

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF SINGAPORE  
 Department of Mathematics  
 Semester I (2009/2010) MA4254 Discrete Optimization Tutorial 3

**Q1.** Show that a square matrix  $U$  is integer and unimodular if and only if its inverse  $U^{-1}$  is integer and unimodular. [ $UU^{-1} = U^{-1}U = I$ ]

**Q2.** Show that

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

is totally unimodular.

**Q3.** Is the following matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

totally unimodular? Why?

**Q4.** Suppose that  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  is of full row rank ( $m \leq n$ ),  $c, d \in Z^m$  and  $c < d$ . Show that any extreme point to the polyhedron

$$S = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid Ax = b, c \leq x \leq d\}$$

is an integer if  $A$  is totally unimodular and  $b \in Z^m$ .

**Q5.** Suppose that there are  $n$  people and  $m$  jobs, where  $n \geq m$ . Each job must be assigned to exactly one person, and each person can do at most one job. The cost of person  $j$  doing job  $i$  is  $c_{ij}$ . Then *the Assignment Problem* can be formulated as

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{minimize} && \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n c_{ij} x_{ij} \\ &\text{subject to} && \sum_{j=1}^n x_{ij} = 1, i = 1, \dots, m \\ &&& \sum_{i=1}^m x_{ij} \leq 1, j = 1, \dots, n \\ &&& x \in B^{mn}. \end{aligned}$$

Show that the above problem can be reformulated as

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{minimize} && \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n c_{ij} x_{ij} \\
 & \text{subject to} && \sum_{j=1}^n x_{ij} = 1, i = 1, \dots, m \\
 & && \sum_{i=1}^m x_{ij} \leq 1, j = 1, \dots, n \\
 & && x \geq 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

**Q6.** Let  $V = \{1, \dots, m\}$ . Suppose that  $V_1 = \{1\}$ ,  $V_3 = \{m\}$ ,  $V'(1) = \emptyset$ ,  $V(m) = \emptyset$ . Then the *maximum flow* problem is to maximize the total flow into vertex  $m$  under the capacity constraints

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{maximize} && v \\
 & \text{subject to} && \sum_{i \in V(1)} x_{1i} = v \\
 & && \sum_{j \in V(i)} x_{ij} - \sum_{j \in V'(i)} x_{ji} = 0, i \in V_2 = \{2, \dots, m-1\} \\
 & && \sum_{i \in V'(m)} x_{im} = v \\
 & && 0 \leq x_{ij} \leq d_{ij}, (i, j) \in E.
 \end{aligned}$$

- (i) Write down the dual of the maximum flow problem.
- (ii) Show that every basic feasible solution to the dual problem is an integer provided that all  $d_{ij}$  are integer.