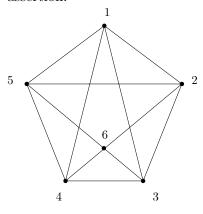
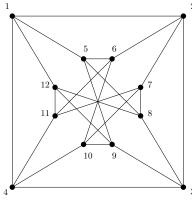
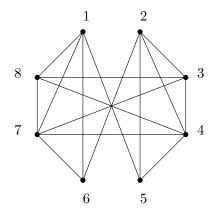
MATH 239 Spring 2012: Assignment 10 Due: 9:29 AM, Friday, July 20 2012 in the dropboxes outside MC 4066

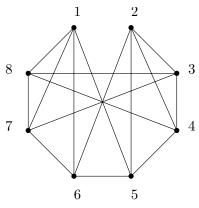
Last Name	»:					
First Name	e:					
I.D. Number:						
Section:						
Mark (For	the marker only):	/50				
Acknowled	gments:					
1. {7 ms least	arks} Let G be a simple $_{\rm I}$ 3.	planar graph with at	t least 4 vertices wh	nere every vertex has	degree at	
, ,	Prove that G has at least the case without the assu			-	ks}, prove	
, ,	Give a planar embedding most 5.	g of a graph with 8	vertices which has	exactly 4 vertices of	degree at	

2. $\{16 \text{ marks}\}\$ For each of the following graphs, determine whether it is planar or not. Prove your assertion.









3.	{12 marks} For each of the following description of a graph, draw a planar embedding for it and briefly explain why the colouring requirements are met.				
	(a) A planar 3-regular graph that is not 3-colourable.				
	(b) A planar 3-regular graph that is 3-colourable but not 2-colourable.				

(c) A planar 3-regular graph that is 2-colourable.

4.	$\{10 \text{ marks}\}\ \text{Let } G$ be a planar graph whose shortest cycle has length at least 6 (if it has any cycle at all).
	(a) Prove that G contains a vertex of degree at most 2.
	(b) Prove that G is 3-colourable.

5. $\{5 \text{ marks}\}\ \text{Let } G$ be a simple planar graph with at least 2 vertices, and let G^* be the dual of a planar

embedding of G. Prove that if G is isomorphic to G^* , then G is not bipartite.

6. {Extra credit: 5 marks} Let G be a planar graph. Prove that there is a bipartite subgraph of G containing at least $\frac{2}{3}|E(G)|$ edges.