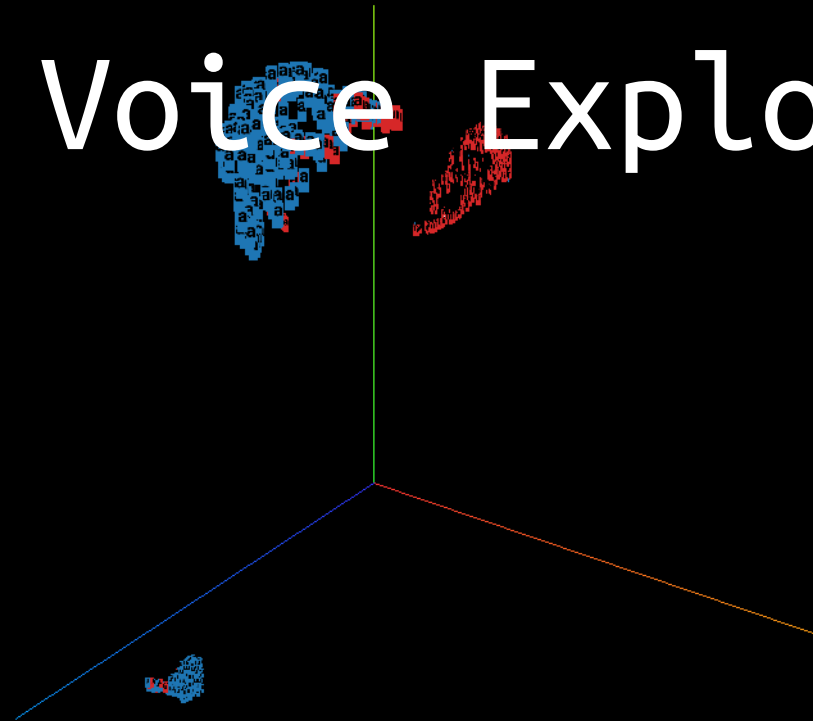




*voxploader*

—

# The Voice Explorer



Alessandro De Luca

LiRI – CL UZH

# Schedule

1. Motivation
2. What is *voxplore* and where to find it
3. How to install *voxplore*
4. DEMO 1: Visualizer mode (Saarbrücken data)
5. DEMO 2: Speaker embeddings mode (CANDOR)
6. Feature extraction mode: parameter settings
7. DEMO 3: Feature extraction mode (CANDOR)
8. DEMO 4: Filtering mode
9. Future plans, goals, and Q&A

# Motivation

- With the recent and fast improvements in computational power and storage capacity, driven by the need of more and better descriptive data that covers a large study population, speech corpora have started to become increasingly large and complex.
- E.g. CANDOR:
  - Multi-modal data: archived (.zip) = 1TB
  - Only full-length WAV files  $\cong$  440 GB
  - Processed (VAD + filtering and snipping) 28480 files [942 speakers]

# Motivation

**Better access to computational resources  
for all!**



# What is *voxplore*?

- *voxplore* started as an interactive visualization tool, BUT...
- An interactive tool for exploration and subsetting of large corpora
- A powerful automatic feature extraction tool

Where to find *voxplore*:

