Unity Android SDK/NDK 俄罗斯方块砖 3D 小游戏

deepwaterooo

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1 模块搭建

- # only inlcude two levels in TOC
- ILRuntime 的消化理解,以及与 MVVM 同用时的搭配理解消化
- 热更新模块服务器模块的理解与消化搭建:

2 把原理弄懂

- 热更新模块的实充:以前的设计模式和实现的功能还是比较完整的;现在更成熟一点儿,需要把热更新模块补充出来;
- ILRuntime + MVVM 框架设计:两者结合,前几年的时候没能把 MVVM 理解透彻;
- 上次前几年主要的难点:好像是在把 MVVM 双向数据绑定理解得不透彻;那么这次应该就狠没有问题了,更该寻求更好的设计与解决方案
- 性能优化:另外是对其实高级开发的越来越熟悉,希望应用的性能表现,尤其是渲染性能与速度等、这些更为高级和深入的特性成为这次二次开发的重点。
- 现在是把自己几年前的写的游戏全忘记了,需要回去把自己的源码找出来,再读一读熟悉一下自己的源码,了解当时设计的估缺点,由此改进更将

3 环境弄得比较好的包括:

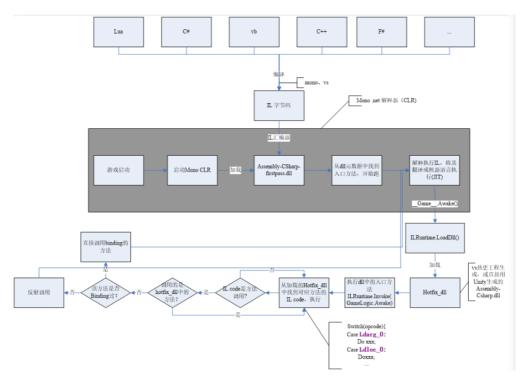
- 输入法的搭建: 终于用到了自己之前用过的好用的输入法
- 这两天开车疲累,最迟明天中午会去南湾找房间出租,尽快解决搬家的问题;昨天晚上回来得太晚了,一路辛苦,路上只差睡着,回到家里补觉补了好多个小时。

• 小电脑, 笔记本电脑里的游戏环境搭建, 今天下午去图书馆里弄(今天下午去图书馆里把需要借助快速网络来完成的事情都搭建好; 家里被恶房东故意整了个腾腾慢的网, 故意阻碍别人的发展, 谁还愿意再这样的环境中继续住下去呢?!!!)

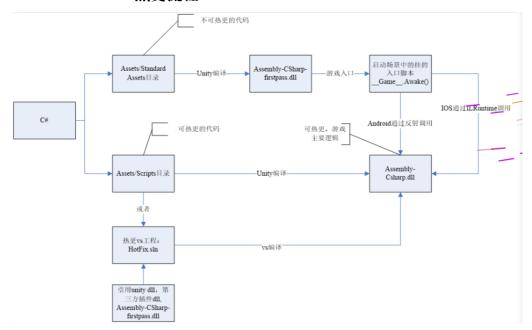
4 ILRuntime 库的系统再深入理解

4.1 ILRuntime 基本原理

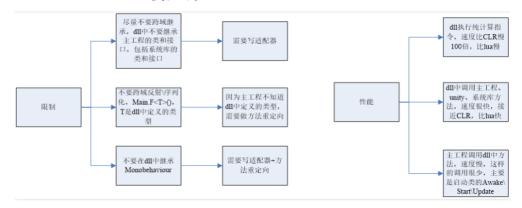
• ILRuntime 借助 Mono.Cecil 库来读取 DLL 的 PE 信息,以及当中类型的所有信息,最终得到方法的 IL 汇编码,然后通过内置的 IL 解译执行虚拟机来执行 DLL 中的代码。IL 解释器代码在 ILIntepreter.cs,通过 Opcode 来逐语句执行机器码,解释器的代码有四千多行。



4.2 ILRuntime 热更流程



4.3 ILRuntime 主要限制



4.4 ILRuntime 启动调试

- ILRuntime 建议全局只创建一个 AppDomain, 在函数人口添加代码启动调试服务 appdomain.DebugService.StartDebugService(56000)
 - 运行主工程 (Unity 工程)
 - 在热更的 VS 工程中点击 调试 附加到 ILRuntime 调试,注意使用一样的端口
 - 如果使用 VS2015 的话需要 Visual Studio 2015 Update3 以上版本

4.5 线上项目和资料

• 掌趣很多项目都是使用 ILRuntime 开发,并上线运营,比如:真红之刃,境·界灵压对决,全民奇迹 2,龙族世界,热血足球

- 初音未来: 梦幻歌姬使用补丁方式: https://github.com/wuxiongbin/XIL
- 本文流程图摘自: ILRuntime 的 QQ 群的《ILRuntime 热更框架.docx》(by a 704757217)
- Unity 实现 c# 热更新方案探究 (三): https://zhuanlan.zhihu.com/p/37375372

