try {
       self.UIEvents[uiType].OnRemove(uiComponent);
    catch (Exception e) {
        throw new Exception($"on remove ui error: {uiType}", e);
}
```

7.7 AUIEvent: 跟下面的 UIEventComponent 关系是?

```
public abstract class AUIEvent {
   public abstract ETTask<UI> OnCreate(UIComponent uiComponent, UILayer uiLayer);
   public abstract void OnRemove(UIComponent uiComponent);
}
```

7.8 UIEventComponent: 管理所有 UI GameObject

```
// 管理所有 UI GameObject
[ComponentOf(typeof(Scene))]
public class UIEventComponent: Entity, IAwake {
    [StaticField]
    public static UIEventComponent Instance;
    public Dictionary<string, AUIEvent> UIEvents = new Dictionary<string, AUIEvent>();
    public Dictionary<int, Transform> UILayers = new Dictionary<int, Transform>();
}
```

7.9 UIEventComponentSystem: 生成系, 管理所有 UI GameObject 以及 UI 事件: 应该主要是 UI 控件相关的事件。【自顶向下】的组件系统

```
// 管理所有 UI GameObject 以及 UI 事件: 应该主要是 UI 控件相关的事件。【自顶向下】的组件系统
[FriendOf(typeof(UIEventComponent))]
public static class UIEventComponentSystem {
   [ObjectSystem]
   public class UIEventComponentAwakeSystem : AwakeSystem<UIEventComponent> {
       protected override void Awake(UIEventComponent self) {
           UIEventComponent.Instance = self;
           GameObject uiRoot = GameObject.Find("/Global/UI"); // Unity 视图面板上的全局父控件
           ReferenceCollector referenceCollector = uiRoot.GetComponent<ReferenceCollector>();
           // 面板上的: 四大层级
           self.UILayers.Add((int)UILayer.Hidden, referenceCollector.Get<GameObject>(UILayer.Hidden.ToString()).transform)
           self.UILayers.Add((int)UILayer.Low, referenceCollector.Get<GameObject>(UILayer.Low.ToString()).transform);
           self.UILayers.Add((int)UILayer.Mid, referenceCollector.Get<GameObject>(UILayer.Mid.ToString()).transform);
           self.UILayers.Add((int)UILayer.High, referenceCollector.Get<GameObject>(UILayer.High.ToString()).transform);
           var uiEvents = EventSystem.Instance.GetTypes(typeof (UIEventAttribute));
           foreach (Type type in uiEvents) {
               object[] attrs = type.GetCustomAttributes(typeof(UIEventAttribute), false);
               if (attrs.Length == 0) {
                   continue;
              UIEventAttribute uiEventAttribute = attrs[0] as UIEventAttribute;
               // 字典管理: 它的字典, 负责为每种类型, 创建一个工厂实例, 来生产其所负责的 UI 组件面板等。字典管理, 工厂是可以随需要
```

```
AUIEvent aUIEvent = Activator.CreateInstance(type) as AUIEvent:
            self.UIEvents.Add(uiEventAttribute.UIType, aUIEvent);
       }
   }
}
public static async ETTask<UI> OnCreate(this UIEventComponent self, UIComponent uiComponent, string uiType, UILayer uiL
        UI ui = await self.UIEvents[uiType].OnCreate(uiComponent, uiLayer); // 调用: 工厂的生产方法
        return ui;
    catch (Exception e) {
        throw new Exception($"on create ui error: {uiType}", e);
public static Transform GetLayer(this UIEventComponent self, int layer) {
    return self.UILayers[layer];
public static void OnRemove(this UIEventComponent self, UIComponent uiComponent, string uiType) {
    try {
        self.UIEvents[uiType].OnRemove(uiComponent);
    catch (Exception e) {
       throw new Exception($"on remove ui error: {uiType}", e);
}
```

7.10 UILoginEvent: 一个实体类的例子,具体的工厂生产逻辑

```
[UIEvent(UIType.UILogin)]
public class UILoginEvent: AUIEvent {
    public override async ETTask-UI> OnCreate(UIComponent uiComponent, UILayer uiLayer) {
        await uiComponent.DomainScene().GetComponent<ResourcesLoaderComponent>().LoadAsync(UIType.UILogin.StringToAB());
        GameObject bundleGameObject = (GameObject) ResourcesComponent.Instance.GetAsset(UIType.UILogin.StringToAB(), UIType
        GameObject gameObject = UnityEngine.Object.Instantiate(bundleGameObject, UIEventComponent.Instance.GetLayer((int)ui
        UI ui = uiComponent.AddChild<UI, string, GameObject>(UIType.UILogin, gameObject);
        ui.AddComponent<UILoginComponent>();
        return ui;
    }
    public override void OnRemove(UIComponent uiComponent) {
        ResourcesComponent.Instance.UnloadBundle(UIType.UILogin.StringToAB());
    }
}
```

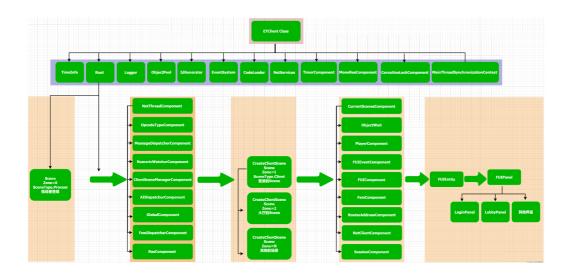
7.11 UILobbyEvent: 再加一个实体类的例子

