jQuery

instructor: Dr.Dendej Rakrattanatrai

Overview

- JavaScript library for
- HTML document traversing/modifying
- event handling
- animating
- Ajax
- Cross-browser
- Stop worrying about IE
- Sibling Projects
 - jQuery UI (Useful Widgets)
 - jQuery plugins (Useful additions)

Overview

- official website => http://jquery.com
- Outstanding documentation
- Lightweight (~19 KB for minified format)
- Simple code
- Many plugins and special effects
- Ajax support
- Cross-browser support
- The idea: find stuff and do something to it

Getting Started: Two Ways

Download jQuery and include it in your HTML pages:

```
<script src="jquery-1.3.2.min.js"
type="text/javascript"></script>
```

Use jQuery via Google Code:

```
<script type="text/javascript"
src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/
1.5.2/jquery.min.js"></script>.
```

 Internet connection is required for the latter case to be realized, More details: http://code.google.com/apis/libraries/devguide.html#jquery

Local Copy jQuery

- There are 2 variations.
 - One for development
 - The other for real production (minified)
- For examples
 - jquery-1.4.4.js (size: 183KB)
 - jquery-1.4.4.min.js (size: 78.6KB → White space removed)
- Just adding the src link to the distribution file .e.g.:
 - <script src="jquery-1.4.4.min.js"
 type="text/javascript"></script>

Loading jQuery - CDN

- System of computers with copy of data
- When client requests data closest machine is used
- With jQuery, browser may have already cached jQuery file
- Using Google CDN
 - <script src= "http://ajax.googleapis.com/
 ajax/libs/jquery/1.4.4/jquery.min.js"
 type="text/javascript"></script>
- For Microsoft CDN
 - <script src="http://ajax.microsoft.com/
 ajax/jquery/jquery-1.4.4.min.js"
 type="text/javascript"></script>

Launching on Document Ready

```
$ (document).ready(function() {
    // Your code here
});
```

• Checks and waits until the document object is ready to be manipulated (that is, everything including images are loaded).

Document Ready Function

```
<script type="text/javascript">
  $(document).ready(function(){
  alert("Displayed when page loaded");
});
</script>
```

```
Shortcut version
<script type="text/javascript">
$(function() {
    alert("Displayed when page loaded");
});
</script>
```

jQuery Function

- jQuery exposes one function called jQuery
- (which does a lot more that shown below)
- jQuery("h1")
 returns array of all h1 elements
 jQuery(".nav")
 returns array of all elements with class 'nav'
 jQuery("#important")
 returns the element with id 'important'
 jQuery('div.nav p')
 returns all p elements inside div with class 'nav'

jQuery Function alias

- jQuery is aliased to \$
- Shorter
- Other JavaScript libraries
- use same alias

Selectors

 jQuery uses CSS-style selectors to find specific elements in the DOM

```
$('h1,h2,h3')
$('div#content p.blurb')
$("a")
$("div")
$('#myForm :radio:checked')
>filter a form element
$('li:first')
>find a specific element
```

 Notice, both single quote and double quotes can be used around the elements

jQuery Output

- jQuery selection methods all return jQuery collections which actually are arrays.
- For examples, any array methods can be applied with those jQuery output right away:

```
$('div').length
$('div')[0]
$('div')[1]
$('div').size()
$('div').each(function()) {
    console.log(this);
});
```

Syntax

```
• $ ("#header")

    Get the element with id="header"

• $("h3")
 • Get all <h3> element
• $("div#content .photo")
 • Get all element with class="photo"
 nested in the <div id="content">
• $("ul li")
 • Get all  element nested in all 
• $("ul li:first")

    Get only the first  element of the
```

Magic Selectors

```
>Start with ":"
•:first
•:last
•:header
•:hidden
•:contains
•:radio
•:input
```

HTML Manipulation

```
• $('div').html()
• $('div').html('Hi!')
• $('div').append('Hi!')
• $('div').after('Hi!')
• $('div').remove()
• $('div').empty()
```

Attributes

```
• $('img').attr('alt')
• $('img').attr('alt', 'Logo')
• $('img').attr({ src: 'logo.png', alt: 'Logo' });
• $('select').val()
• $('input').val('First Name')
```

Creating new Elements

```
• Example #2
$("p.message").html("New <b>Text</b> for paragraph")
   set contents of paragraph(s) with class "message"
   to "New <b>Text</b> for paragraph"
```

Changing the Class of Elements

```
$('p').addClass('test')
$('p').removeClass('test')
$('p').toggleClass('test')
For example
$('h1').addClass('realBold')
Add the class 'readBold' to all h1 tags
```

CSS

```
• $('div').css('color', 'red')
• $('div').height()
• $('div').height('20px')
• $('div').innerHeight()
• $('div').outerHeight()

    For Example

• $("p").css("color", "red");
  • Set text in all paragraphs to color red
• $("p").css({"color":"red", "font-size":
 "2em"});
  • Set text in all paragraphs to color red and font
   size 2em
```

Events

```
• $('button').click(); // button click
• $('button').click(function(){ // button click
        $(this).css('color', 'red'); // with handler
});
• $('form').submit(); // form submit
```

Special Effects

```
• $('div').hide('slow')
• $('div').hide('fast')
• $('div').show('slow')
• $ ('div').show('fast')
• $('div').slideDown('slow')
• $('div').slideDown('fast')
• $('div').fadeOut(1000)
• $ ('div').toggle()
• $('div').fadeIn('slow')
```

DOM Traversal

```
• ${div.section).parent()
• ${div.section).next()
• ${div.section).prev()
• ${div.section).nextAll('p')
• $('h1:first').parents();
```

Ajax

- \$.get(url, parameters, callback)
- \$.post(url, parameters, callback)