Groups-2

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- 1. Which of the following is/are true?
 - i. In a group (G,*) with an identity element 'e', if a*a =
 a then a=e
 - ii. In a group (G,*) if $x^{-1}=x \ \forall \ x \in G$, then G is an abelian group
 - iii. In a group (G,*), if $(a*b)^2 = a^2 * b^2 \forall a,b \in G$, then G is an abelian group
- 2. If $A = \{1,3,5,7,..... \infty\}$ and $B = \{2,4,6,8,.... \infty\}$ which of the following is a semi-group?
 - i. (A,+)
 - ii. (A, .)
 - iii. (B,+)
 - iv. (B, .)

- 3. Let A = set of all the rational numbers and a binary operation '*' is defined as (a*b) = ab/3 ∀ a,b ∈ A, then which of the following are true?
 - I. (A,*) is a group
 - II. The identity element of A w.r.t * is 3
 - III. The inverse of 'a' is $3/a \forall a \in A$
- 4. Let A = {1,2,3,4,... ∞} and a binary operation '*' is defined by a*b = a^b ∀ a,b ∈ A, then which of the following are true?
 - I. (A,*) is a semi-group but not monoid
 - II. (A,*) is a monoid but not a group
 - III. (A,*) is a group
 - IV. (A,*) is a not a semi-group

- 5. Let $A = \{x \mid 0 < x < = 1 \text{ and } x \text{ is a real number} \}$ then 'A' w.r.t multiplication is
 - I. A semi-group but not monoid
 - II. A monoid but not a group
 - III. A group
 - IV. Not a semi-group