5 Framework.Core 核心理解?

5.1 Adaptor

- 5.1.1
- 5.1.2
- 5.1.3
- 5.2 Factory
- 5.3 Inject
- **5.4** Wrap

5.5 GameApplication: 游戏人口类

```
// 游戏入口类
public class GameApplication : MonoBehaviour {
   private const string TAG = "GameApplication";
   private static GameApplication _instance;
   public static GameApplication Instance {
       get {
          return _instance;
   public IHotFixMain HotFix {
       qet:
       set;
// 五个用户、客户端可配置变量,以及它们的根据用户配置 (读取系统中用户配置文件里的相关五个配置)
   // 是否使用 PDB 调试信息
   public bool usePDB = false;
   // 是否使用 ILRuntime 模式热更新
   public bool useILRuntime = false;
   // 是否使用本地资流
   public bool useLocal = false;
   // 资源服务器路径
   public string webRoot = string.Empty;
   // 强制登录
   public bool forceLogin = false;
   public ScreenRaycaster ScreenRaycaster {
       get;
       private set;
// 这个公用方法应该是跟游戏中时常需要接入一个或是多个游戏 SDK 相关,提供便利接入方法
   public ShareSDK ShareSDK {
       get:
       private set;
   void Awake() {
       _instance = this;
       ScreenRaycaster = GameObject.Find("Gestures").GetComponent<ScreenRaycaster>();
       DontDestroyOnLoad(game0bject); // <<<<<< *** 我自己的游戏中实现过这个,可是现在回想得好辛苦呀。。。爱表哥爱生活是
       //InitializeClientConfig();
       //InitializeSDKs();
       CoroutineHelper.StartCoroutine(Initialize()); // 协程:
#region TestSamples
       //FingerEventTemp.Instance.RegisterGestureEvents();
       //TestNTS.Instance.TestLinesAngle();
       //GeometryManager.Instance.Test();
```

```
客户端的配置是写在一个文件里的,需要的话直接读就可以了,安卓系统很多地方也这样
    void InitializeClientConfig() {
        var str = FileHelp.ReadString("ClientConfig.txt");
        if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(str)) {
           JsonObject jsonObject = JsonSerializer.Deserialize(str) as JsonObject;
            if (jsonObject != null) {
                if (jsonObject.ContainsKey("usePDB"))
                    usePDB = (bool)jsonObject["usePDB"];
                if (jsonObject.ContainsKey("useILRuntime"))
                    usePDB = (bool)jsonObject["useILRuntime"];
                if (jsonObject.ContainsKey("useLocal"))
                   usePDB = (bool)jsonObject["useLocal"];
                if (jsonObject.ContainsKey("webRoot"))
                    ResourceConstant.ResourceWebRoot = jsonObject["webRoot"].ToString();
                if (jsonObject.ContainsKey("forceLogin"))
                    forceLogin = (bool)jsonObject["forceLogin"];
           }
       }
   }
   void InitializeSDKs() {
        if (Application.platform == RuntimePlatform.IPhonePlayer || Application.platform == RuntimePlatform.Android)
           InitializeShareSDK();
    void InitializeShareSDK() {
        ShareSDK = GetComponent<ShareSDK>();
        ShareSDK.authHandler = AuthResultHandler;
        ShareSDK.Authorize(PlatformType.WeChat);
    // ShareSDK 执行授权回调
    void AuthResultHandler(int reqID, ResponseState state, PlatformType type, Hashtable result) {
        if (state == ResponseState.Success) {
           Debug.Log("ShareSDK authorize success!");
        } else if (state == ResponseState.Fail) {
           Debug.Log("fail! error code = " + result["error_code"] + "; error msg = " + result["error_msg"]);
        } else if (state == ResponseState.Cancel) {
           Debug.Log("cancel!");
    }
// 协程是说: 游戏启动时, 给这个控件 (gameObject) 加载运行时脚本 ResourceMap; 加载完毕自动触发 StartHotFix() 函数热更新回调
    IEnumerator Initialize() {
        ResourceMap resourceMap = gameObject.AddComponent<ResourceMap>();
        resourceMap.OnInitializeSuccess += StartHotFix;
        ResourceConstant.Loader = resourceMap;
       yield return new WaitForEndOfFrame();
    public void StartHotFix() {
       Debug.Log(TAG + ": StartHotFix()");
Debug.Log(TAG + " useILRuntime: " + useILRuntime);
        if (Application.platform == RuntimePlatform.IPhonePlayer) {
           HotFix = HotFixILRunTime.Instance;
        } else {
            if (useILRuntime) { // 使用热更新程序集的实例
               HotFix = HotFixILRunTime.Instance;
            } else { // 这里是, 还需要再理解消化一下
               HotFix = HotFixReflector.Instance;
        }
   }
}
```

