Laplacian Blending: Gaussian Pyramid

The next step is to implement the Gaussian pyramid. You will be given an image and the number of levels of the pyramid and the output will be a cell containing all the levels of the pyramid. Please follow the steps described in the script to complete the **gausspyr** function. You can use the **reduce** function you implemented before.

Your Script

```
1 % loading the image
 2 A = im2double(imread('orange.png'));
 3 % depth of the pyramids
 4 depth = 5;
 6 % we build the Gaussian pyramid
 7 GA = gausspyr(A,depth);
 9
  function G = gausspyr(I,depth)
10
11
      % Input:
12
      % I: the input image
13
      % depth: number of levels of the Gaussian pyramid
14
      % G: a cell containing all the levels of the Gaussian pyramid
15
16
17
      % Please follow the instructions to fill in the missing commands.
18
      G = cell(1,depth);
19
20
21
       % 1) Create a pyramid, where the first level is the original image
22
       % and every subsequent level is the reduced version of the previous level
23
       for i = 1:depth
24
           if i == 1
25
               G{i} = I; % original image
26
               G\{i\} = reduce(G\{i-1\}); % reduced version of the previous level
27
28
           end
29
       end
30
31 end
32
  function g = reduce(I)
33
34
35
       % Add your code from the previous step
36
       Gauss = fspecial('gaussian',5,1);
37
      % 2) Convolve the input image with the filter kernel (MATLAB command imfilter)
38
      % Tip: Use the default settings of imfilter
39
40
       I = im2double(I);
41
       im_filtered = imfilter(I,Gauss);
42
43
      % 3) Subsample the image by a factor of 2
44
      % i.e., keep only 1st, 3rd, 5th, .. rows and columns
45
       g = im filtered(1:2:end, 1:2:end,:);
46
47 end
```

► Run Script