

# OpenDreamKit's Workpackage 5: High Performance Mathematical Computing

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and all participants of Workpackage 5

Second OpenDreamKit Project review

JNCF'19, Luminy, Feb 4, 2018



# Goal: delivering high performance to math-software users

**Systems :**

**GAP**

**PARI/GP**

**SageMath**

**Singular**

**Components :**

**FLINT**

**MPIR**

**LinBox**

**PPL**

**NumPy**

# Goal: delivering high performance to math-software users

## Harnessing modern hardware $\rightsquigarrow$ parallelisation

- ▶ in-core parallelism (SIMD vectorisation)
- ▶ multi-core parallelism
- ▶ distributed computing: clusters, cloud

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**Architectures :**

**SIMD**

**Multicore  
server**

**HPC cluster**

**Cloud**

# Goal: delivering high performance to math-software users

## Languages

- ▶ Computational Maths software uses high level languages (e.g. Python)
  - ▶ High performance delivered by languages close to the metal (C, assembly)
- ~> compilation, automated optimisation

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**PPL**

**NumPy**

**Languages :**

**Cython**

**Python**

**Pythran**

**C**

**Architectures :**

**SIMD**

**Multicore  
server**

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# High performance mathematical computing

## Goal:

- ▶ Improve/Develop parallelization of software components
- ▶ Expose them through the software stack
- ▶ Offer High Performance Computing to VRE's users

## Milestone M8: Seamless use of parallel computing architecture in the VRE (proof of concept)

*Astrid wants to run compute intensive routines involving both dense linear algebra and combinatorics. She has access through a JupyterHub-based VRE to a high end multi-core machine which includes a vanilla SAGE installation. She automatically benefits from the HPC features of the underlying specialized libraries (LinBox, ...). This is a proof of concept of the overall framework to integrate the HPC advances of specialized libraries into a general purpose VRE. It will prepare the final integration of a broader set of such parallel features for the end of the project*

# Organization of WorkPackage 5

Component	Review 1	Review 2	Final review
T5.1 Pari/GP			D5.16
T5.2 GAP			D5.15
T5.3 LinBox		D5.12	D5.14
T5.4 Singular	D5.6, D5.7		D5.13
T5.5 MPIR	D5.5, D5.7		
T5.6 Combinatorics	D5.1	D5.11	
T5.7 Pythran	D5.2	D5.11	
T5.8 SunGrid Engine	D5.3		

## Overall

- ▶ 20+ software releases
- ▶ 7 research papers

## Improving Software Systems

T5.1: Pari

T5.2: GAP

T5.4: Singular

## Exact linear algebra (T5.3)

Exact linear algebra algorithms and implementations (D5.12).

Distributed computing

## Improving Software Systems

T5.1: Pari

T5.2: GAP

T5.4: Singular

## Exact linear algebra (T5.3)

Exact linear algebra algorithms and implementations (D5.12).

Distributed computing





### D5.16: Pari Suite release, fully supporting parallelization

- ▶ Generic parallelization engine is now mature (released since Nov 2016). Support POSIX-threads and MPI.
- ▶ Current work: applying it throughout the library
  - ▶ Chinese remaindering
  - ▶ Rational linear algebra
  - ▶ Discrete logarithm
  - ▶ Resultants
  - ▶ APRCL primality testing

### D5.15: Final report of GAP development

- ▶ 8 releases were produced
- ▶ Towards an integration of HPC-GAP: main release GAP-4.9
  - ▶ Build system refactoring
  - ▶ Ability to compile in HPC-GAP compatibility mode
- ▶ Work in progress:
  - ▶ Multithreaded linear algebra: at the level of the Meataxe library
  - ▶ Introspection functionalities: on-the-fly optimisation decision

## T5.4 Singular: Parallel sparse polynomial multiplication

FLINT now supports fast sparse multivariate polynomials:

- ▶ addition, subtraction, multiplication,
- ▶ division, division with remainder, GCD
- ▶ evaluation, partial evaluation, composition

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### Parallelization of the (sparse) multiplication

$$(1 + x + y + 2z^2 + 3t^3 + 5u^5)^{21} \times (1 + u + t + 2z^2 + 3y^3 + 5x^5)^{21}$$