5.6

#endreaion

5.7 HotFixILRunTime: SingletonMono<HotFixILRunTime>, IHotFix-Main: 我忘记了什么叫 SingletonMono?

```
public class HotFixILRunTime : SingletonMono<HotFixILRunTime>, IHotFixMain { // 我忘记了什么叫 SingletonMono ?
    public static ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain appDomain;

    void Start() {
        appDomain = new ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain();
#if UNITY_EDITOR
        appDomain.UnityMainThreadID = System.Threading.Thread.CurrentThread.ManagedThreadId;
```

```
#endif
        // 调用资源管理器加载这两个程序集: HotFix.dll + HotFix.pdb
       TextAsset dllAsset = ResourceConstant.Loader.LoadAsset<TextAsset>("HotFix.dll", "HotFix.dll"); // 同步加载
       var msDll = new System.IO.MemoryStream(dllAsset.bytes); // 这里涉及到内存管理吗?以前我不曾涉及, 现在长大了, 应该把它理)
       if (GameApplication.Instance.usePDB) {
           ResourceConstant Loader LoadAssetAsyn<TextAsset>("HotFix.pdb", "HotFix.pdb", (pdbAsset) => { // 异步加载
               var msPdb = new System.IO.MemoryStream(pdbAsset.bytes);
               appDomain.LoadAssembly(msDll, msPdb, new Mono.Cecil.Mdb.MdbReaderProvider());
               StartApplication():
                                    // <<<<<<<
           }, EAssetBundleUnloadLevel.ChangeSceneOver);
       } else {
           appDomain.LoadAssembly(msDll, null, new Mono.Cecil.Mdb.MdbReaderProvider());
           StartApplication();
   void StartApplication() {
       InitializeILRunTimeHotFixSetting();
       DoStaticMethod("HotFix.HotFixMain", "Start");
   void InitializeILRunTimeHotFixSetting() {
       InitializeDelegateSetting(); // 方法被我搬到了文件的最后, 太长比较简单
       InitializeCLRBindSetting();
       InitializeAdapterSetting();
       InitializeValueTypeSetting();
   unsafe void InitializeCLRBindSetting() {
       foreach (var i in typeof(System.Activator).GetMethods()) {
           // 找到名字为 CreateInstance, 并且是泛型方法的方法定义 ?
if (i.Name == "CreateInstance" && i.IsGenericMethodDefinition)
               appDomain.RegisterCLRMethodRedirection(i, CreateInstance); // 方法重定向?再理解消化一下,不太懂还
       }
   }
   void InitializeAdapterSetting() {
       appDomain.RegisterCrossBindingAdaptor(new ViewModelBaseAdapter()); // 这个看过了
       appDomain.RegisterCrossBindingAdaptor(new UnityGuiViewAdapter()); // 这个看过了
       appDomain.RegisterCrossBindingAdaptor(new ModuleBaseAdapter());
// 下面的这几适配器还不知道是怎么回事吗
       appDomain.RegisterCrossBindingAdaptor(new IEnumeratorObjectAdaptor());
       appDomain.RegisterCrossBindingAdaptor(new MonoBehaviourAdapter());
       appDomain.RegisterCrossBindingAdaptor(new InterfaceCrossBindingAdaptor());
   void InitializeValueTypeSetting() {
       appDomain.RegisterValueTypeBinder(typeof(Vector3), new Vector3Binder());
       appDomain.RegisterValueTypeBinder(typeof(Vector2), new Vector2Binder());
       appDomain.RegisterValueTypeBinder(typeof(Quaternion), new QuaternionBinder());
   }
// 定义如何调用热更新程序集里的静态入口方法
   object DoStaticMethod(string type, string method) {
       var hotfixType = appDomain.GetType(type);
       var staticMethod = hotfixType.GetMethod(method, 0);
       return appDomain.Invoke(staticMethod, null, null);
   }
// 定义热更新的两个方法的特用实现
#region Override
   public Type LoadType(string typeName) {
       if (appDomain.LoadedTypes.ContainsKey(typeName)) {
           return appDomain.LoadedTypes[typeName].ReflectionType;
       }
       return null;
   public object CreateInstance(string typeName) {
       ILType type = (ILType)appDomain.LoadedTypes[typeName];
       var instance = type.Instantiate();
       return instance;
   }
#endregion
   // 公用静态方法的实现
   public unsafe static StackObject* CreateInstance(ILIntepreter intp, StackObject* esp, IList<object> mStack, CLRMethod m
       // 获取泛型参数 <T> 的实际类型
       IType[] genericArguments = method.GenericArguments;
       if (genericArguments != null && genericArguments.Length == 1) {
           var t = genericArguments[0];
           if (t is ILType)// 如果 T 是热更 DLL 里的类型 {
               // 通过 ILRuntime 的接口来创建实例
               return ILIntepreter.PushObject(esp, mStack, ((ILType)t).Instantiate());
```

```
} else
            return ILIntepreter.PushObject(esp, mStack, Activator.CreateInstance(t.TypeForCLR));// 通过系统反射接口创建实例
    } else
          throw new EntryPointNotFoundException();
}
// 不难猜测理解: 所有需要热更新的方法类型 (以不同的参数类型以及返回类型作区分), 都要在这里向程序集的代理管理器注册相关方法回调代理
    void InitializeDelegateSetting() {
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<int>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterFunctionDelegate<int, string>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<string>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<int, int>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<List<int>, List<int>>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<string, string>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<object, MessageArgs<object>>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<object, MessageArgs<ILTypeInstance>>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<GameObject>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<UnityEngine.Networking.UnityWebRequest>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<TMP_FontAsset>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<Font>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<AnimationClip>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<AnimatorOverrideController>();
        app Domain. Delegate Manager. Register Method Delegate < Runtime Animator Controller > (); \\
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<AudioClip>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<Material>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<TextAsset>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<Sprite>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<Texture2D>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<TapGesture>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<LongPressGesture>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<DragGesture>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<PinchGesture>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterMethodDelegate<Exception>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterFunctionDelegate<GameObject, GameObject>();
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterFunctionDelegate<ILTypeInstance, ILTypeInstance, int>();
        / 在 Unity 的程序集与热更新的程序集跨域之间,这里给出了方法代理转换的实现逻辑,几座小桥流水人家,爱表哥爱生活
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<UnityAction>((action) => {
            return new UnityAction(() => {
                ((Action)action)();
           });
        });
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<UnityAction<br/>bool>>((action) => {
            return new UnityAction<bool>((b) => {
                ((Action<bool>)action)(b);
           });
        });
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<UnityAction<int>>((action) => {
            return new UnityAction<int>((b) => {
                ((Action<int>)action)(b);
           });
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<UnityAction<long>>((action) => {
            return new UnityAction<long>((b) => {
                ((Action<long>)action)(b);
           });
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<UnityAction<float>>((action) => {
            return new UnityAction<float>((b) => {
                ((Action<float>)action)(b);
           });
        });
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<UnityAction<string>>((action) => {
            return new UnityAction<string>((b) => {
                ((Action<string>)action)(b);
        });
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<UnityAction<BaseEventData>>((action) => {
            return new UnityAction<BaseEventData>((b) => {
                ((Action<BaseEventData>)action)(b);
           });
        });
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<GestureRecognizerTS<TapGesture>.GestureEventHandler>((action) =
            return new GestureRecognizerTS<TapGesture>.GestureEventHandler((gesture) => {
                ((Action<TapGesture>)action)(gesture);
           });
        });
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<GestureRecognizerTS<LongPressGesture>.GestureEventHandler>((act
            return new GestureRecognizerTS<LongPressGesture>.GestureEventHandler((gesture) => {
                ((Action<LongPressGesture>)action)(gesture);
```

```
});
        });
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<GestureRecognizerTS<DragGesture>.GestureEventHandler>((action)
            return new GestureRecognizerTS<DragGesture>.GestureEventHandler((gesture) => {
                ((Action<DragGesture>)action)(gesture);
        });
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<GestureRecognizerTS<PinchGesture>.GestureEventHandler>((action)
            return new GestureRecognizerTS<PinchGesture>.GestureEventHandler((gesture) => {
                ((Action<PinchGesture>)action)(gesture);
        });
        #if UNITY_IPHONE
                appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<com.mob.FinishedRecordEvent>((action) => {
            return new com.mob.FinishedRecordEvent((ex) => {
                ((Action<Exception>)action)(ex);
            });
        });
        #endif
        appDomain.DelegateManager.RegisterDelegateConvertor<Comparison<ILTypeInstance>>((action) => {
            return new Comparison<ILTypeInstance>((x, y) => {
                return ((Func<ILTypeInstance, ILTypeInstance, System.Int32>)action)(x, y);
        });
    }
}
```

5.8 IHotFixMain interface

```
public interface IHotFixMain {
    Type LoadType(string typeName);
    object CreateInstance(string typeName);
}
```

- 6 Framework.MVVM: Unity 中定义好的 MVVM 架构; 使用 ILRuntime 定义实现了必要的跨域跨程序集适配, 以及数据观察 回调等
- 6.1 DataBinding: MVVM 具备双向数据绑定功能;这里这个框架里通过代理 观察者模式来实现数据的改变通知与回调
- 6.1.1 BindableProperty<T>: 泛型基类,可绑定的属性

```
public class BindableProperty<T> { // 泛型基类
   private T _value;
    public Action<T, T> OnValueChanged; // 代理模式,观察者模式?
    public T Value {
       get {
            return _value:
        }
        set {
            if (!Equals(_value, value)) {
                T old = _value;
                _value = value;
                ValueChanged(old, _value);
            }
        }
    void ValueChanged(T oldValue, T newValue) {
        if (OnValueChanged != null)
            OnValueChanged(oldValue, newValue);
   }
    public override string ToString() {
        return (Value != null ? Value.ToString() : "null");
    }
}
```

6.1.2 ObservableList<T>: IList<T>: 可被观察的链表,同样包装成泛型基类

```
public class ObservableList<T>: IList<T> { // 可被观察的链表: 同样包装成泛型基类
    public Action<List<T>, List<T>> OnValueChanged;
    public Action<T> OnAdd;
   public Action<int, T> OnInsert;
    public Action<T> OnRemove;
    private List<T> _value = new List<T>(); // <<<<<<<<</pre>
    public List<T> Value {
       get {
            return _value:
        }
       set {
            if (!Equals(_value, value)) {
                var old = _value;
                _value = value;
                ValueChanged(old, _value);
            }
       }
   void ValueChanged(List<T> oldValue, List<T> newValue) {
        if (OnValueChanged != null)
            OnValueChanged(oldValue, newValue);
   }
    public IEnumerator<T> GetEnumerator() {
        return _value.GetEnumerator();
   IEnumerator IEnumerable.GetEnumerator() {
        return GetEnumerator();
// 覆写和定义链表的相关必要方法
   public void Add(T item) {
        _value.Add(item);
        if (OnAdd != null)
           OnAdd(item);
   public void Clear() {
       _value.Clear();
   public bool Contains(T item) {
        return _value.Contains(item);
   public void CopyTo(T[] array, int arrayIndex) {
       _value.CopyTo(array, arrayIndex);
   public bool Remove(T item) {
        if (_value.Remove(item)) {
            if (OnRemove != null)
               OnRemove(item);
            return true;
        return false;
   public int Count {
        get {
            return _value.Count;
   public bool IsReadOnly {
       aet:
        private set;
   public int IndexOf(T item) {
        return _value.IndexOf(item);
    public void Insert(int index, T item) {
        _value.Insert(index, item);
        if (OnInsert != null) {
            OnInsert(index, item);
   public void RemoveAt(int index) {
        _value.RemoveAt(index);
   public T this[int index] {
```

```
get {
    return _value[index];
}
set {
    _value[index] = value;
}
}
```

