Group 13 Term project N queen

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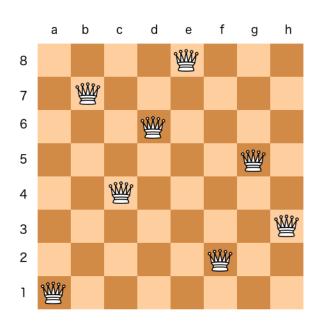


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1, Introduction

The N Queen is the problem of placing N chess queens on an N×N chessboard so that no two queens attack each other. To be specific, none of two queens in the chessboard can be on the same row, column and diagonal line.

2, Algorithm

We had used min conflicts to solve the CSPS, which had been discussed in class. We had an initial state, every column had only one queen, but their row may be the same. Firstly, the algorithm searches on which the same column moves for the number of conflicts. If two queens would attack from the same direction, then the conflict is only counted one time. That will choose the minimal conflict value for each variable, if a queen is in a state of minimum conflict, it will not move. Then, the algorithm moves the queen to the square with the minimum number of conflicts. We repeated the process above until we got the minimum number of conflicts with 0. If we cannot get 0 which over the max step, that will be stopped.

3. The code is

```
import time
from copy import deepcopy
from random import choice
import numpy as np
import matplotlib
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

Step = 0

class Board:
    """

    A Board object that keeps track of the conflicting queens and can update their constraints.
    """

def init (self, n):
```

```
self. n = n
        self._queen_rows = {i: set() for i in range(1, self._n + 1)}
        self. queen posdiag = {i: set() for i in range(1, 2 * self. n)}
        self. queen negdiag = {i: set() for i in range(1, 2 * self. n)}
    def set queen(self, x, y, constraints):
        Set a queen on the board.
        args:
           x: the x value on the board
           y: the y value on the board
           constraints: the dict of conflicts for each queen
        # get the combined set of conflicted queens
        combined = self. queen rows[y] | self. queen posdiag[y + (x - 1)] |
self. queen negdiag[y + (self. n - x)]
        # update the number of conflicts for each queen by 1
        for i in combined:
            constraints[i] += 1
        # add the queen to the board
        self. queen rows[y].add(x)
        self. queen posdiag[y + (x - 1)].add(x)
        self._queen_negdiag[y + (self._n - x)].add(x)
        # update number of conflicts
        constraints[x] = len(combined)
```

return

```
def remove queen(self, x, y, constraints):
        11 11 11
        Removes a queen on the board.
        args:
            x: the x value on the board
            y: the y value on the board
            constraints: the dict of conflicts for each
               queen
        # get the combined set of conflicted queens
        combined = self. queen rows[y] | self. queen posdiag[y + (x - 1)] |
self. queen negdiag[y + (self. n - x)]
        # update the number of conflicts for each queen by 1
        for i in combined:
            constraints[i] -= 1
        # removes the queen from the board
        self. queen rows[y].remove(x)
        self. queen posdiag[y + (x - 1)].remove(x)
        self. queen negdiag[y + (self. n - x)].remove(x)
        # update the number of conflicts
        constraints[x] = 0
        return
```

```
def get num conflicts(self, x, y):
       11.11.11
       Get the number of conflicts for a point on the
       board.
           x: the x value on the board
           y: the y value on the board
       Returns:
           c:the number of conflicted queens
       # get the combined set of conflicted queens
       combined = self. queen rows[y] | self. queen posdiag[y + (x - 1)] |
self. queen negdiag[y + (self. n - x)]
       return len(combined)
class CSP:
   0.00
   A CSP object that holds the variables, domains and
   constraints.
   ______
   0.00
   def init (self, variables, domains, constraints):
       self.variables = variables
       self.domains = domains
```