<https://github.com/delale/voxplore>

# Installation demo...

- Clone the [repository](#)
- Install [miniconda](#) or [Anaconda](#)
- Create the *voxplore* conda environment
- Activate the environment
- Have fun!

```
// clone the repository
$ ~ [base]
→ git clone https://github.com/delale/voxplore.git

$ ~ [base]
→ cd voxplore

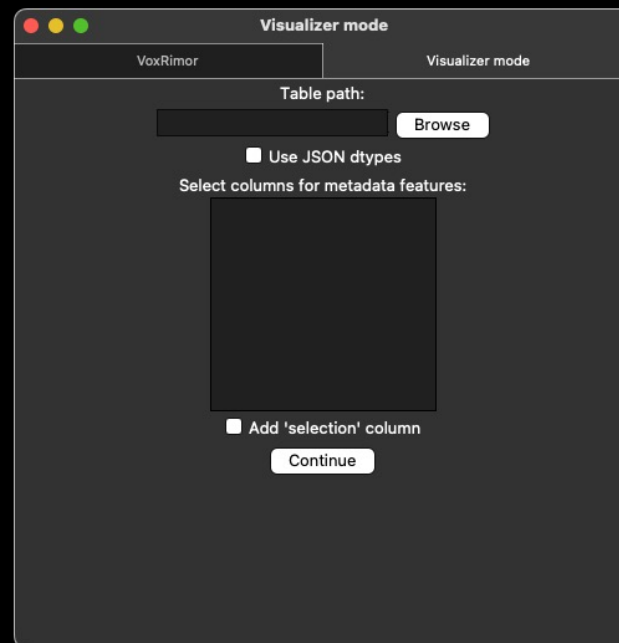
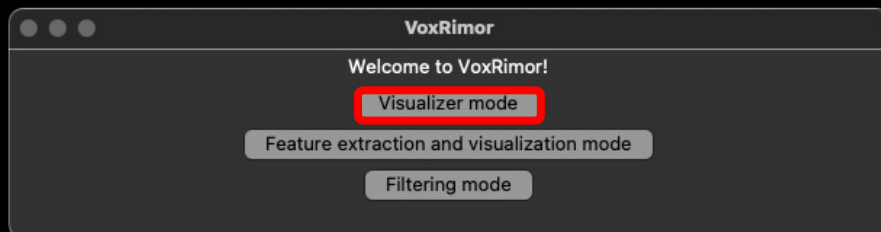
// create conda environment
$ ~ [base]
→ conda env create -f voxplore_env_[platform].yml

// activate conda environment
$ ~ [base]
→ conda activate voxplore

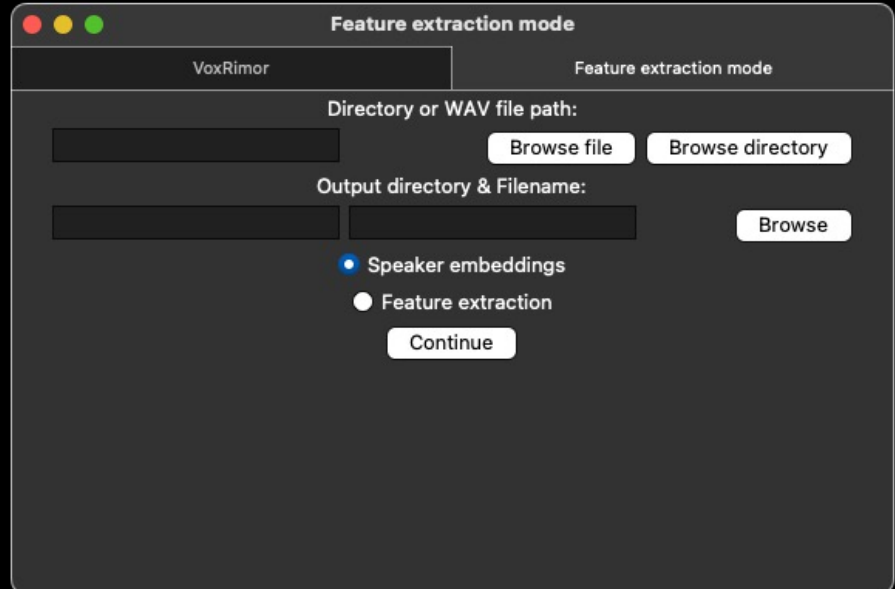
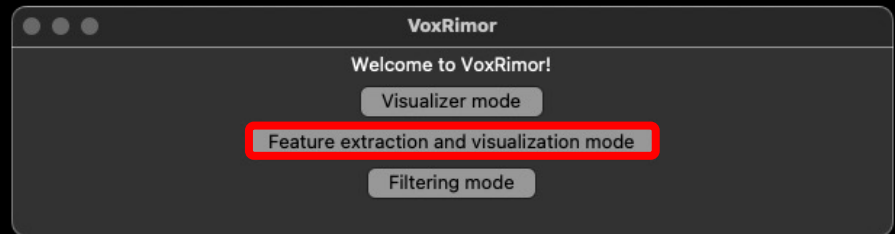
// run voxplore
$ ~ [voxplore]
→ python voxplorer.py
```

# DEMO 1: Visualizer mode

	filename	vowel	gender	age	health	F0mean	F0median	...	mfcc14	mfcc15	mfcc16	mfcc17	mfcc18	mfcc19	mfcc20
0	1-a_n_20f-hlth.wav	a	f	20	hlth	274.431673	275.862069	...	0.356511	0.556554	-0.127219	-1.107133	-1.910601	-0.961069	0.149626
1	10-a_n_22f-hlth.wav	a	f	22	hlth	199.024390	200.000000	...	0.353346	-0.046021	0.196454	-0.045817	0.052015	0.299132	0.111662
2	1006-a_n_32f-hlth.wav	a	f	32	hlth	205.128205	205.128205	...	0.328761	0.124032	0.082613	0.151899	0.153524	0.160330	0.650411
3	102-a_n_39f-hlth.wav	a	f	39	hlth	198.482385	200.000000	...	0.102856	0.202720	0.078172	0.003700	0.161462	-0.053153	0.284400
4	1022-a_n_45f-hlth.wav	a	f	45	hlth	216.750083	216.216216	...	0.198137	0.186112	-0.140532	0.402129	0.362395	0.864775	0.845723
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4126	95-u_n_51f-hlth.wav	u	f	51	hlth	222.222222	222.222222	...	0.252393	0.344417	0.298158	0.500797	0.736506	0.685966	0.417393
4127	962-u_n_30f-hlth.wav	u	f	30	hlth	223.774250	222.222222	...	0.316520	0.208523	0.332267	0.532395	0.701455	0.793471	0.230223
4128	97-u_n_21f-hlth.wav	u	f	21	hlth	242.760943	242.424242	...	0.367020	0.428709	0.891417	0.819015	0.402244	-0.548269	-1.293228
4129	99-u_n_84f-hlth.wav	u	f	84	hlth	239.889087	242.424242	...	0.257677	0.647518	0.500471	0.782175	0.399972	-0.234390	-0.587947
4130	990-u_n_29f-hlth.wav	u	f	29	hlth	233.949580	235.294118	...	0.421929	0.605091	0.535736	0.667520	0.510483	0.192911	-0.264604