6.1.3 PropertyBinder<ViewModelBase>: ViewModel(的基类以及继承类) 的绑定辅助相关方法定义类

```
// ViewModel(的基类以及继承类)的绑定辅助相关方法定义类
public class PropertyBinder<ViewModelBase> {
    private delegate void BindHandler(ViewModelBase viewModel); // 这里才真正意义上的代理模式吧
   private delegate void UnBindHandler(ViewModelBase viewModel):
    private readonly List<BindHandler> binders = new List<BindHandler>();
   private readonly List<UnBindHandler> unBinders = new List<UnBindHandler>();
    public void Add<TProperty>(string name, string realTypeName, Action<TProperty, TProperty> valueChangedHandler) {
       var fieldInfo = GameApplication.Instance.HotFix.LoadType(realTypeName).GetField(name, BindingFlags.Instance | Bindi
       if (fieldInfo == null)
           throw new Exception(string.Format("Unable to find bindableproperty field '{0}.{1}'", realTypeName, name));
       binders.Add(viewModel => {
           GetPropertyValue<TProperty>(name, viewModel, realTypeName, fieldInfo).OnValueChanged += valueChangedHandler;
       unBinders.Add(viewModel => {
           GetPropertyValue<TProperty>(name, viewModel, realTypeName, fieldInfo).OnValueChanged -= valueChangedHandler;
       });
   private BindableProperty<TProperty> GetPropertyValue<TProperty>(string name, ViewModelBase viewModel,
                                                                 string realTypeName, FieldInfo fieldInfo) {
       var value = fieldInfo.GetValue(viewModel);
       BindableProperty<TProperty> bindableProperty = value as BindableProperty<TProperty>;
       if (bindableProperty == null)
           throw new Exception(string.Format("Illegal bindableproperty field '{0}.{1}' ", realTypeName, name));
       return bindableProperty;
// 这里告诉一个常识说:任何一个 ViewModel,不管是蕨类还是继承后的子类,它们都有可能有好几个视图与其绑定
    public void Bind(ViewModelBase viewModel) {
       if (viewModel != null)
           for (int i = 0; i < binders.Count; i++)</pre>
               binders[i](viewModel);
// 这里告诉一个常识说: 任何一个 ViewModel, 不管是蕨类还是继承后的子类, 它们都有可能有好几个视图, 需要与其解绑定
    public void UnBind(ViewModelBase viewModel) {
       if (viewModel != null)
           for (int i = 0; i < unBinders.Count; i++)</pre>
               unBinders[i](viewModel);
```

6.2 Message: 自定义的消息机制吗?这里还没能联系上下文,完全不知道这里是在做什么?

6.2.1 MessageArgs<T>: 跨域跨程序集的消息参数泛型类?

```
public class MessageArgs<T> {
    public T Item {
        get;
        private set;
    }
    public MessageArgs(T item) {
        Item = item;
    }
}
```

6.2.2 MessageAggregator<T>: Singleton<MessageAggregator<T>>: 单例模式的泛型管理类?用一个字典来管理消息?

```
// 单例模式的泛型管理类?用一个字典来管理消息(可观察的属性、链表、ViewModel 等,以及它们各自对应的回调)?这里要再看不遍,还没有真了
public class MessageAggregator<T> : Singleton<MessageAggregator<T>>> {

    private readonly Dictionary<string, Action<object, MessageArgs<T>>> messages =
        new Dictionary<string, Action<object, MessageArgs<T>>> handler) {

        if (!messages.ContainsKey(name))
            messages.Add(name, handler);
        else
            messages[name] += handler;
    }
    public void Publish(string name, object sender, MessageArgs<T> args) {
        if (messages.ContainsKey(name) && messages[name] != null)
            messages[name] (sender, args);
    }
}
```

6.3 Module: 这里是模块级别的定义;在模块层面级别上;在 ViewModel 层面 级别上等不面层面上的跨域适配定义与实现

• 不能像最开始一样把这里误当作 Model; 这是一个 framework, 数据是定义在各个不同的具体应用里

6.3.1 ModuleBase.cs

```
public abstract class ModuleBase {
    public abstract void OnInitialize();
    public abstract void Excute();
}
```

this.instance = instance;

}

6.3.2 ModuleBaseAdapter: CrossBindingAdaptor: 在模块层面上自定义实现了: 模块层面 级别的跨域跨程序集适配器

```
public class ModuleBaseAdapter: CrossBindingAdaptor { // 继承了 CrossBindingAdaptor 抽象基类
   抽象蕨类里的三个抽象方法: 需要实现
   public override Type BaseCLRType { // 继承了 CrossBindingAdaptor 抽象基类,就应该需要覆写里面定义过的相关方法,改造成自己需要
       aet {
           return typeof(ModuleBase);
   public override Type AdaptorType {
       get {
           return typeof(ModuleBaseAdaptor);
   public override object CreateCLRInstance(ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain appdomain, ILTypeInstance instance) {
       return new ModuleBaseAdaptor(appdomain, instance);
   // ModuleBase: Framework.MVVM 里定义的基类; CrossBindingAdaptorType 是 ILRuntime.Runtime.Environment 里定义的公共接口类 in
   class ModuleBaseAdaptor: ModuleBase, CrossBindingAdaptorType { // 好久没有写 cs 代码了,这里看得昏昏乎乎,类里定义类,还是
       ILTvpeInstance instance:
       ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain appdomain;
         ModuleBase 里的两个抽象方法的调控掌握
// 实现对
       IMethod _onInitialize;
       bool _onInitializeGot;
       IMethod _excute;
       bool _excuteGot;
       public ModuleBaseAdaptor() { }
       public ModuleBaseAdaptor(ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain appdomain, ILTypeInstance instance) {
           this.appdomain = appdomain;
```

```
public ILTypeInstance { get { return instance; } } // 返回类型的实体类
// 覆写 ModuleBase 里的两个抽象方法
       public override void OnInitialize() {
           if (!_onInitializeGot) {
               _onInitialize = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnInitialize");
               _onInitializeGot = true:
           if (_onInitialize != null) {
               appdomain.Invoke(_onInitialize, instance, null);
       public override void Excute() {
           if (!_excuteGot) {
               _excute = instance.Type.GetMethod("Excute");
               _excuteGot = true;
           if (_excute != null) {
               appdomain.Invoke(_excute, instance, null);
       }
   }
}
```