self.constraints = constraints

```
# FUNCTIONS #
def min conflicts(csp, n, board, max steps=100):
    .....
    Min-Conflicts algorithm for solving CSPs by
    local search.
    csp:a CSP with components(X, D, C)
    n: the number of queens
    board: the board object keeping track of the
       queens in conflict
    max steps:the number of steps allowed before
       giving up
    Returns:
       A solution or failure (False)
    # Tabu Search list and variable to avoid repeating moves
    past_var = {}
    past queen = None
    # sets the size of the tabu list
    x = 50 \text{ if } n >= 100 \text{ else } (n // 2)
    for i in range(1, max steps + 1):
        # get the list of conflcited queens from the csp constraints
```

```
conflicted = [i for i, j in csp.constraints.items() if j != 0]
        # if there are not more conflicting queens then the problem is sovled
        if not conflicted:
            # print("Steps: {}".format(i))
            global Step
            Step = i
            return csp
        # remove the past queen from the search space
        if past queen is not None and past queen in conflicted:
            conflicted.remove(past queen)
        # get a random queen from the conflicted list and remove it from the
board
        var = choice(conflicted)
        past queen = var
        board.remove queen(var, csp.domains[var], csp.constraints)
        # set the queens position into the tabu list so we dont place it back
here
        if var in past_var:
            if csp.domains[var] not in past var[var]:
                past var[var].append(csp.domains[var])
        else:
            past var[var] = [csp.domains[var]]
        # get the position with the least conflicts
        value = conflicts(var, csp.domains[var], n, csp, past var[var],
board)
        if len(past var[var]) >= x:
            past var[var].pop(0)
```

```
# set the queen back on the board
        csp.domains[var] = value
        board.set queen(var, value, csp.constraints)
        # print("n - len(csp.constraints):", n - len(conflicted))
        if i % int(max steps/5) == 0:
            print("Step:", i)
            print time()
    return False
def get_least_conflicts_y(x, n, possible, board):
    11 11 11
    Get's the position with the least conflicts for the
    column.
   x: the x value on the board
   n: the number of queens
   possible:the list of possible moves
   board: the board object keeping track of the queens in conflict
   Returns:
       y - the y value on the board
    # the list of y values that have the least conflicts
    conflict list, min count = [possible[0]], board.get num conflicts(x,
possible[0])
    # for the rest of the column find the positions with the least conflicts
```

```
for i in possible[1:]:
       count = board.get_num_conflicts(x, i)
       # update the min count and list
       if min count > count:
           min count = count
           conflict list = [i]
       elif min count == count:
           conflict list.append(i)
   return choice(conflict list)
def conflicts(var, v, n, csp, not possible, board):
   .....
   Get's the position with the least conflicts for the
   column.
   ______
   var:the x value on the board (or queen)
   v:the current y value
   n: the number of queens
   csp:a CSP with components(X, D, C)
   not possible: the tabu list for that column
   board: the board object keeping track of thequeens in conflict
   Returns:
      y - the y value on the board
   11.11.11
   x, y = var, v
   conflict list, min count = [], None
```

```
# check the column for the position with the least conflicts
    for i in range(1, n + 1):
        # skip the position we just came from
        if i == y:
            continue
        count = board.get_num_conflicts(x, i)
        if min count is not None and min count > count:
            min count = count
            conflict list = [i]
        elif min count is not None and min_count == count:
            conflict list.append(i)
        elif min count is None:
           min count = count
            conflict list = [i]
    clist = list(set(conflict list) - set(not possible))
    # if the conflict is has positions that the queen has not been to yet
    if clist:
       return choice(clist)
    # if there were no positions available for the queen choose a random one
    return choice(conflict list)
# functions to create and print the board
def create board(n):
   return [["-" for i in range(n)] for j in range(n)]
```

```
def print_time():
    global start time
    print(" () {:.5f} secs".format(time.time()-start time))
def print board(name, assignment):
    assignment_list = [[0 for _ in range(len(assignment))] for _ in
range(len(assignment))]
    # print(len(assignment list), len(assignment), n)
    for i in range(len(assignment)):
        for j in range(len(assignment)):
            if (i + j) % 2 == 0:
                 assignment list[i][j] = 1
    for key in assignment:
        # print("assignment[key]:", assignment[key])