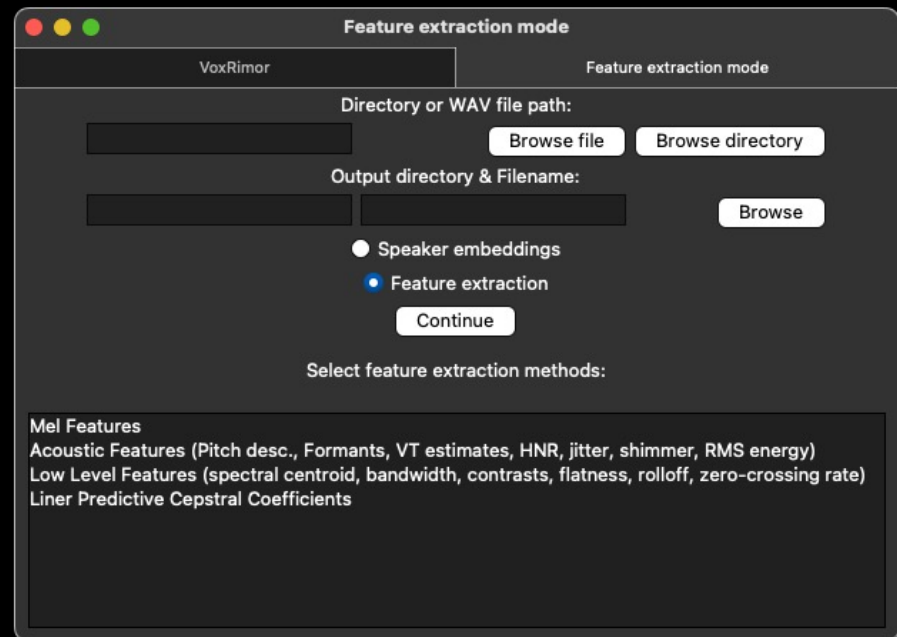
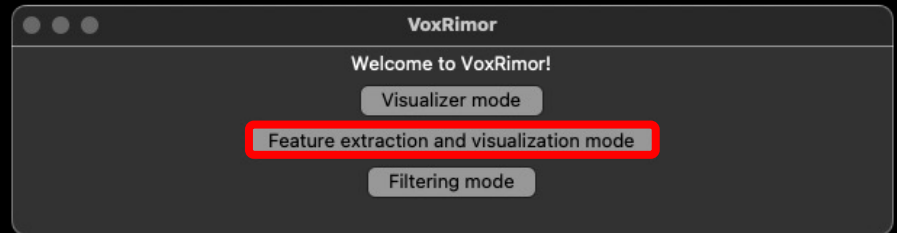
# DEMO 2: Speaker embeddings mode





# Feature extraction mode

- Mel-features
- Acoustic features
- Low-level features
- Linear predictive cepstral coefficients



# Feature extraction mode: Mel-features

- MFCCs: coefficients representing the short-term power spectrum of an audio signal computed using Mel-frequency scaling and often used in automatic speech processing tasks.
- Delta features:
  - delta: first derivative of the MFCCs
  - delta-delta: second derivative of the MFCCs

**Feature extraction**

VoxRimor    Feature extrac...    Feature extrac...

Set parameters for Mel Features

n_mfcc	13
n_mels	40
win_length	25.0
overlap	10.0
fmin	150.0
fmax	4000.0
preemphasis	0.95
lifter	22.0
deltas	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
summarise	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Continue

# Feature extraction mode: Mel-features

- `n_mfcc`: number of coefficients
- `n_mels`: number of Mel bands
- `win_length`: length of analysis frame (ms)
- `overlap`: length of overlap between successive frames (ms)
- `fmin`: lowest frequency (Hz)
- `fmax`: highest frequency (Hz)
- `preemphasis`: pre-emphasis coefficient
- `lifter`: cepstral filtering coefficient
- `deltas`: compute also delta and delta-delta features?
- `summarise`: summarise ( $\mu$  and  $\sigma$ ) of each feature at the utterance (file) level

Feature extraction

VoxRimor Feature extrac... Feature extrac...