6.4 View

6.4.1 IView<ViewModelBase>

```
public interface IView<ViewModelBase> {
    ViewModelBase BindingContext {
        get;
        set;
    }
    void Reveal(bool immediate = false, Action action = null);
    void Hide(bool immediate = false, Action action = null);
}
```

6.4.2 UnityGuiView: IView<ViewModelBase>, 实现或是覆写基类以及泛型里的各种定义过的方法

```
// 继承自抽象基类: 便需要实现公用接口类里面所定义的三个接口方法
// 泛型类型是 ViewModelBase, 便可以实现或是覆写里面定义的各种公用、抽象或是 protected 方法 public abstract class UnityGuiView: IView<ViewModelBase> { // 仍然是抽象基类:这个类比较重要,明天早上再看一下
private bool _isInitialized; // ViewModelBase 里同共有的
// 自已再定义的两个方法, 供实现
   public virtual bool DestoryOnHide {
       get {
           return false;
   public virtual bool IsRoot {
       get {
           return false;
   }
   public static Action SetDownRootIndex;
   public Action CloseOtherRootView;
   protected readonly PropertyBinder<ViewModelBase> binder = new PropertyBinder<ViewModelBase>();
   public readonly BindableProperty<ViewModelBase> viewModelProperty = new BindableProperty<ViewModelBase>();
// 实现了抽象接口类, 便需要实现里面的所有定义过的接口方法: 公用接口类里定义了这三个方法
   public Action RevealedAction {
       get;
       set;
   public Action HiddenAction {
   public ViewModelBase BindingContext { // 实现了抽象接口类,便需要实现里面的所有定义过的接口方法: 公用接口类里定义了这三个方法
       get {
           return viewModelProperty.Value;
```

```
set {
           if (!_isInitialized) {
               OnInitialize();
               _isInitialized = true;
           viewModelProperty.Value = value;
       }
   protected virtual void OnInitialize() { // 辅助帮助抽象方法,可以随每个视图里的不同需求再具体定义
       GameObject = ResourceConstant.Loader.LoadClone(BundleName, AssetName, EAssetBundleUnloadLevel.Never);
       GameObject.AddComponent<CanvasGroup>();
       Transform.SetParent(GameObject.Find("ViewRoot").transform, false);
       viewModelProperty.OnValueChanged += OnBindingContextChanged;
   }
  <<<<<<< 此公用方法关联四个方法: 代理模式的 RevealedAction + OnAppear() + OnReveal() + OnRevealed()</pre>
// OnAppear() + OnRevealed(): 两个为公用方法,提供给子视图来继承覆写
   public void Reveal(bool immediate = true, Action action = null) {
       if (action != null)
           RevealedAction += action;
       OnAppear();
       OnReveal(immediate);
       OnRevealed();
   public void Hide(bool immediate = true, Action action = null) { // <<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<><<<<<<>*<</p>
           if (action != null)
               HiddenAction += action;
       OnHide(immediate):
       OnHidden();
       OnDisappear();
   public virtual void OnAppear() {
       GameObject.SetActive(true);
   private void OnReveal(bool immediate) {
       BindingContext.OnStartReveal();
       if (immediate) {
           Transform.localScale = Vector3.one;
           CanvasGroup.alpha = 1;
       } else
           StartAnimatedReveal(); // <<<<<<<<</pre>
   public virtual void OnRevealed() {
       BindingContext.OnFinishReveal();
       if (RevealedAction != null)
           RevealedAction();
       if (IsRoot) {
           if (CloseOtherRootView != null)
               CloseOtherRootView();
        if (SetDownRootIndex != null)
           SetDownRootIndex():
   private void OnHide(bool immediate) {
       BindingContext.OnStartHide();
       if (immediate) {
           Transform.localScale = Vector3.zero;
           CanvasGroup.alpha = 0;
       } else
           StartAnimatedHide():
   public virtual void OnHidden() {
       if (HiddenAction != null)
           HiddenAction();
   public virtual void OnDisappear() {
       GameObject.SetActive(false);
       BindingContext.OnFinishHide();
       if (DestoryOnHide)
           UnityEngine.Object.Destroy(GameObject);
// OnInitialize() + OnDestory(): ViewModelBase 里定义的抽象方法实现,实现必要的基类逻辑
   public virtual void OnDestory() {
       if (BindingContext.IsRevealed)
           Hide(true);
       BindingContext.OnDestory();
       BindingContext = null;
       viewModelProperty.OnValueChanged = null;
   }
```

```
// 对于视图中需要使用动画的情况: 作出了考虑, 定义了可以调用的方法
    protected virtual void StartAnimatedReveal() {
       CanvasGroup.interactable = false;
       Transform.localScale = Vector3.one;
       //huandong
            //CanvasGroup.DOFade(1, 0.2f).SetDelay(0.2f).OnComplete(() =>
            //{
            //
                  canvasGroup.interactable = true:
            //});
            }
   protected virtual void StartAnimatedHide() {
       CanvasGroup.interactable = false;
       //canvasGroup.DOFade(0, 0.2f).SetDelay(0.2f).OnComplete(() =>
       //{
       //
             transform.localScale = Vector3.zero;
       //
             canvasGroup.interactable = true;
       //});
   }
// 当有用户行为等导致视图变更的时候,需要调用的对所绑定的 ViewModel 的变更
   protected virtual void OnBindingContextChanged(ViewModelBase oldValue, ViewModelBase newValue) {
       binder.UnBind(oldValue);
       binder.Bind(newValue);
   }
    // 主要是针对热更新 AB(AssetBundle) 包的处理的相关函数的定义
   public virtual string BundleName {
       get {
           return string. Empty;
   public virtual string AssetName {
       get {
           return string. Empty;
   public virtual string ViewName {
       get {
           return string. Empty;
   public virtual string ViewModelTypeName {
       get {
           return string. Empty;
   public GameObject GameObject {
       qet:
       set:
   private Transform _transform;
    public Transform Transform {
       get {
           if (_transform == null) {
               _transform = GameObject.transform;
           }
           return _transform;
   private CanvasGroup _canvasGroup;
   public CanvasGroup CanvasGroup {
       get {
            if (_canvasGroup == null)
               _canvasGroup = GameObject.GetComponent<CanvasGroup>();
           return _canvasGroup;
       }
   }
}
```

