

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE WEST INDIES  
Department of Computing  
COMP1126–Introduction to Computing I  
Tutorial 4A

Question 1

Write a function in python to calculate the trigonometric function `sine` in radians. The sine of an angle (specified in radians) can be computed by the following:

$$\sin x = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x < 0.00001 \\ 3 * \sin(x/3) - 4 * \sin(x/3) ** 3 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Does your implementation generate an iterative or recursive process?

Question 2

Complete the function `power` in python that raises an integer `n` to its  $n^{\text{th}}$  power and returns that value. If `n` is less than or equal to 0 then the function should return 0. (**Don't use the inbuilt python exponentiation operator**).

e.g.

`power(3) = 27`

$$\begin{aligned} 3^3 &= 3 * 3^2 \\ 3^2 &= 3 * 3^1 \\ 3^1 &= 3 * 3^0 \\ 3^0 &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

```
def power2(x):  
    def helper(x,y):  
        ...  
  
    ...  
    else:  
        return helper(x,x)
```

Question 3

Complete the following, recursive function (`helper`) to calculate the factorial of a given number. `helper` maintains the state of the computation. The factorial of a number `N`, is calculated as follows:

$$N! = 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times \dots \times N$$

Below are factorial values for a few small integers,

N	Result
1	1
2	2
3	6
4	24

```
def ifactorial(n):  
    def helper(x, result):  
        if ... :  
            return ...  
        else:  
            return ...  
  
    return helper ...
```