Set parameters for Mel Features

n_mfcc	13
n_mels	40
win_length	25.0
overlap	10.0
fmin	150.0
fmax	4000.0
preemphasis	0.95
lifter	22.0
deltas	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
summarise	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Continue

# Feature extraction mode: Acoustic features

- Pitch: mean, median, minimum, maximum, std. dev.
- Formants: F1, F2, F3, F4
- VT estimates: formant dispersion, avg. formant, formants' geometric mean, [Fitch VTL](#), [VTL  \$\Delta f\$](#)
- HNR
- Jitter & Shimmer
- RMS energy

**Feature extraction**

VoxRimor   Feature extraction mode   Feature extraction

Set parameters for Acoustic Features (Pitch desc., Formants, VT estimates, HNR, jitter, shimmer, RMS energy)

f0min   75.0

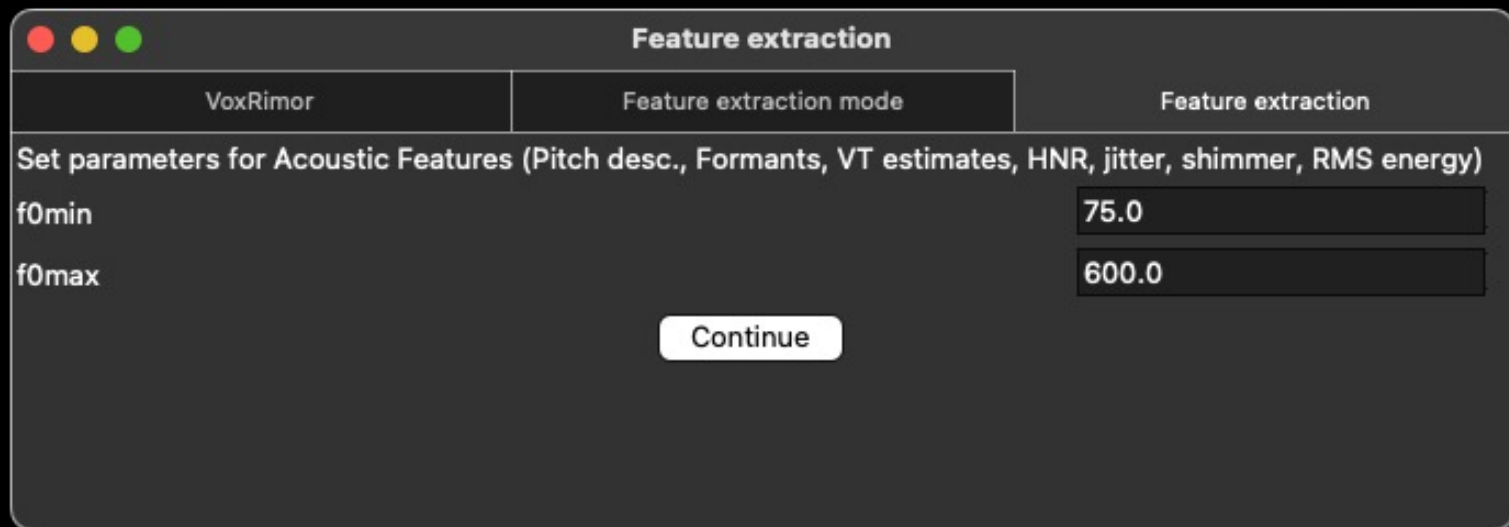
f0max   600.0

Continue

# Feature extraction mode: Acoustic features

- f0min: pitch floor (Hz)
- f0max: pitch ceiling (Hz)

Uses Praat (Sound: To Pitch (cc)); Soon more parameters to come...



The screenshot shows a macOS-style dialog box titled "Feature extraction". It has three tabs: "VoxRimor", "Feature extraction mode", and "Feature extraction". The "Feature extraction" tab is selected. Below the tabs, the text "Set parameters for Acoustic Features (Pitch desc., Formants, VT estimates, HNR, jitter, shimmer, RMS energy)" is displayed. There are two input fields: "f0min" with a value of "75.0" and "f0max" with a value of "600.0". A "Continue" button is located at the bottom center.

