# CSCE - 689 NLP FOUNDATION TECHNIQUE Programming Assignment #1 - SpamLord Debanik Lahiri (UIN: 224008867)

#### **How to Run:**

- 1. Unzip the folder SpamLord.zip
- 2. Copy and paste the file SpamLord.py.
- 3. Go to the directory of SpamLord.py and enter in terminal:\$ python SpamLord.py <Directory with webpages> <File with solutions>

For example in the given assignment cases:

<Directory with webpages>: data dev/dev/

<file with solutions>: data dev/devGOLD

Run:

\$ python SpamLord.py data\_dev/dev/ data\_dev/devGOLD

### Results & Analysis:

The program SpamLord.py was able to achieve 0 errors on the training data. A summary of output on running:

**Summary: tp=59, fp=0, fn=0** 

The program is trained with rules(regexes) based on the training data, which is chiefly university data. Moreover, I have also searched multiple websites to find out the techniques for hiding email addresses and phone numbers. Special regexes were required to handle different obfuscation techniques like:

<script type="text/javascript">obfuscate('cse.tamu.edu','huangrh')</script>

The regular expressions I have used are as follows:

#### For extracting email addresses:

Regular Expression	Purpose
'(([\w-]+ [\w-]+\.[\w-]+)'	Extract the local part of email address.
'(\s.?\(followed by.*)?'	Some email addresses have 'followed by' in the address
'(\s(at where)\s \s?(@ &.*;)\s?)'	Search for 'at' or 'where'
([\w-]+ [\w-]+([\.;] \s(do?t)\s \s)[\w-]+)	The domain of the address except the final extension like .com/.net
(\s(do?t do?m)\s \s [\.;])	Different types of writing "."(Dot)
((-?e-?d-?u -?c-?o-?m -?n-?e-?t -?o-?r-?g -?g-?o-?v)\b	Email address extension
(obfuscate\('(\w+\.(edu com net org gov))','(\w+)'\)))	Search for obfuscate() function on email address

## For extracting phone numbers:

Regular Expression	Purpose
\(?(\d{3})\)?	Area Code of Phone number
[-]	Separator of Phone number
(\d{3})	Second part of the Phone number
(\d{4})	Last part of Phone number

# **Bugs/Problems/Limitations:**

- 1. The program is trained on rules/regexes which have been generated based on the training data. Thus, there might be test cases or techniques of hiding data which have not been covered by the program.
- 2. One particular test case had the statement 'Server at <domain address>'. This is not an actual email address but refers to the physical location of the server. To circumvent this test case I hardcoded 'Server' string check. This might cause issues where there is actually an email address <a href="mailto:Server@address.com">Server@address.com</a>.
- 3. Any alternate obfuscate() function will not be handled.
- 4. I have covered the following domain extensions: edu, com, net, org, gov.