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## Conic Programming Duality

Defeng Sun

Department of Mathematics

National University of Singapore

Republic of Singapore

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Lecture Supplementary Material for MA4260 Model Building in Operations Research

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#### Consider

 $\min \quad \langle c, x \rangle$ 

s.t. Ax = b,

 $x \in K$ ,

where  $c, x \in X$ ,  $A: X \to \mathbb{R}^m$  a linear operator,  $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ ,  $K \subseteq X$  a closed convex cone, X is a finite-dimensional real Hilbert space,  $\langle , \rangle$  is the inner product of X.

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Define  $\mathcal{L}(x,y,v) := \langle c,x \rangle + \langle b-Ax,y \rangle + \langle -x,v \rangle$ . Then the dual problem is

$$\max \ \theta(y,v)$$

s.t. 
$$v \in K^*$$
,

where  $K^* = \{d \in X \mid \langle d, z \rangle \ge 0 \mid \forall z \in K\}$  is the dual cone of K and  $\theta(y, v) = \min\{\mathcal{L}(x, y, v) \mid x \in X\}.$ 

Fix (y, v). Since  $\mathcal{L}$  is a convex function (linear) on x

$$\mathcal{L}(x, y, v) = \langle c - A^*y - v, x \rangle + \langle b, y \rangle,$$

we have

$$\theta(y,v) = \begin{cases} \langle b, y \rangle & \text{if } c - A^*y - v = 0 \\ -\infty & \text{if } c - A^*y - v \neq 0, \end{cases}$$

where  $A^*$  is the adjoint operator of A, i.e.,

$$\langle Ax, y \rangle = \langle x, A^*y \rangle \quad \forall x \in X, \ y \in \Re^m.$$

## Then the dual problem becomes

$$\max \quad \langle b, y \rangle$$

$$s.t. \quad c - A^*y - v = 0$$

$$v \in K^*$$
.

If  $K = K^*$  (self-dual), we get

$$\max \quad \langle b, y \rangle$$

s.t. 
$$c - A^*y \in K$$
.

# If $K = \Re^n_+$ , we get the linear programming

$$\min c^T x$$

s.t. 
$$Ax = b$$
,

$$x \ge 0$$
,

## and its dual

$$\max b^T y$$

s.t. 
$$c - A^T y \ge 0$$

(or 
$$s + A^T y - c = 0, s \ge 0$$
.)

# If $K = \mathcal{K}^n$ (SOC), we get the SOC programming

$$\min c^T x$$

s.t. 
$$Ax = b$$
,

$$x_1 \ge \|(x_2, \cdots, x_n)\|,$$

### and its dual

$$\max b^T y$$

s.t. 
$$c - A^T y \in \mathcal{K}^n$$
.

(or 
$$s + A^T y - c = 0$$
,  $s \in \mathcal{K}^n$ .)

If  $K = \mathcal{S}^n_+$  (SDP cone), we get the SDP programming

 $x \succeq 0$ ,

min 
$$\langle c, x \rangle$$
 (c, x matrices)  
s.t.  $Ax = b$ , (A linear operator)

where  $Ax = [\langle A_1, x \rangle, \cdots, \langle A_m, x \rangle]^T$ ,  $A_1, \ldots, A_m$  are symmetric matrices, and its dual

max 
$$b^T y$$
  
s.t.  $c - (A_1 y_1 + \dots + A_m y_m) \succeq 0$   
 $(\mathbf{or} \ s + A^T y - c = 0, \ s \succeq 0.)$