Feature extraction mode	Feature extraction
Set parameters for Acoustic Features (Pitch desc., Formants, VT estimates, HNR, jitter, shimmer, RMS energy)	
f0min	75.0
f0max	600.0

Continue

# Feature extraction mode: Low-level features

- spectral centroid: “centre of mass” of avg. frequency in frame
- spectral bandwidth
- spectral contrast: mean energy contrast between peaks and valleys in each frequency sub-band
- spectral flatness: how “noise-like” vs. “tone-like” is the sound?
- spectral roll-off: roll-off frequency (freq. below which 85% of the energy is contained)
- zero-crossing rate

The screenshot shows a software window titled "Feature extraction" with a sub-header "VoxRimor". Below the header, it says "Feature extraction mode" and "Feature extraction". The main content area is titled "Set parameters for Low Level Features (spectral centroid, bandwidth, contrasts, flatness, rolloff, zero-crossing rate)". It contains a list of parameters with input fields or checkboxes:

Parameter	Value
win_length	25.0
overlap	10.0
preemphasis	0.95
n_bands_contrasts	6
use_mean_contrasts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
summarise	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

At the bottom center, there is a "Continue" button.

# Feature extraction mode: Low-level features

- `win_length`: length of analysis frame (ms)
- `overlap`: length of overlap between successive frames (ms)
- `preemphasis`: pre-emphasis coefficient
- `n_bands_contrasts`: number of frequency bands by which to divide the spectrum to calculate contrasts (num. contrasts = `n_bands`+1)
- `use_mean_contrasts`: calculates the average contrast
- `summarise`: summarise ( $\mu$  and  $\sigma$ ) of each feature at the utterance (file) level

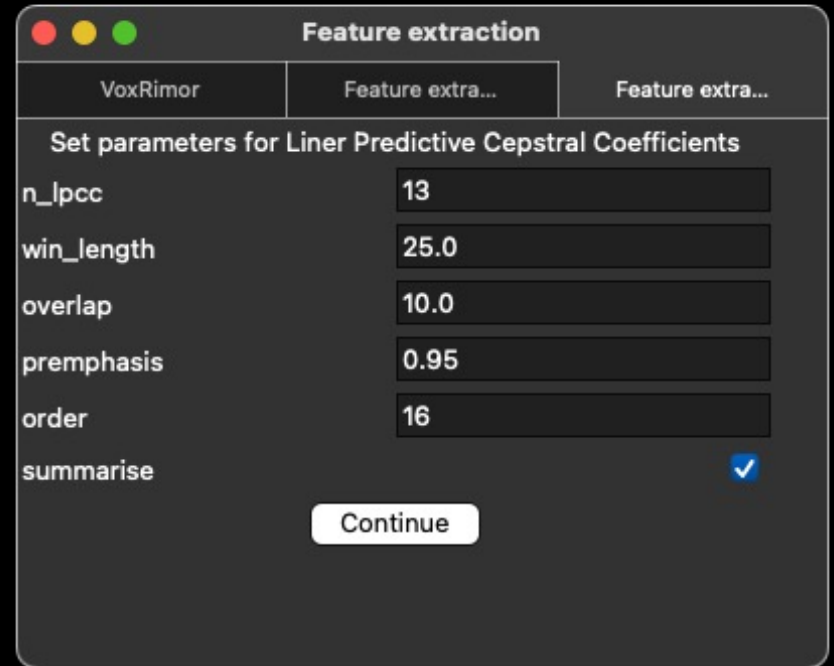
**Feature extraction**

VoxRimor	Feature extraction mode	Feature extraction
Set parameters for Low Level Features (spectral centroid, bandwidth, contrasts, flatness, rolloff, zero-crossing rate)		
win_length		25.0
overlap		10.0
preemphasis		0.95
n_bands_contrasts		6
use_mean_contrasts		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
summarise		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Continue

# Feature extraction mode: LPC features

- LPC: linear prediction coefficients (Burg); a representation of the spectral envelope after applying a linear filter
- LPCCs: linear predictive cepstral coefficients; coefficients representing the cepstrum (log-power spectrum) of the linear prediction coefficients



The screenshot shows a macOS-style dialog box titled "Feature extraction". It has three tabs: "VoxRimor", "Feature extra...", and "Feature extra...". The "Feature extra..." tab is selected. Below the tabs, the text "Set parameters for Liner Predictive Cepstral Coefficients" is displayed. There are six parameters listed on the left, each with a corresponding input field on the right:

Parameter	Value
n_lpcc	13
win_length	25.0
overlap	10.0
preemphasis	0.95
order	16
summarise	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

At the bottom center of the dialog is a "Continue" button.