        # print("key:", key)
        assignment list[assignment[key] - 1][key - 1] = 2
    for i in range(len(assignment list)):
        print('|', end='')
        for k in range(len(assignment list)):
            if assignment list[i][k] == 2:
                print('Q', end='')
            else:
                 print('\begin{align*} '\ '\ ' \ ' \ ' \ end='')
            print('|', end='')
        print()
    white2 = (1, 1, 1)
    white1 = (0.93, 0.93, 0.93)
```

```
yellow2 = (255 / 255, 165 / 255, 0 / 255)
   gray2 = (0.96, 0.96, 0.96)
   gray1 = (230 / 255, 230 / 255, 230 / 255)
   yellow1 = (247 / 255, 220 / 255, 111 / 255)
   black = (0, 0, 0)
   my cmap = matplotlib.colors.LinearSegmentedColormap.from list('', [gray1,
white1, yellow1])
    cs = plt.imshow(assignment list, cmap=my cmap)
   plt.xticks(np.linspace(0, n, n, endpoint=False))
   plt.yticks(np.linspace(0, n, n, endpoint=False))
    plt.tick_params(bottom=False, left=False, labeltop=False,
labelbottom=False, labelleft=False, labelright=False)
   plt.title(name, fontweight="bold")
   plt.show()
   return
# initialize the number of queens
n = 10
# initialize the max steps
max steps = 100
while n <= 1000000:
   print("----")
   print("Number of Queens:", n)
   print("Max step:", max steps)
   start time = time.time()
    # create the board object that keeps track of the queen placements and
conflicts
   board = Board(n)
    # variables and vars are a list of x and y values basically
   variables = [i for i in range(1, n + 1)]
```

```
var = deepcopy(variables)
# initialize the python dict of the number of conflicts for each queen
constraints = {i: 0 for i in variables}
# place the initial queen on the board randomly
y = choice( var)
# initialize the list of domains (x->y)
domains = \{1: y\}
var.remove(y)
# place the queen on the board and update the number of constraints
board.set_queen(1, y, constraints)
# place the rest of the queens
# for i in range(2, n + 1):
     y = get least conflicts_y(i, n, _var, board)
     domains[i] = y
     board.set queen(i, y, constraints)
     var.remove(y)
    if i % int(n/5) == 0:
        print time()
for i in range (2, n + 1):
    y = choice(range(1, n + 1))
    domains[i] = y
    board.set queen(i, y, constraints)
# initialize the CSP
csp = CSP(variables, domains, constraints)
print("Set-up Time: {:0.5f} secs".format(time.time() - start time))
```

```
# print the inital board for smaller boards
if n <= 80:
    print()
    print("Initial Board")
    b = create board(n)
    for key, value in csp.domains.items():
        if constraints[key] > 0:
            b[value - 1][key - 1] = "Q"
        else:
            b[value - 1][key - 1] = "Q"
    for i in range(len(b)):
        print('|', end='')
        for j in range(len(b)):
            if b[i][j] == 'Q':
                print('Q', end='')
            else:
                print('\begin{align*}', end='')
            print('|', end='')
        print()
# to calculate the solve time
solve_time = time.time()
print("Solving...")
# min conflicts
assignment = min conflicts(csp, n, board, max steps)
# if min-conflicts solved the problem
if assignment:
    # show times
```

```
end time = time.time()
        # print the board if the board is small
        if n <= 80:
           print()
           print("Solved Board")
           print board("Solved Board", assignment.domains)
        elif n <= 100:
            # or print to an output.txt file if we're computing larger
numbers
           file name = "output" + str(n) + ".txt"
           with open(file name, "w") as f:
               print("Number of Queens:", n, file=f)
               b = create board(n)
                for key, value in assignment.domains.items():
                   b[value - 1][key - 1] = "Q"
                for i in range(len(b)):
                   print('|', end='', file=f)
                    for k in range(len(b)):
                       if b[i][k] == 'Q':
                           print('Q', end='', file=f)
                       else:
                           print('\begin{align*} ', end='', file=f)
                       print('|', end='', file=f)
                   print(file=f)
               print('\n\n', file=f)
       print("Steps: {}".format(Step))
       print("Solve Time: {:0.5f} secs".format(end_time - solve_time))
       print("Total Time: {:0.5f} secs".format(end time - start time))
       print("----\n\n")
```

```
if n < 10000:
          n *= 10
       elif n == 10000:
          n = 50000
          max steps *= 10
       elif n == 50000:
          n = 100000
          max_steps *= 10
       elif n <= 10000000:</pre>
           n += 100000
          max_steps *= 10
       else:
          break
   else:
       # the min-conflicts algorithm failed to solve the csp in the max
steps allowed
       pre_max = max_steps
       max steps *= 100
       print("Increase Max Steps({}) to {}.".format(pre_max, max_steps))
       print("----")
```