# cores	$\mathbb{Z}$	$\mathbb{Z}_{2^{64}-1}$
1	34145(1.0x)	30349(1.0x)
2	14856(2.3x)	12641(2.4x)
3	10844(3.1x)	8294(3.6x)
4	7205(4.7x)	6274(4.8x)
5	7621(4.4x)	5315(5.7x)
6	6156(5.5x)	4152(7.3x)
7	5679(6.0x)	3739(8.1x)
8	4458(7.6x)	3047(9.9x)

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- ▶ Planned improvements to the memory manager  $\Rightarrow$  closer to linear scaling
- ▶ Parallel division and GCD implementations are in progress.
- ▶ Integration into Factory/Singular remains to be done

# Outline

## Improving Software Systems

T5.1: Pari

T5.2: GAP

T5.4: Singular

## Exact linear algebra (T5.3)

Exact linear algebra algorithms and implementations (D5.12).

Distributed computing



## Task 5.3: LinBox, High performance exact linear algebra

*Mathematics is the art of reducing any problem to linear algebra*

SINGULAR – W. Stein

PARi/c



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SINGULAR – W. Stein

**Linear algebra: a key building block for HPC**

### Similarities with numerical HPC

- ▶ central elementary problem to which others reduce to
- ▶ (rather) simple algorithmic
- ▶ high compute/memory intensity



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### Specificities

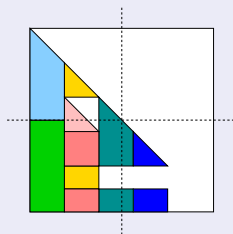
- ▶ Multiprecision arithmetic  $\Rightarrow$  lifting from finite precision ( $\mathbb{F}_p$ )
- ▶ Rank deficiency  $\Rightarrow$  unbalanced dynamic blocking
- ▶ Early adopter of subcubic matrix arithmetic  $\Rightarrow$  recursion

## Task 5.3: LinBox, High performance exact linear algebra

1. Algorithmic innovations:
  - 1.1 Rank deficient dense Gaussian elimination
  - 1.2 Quasiseparable matrices
  - 1.3 Outsourced computing security
2. Software releases and integration:
  - 2.1 LinBox ecosystem: LinBox, fflas-ffpack, givaro
  - 2.2 SageMath integration
3. Distributed Parallel linear algebra: rational solver
  - 3.1 Chinese remaindering based
  - 3.2 Dixon Lifting based

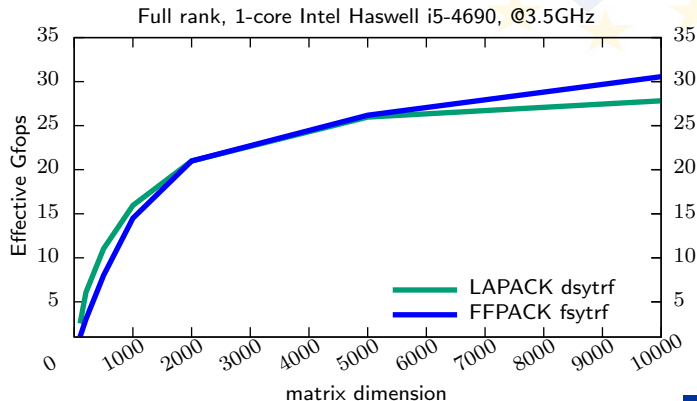
## [ISSAC'18] Symmetric triangular factorization

- ▶ First unconditional recursive algorithm
- ▶ Pivoting revealing the Rank Profile Matrix
- ▶  $O(n^2 r^{\omega-2})$  ( $= 1/3 n^3$  with  $\omega = 3, r = n$ )
- ▶ Also hot topic in numerical linear algebra (LAPACK Working notes 294, Dec'17)



# LAPACK vs FFPACK modulo 8 388 593

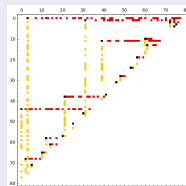
$n$	LAPACK (numerical) dsytrf (LDLT)	FFPACK (exact) fsytrf (LDLT)
5000	1.60s	1.59s
10000	11.98s	10.90s



*Matrices with low off-diagonal rank*

[ISSAC'16, JSC'18] New compact representation and algorithms

- ▶ Matches the best space complexities
- ▶ Reduction to matrix multiplication
- ▶ **Breakthrough:** flat representation (non hierarchical)



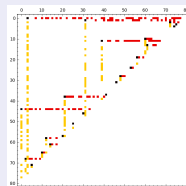
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- ▶ **Breakthrough:** flat representation (non hierarchical)