# Feature extraction mode: LPC features

- `n_lpcc`: number of coefficients
- `win_length`: length of analysis frame (ms)
- `overlap`: length of overlap between successive frames (ms)
- `preemphasis`: pre-emphasis coefficient
- `order`: order of the linear filter
- `summarise`: summarise ( $\mu$  and  $\sigma$ ) of each feature at the utterance (file) level

Feature extraction

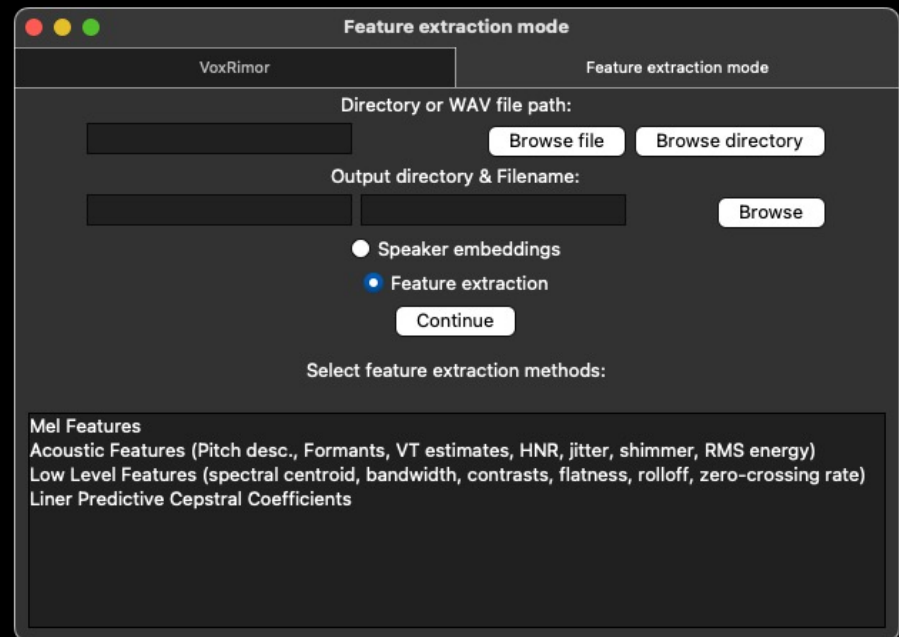
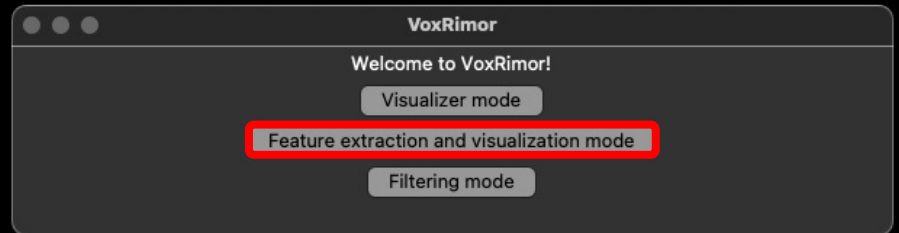
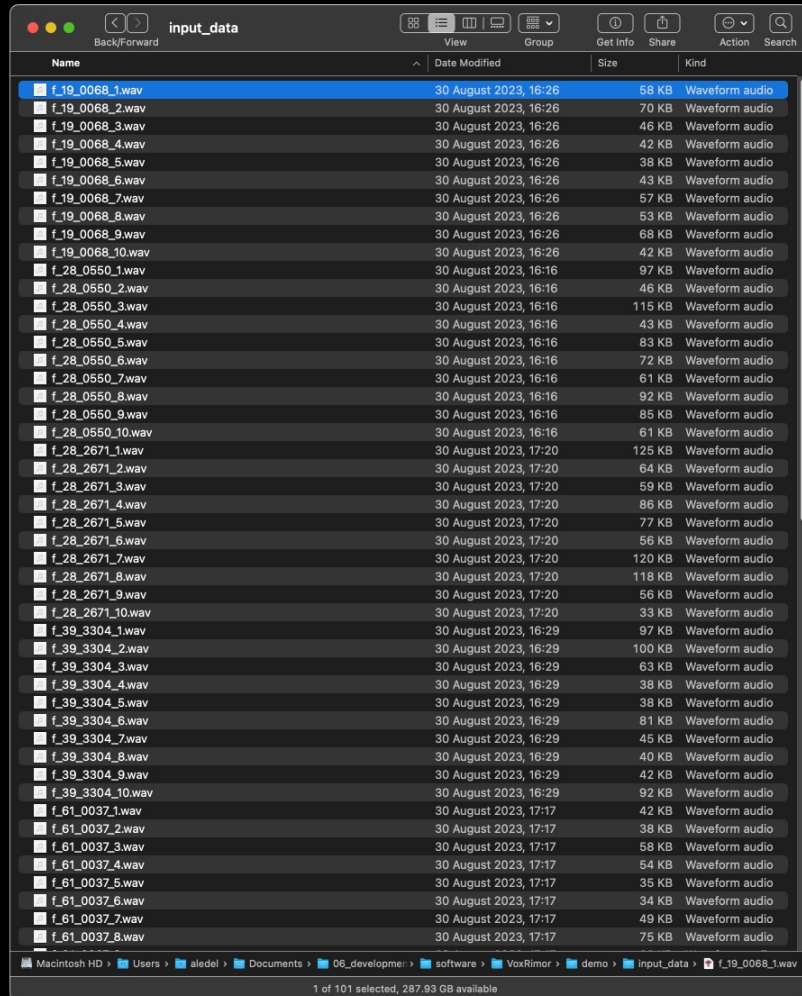
VoxRimor Feature extra... Feature extra...