4. Input and Output

When N=10 (10X10 board)

----- Start -----

Number of Queens: 10

Max step: 100

Set-up Time: 0.00000 secs

Initial Board

|Q|=|=|=|=|=|Q|=|=| |=|=|=|=|Q|Q|=|=|Q|

Solving...

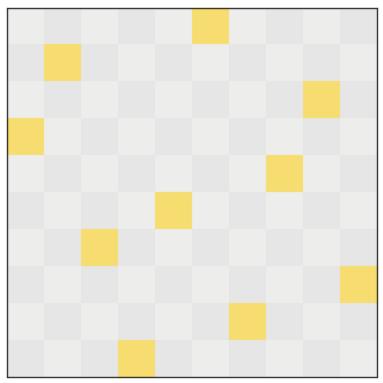
Solved Board

Steps: 12

Solve Time: 0.00099 secs Total Time: 0.00200 secs

----- End ------

Solved Board



When N=50 (50X50 board)

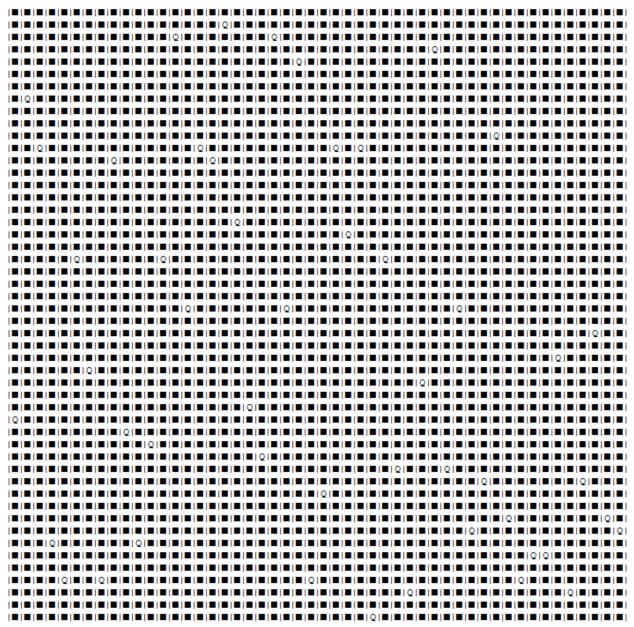
----- Start -----

Number of Queens: 50

Max step: 100

Set-up Time: 0.00000 secs

Initial Board



Solving...