6.4.3 UnityGuiViewAdapter: CrossBindingAdapto: 最鼻祖的实体基类

public class UnityGuiViewAdapter: CrossBindingAdaptor { // 最鼻祖的实体基类

```
// 这里是 ModuleBaseAdapter 里提供的三个接口方法: 这里想一想,为什么要实现 ModuleBaseAdapter 里所定义的三个方法呢,为什么需要public override Type BaseCLRType { get {
```

```
return typeof(UnityGuiView);
              }
       public override Type AdaptorType {
              get {
                      return typeof(UnityGuiViewAdaptor);
       public override object CreateCLRInstance(ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain appdomain, ILTypeInstance instance) {
               return new UnityGuiViewAdaptor(appdomain, instance);
       \textbf{class UnityGuiViewAdaptor}: UnityGuiView, CrossBindingAdaptorType \ \{ \ // \ ILRuntime. Enviorment. CrossBindingAdaptorType \ \} \ AdaptorType \ AdaptorType \ \} \ AdaptorType \ AdaptorType \ \} \ AdaptorType \ 
               ILTypeInstance instance;
               ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain appdomain;
               object[] param2 = new object[2];
               public UnityGuiViewAdaptor() { }
               public UnityGuiViewAdaptor(ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain appdomain, ILTypeInstance instance) {
                      this.appdomain = appdomain:
                      this.instance = instance;
              public ILTypeInstance ILInstance {
                      get { return instance; }
// UnityGuiView 里所定义的所有公用方法的基类实现: 因为后来的继承类可以覆写, 但是也可以要求就请按照基类的实现去执行
              protected override void OnInitialize() { // 辅助帮助抽象方法,可以随每个视图里的不同需求再具体定义
                      if (!_onInitializeGot) {
                              _onInitialize = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnInitialize");
                              _onInitializeGot = true;
                      if (_onInitialize != null && !isOnInitializeInvoking) {
                              isOnInitializeInvoking = true;
                              appdomain.Invoke(_onInitialize, instance);
                              isOnInitializeInvoking = false;
                      } else
                              base.OnInitialize();
               public override void OnAppear() {
                      if (!_onAppearGot) {
                              _onAppear = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnAppear");
                              _onAppearGot = true;
                      if (_onAppear != null && !isOnAppearInvoking) {
                              isOnAppearInvoking = true;
                              appdomain.Invoke(_onAppear, instance);
                              isOnAppearInvoking = false;
                      } else {
                              base.OnAppear();
               public override void OnRevealed() {
                      if (!_onRevealedGot) {
                              _onRevealed = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnRevealed");
                              _onRevealedGot = true;
                      if (_onRevealed != null && !isOnRevealedInvoking) {
                              isOnRevealedInvoking = true;
                              appdomain.Invoke(_onRevealed, instance);
                              isOnRevealedInvoking = false;
                      } else {
                              base.OnRevealed();
               public override void OnHidden() {
                      if (!_onHiddenGot) {
                              _onHidden = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnHidden");
                              _onHiddenGot = true;
                      if (_onHidden != null && !isOnHiddenInvoking) {
                              isOnHiddenInvoking = true;
                              appdomain.Invoke(_onHidden, instance);
                              isOnHiddenInvoking = false;
                      } else {
                              base.OnHidden();
               public override void OnDisappear() {
```

```
_onDisappear = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnDisappear");
                _onDisappearGot = true;
            if (_onDisappear != null && !isOnDisappearInvoking) {
                isOnDisappearInvoking = true;
                appdomain.Invoke(_onDisappear, instance);
                isOnDisappearInvoking = false;
            } else {
                base.OnDisappear();
        public override void OnDestory() {
            if (!_onDestoryGot) {
               _onDestory = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnDestory");
                _onDestoryGot = true;
            if (_onDestory != null && !isOnDestoryInvoking) {
                isOnDestoryInvoking = true;
                appdomain.Invoke(_onDestory, instance);
                isOnDestoryInvoking = false;
            } else {
                base.OnDestory();
       protected override void StartAnimatedReveal() {
            if (!_startAnimatedRevealGot) {
                _startAnimatedReveal = instance.Type.GetMethod("StartAnimatedReveal");
                _startAnimatedRevealGot = true;
            if (_startAnimatedReveal != null && !isStartAnimatedRevealInvoking) {
                isStartAnimatedRevealInvoking = true;
                appdomain.Invoke(_startAnimatedReveal, instance);
                isStartAnimatedRevealInvoking = false;
            } else {
               base.StartAnimatedReveal();
       protected override void StartAnimatedHide() {
            if (!_startAnimatedHideGot) {
               _startAnimatedHide = instance.Type.GetMethod("StartAnimatedHide");
                _startAnimatedHideGot = true;
            if (_startAnimatedHide != null && !isStartAnimatedHideInvoking) {
                isStartAnimatedHideInvoking = true;
                appdomain.Invoke(_startAnimatedHide, instance);
                isStartAnimatedHideInvoking = false;
            } else {
               base.StartAnimatedHide();
        protected override void OnBindingContextChanged(ViewModelBase oldValue, ViewModelBase newValue) {
            if (!_onBindingContextChangedGot) {
                _onBindingContextChanged = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnBindingContextChanged");
                _onBindingContextChangedGot = true;
            if (_onBindingContextChanged != null && !isOnBindingContextChangedInvoking) {
                isOnBindingContextChangedInvoking = true;
                appdomain.Invoke(_onBindingContextChanged, instance, param2);
                isOnBindingContextChangedInvoking = false;
            } else {
                base.OnBindingContextChanged(oldValue, newValue);
        }
// 下面是处理热更新 AB 包相关的回调接口控制公用方法: 定义为基类实现, 因为此类为第一个实体的基类
        public override string BundleName {
            aet {
                if (!_getBundleNameGot) {
                    _getBundleName = instance.Type.GetMethod("get_BundleName", 0);
                    _getBundleNameGot = true;
                if (_getBundleName != null && !isGetBundleNameInvoking) {
                    isGetBundleNameInvoking = true;
                    var res = (string)appdomain.Invoke(_getBundleName, instance, null);
                    isGetBundleNameInvoking = false;
                    return res;
                } else {
                    return base.BundleName;
```