Set parameters for Liner Predictive Cepstral Coefficients

n_lpcc	13
win_length	25.0
overlap	10.0
preemphasis	0.95
order	16
summarise	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

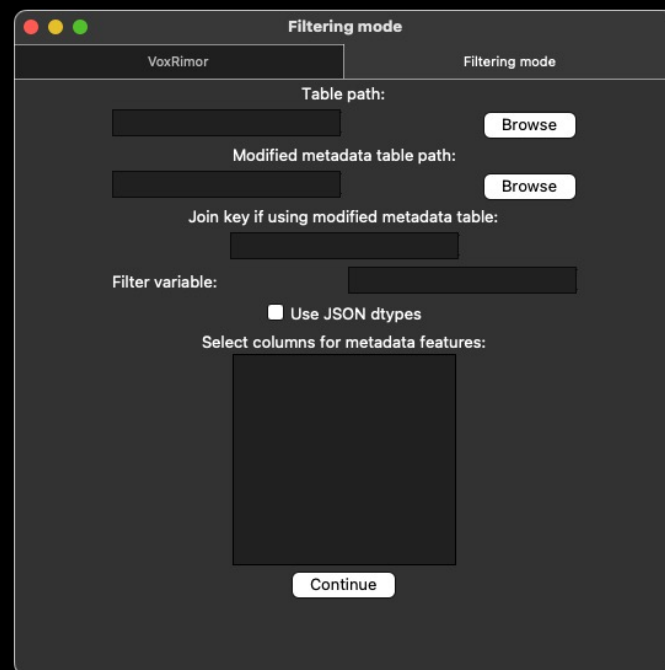
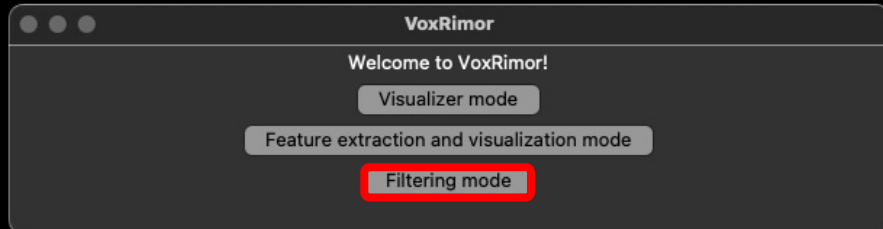
Continue

# DEMO 3: Feature extraction mode



# DEMO 4: Filtering mode

	filename	vowel	gender	age	health	F0mean	F0median	...	mfcc14	mfcc15	mfcc16	mfcc17	mfcc18	mfcc19	mfcc20
0	1-a_n_20f-hlth.wav	a	f	20	hlth	274.431673	275.862069	...	0.356511	0.556554	-0.127219	-1.107133	-1.910601	-0.961069	0.149626
1	10-a_n_22f-hlth.wav	a	f	22	hlth	199.024390	200.000000	...	0.353346	-0.046021	0.196454	-0.045817	0.052015	0.299132	0.111662
2	1006-a_n_32f-hlth.wav	a	f	32	hlth	205.128205	205.128205	...	0.328761	0.124032	0.082613	0.151899	0.153524	0.160330	0.650411
3	102-a_n_39f-hlth.wav	a	f	39	hlth	198.482385	200.000000	...	0.102856	0.202720	0.078172	0.003700	0.161462	-0.053153	0.284400
4	1022-a_n_45f-hlth.wav	a	f	45	hlth	216.750083	216.216216	...	0.198137	0.186112	-0.140532	0.402129	0.362395	0.864775	0.845723
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4126	95-u_n_51f-hlth.wav	u	f	51	hlth	222.222222	222.222222	...	0.252393	0.344417	0.298158	0.500797	0.736506	0.685966	0.417393
4127	962-u_n_30f-hlth.wav	u	f	30	hlth	223.774250	222.222222	...	0.316520	0.208523	0.332267	0.532395	0.701455	0.793471	0.230223
4128	97-u_n_21f-hlth.wav	u	f	21	hlth	242.760943	242.424242	...	0.367020	0.428709	0.891417	0.819015	0.402244	-0.548269	-1.293228
4129	99-u_n_84f-hlth.wav	u	f	84	hlth	239.889087	242.424242	...	0.257677	0.647518	0.500471	0.782175	0.399972	-0.234390	-0.587947
4130	990-u_n_29f-hlth.wav	u	f	29	hlth	233.949580	235.294118	...	0.421929	0.605091	0.535736	0.667520	0.510483	0.192911	-0.264604



