OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING JOBSHEET 3 ENCAPSULATION



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Question

- 1. Because the default value of kontakOn is false, where the machine is still off
- 2. To make that atribute can only access from that class and can't access out from class Motor.java

```
private int kecepatan = 0;
         private boolean kontakOn = false;
         private int max = 100;
         public void nyalakanMesin(){
             kontakOn=true;
         public void matikanMesin(){
             kontakOn=false;
             kecepatan=0;
         public void tambahKecepatan(){
             if(kontakOn==true){
                 if (kecepatan + 5 <= max) {</pre>
                     kecepatan += 5;
                 } else {
17
                     kecepatan = max;
                 System.out.println(x:"Kecepatan tidak bisa bertambah karena mesin off ! \n");
         public void kurangiKecepatan(){
             if (kontakOn==true){
                 kecepatan-=5;
                 System.out.println(x:"Kecepatan tidak bisa berkurang karena mesin off! \n");
         public void printStatus(){
             if(kontakOn == true){
                 System.out.println(x:"Kontak On");
                 System.out.println(x:"Kontak Off");
             System.out.println("Kecepatan " + kecepatan+"\n");
```

```
public class Demo {
    Run|Debug
public static void main(String[] args) {

    Motor motor = new Motor();
    motor.nyalakanMesin();
    motor.printStatus();

    for (int i = 0; i < 25; i++) {
        motor.tambahKecepatan();
        motor.printStatus();

    }

    motor.matikanMesin();
    motor.printStatus();
}
</pre>
```

```
Kontak On
Kecepatan 90
Kontak On
Kecepatan 95
Kontak On
Kecepatan 100
Kontak Off
Kecepatan 0
```

- 4. Getter is action when we take some value from variable/object, while setter is action when we input value to variable/object
- 5. To input value of Simpanan
- 6. Setor()
- 7. A method that give value in the beginning in a object
- 8. Constructor Name must be same with Class Name, in one Class just only one Constructor, character must be public
- 9. Can't, when Constructor is private it cannot be access out of Class

- 10. Passing Parameter is used after add a constructor to add specific value and when a method need specific value
- 11. Class attribute is attribute in the class, while instantiate attribute is attribute that owned by object when we instantiate
- 12. Class method is method in the class and not done, while instantiate method is calling process after instantiate object

Assignment

```
Name : Zaim
Age : 30
```

2. Because in setAge there is "if (newAge > 30)P{ age = 30;} so when the value is more than 30 it will be print 30

```
public class EncapDemo {
         private String name;
         private int age;
         public String getName() {
             return name;
         public void setName(String newName) {
             name = newName;
11
         public int getAge() {
             return age;
         public void setAge(int newAge) {
             if (newAge > 30) {
                  System.out.println(x:"Age is more than maximum limit.")
              } else if (newAge < 18) {</pre>
                  System.out.println(x:"Age is less than minimum limit.")
              } else {
                  age = newAge;
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```

```
public class EncapTest{
         Run | Debug
         public static void main(String args[]){
             EncapDemo encap = new EncapDemo();
             encap.setName(newName:"Zaim");
             encap.setAge(newAge:17);
             System.out.println("Name : " +encap.getName());
             System.out.println("Age : " +encap.getAge());
             EncapDemo encap1 = new EncapDemo();
             encap1.setName(newName:"Fahru");
             encap1.setAge(newAge:35);
             System.out.println("Name : " +encap1.getName());
             System.out.println("Age : " +encap1.getAge());
             EncapDemo encap2 = new EncapDemo();
             encap2.setName(newName:"Ibra");
             encap2.setAge(newAge:19);
             System.out.println("Name : " +encap2.getName());
             System.out.println("Age : " +encap2.getAge());
22
```

```
Age is less than minimum limit.
Name: Zaim
Age: 0
Age is more than maximum limit.
Name: Fahru
Age: 0
Name: Ibra
Age: 19
```

```
public class Anggota1 {
        public String noKtp, nama;
        public int limitPinjaman, jumlahPinjaman;
     🖓 Anggota1(String noKtp, String nama, int limitPinjaman) {
5
            this.nama = nama;
            this.limitPinjaman = limitPinjaman;
        public String getNama() {
            return nama;
        public int getLimitPinjaman() {
            return limitPinjaman;
        public void pinjam(int pinjaman){
            if(jumlahPinjaman + pinjaman < limitPinjaman){</pre>
                jumlahPinjaman += pinjaman;
                System.out.println(x:"Loan is more than limit");
        public int getJumlahPinjaman() {
            return jumlahPinjaman;
        public void angsur(int angsuran) {
            jumlahPinjaman -= angsuran;
```

4.