Step: 20

0.02399 secs

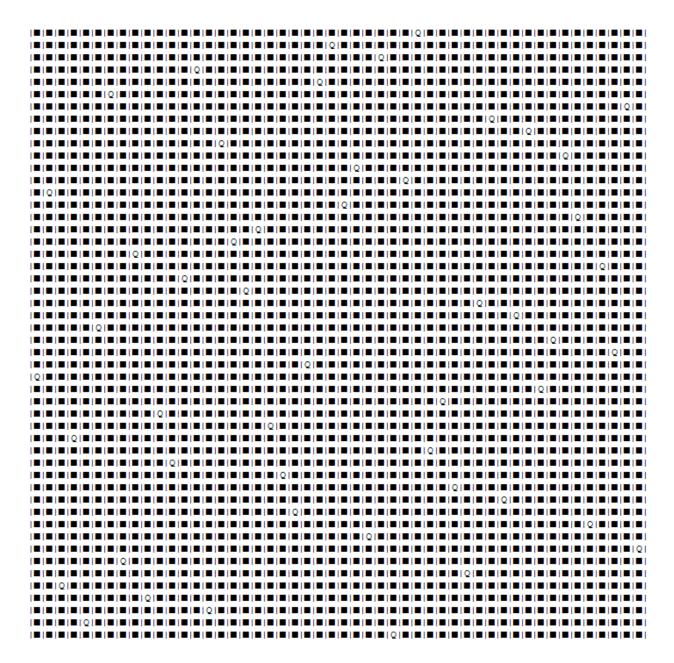
Step: 40

② 0.02698 secs

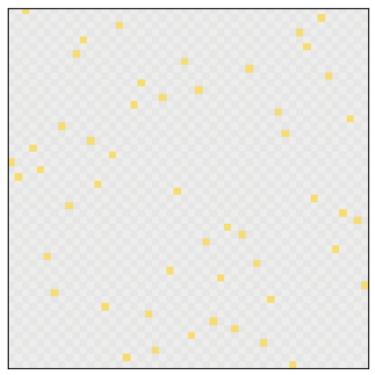
Step: 60

Ø 0.02998 secs

Solved Board



Solved Board



Steps: 70

Solve Time: 0.00899 secs Total Time: 0.03098 secs

----- End -----

Group 13 N queen 2020/12/11

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Hongshan Shang, Hao wu Dekai Meng, Aozhou Hao Xioahu He

Introduction

The N Queen is the problem of placing N chess queens on an N×N chessboard so that no two queens attack each other. To be specific, none of two queens in the chessboard can be on the same row, column and diagonal line.

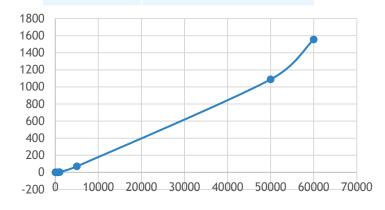


Algorithm

Local search algorithm: Min conflicts

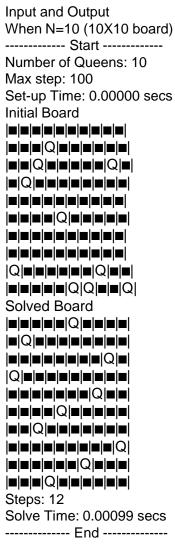
Time we used at each number of NxN board: Our maximum limit is 100,000

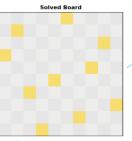
N	Time(s)
10	0.00053
100	0.00599
500	0.94637
1000	2.75884
5000	69.40918
50000	1087.79748
60000	1555.67212

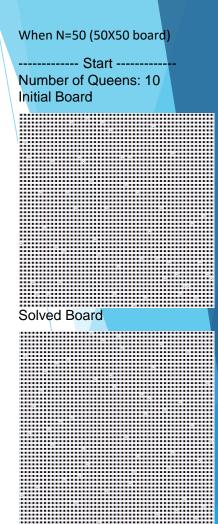


Series2

We had an initial state, every column had only one queen, may with the flexible row. Then the algorithm will search on which the same column moves for the number of conflicts. If two queens would attack from the same row, column and diagonal line, then the conflict is only counted one time. That will choose the minimal conflict value for each variable. Then the algorithm moves the queen to the square with the minimum number of conflicts. Repeat those processes until we get the minimum number of conflicts with 0. If we cannot get 0 which over the max step, that will be stopped.







step: 70 Solve Time: 0.00899 secs

Solved Board