# Future plans, goals, and Q&A

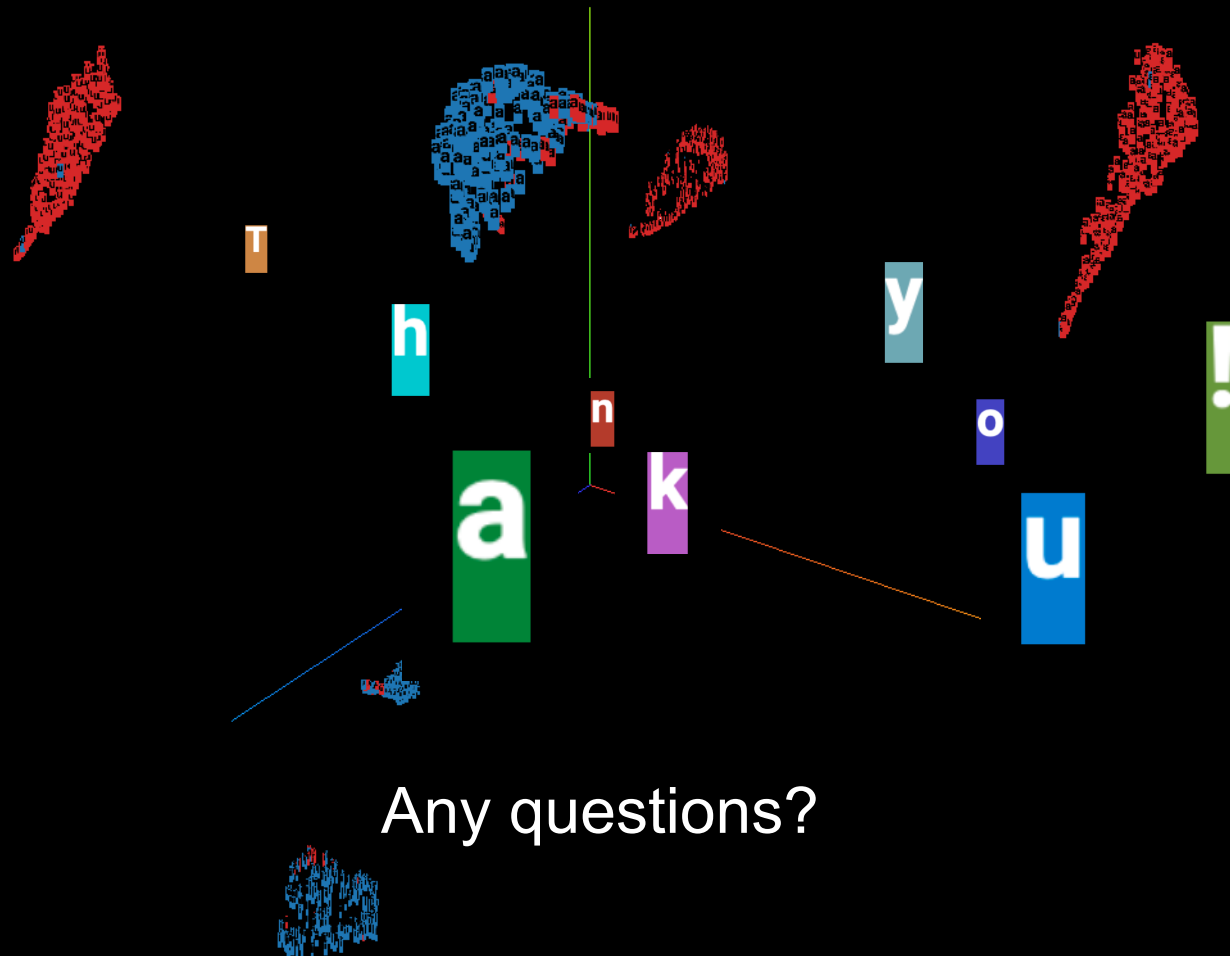
- Praat TextGrid support.
- More parameter settings → better feature extraction.
- More features: e.g. VoiceSauce
- Integrated speaker verification system and classification tools (ECAPA-TDNN VoxCeleb2).

Fully-integrated web application and UI:

- *voxplore*r as an open-source online LiRI service.
- Direct selection & downloading of data.
- Downloadable reduced dimensions versions of data.
- Statistical tools: distances, box-plots, distributions.



# *voxploger* Thanks You!



Any questions?