```
public class TestKoperasi{
         Run | Debug
         public static void main(String args[]){
             Anggota1 fahru = new Anggota1("111333444", "Fahru", 5000000);
             System.out.println("Nama Anggota : " + fahru.getNama());
             System.out.println("Limit Pinjaman : " + fahru.getLimitPinj
             System.out.println(x:"\nMeminjama uang 10.000.000...");
             fahru.pinjam(pinjaman:10000000);
             System.out.println("Jumlah pinjaman saat ini : " +fahru.get
             System.out.println(x:"\nMeminjam uang 4.000.000...");
11
             fahru.pinjam(pinjaman:4000000);
             System.out.println("Jumlah pinjaman saat ini : " +fahru.get
             System.out.println(x:"\nMembayar angsuran 4.000.000...");
             fahru.angsur(angsuran:3000000);
             System.out.println("Jumlah pinjaman saat ini : " +fahru.get
17
         }
```

```
Nama Anggota : Fahru
Limit Pinjaman : 5000000

Meminjama uang 10.000.000...
Loan is more than limit
Jumlah pinjaman saat ini : 0

Meminjam uang 4.000.000...
Jumlah pinjaman saat ini : 4000000

Membayar angsuran 3.000.000...
Jumlah pinjaman saat ini : 1000000
```

5.

public void angsur(int angsuran) {
 int minAngsuran = jumlahPinjaman * 10/100;
 if (angsuran > minAngsuran){
 jumlahPinjaman -= angsuran;
 }
 else {
 System.out.println(x:"Maaf, angsuran harus 10% dari jume statement of the statem

```
System.out.println(x:"\nMembayar angsuran 50.000...");
fahru.angsur(angsuran:50000);
System.out.println("Jumlah pinjaman saat ini : " +fahru.getJumla
```

Membayar angsuran 50.000... Maaf, angsuran harus 10% dari jumlah pinjaman. Jumlah pinjaman saat ini : 1000000

```
import java.util.Scanner;
     public class TestKoperasi{
         Run | Debug
         public static void main(String args[]){
             Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
             Anggota1 fahru = new Anggota1(noKtp:"111333444", nama: "Fahru
             System.out.println("Nama Anggota : " + fahru.getNama());
             System.out.println("Limit Pinjaman : " + fahru.getLimitPinj
             System.out.print(s:"Input pinjaman : ");
             fahru.pinjam(input.nextInt());
             System.out.println("Jumlah Pinjaman saat ini : " + fahru.ge
11
12
             System.out.print(s:"Input pinjaman : ");
             fahru.pinjam(input.nextInt());
             System.out.println("Jumlah Pinjaman saat ini : " + fahru.ge
             System.out.print(s:"Input angsuran : ");
             fahru.angsur(input.nextInt());
             System.out.println("Jumlah Pinjaman saat ini : " + fahru.ge
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             System.out.print(s:"Input angsuran : ");
             fahru.angsur(input.nextInt());
             System.out.println("Jumlah Pinjaman saat ini : " + fahru.ge
```

Nama Anggota : Fahru
Limit Pinjaman : 5000000
Input pinjaman : 6000000
Loan is more than limit
Jumlah Pinjaman saat ini : 0
Input pinjaman : 4500000
Jumlah Pinjaman saat ini : 4500000
Input angsuran : 400000
Maaf, angsuran harus 10% dari jumlah pinjaman
Jumlah Pinjaman saat ini : 4500000
Input angsuran : 20000000
Jumlah Pinjaman saat ini : 25000000

6.