if (!_onDisappearGot) {

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```
}
           }
       public override string AssetName {
                if (!_getAssetNameGot) {
                    _getAssetName = instance.Type.GetMethod("get_AssetName", 0);
                    _getAssetNameGot = true;
                if (_getAssetName != null && !isGetAssetNameInvoking) {
                    isGetAssetNameInvoking = true;
                    var res = (string)appdomain.Invoke(_getAssetName, instance, null);
                    isGetAssetNameInvoking = false;
                    return res;
                } else {
                    return base.AssetName;
           }
       public override string ViewName {
            get {
                if (!_getViewNameGot) {
                    _getViewName = instance.Type.GetMethod("get_ViewName", 0);
                    _getViewNameGot = true;
                if (_getViewName != null && !isGetViewNameInvoking) {
                    isGetViewNameInvoking = true;
                    var res = (string)appdomain.Invoke(_getViewName, instance, null);
                    isGetViewNameInvoking = false;
                    return res;
                } else {
                    return base.ViewName;
                }
           }
       public override string ViewModelTypeName {
                if (!_getViewModelTypeNameGot) {
                    _getViewModelTypeName = instance.Type.GetMethod("get_ViewModelTypeName", 0);
                    _getViewModelTypeNameGot = true;
                if (_getViewModelTypeName != null && !isGetViewModelTypeNameInvoking) {
                    isGetViewModelTypeNameInvoking = true;
                    var res = (string)appdomain.Invoke(_getViewModelTypeName, instance, null);
                    isGetViewModelTypeNameInvoking = false;
                    return res:
                } else {
                    return base.ViewModelTypeName;
            }
// 覆写 UnityGuiView 里定义的两个公用抽象方法
       public override bool DestoryOnHide {
           get {
                if (!_getDestoryOnHideGot) {
                    _getDestoryOnHide = instance.Type.GetMethod("get_DestoryOnHide", 0);
                    _getDestoryOnHideGot = true;
                if (_getDestoryOnHide != null && !isGetDestoryOnHideInvoking) {
                    isGetDestoryOnHideInvoking = true;
                    var res = (bool)appdomain.Invoke(_getDestoryOnHide, instance, null);
                    isGetDestoryOnHideInvoking = false;
                    return res;
                } else {
                    return base.DestoryOnHide;
            }
       }
        public override bool IsRoot {
            get {
                if (!_getIsRootGot) {
                    _getIsRoot = instance.Type.GetMethod("get_IsRoot", 0);
                    _getIsRootGot = true;
                if (_getIsRoot != null && !isGetIsRootInvoking) {
                    isGetIsRootInvoking = true;
                    var res = (bool)appdomain.Invoke(_getIsRoot, instance, null);
                    isGetIsRootInvoking = false;
```

```
return res:
                } else {
                    return base. IsRoot;
            }
        }
    }
// 每个标记变量对应的三小变量
    IMethod _onInitialize;
    bool _onInitializeGot;
    bool isOnInitializeInvoking = false;
    IMethod _onAppear;
    bool _onAppearGot;
    bool isOnAppearInvoking = false;
    IMethod _onRevealed:
    bool _onRevealedGot;
    bool isOnRevealedInvoking = false;
    IMethod _onHidden;
    bool _onHiddenGot;
    bool isOnHiddenInvoking = false;
    IMethod _onDisappear;
    bool _onDisappearGot;
    bool isOnDisappearInvoking = false;
    IMethod _onDestory;
    bool _onDestoryGot;
    bool isOnDestoryInvoking = false;
    {\tt IMethod}\ \_{\tt startAnimatedReveal;}
    bool _startAnimatedRevealGot;
    bool isStartAnimatedRevealInvoking = false;
    IMethod _startAnimatedHide;
    bool _startAnimatedHideGot;
    bool isStartAnimatedHideInvoking = false;
    IMethod _getBundleName;
    bool _getBundleNameGot;
    bool isGetBundleNameInvoking = false;
    IMethod _getAssetName;
    bool _getAssetNameGot;
    bool isGetAssetNameInvoking = false;
    IMethod _getViewName;
    bool _getViewNameGot;
    bool isGetViewNameInvoking = false;
    IMethod _getDestoryOnHide;
    bool _getDestoryOnHideGot;
    bool isGetDestoryOnHideInvoking = false;
    IMethod _getIsRoot;
    bool _getIsRootGot;
    bool isGetIsRootInvoking = false;
    IMethod _getViewModelTypeName;
    bool _getViewModelTypeNameGot;
    bool isGetViewModelTypeNameInvoking = false;
    IMethod _onBindingContextChanged;
    bool _onBindingContextChangedGot;
    bool isOnBindingContextChangedInvoking = false;
```

6.5 ViewModel

6.5.1 ViewModelBase.cs

```
public class ViewModelBase {
    private bool _isInitialize;
    public bool IsRevealInProgress {
        get;
        private set;
    }
    public bool IsRevealed {
        get;
        private set;
    }
    public bool IsHideInProgress {
        get;
        private set;
    }
    public bool IsHideInProgress {
        get;
        private set;
    }
    public ViewModelBase ParentViewModel {
        get;
        get;
    }
```

```
set:
public virtual void OnStartReveal() {
    IsRevealInProgress = true;
    if (!_isInitialize) {
        OnInitialize();
        _isInitialize = true;
public virtual void OnFinishReveal() {
    IsRevealInProgress = false;
    IsRevealed = true;
public virtual void OnStartHide() {
    IsHideInProgress = true;
public virtual void OnFinishHide() {
    IsHideInProgress = false;
    IsRevealed = false;
public virtual void OnDestory() {}
protected virtual void OnInitialize() {}
```

6.5.2 ViewModelBaseAdapter: CrossBindingAdaptor: 自定义实现了 ViewModel 的跨域 跨程序集适配

```
// 作为两个不同程序集中的 ViewModel 的桥梁适配器:
public class ViewModelBaseAdapter: CrossBindingAdaptor { // 这里需要再想一想: 为什么外面大类, 里面小类, 继承的基类不一样, 公用与
// 实现了基类 CrossBindingAdapter 里的其中三个抽象方法
   public override Type BaseCLRType {
       get {
          return typeof(ViewModelBase);
   public override Type AdaptorType {
       get {
          return typeof(ViewModelBaseAdaptor);
   public override object CreateCLRInstance(ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain appdomain, ILTypeInstance instance) {
       return new ViewModelBaseAdaptor(appdomain, instance);
// 作为两个不同程序集中的 ViewModel 的桥梁适配器: 继承自 ViewModelBase, 需要实现里而定义过的甩有 6 个抽象方法
   ILTypeInstance instance; // 来自于 CrossBindingAdapterType ?
       ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain appdomain;
       public ViewModelBaseAdaptor() { }
       public ViewModelBaseAdaptor(ILRuntime.Runtime.Enviorment.AppDomain appdomain, ILTypeInstance instance) {
          this.appdomain = appdomain;
          this.instance = instance;
// 来自于 CrossBindingAdapterType 接口的实体实现
       public ILTypeInstance ILInstance { get { return instance; } }
// 作为两个不同程序集中的 ViewModel 的桥梁适配器:继承自 ViewModelBase,需要实现里而定义过的甩有 6 个抽象方法
       public override void OnStartReveal() {
          if (!_onStartRevealGot) {
              _onStartReveal = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnStartReveal");
              _onStartRevealGot = true;
          if (_onStartReveal != null && !_isOnStartRevealInvoking) {
              _isOnStartRevealInvoking = true;
              appdomain.Invoke(_onStartReveal, instance);
              _isOnStartRevealInvoking = false;
          } else
              base.OnStartReveal();
       public override void OnFinishReveal() {
          if (!_onFinishRevealGot) {
              _onFinishReveal = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnFinishReveal");
              _onFinishRevealGot = true;
```