```
// UI 系统的事件机制:接收到 LoginFinish 之后触发的大厅创建
[UIEvent(UIType.UILobby)]
public class UILobbyEvent: AUIEvent {
    public override async ETTask<UI> OnCreate(UIComponent uiComponent, UILayer uiLayer) {
        await ETTask.CompletedTask;
        await uiComponent.DomainScene().GetComponent<ResourcesLoaderComponent>().LoadAsync(UIType.UILobby.StringToAB());
        GameObject bundleGameObject = (GameObject) ResourcesComponent.Instance.GetAsset(UIType.UILobby.StringToAB(), UIType
        GameObject gameObject = UnityEngine.Object.Instantiate(bundleGameObject, UIEventComponent.Instance.GetLayer((int)ui
        UI ui = uiComponent.AddChild<UI, string, GameObject>(UIType.UILobby, gameObject);
        ui.AddComponent<UILobbyComponent>();
        return ui;
    }
    public override void OnRemove(UIComponent uiComponent) {
            ResourcesComponent.Instance.UnloadBundle(UIType.UILobby.StringToAB());
    }
```

8 整个框架: ET 7.2 + YooAssets + luban + FairGUI

• 整个框架的场景节点如下

}



9 写在最后:反而是自己每天查看一再更新的

- 因为感觉还是不曾系统性地读 ET7 的源码,或者说有效阅读,因为没有带着实际问题的看源码,感觉都不叫看读源码呀。这里会记自己的感觉需要赶快查看的地方。
- •【ET 框架的整体架构】: 感觉把握不够。常常命名空间分不清。要把这个大的框架,比较高层面的架构再好好看下
- 然后就是对自顶向下的不同层级场景,所需要的主要的不同组件,分不清,仍需要再熟悉一下源码
- •【问题】:某些消息,还分不清是内网还是外网消息,暂时先放一下,到时再改
- •【问题】: 上次那个 ET-EUI 框架的时候,曾经出现过 opcode 不对应,也就是说,我现在生成的进程间消息,有可能还是会存在服务器码与客户端码不对应,这个完备的框架,这次应该不至于吧?
- •【ClientComponent】:新框架里重构丢了,去找怎么替代?那么现在去追一下,客户端的起始与场景加载或是切换大致过程。它变成了什么客户端场景管理?
- •【UIType】部分类:这个类出现在了三四个不同的程序域,现在重构了,好像添加得不对。要再修改

10 现在的修改内容,记忆

try {

• UILobbyComponent 里三个按钮的回调: 这里面还有好几个错误。把这个弄完了,出错在更晚的地方的话,这个界面就可以加载完整了。。

```
// 发送开始匹配消息
       C2G_StartMatch_Req c2G_StartMatch_Req = new C2G_StartMatch_Req();
       G2C_StartMatch_Ack g2C_StartMatch_Ack = await SessionComponent.Instance.Session.Call(c2G_StartMatch_Req) as G2C_StartMatch_Req) as G2C_StartMatch_Req)
       // // 暫时跳过这步
       // if (g2C_StartMatch_Ack.Error == ErrorCode.ERR_UserMoneyLessError) {
       //
             Log. Error(" 余额不足"); // 就是说, 当且仅当余额不足的时候才会出这个错误?
       //
       // }
       // 匹配成功了: UI 界面切换, 切换到房间界面 【UI 事件系统】: 这里不再是手动添加与移除, 去发布事件
       UI room = Game.Scene.GetComponent<UIComponent>().Create(UIType.LandlordsRoom); // 装载新的 UI 视图
       Game.Scene.GetComponent<UIComponent>().Remove(UIType.LandlordsLobby);
                                                                               // 卸载旧的 UI 视图
       // 将房间设为匹配状态
       room.GetComponent<LandlordsRoomComponent>().Matching = true;
   }
   catch (Exception e) {
       Log.Error(e.ToStr());
}
// 接下来,这两个选项,暂时不处理
public static async ETTask enterRoom(this UILobbyComponent self) { // 不知道,这个,与 EnterMap 有没有本质的区别,要检查一下
                          await EnterRoomHelper.EnterRoomAsync(self.ClientScene());
                                         await UIHelper.Remove(self.ClientScene(), UIType.UILobby);
                                         public static async ETTask createRoom(this UILobbyComponent self) {
           }
```

•【任何时候,活宝妹就是一定要嫁给亲爱的表哥!!!】