Follow-up: on-going work with numerical HPC colleagues:

- ▶ S. Chandrasekaran (UCSB)
- ▶ T. Mary (U. Manchester, Mumps)



## LinBox ecosystem

`givaro`: field/ring arithmetic

`fflas-ffpack`: dense linear algebra over finite field

`LinBox`: exact linear algebra

Tightly integrated in SageMath

# Software releases and integration

## LinBox ecosystem

<code>givaro</code> : field/ring arithmetic	4 releases
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## Featuring

- ▶ Full functional implementations of new algorithmic contributions
- ▶ Improved vectorization and parallel routines
- ▶ Drastic improvement of reliability (continuous integration, test-suite coverage, randomized certificates, etc)

# Distributed computing (on-going work)

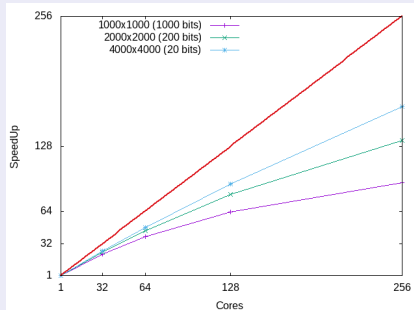
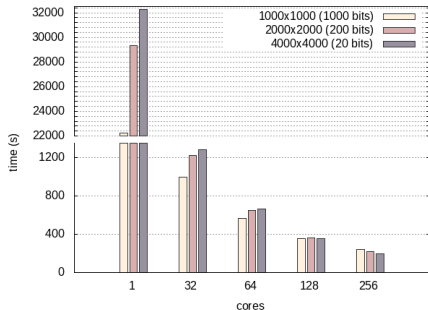
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- ▶ 2 full time engineers
- ▶ Communication and serialization layer done
- ▶ Prototype MPI parallelization of Chinese remainder based solver.

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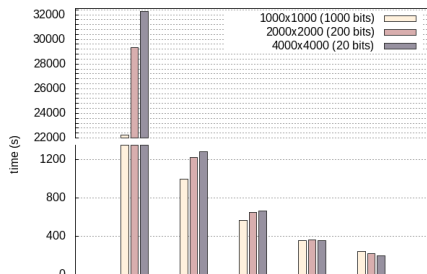


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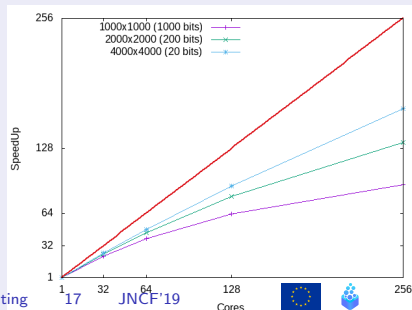
## D5.14: Distributed exact linear system solving

Work in progress:

- ▶ Major refactorization of LinBox solver code
- ▶ Hybrid OpenMP-MPI implementation
  - ▶ Better memory usage,
  - ▶ yet still slower than full-MPI
- ▶ Hybrid combination of CRT+Dixon and parallelization.



C. Perret: High Performance Mathematical Computing



JNCF'19



# Exploratory aspects: security of outsourced computing

## Trust and reliability over the Cloud

### Outsourcing computations:

- ▶ trusted lightweight client computer
- ▶ untrusted powerful cloud server

### Contributions:

- ▶ Linear time certif. for LU, Det, Rank Profile Matrix [ISSAC'16,17]
- ▶ Error correction in LU decomp.

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## Secure Multiparty Computation

- ▶ each player contribute with a share of the input
- ▶ shares must remain private
- ▶ SMC protocol for Strassen's MatMul ([D. Lucas' talk Wed. 6])
- ▶ SMC protocol for LUP, and LinSys

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**Angle:** algorithm/application-based solutions  $\rightsquigarrow$  towards practicality

# Conclusion

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## From dedicated to general purpose HPC components:

- ▶ Early instances of HPC computer algebra: dedicated to some target application (cryptanalysis, etc)
- ▶ Building a general purpose HPC component:
  - ▶ challenging
  - ▶ longer term sustainability

## Risk of technology dependency

- ▶ Cilk: from success to shut-down
- ▶ Interchangeability and modularity

## Security for outsourced computing

- ▶ exploit algebraic properties of the problem  
~> well suited for computer algebra