```
if (_onFinishReveal != null && !_isOnFinishRevealInvoking) {
            _isOnFinishRevealInvoking = true;
            appdomain.Invoke(_onFinishReveal, instance);
            _isOnFinishRevealInvoking = false;
            base.OnFinishReveal();
   public override void OnStartHide() {
        if (!_onStartHideGot) {
           _onStartHide = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnStartHide");
            _onStartHideGot = true;
        if (_onStartHide != null && !_isOnStartHideInvoking) {
            _isOnStartHideInvoking = true;
            appdomain.Invoke(_onStartHide, instance);
            _isOnStartHideInvoking = false;
        } else
            base.OnStartHide();
    public override void OnFinishHide() {
        if (!_onFinishHideGot) {
            _onFinishHide = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnFinishHide");
            _onFinishHideGot = true;
        if (_onFinishHide != null && !_isOnFinishHideInvoking) {
            _isOnFinishHideInvoking = true;
            appdomain.Invoke(_onFinishHide, instance);
            _isOnFinishHideInvoking = false;
            base.OnFinishHide();
    public override void OnDestory() {
        if (!_onDestoryGot) {
            _onDestory = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnDestory");
            _onDestoryGot = true;
        if (_onDestory != null && !_isOnDestoryInvoking) {
            _isOnDestoryInvoking = true;
            appdomain.Invoke(_onDestory, instance);
            _isOnDestoryInvoking = false;
        } else
            base.OnDestory();
    protected override void OnInitialize() {
        if (!_onInitializeGot) {
            _onInitialize = instance.Type.GetMethod("OnInitialize");
            _onInitializeGot = true;
        if (_onInitialize != null && !_isOnInitializeInvoking) {
            _isOnInitializeInvoking = true;
            appdomain.Invoke(_onInitialize, instance);
            _isOnInitializeInvoking = false;
        } else
           base.OnInitialize();
// _onStart/_onFinish: Reveal + Hide;
    IMethod _onStartReveal;
    bool _onStartRevealGot;
    bool _isOnStartRevealInvoking = false;
    IMethod _onFinishReveal;
    bool _onFinishRevealGot;
    bool _isOnFinishRevealInvoking = false;
    IMethod _onStartHide;
    bool _onStartHideGot;
    bool _isOnStartHideInvoking = false;
    IMethod _onFinishHide;
    bool _onFinishHideGot;
    bool _isOnFinishHideInvoking = false;
// _onInitialize + _onDestroy
    IMethod _onInitialize;
    bool _onInitializeGot;
    bool _isOnInitializeInvoking = false;
    IMethod _onDestory;
    bool _onDestoryGot;
    bool _isOnDestoryInvoking = false;
```

}

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- 7 HotFix 中使用 MVVM 架构实现热更新的搭配与相关的链接
- 8 ILRuntime 类库里源码的基本理解,最重要的涉及到的相关的类与方法摘要
- 8.1 CrossBindingAdaptor: IType 跨域 (程序集) 绑定适配器 + Cross-BindingAdaptorType interface 公用接口类 (为什么要这个公用接口?)

```
public interface CrossBindingAdaptorType { // 公用接口类
   ILTypeInstance ILInstance { get; }
// This interface is used for inheritance and implementation of CLR Types or interfaces
public abstract class CrossBindingAdaptor : IType {
   IType type;
// 下面是定义的几个公用的抽象方法, 供子类实现
    // This returns the CLR type to be inherited or CLR interface to be implemented
    public abstract Type BaseCLRType { get; }
    // If this Adaptor is capable to impelement multuple interfaces, use this Property, AND BaseCLRType should return null
    public virtual Type[] BaseCLRTypes {
       get {
            return null:
   }
   public abstract Type AdaptorType { get; }
   public abstract object CreateCLRInstance(Enviorment.AppDomain appdomain, ILTypeInstance instance);
   internal IType RuntimeType { get { return type; } set { type = value; } }
// 反射机制的所有可能涉及的相关的方法定义; getters/setters
#region IType Members
   public IMethod GetMethod(string name, int paramCount, bool declaredOnly = false) {
        return type.GetMethod(name, paramCount, declaredOnly);
   public IMethod GetMethod(string name, List<IType> param, IType[] genericArguments, IType returnType = null, bool declar
        return type.GetMethod(name, param, genericArguments, returnType, declaredOnly);
   public List<IMethod> GetMethods() {
        return type.GetMethods();
   public int GetFieldIndex(object token) {
        return type.GetFieldIndex(token);
   public IMethod GetConstructor(List<IType> param) {
        return type.GetConstructor(param);
    public bool CanAssignTo(IType type) {
        bool res = false;
       if (BaseType != null)
            res = BaseType.CanAssignTo(type);
        var interfaces = Implements;
       if (!res && interfaces != null) {
            for (int i = 0; i < interfaces.Length; i++) {</pre>
                var im = interfaces[i];
                res = im.CanAssignTo(type);
                if (res)
                    return true:
            }
        return res;
   public IType MakeGenericInstance(KeyValuePair<string, IType>[] genericArguments) {
        return type.MakeGenericInstance(genericArguments);
   public IType MakeByRefType() {
        return type.MakeByRefType();
    public IType MakeArrayType(int rank) {
        return type.MakeArrayType(rank);
    public IType FindGenericArgument(string key) {
```

```
return type.FindGenericArgument(key);
    public IType ResolveGenericType(IType contextType) {
        return type.ResolveGenericType(contextType);
    public IMethod GetVirtualMethod(IMethod method) {
        return type.GetVirtualMethod(method);
    public void GetValueTypeSize(out int fieldCout, out int managedCount) {
        type.GetValueTypeSize(out fieldCout, out managedCount);
// Getter / Setter s
    public bool IsGenericInstance {
        get {
            return type.IsGenericInstance;
    }
    public KeyValuePair<string, IType>[] GenericArguments {
            return type.GenericArguments;
    public Type TypeForCLR {
        get {
            return type.TypeForCLR;
    public IType ByRefType {
            return type.ByRefType;
    public IType ArrayType {
        get {
            return type.ArrayType;
    public string FullName {
        get {
            return type.FullName;
    public string Name {
        get {
            return type.Name;
    public bool IsValueType {
        get {
            return type.IsValueType;
    public bool IsPrimitive {
        get {
            return type.IsPrimitive;
    public bool IsEnum {
        get {
            return type.IsEnum;
    public bool IsDelegate {
            return type.IsDelegate;
    public AppDomain AppDomain {
            return type.AppDomain;
    public Type ReflectionType {
        get {
            return type.ReflectionType;
    public IType BaseType {
        get {
```

```
return type.BaseType;
    public IType[] Implements {
            return type.Implements;
    public bool HasGenericParameter {
        get {
           return type.HasGenericParameter;
    public bool IsGenericParameter {
        get {
            return type.IsGenericParameter;
    }
    public bool IsArray {
        get { return false; }
    public bool IsByRef {
        get {
           return type.IsByRef;
    }
    public bool IsInterface {
        get { return type.IsInterface; }
    public IType ElementType {
        get {
            return type.ElementType;
    }
    public int ArrayRank {
        get { return type.ArrayRank; }
    public int TotalFieldCount {
            return type.TotalFieldCount;
    }
    public StackObject DefaultObject {
        get {
            return default(StackObject);
    public int TypeIndex {
       get {
           return -1;
#endregion
```

- 8.2
- 8.3
- 8.4
- 8.5